BRAKE SYSTEM

SECTION BR

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When you read wiring diagrams:
Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
See EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit.
When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSES FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

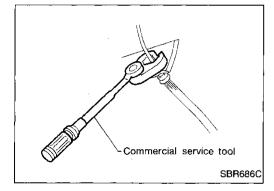
Precautions

SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), sensors, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this service manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- All SRS electrical wiring harnesses and connectors are covered with yellow outer insulation. Do
 not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS.



BRAKE SYSTEM

- Recommended fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- To clean or wash all parts of master cylinder, disc brake caliper and wheel cylinder, use clean brake fluid.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of the hydraulic system.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake tube.
- Always torque brake lines when installing.

WARNING:

 Clean brake pads and shoes with a waste cloth, then wipe with a dust collector.

Commercial Service Tools

1) Flare nut crows foot 2) Torque wrench a: 10 mm (0.39 in)	Tool name	Description		
1 Flare nut crows foot 2 Torque wrench a: 10 mm (0.39 in)	Brake fluid pressure gauge		Measuring brake fluid pressure	
② Torque wrench a: 10 mm (0.39 in)				BT
a: 10 mm (0.39 in)	-	9		HA
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		NT360	a: 10 mm (0.39 in)	IDX

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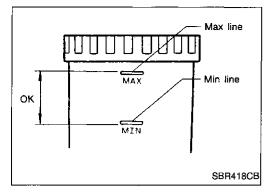
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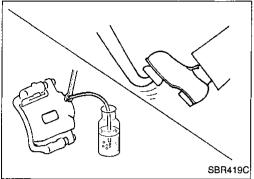
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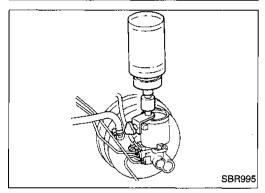
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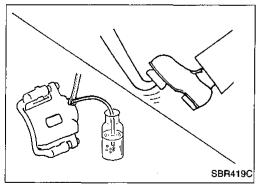
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Checking Brake Fluid Level

- Check fluid level in reservoir tank. It should be between Max. and Min. lines on reservoir tank.
- If fluid level is extremely low, check brake system for leaks.

Checking Brake System

- Check brake lines (lines and flexible hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.
 If leakage occurs around joints, retighten or, if necessary, replace damaged parts.
- Check for oil leakage by fully depressing brake pedal.

Changing Brake Fluid

- 1. Drain brake fluid in each air bleeder valve.
- Refill until new brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve.
 Use same procedure as in bleeding hydraulic system to refill brake fluid.
 - Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (See below).
- Refill with recommended brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Always keep fluid level higher than minimum line on reservoir tank.
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

Bleeding Brake System

CAUTION:

- Carefully monitor brake fluid level at master cylinder during bleeding operation.
- Fill reservoir with recommended brake fluid. Make sure it is full at all times while bleeding air out of system.
- Place a container beneath master cylinder to avoid spillage of brake fluid.
- Before bleeding air, be sure to turn OFF ignition switch, and disconnect battery ground cable and actuator connector.
- · Bleed each wheel in the following procedure.

Left rear brake

Right front brake

Left front brake

Front side air bleeder on ABS actuator

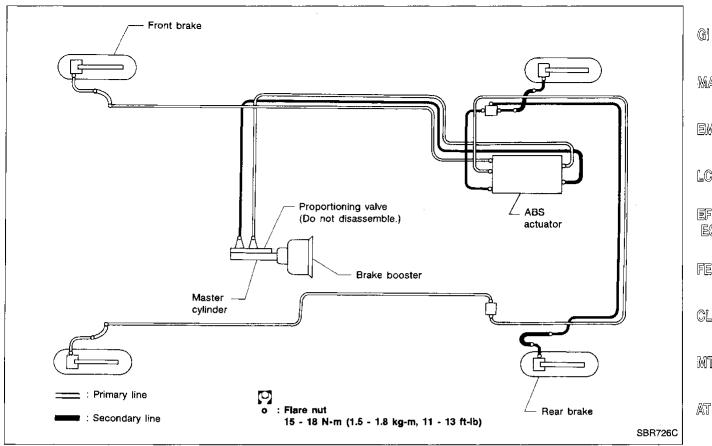
Rear side air bleeder on ABS actuator

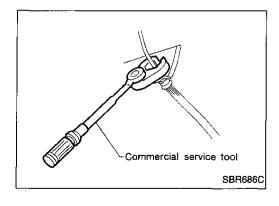
- To bleed air out of lines, wheel cylinders and calipers, use the following procedure.
- 1) Connect a transparent vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2) Fully depress brake pedal several times.
- While holding brake pedal in depressed position, loosen air bleeder valve of right rear caliper to bleed air, then quickly tighten air bleeder valve.
- 4) Tighten air bleeder valve to specified torque.

Specified torque:

7 - 9 N·m (0.7 - 0.9 kg-m, 5.1 - 6.5 ft-lb)

BRAKE HYDRAULIC LINE





Removal and Installation

- To remove brake flexible hose, first remove flare nut securing brake line to hose, then withdraw lock spring.
- Cover openings to prevent entrance of dirt whenever disconnecting hydraulic line.
- All hoses must be free from excessive bending, twisting and
- After installing brake lines, check for oil leakage by fully depressing brake pedal.

Inspection

Check brake lines (lines and flexible hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.

If leakage occurs around joints, retighten or, if necessary, replace damaged parts.

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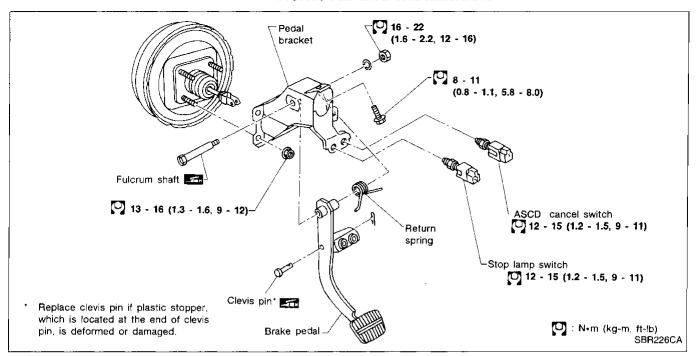
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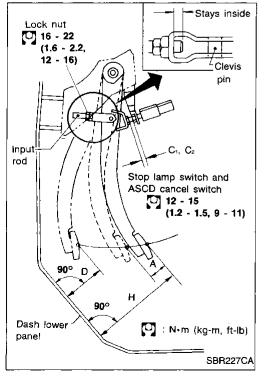
Removal and Installation



Inspection

Check brake pedal for following items.

- Brake pedal bend
- Clevis pin deformation
- Crack of any welded portion



Adjustment

Check brake pedal free height from dash reinforcement panel. Adjust if necessary.

H: Free height

Refer to SDS.

D: Depressed height

Refer to SDS.

Under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running

C₁: Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch

0.3 - 1.0 mm (0.012 - 0.039 in)

C₂: Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of ASCD switch

0.3 - 1.0 mm (0.012 - 0.039 in)

A: Pedal free play

1 - 3 mm (0.04 - 0.12 in)

BRAKE PEDAL AND BRACKET

Adjustment (Cont'd)

1. Adjust pedal free height with brake booster input rod. Then tighten lock nut.

Make sure that tip of input rod stays inside.

- 2. Adjust clearance "C₁" and "C₂" with stop lamp switch and ASCD switch respectively. Then tighten lock nuts.
- Check pedal free play.

Make sure that stop lamp is off when pedal is released.

4. Check brake pedal's depressed height while engine is running. If depressed height is below specified value, check brake system for leaks, accumulation of air or any damage to components (master cylinder, wheel cylinder, etc.). Then make necessary repairs.



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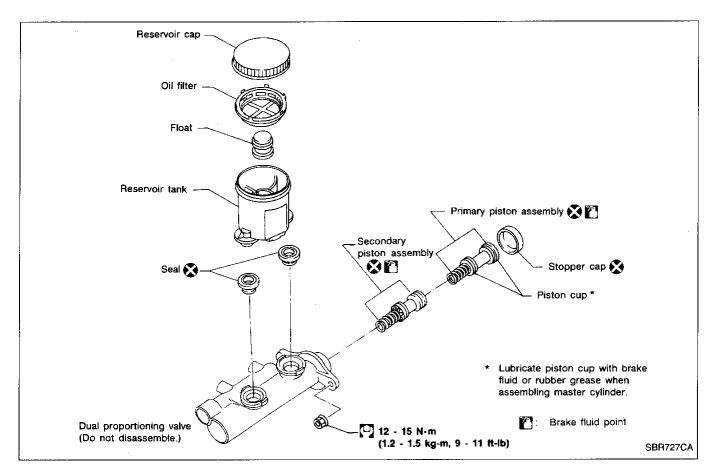
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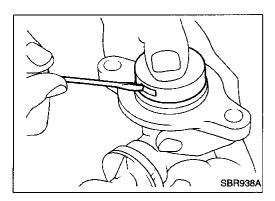
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Removal

CAUTION:

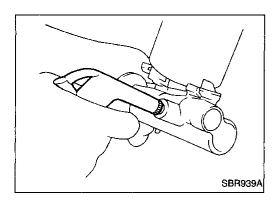
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause of paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2. Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve, depressing brake pedal to empty fluid from master cylinder.
- 3. Remove brake pipe flare nuts.
- 4. Remove master cylinder mounting nuts.



Disassembly

- 1. Remove valve stopper while pushing valve into cylinder lightly.
- 2. Bend claws of stopper cap outward.

MASTER CYLINDER



Disassembly (Cont'd)

3. Remove piston assemblies.

If it is difficult to remove secondary piston assembly, gradually apply compressed air through fluid outlet.

Draw out reservoir tank.



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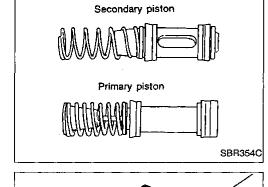
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Inspection

Check for the following items.

Replace any part if damaged.

Master cylinder:

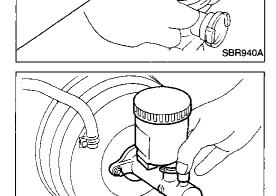
Pin holes or scratches on inner wall.

Deformation of or scratches on piston cups.

Assembly

Pay attention to direction of piston cups in figure. Also, insert pistons squarely to avoid scratches on cylinder bore.

- 1. Bend claws inward.
- Install stopper cap.
- Install reservoir tank oil seals into cylinder body.
- Push reservoir tank into cylinder body.



Installation

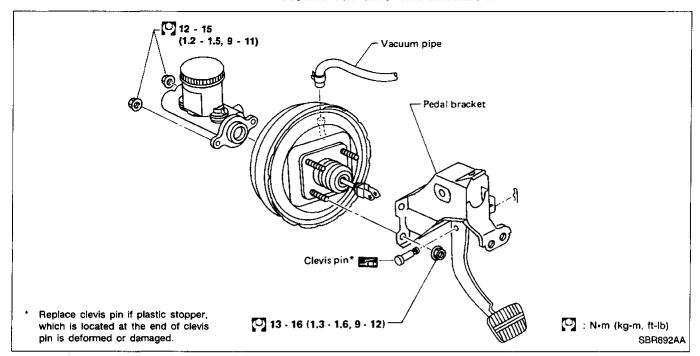
CAUTION:

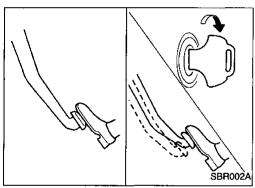
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- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Place master cylinder onto brake booster and secure mounting nuts lightly.
- 2. Torque mounting nuts.
 - 12 15 N·m (1.2 1.5 kg-m, 9 11 ft-lb)
- 3. Fill up reservoir tank with new brake fluid.
- Plug all ports on master cylinder with fingers in order not to have air sucked while releasing brake pedal.
- Have driver depress brake pedal slowly several times until no air comes out of master cylinder.
- Fit brake lines to master cylinder.
- Tighten flare nuts.
 - [0]: 15 18 N·m (1.5 1.8 kg-m, 11 13 ft-lb)
- Bleed air from brake system. Refer to "Bleeding Brake System" (BR-4).

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Removal and Installation

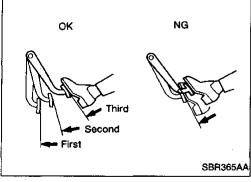






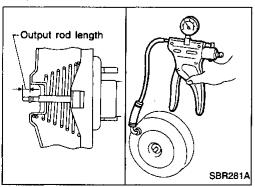
OPERATING CHECK

- Depress brake pedal several times with engine off. After exhausting vacuum, make sure there is no change in pedal stroke.
- Depress brake pedal, then start engine. If pedal goes down slightly, operation is normal.



AIRTIGHT CHECK

- Start engine, and stop it after one or two minutes. Depress brake pedal several times slowly. Booster is airtight if pedal stroke is less each time.
- Depress brake pedal while engine is running, and stop engine with pedal depressed. The pedal stroke should not change after holding pedal down for 30 seconds.



OUTPUT ROD LENGTH CHECK

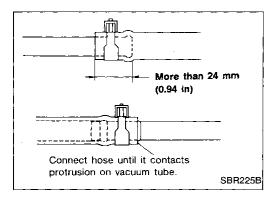
- 1. Apply vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg) to brake booster with a handy vacuum pump.
- Check output rod length.

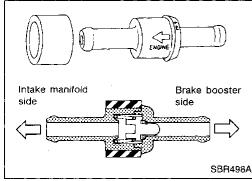
Specified length:

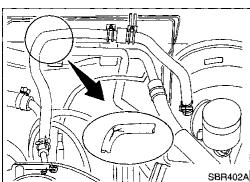
10.275 - 10.525 mm (0.4045 - 0.4144 in)

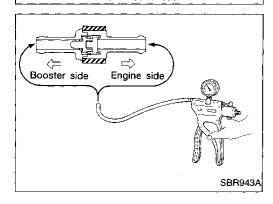
- 3. Adjust rod length if necessary.
- 4. If rod length is without specification, replace brake booster.

VACUUM PIPING









Removal and Installation

CAUTION:

When installing vacuum hoses, pay attention to the following points.

Do not apply any oil or lubricants to vacuum hose and check valve.

Insert vacuum tube into vacuum hoses as shown.

Install check valve, paying attention to its direction.

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Inspection

HOSES AND CONNECTORS

 Check vacuum lines, connections and check valve for airtightness, improper attachment chafing or deterioration.

CHECK VALVE

Check vacuum with a vacuum pump.

Connect to booster side	Vacuum should exist.
Connect to engine side	Vacuum should not exist.

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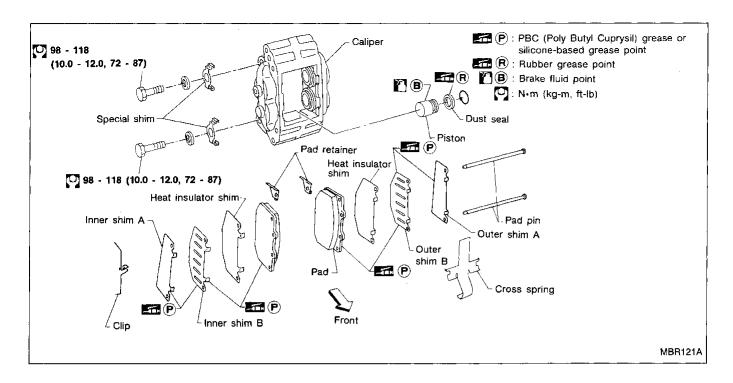
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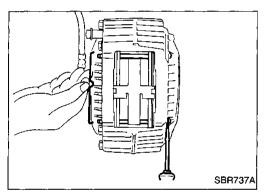
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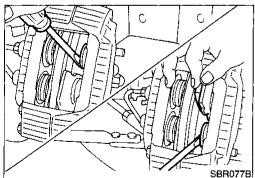
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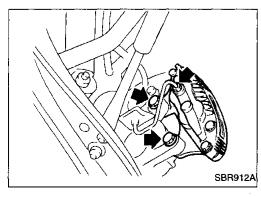
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Pad Replacement

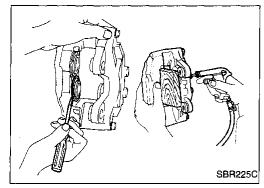
CAUTION:

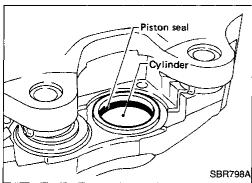
- When pads are removed, do not depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- Be careful not to damage dust seal or get oil on rotor.
 Always replace shims when replacing pads.
- 1. Remove clip from pad pin and then remove pad pin.
- Remove cross spring.
- Pull out outer pad and insert it temporarily between lower piston and rotor as shown.
- 4. Push back upper piston with a suitable tool and insert new pad so it contacts upper piston as shown.
- 5. Pull out old pad.
- 6. Push back lower piston with a suitable tool.
- 7. Pull out new pad and reinstall it in the proper position.
- 8. Repeat step 3 to 7 for inner pad.
- 9. Install cross spring, pad pin and clip.

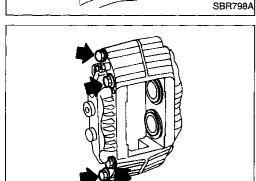
Removal and Installation

- 1. Disconnect brake tube.
- Remove brake pad.
- 3. Remove brake caliper mounting bolts.

FRONT DISC BRAKE (OPF25VA)







Disassembly

1. Remove retaining ring.

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. Push out piston with dust seal using compressed air.

Remove piston seal.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to loosen or remove bolts joining both sides of caliper.

If there is any fluid leakage, replace caliper assembly.

Inspection

CALIPER

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- Check dust seals for damage.
- Check calipers for damage, rust or foreign objects.
- Check inside surface of cylinder for scoring, rust, wear, damage or foreign objects. Replace if any such condition exists.
- Eliminate minor damage from rust or foreign objects by polishing surface with fine emery paper.

CAUTION:

Use brake fluid to clean.

PISTON

Check piston for scoring, rust, wear, damage or foreign objects. Replace if any condition exists.

CAUTION:

Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign objects are stuck to surface.

PAD PIN AND CLIPS

Check for wear, cracks deformation, deterioration, rust or other damage. Replace if any such condition exists.

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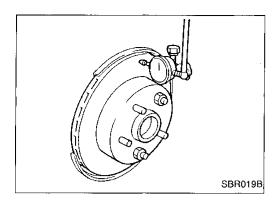
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FRONT DISC BRAKE (OPF25VA)



Inspection (Cont'd)

RUNOUT

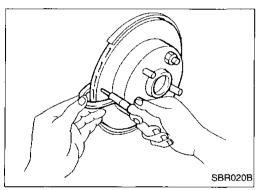
- 1. Secure rotor to wheel hub with at least two nuts (M12 x 1.25).
- Check runout using a dial indicator.

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to "Front Wheel Bearing" in FA section.

Maximum runout:

0.05 mm (0.0020 in)

- If the runout is out of specification, find minimum runout position as follows:
 - a. Remove nuts and rotor from wheel hub.
 - b. Shift the rotor one hole and secure rotor to wheel hub with nuts.
 - c. Measure runout.
 - d. Repeat steps a. to c. so that minimum runout position can be found.
- 4. If the runout is still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705" or equivalent).



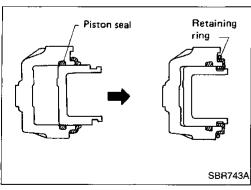
THICKNESS

Thickness variation (At least 8 positions): Maximum 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

If thickness variation exceeds the specification, turn rotor with oncar brake lathe.

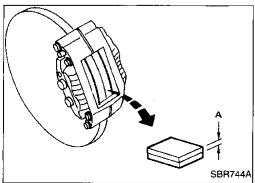
Rotor repair limit:

28.0 mm (1.102 in)



Assembly

- 1. Insert piston seal into groove on cylinder body.
- 2. With dust seal fitted to piston, install piston into cylinder body.
- 3. Secure dust seal properly.
- Install retaining ring.



Inspection (On-vehicle)

DISC PAD

- Check pad shims for deformation or damage.
- Check disc pad for wear or damage.

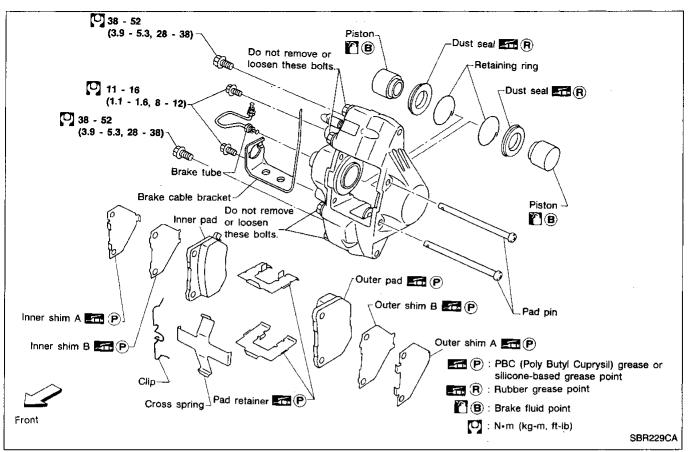
Pad standard thickness (A):

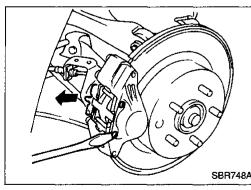
10.0 mm (0.394 in)

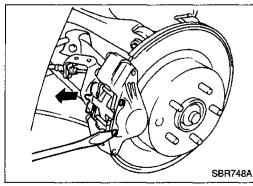
Pad wear limit (A):

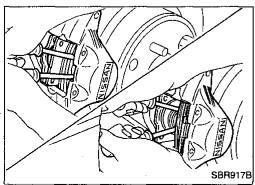
2.0 mm (0.079 in)

REAR DISC BRAKE (OPZ11V)









Pad Replacement

- Remove clip from pad pin and then remove pad pin.
- Remove cross spring.

Standard pad thickness: 11.5 mm (0.453 in)

Pad wear limit:

2.0 mm (0.079 in)

- Pull out outer pad.
- 4. Push back outer piston with a suitable tool and install new pad.
- 5. Pull out inner pad.
- Push back inner piston with a suitable tool and install new pad.
- Install cross spring, pad pin and clip.

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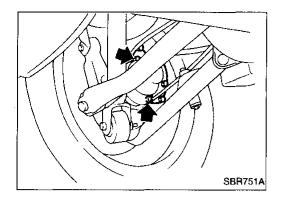
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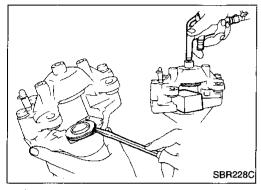
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REAR DISC BRAKE (OPZ11V)



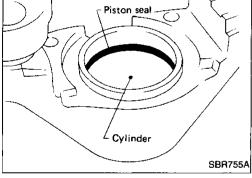
Removal and Installation

- Disconnect brake tube.
- 2. Remove brake pad.
- 3. Remove brake cable and bracket.
- 4. Remove axle housing fixing bolts.

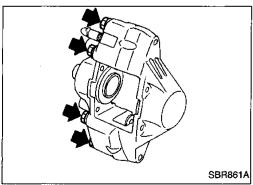


Disassembly

- Remove retaining ring.
- 2. Push out piston with dust seal using compressed air.



3. Remove piston seal.



CAUTION:

Be careful not to loosen or remove bolts joining both sides of caliper.

If there is any fluid leakage, replace caliper assembly.

Inspection CALIPER

- Check dust seals for damage.
- Check calipers for damage, rust or foreign materials.
- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear or other damage.
- Minor damage from rust of foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace if necessary.

CAUTION:

Use brake fluid to clean.

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REAR DISC BRAKE (OPZ11V)

Inspection (Cont'd)

PISTON

Check piston for score, rust, wear or other damage. Replace if necessary.

CAUTION:

Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign objects are stuck to sliding surface.

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PAD PIN AND CLIP

Check for wear, cracks deformation, deterioration, rust or other damage. Replace if necessary.



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RUNOUT

Secure rotor to wheel hub with at least two nuts (M12 x 1.25). Make sure that axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to "Rear Wheel Bearing" in RA sectíon.



Maximum runout: 0.07 mm (0.0028 in) (Total indicator reading at center of rotor pad contact surface)



E

THICKNESS

Rotor repair limit: 16.0 mm (0.630 in)



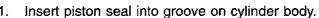
MT

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FA







2. With dust seal fitted to piston, install piston into cylinder body.



Install retaining ring.

ST

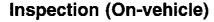
BR



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DISC PAD

Check pad shims for deformation or damage.

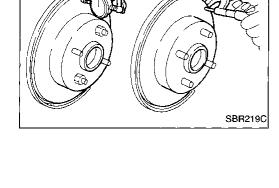
Check disc pad for wear or damage.

Standard thickness (A):

11.5 mm (0.453 in)

Pad wear limit (A): 2.0 mm (0.079 in) 凮

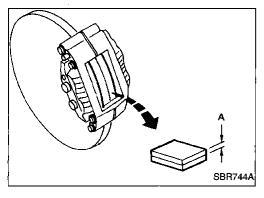
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Dust seal

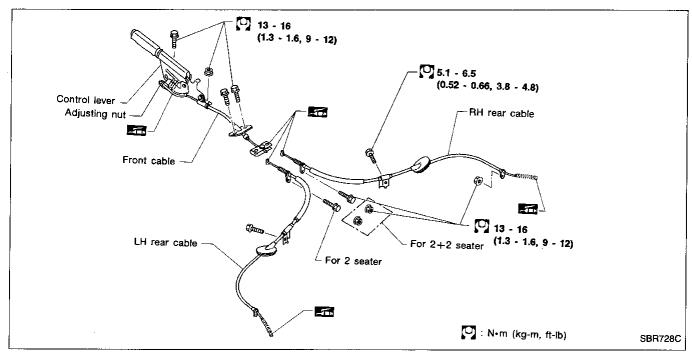
Retaining

SBR756A



∠Piston seal

Removal and Installation



- Before removing parking brake control, remove console box.
- Loosen cable using control lever adjuster, and separate front and rear cables.

Apply multi-purpose grease to areas between control lever drum and cables.

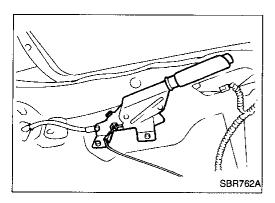
Be careful not to damage boot and inner cable.

Inspection

- Check control lever for wear or other damage. Replace if necessary.
- Check parking brake cables, lamp and switch. Replace if necessary.
- 3. Check parts at each connecting portion for deformation or damage. If found, replace.

Adjustment

Perform shoe clearance adjustment before adjusting control lever stroke.



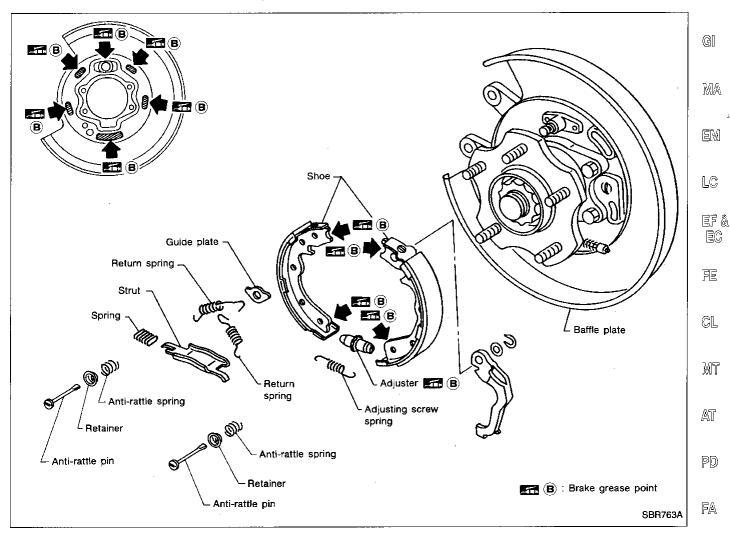
- Turn adjusting nut.
- 2. Pull control lever with specified amount of force. Check lever stroke and ensure smooth operation.

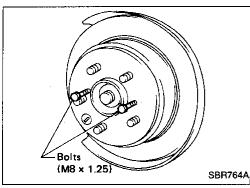
Number of notches at 196 N (20 kg, 44 lb): 6 - 7

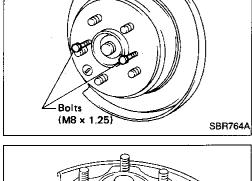
3. Bend warning lamp switch plate. Warning lamp should come on when lever is pulled "A" notches. It should go off when the lever is fully released.

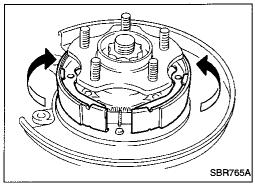
Number of notches "A": 1

PARKING DRUM BRAKE (DS17HD)









Shoe Replacement

Remove disc rotor (With parking drum brake). Tighten two bolts gradually if disc rotor is hard to remove.

2. After removing anti-rattle pin, remove spring by rotating shoes. Be careful not to damage parking brake cable when separating it.

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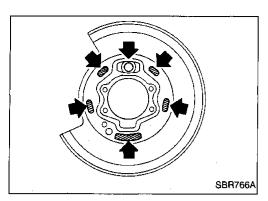
HA

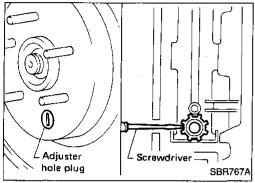
EL

PARKING DRUM BRAKE (DS17HD)

Shoe Replacement (Cont'd)

3. Apply brake grease to the contact areas shown at left.





Shoe Clearance Adjustment

 Remove adjuster hole plug, and turn adjuster wheel with a screwdriver until shoe touches brake drum.

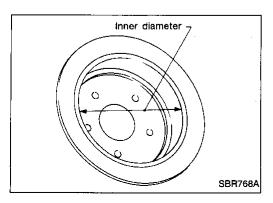
Make sure that parking control lever is released completely.

- Return adjuster wheel 5 to 6 latches.
- 3. Install adjuster hole plug, and make sure that there is no drag between shoes and brake drum when rotating disc rotor.

Breaking in Parking Brake Shoes

When a new rotor/parking brake shoe is installed, or when braking performance is poor, perform the following break-in procedure.

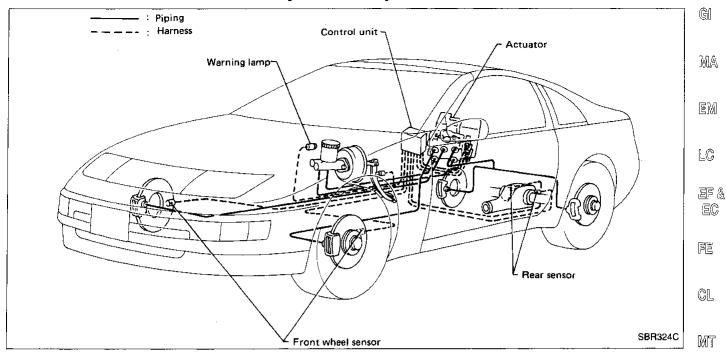
- 1. Drive the unloaded vehicle on a safe, level and dry road.
- 2. Depress the release button of parking brake lever, then pull the lever with a force of 98 N (10 kg, 22 lb).
- 3. While holding the lever, continue to drive the vehicle forward 100 m (328 ft) at approximately 35 km/h (22 MPH).
- 4. Cool down parking brake for approx. five minutes.
- 5. While holding the lever, drive the vehicle in reverse 10 m (33 ft) at approximately 10 km/h (6 MPH).
- Repeat steps 1 through 5 three times and then repeat only step 5 one more time.



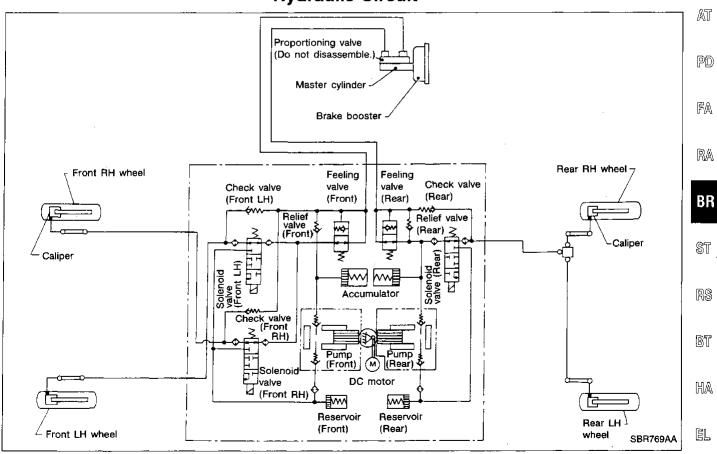
Drum Inspection

Standard inner diameter: 172.0 mm (6.77 in) Maximum inner diameter: 173.0 mm (6.81 in)

System Components



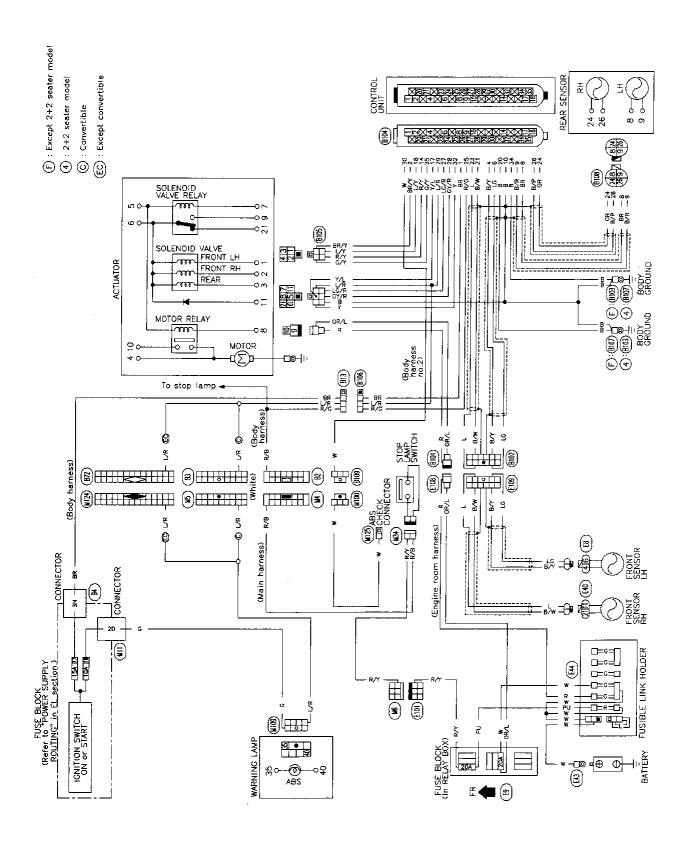
Hydraulic Circuit



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Wiring Diagram



ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM

Removal and Installation

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage sensor edge and sensor rotor teeth. When removing the front wheel hub or final drive assemblies, first remove the ABS wheel sensor from the assembly. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sensor wires making the sensor inoperative.

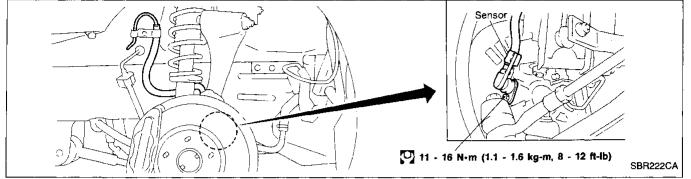
G[]

MA

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EF &

FRONT WHEEL SENSOR



FE

GL

MT

11 - 16 N·m (1.1 - 1.6 kg-m, 8 - 12 ft-lb) SBR729C

(1.1 - 1.5 kg-m,\) 8 - 11 ft-lb)

SBR730C

REAR SENSOR

Remove rear sensor rotor with differential side flange after drive shaft removal. Refer to "Drive Shaft" in RA section.



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Remove 3 nuts fixing actuator to bracket.

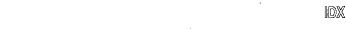






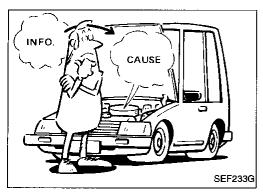


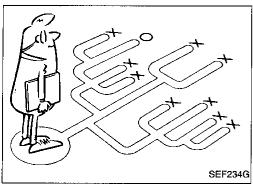
HA



Contents

How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair	BR-24
Self-diagnosis	
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location	
Preliminary Check	BR-29
Ground Circuit Check	
Circuit Diagram for Quick Pinpoint Check	BR-31
Diagnostic Procedure 1	BR-32
Diagnostic Procedure 2	BR-33
Diagnostic Procedure 3	BR-36
Diagnostic Procedure 4	
Diagnostic Procedure 5	
Diagnostic Procedure 6	BR-42
Diagnostic Procedure 7	BR-44
Diagnostic Procedure 8	BR-44
Diagnostic Procedure 9	BR-44
Electrical Components Inspection	BR-45





How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair

INTRODUCTION

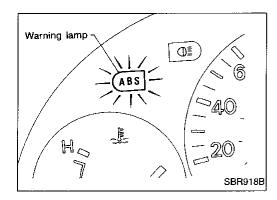
The ABS system has an electronic control unit to control major functions. The control unit accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuator. It is essential that both kinds of signals are proper and stable. It is also important to check for conventional problems: such as air leaks in the booster or lines, lack of brake fluid, or other problems with the brake system.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or faulty wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspicious circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems, so a road test should be performed.

Before undertaking actual checks, take just a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a ABS complaint. The customer is a very good source of information on such problems; especially intermittent ones. Through the talks with the customer, find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur.

Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This is one of the best ways to troubleshoot brake problems on an ABS controlled vehicle.



Self-diagnosis

FUNCTION

When a problem occurs in the ABS, the warning lamp on the instrument panel comes on. To start the self diagnostic results mode, ground the self-diagnostic (check) terminal located on the "Data Link Connector for Consult". The location of the malfunction is indicated by the warning lamp flashing on the instrument panel.



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NOTE 1: The indication terminates after five minutes. However,

again.

when the ignition

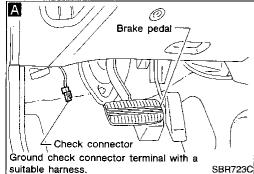
switch is turned from "OFF" to "ON", the indica-

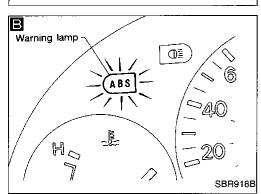
tion starts flashing

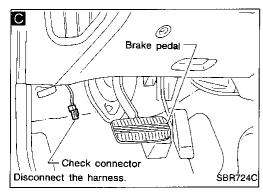
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SELF-DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE

Drive vehicle over 30 km/h (20 MPH) for at least one minute.

Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Α

Ground terminal of check connector with a suitable harness.

Turn ignition switch "ON" while grounding terminal. Do not depress brake pedal.

В

After 3.6 seconds, the warning lamp starts flashing to indicate the malfunction code No. (See NOTE 1.)

Identify the location of the malfunction with the malfunction code chart. Then, make the necessary repairs following the instructions in the diagnostic procedures.

After the malfunctions are repaired, erase the malfunction codes stored in the control unit. See "HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" (BR-26).

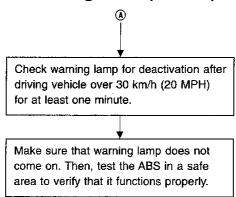
Rerun the self-diagnostic results mode to verify that the malfunction codes have been erased.

Disconnect the check terminal from the

ground. The self-diagnostic results mode is now complete.

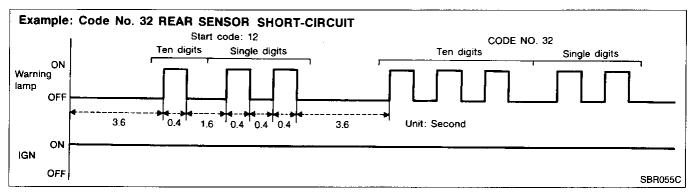
(A)

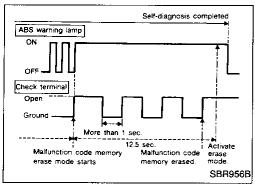
Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)



HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

- Determine the code No. by counting the number of times the warning lamp flashes on and off.
- When several malfunctions occur at one time, up to three code numbers can be stored; the latest malfunction will be indicated first.
- The indication begins with the start code 12. After that, a maximum of three code numbers appear in the
 order of the latest one first. Then, the indication returns to the start code to repeat. It will continue for five
 minutes at the most.
- The malfunction code chart is given on the next page.





HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

- Disconnect the check terminal from ground. (ABS warning lamp will stay lit.)
- Within 12.5 seconds, ground the check terminal 3 times. Each terminal ground must last more than 1 second. The ABS warning lamp goes out after the erase operation has been completed.
- Again, perform self-diagnosis, refer to BR-25. Only the startcode should appear, no malfunction codes.

Self-diagnosis (Cont'd) MALFUNCTION CODE/SYMPTOM CHART

Code No.	Malfunctioning part	Diagnostic procedure	G[
45	Front left actuator solenoid valve		
41	Front right actuator solenoid valve	3	MA
55	Rear actuator solenoid valve		1,792/44
25	Front left sensor (open-circuit)		
26	Front left sensor (short-circuit)		EM
21	Front right sensor (open-circuit)		
22	Front right sensor (short-circuit)		LC
35	Rear left sensor (open-circuit)	4	
36	Rear left sensor (short-circuit)		
31	Rear right sensor (open-circuit)		EC
32	Rear right sensor (short-circuit)		
18	Sensor rotor		FE
61	Actuator motor or motor relay	5	
63	Solenoid valve relay circuit (except power supply for relay coil)	6	- CL
. 57	Power supply (Low voltage)	7	
16	Stop lamp switch circuit	8	MT
. 71	Control unit	9	_
Warning lamp stays on when igni- tion switch is turned on.	Control unit power supply circuit Warning lamp bulb circuit Control unit or control unit connector Solenoid valve relay stuck Power supply for solenoid valve relay coil	2	AT PD
Warning lamp stays on only during self-diagnosis.	Control unit	_	— Fa
Warning lamp does not come on when ignition switch is turned on.	Fuse, warning lamp bulb or warning lamp circuit Control unit	1	_
Warning lamp does not come on only during self-diagnosis.	Control unit	_	— RA

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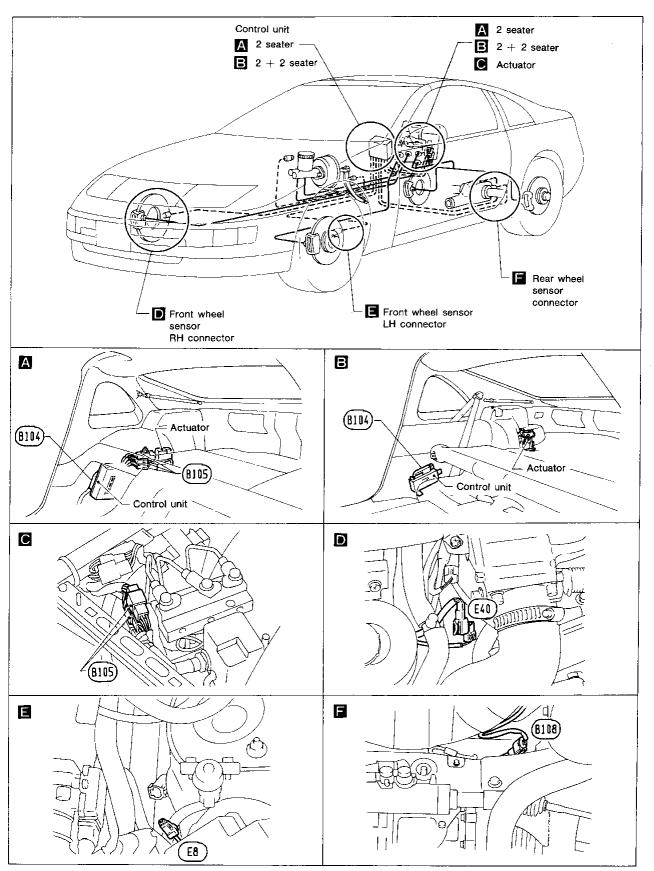
BŢ

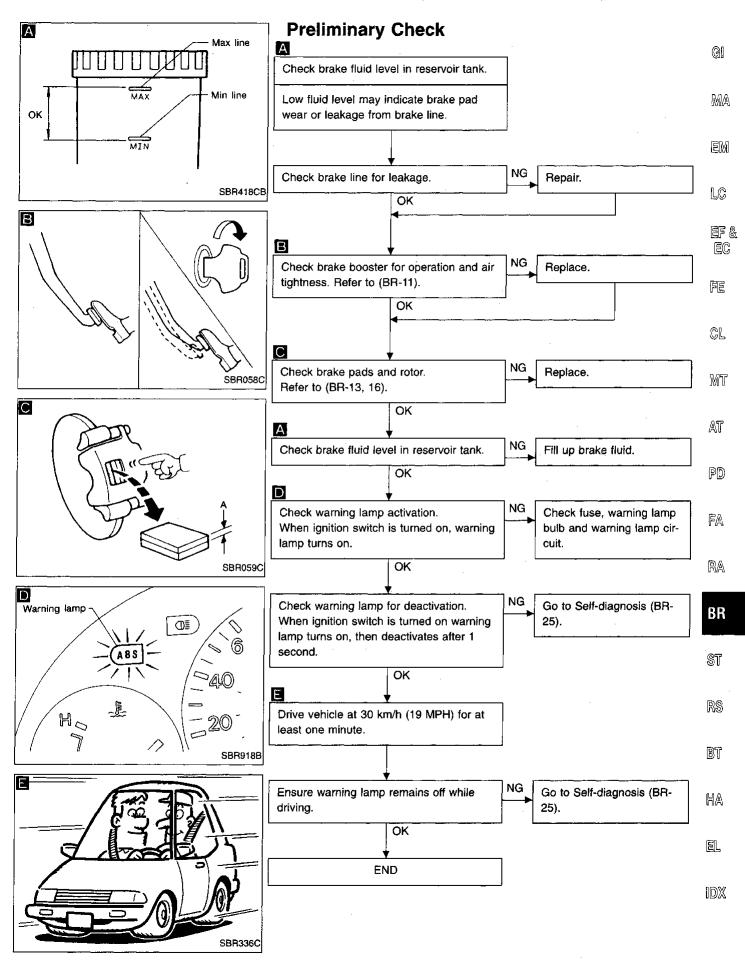
HA

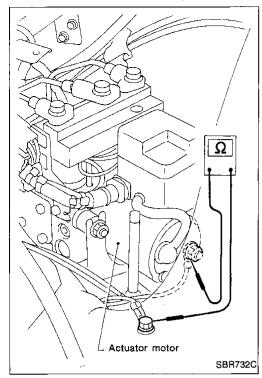
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Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



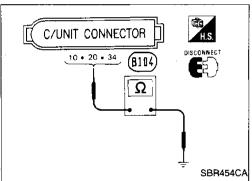




Ground Circuit Check

ACTUATOR MOTOR GROUND

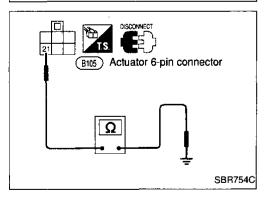
Check resistance between actuator motor ground terminal and body ground. Resistance: $\mathbf{0}\Omega$



CONTROL UNIT GROUND

Check resistance between both terminals.

Resistance: 0Ω



ACTUATOR GROUND

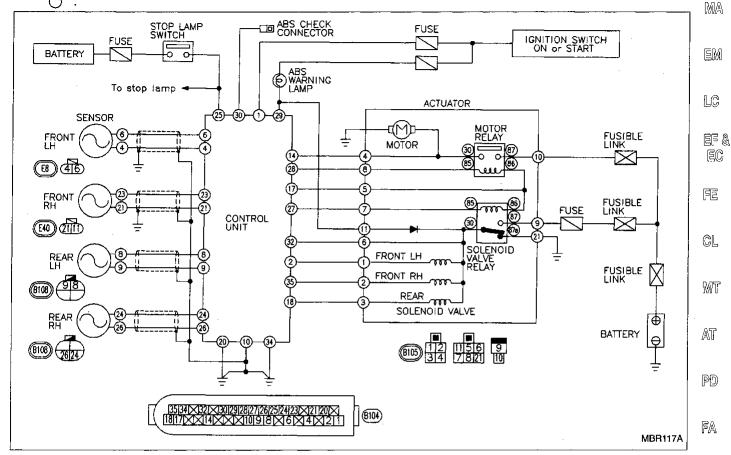
Check resistance between actuator harness 6-pin connector (actuator side) terminal ② and ground.

Resistance: 0Ω

Circuit Diagram for Quick Pinpoint Check

• The unit side connectors with a double circle " are connected to the harness side connectors shown in the "Component Parts and Connector Location".

The terminal numbers in the connector coincide with the circuit numbers surrounded by a single circle " \(\) ".



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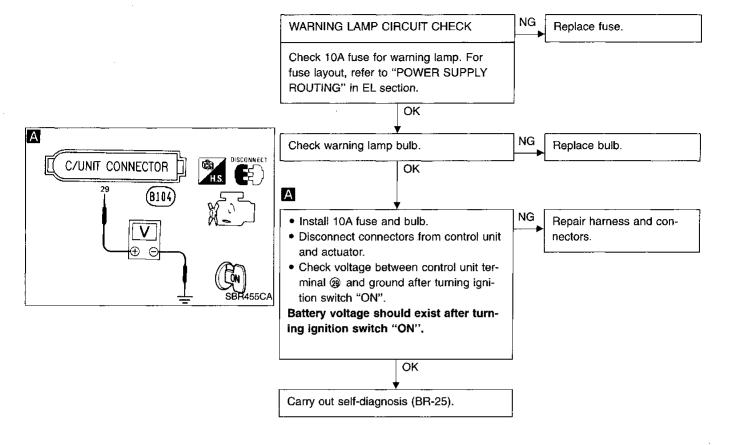
HA

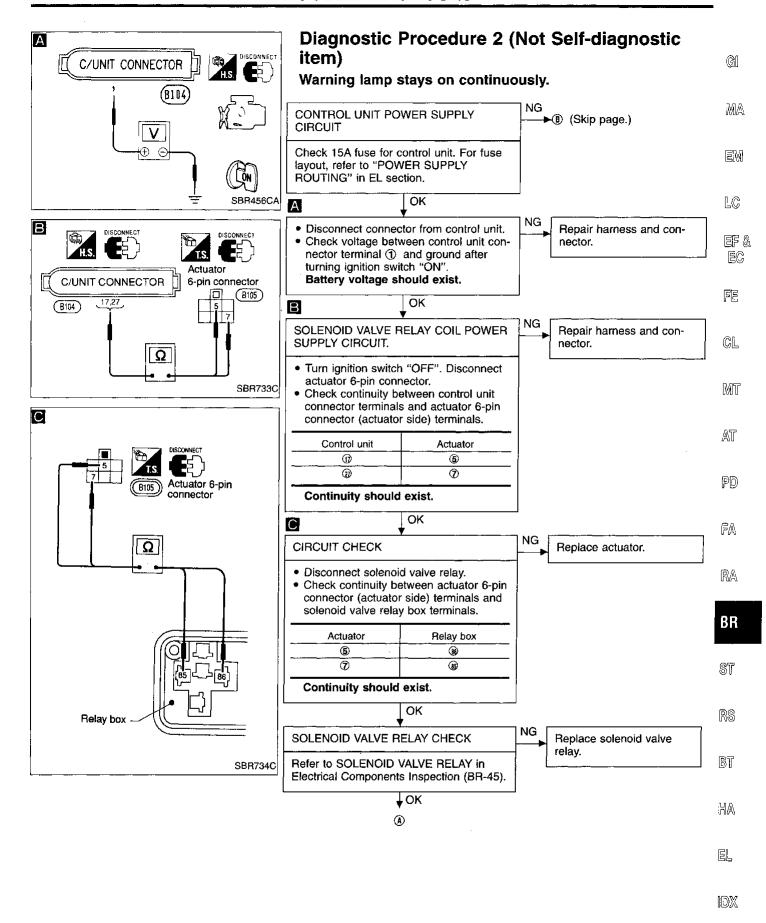
EL

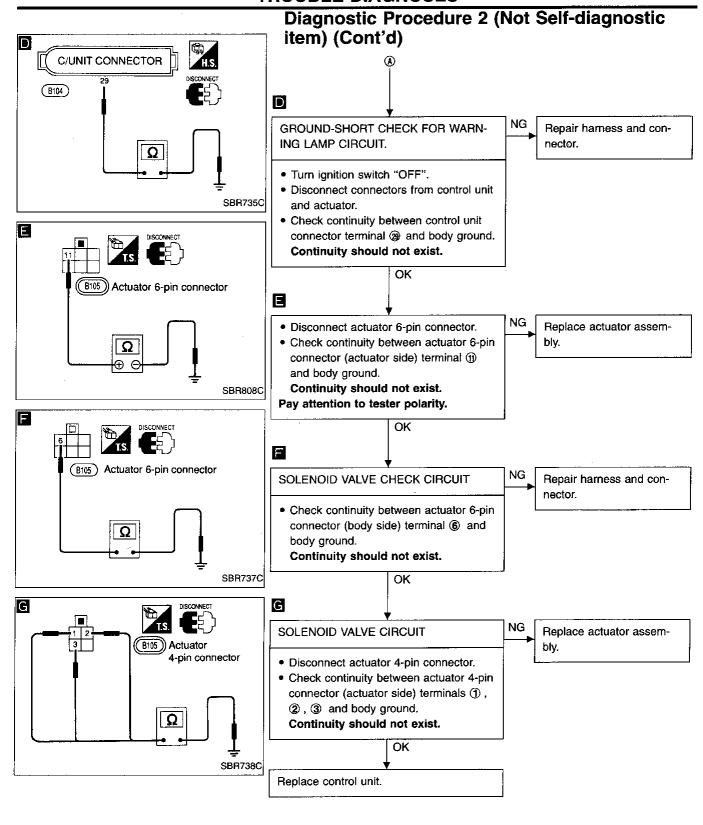
IDX

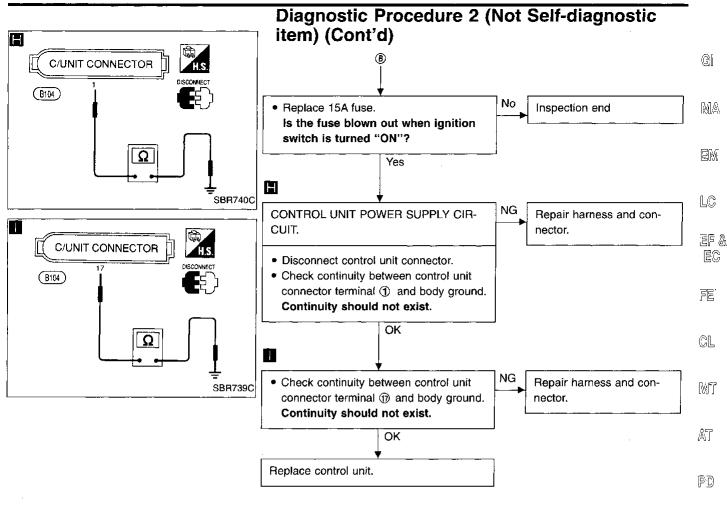
Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Not self-diagnostic item)

Warning lamp does not work before engine starts.









ВК

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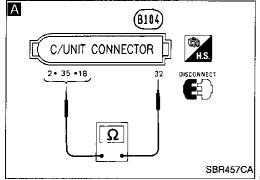
ST

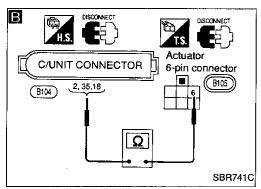
RS

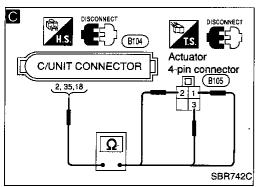
BT

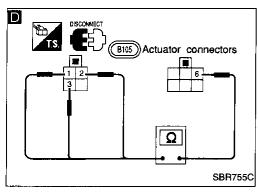
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EL









Diagnostic Procedure 3

ACTUATOR SOLENOID VALVE (Malfunction code No. 45, 41 or 55)

(Malfunction code No. 45, 41 or 5

- · Disconnect control unit connector.
- Check resistance between control unit connector terminals.

ACTUATOR SOLENOID VALVE CHECK.

Code No.	Terminals
45	39 - 2
41	99 - GS
55	(3) - (j)

Resistance: 0.8 - 1.5 Ω

↓NG

В

- Disconnect actuator 6-pin connector.
- Check resistance between control unit connector terminals and actuator 6-pin connector (actuator side) terminal.

Code No.	Control unit	Actuator
45	2	6
41	3 9	6
55	189	6

Resistance: 0.8 - 1.5 Ω

- Disconnect actuator 4-pin connector.
- Check continuity between control unit connector terminals and actuator 4-pin connector (body side) terminals.

Code No.	Control unit	Actuator
45	2	1
41	35	2
55	10	3
Continuity should exist		

Continuity should exist

D ↓ OK

- Disconnect actuator connectors.
- Check resistance between actuator connector (actuator side) terminals.

Code No.	Terminals
45	6 - 1
41	6 - 2
55	6 - 3

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Resistance: 0.8 - 1.5 Ω

Replace actuator.

Repair harness and connector between control unit connector terminal @ and actuator 6-pin connector terminal @.

OK

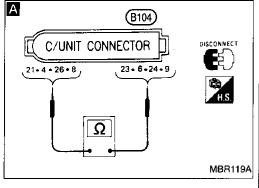
NG

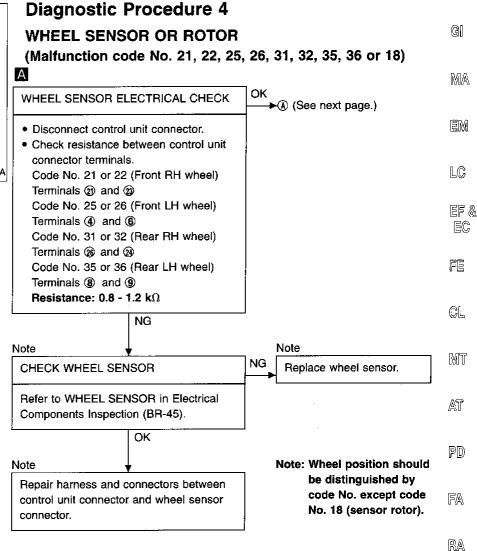
OK

Replace control unit.

Repair harness and connector.

Repair harness between actuator relay connector and control unit connector.





 BR

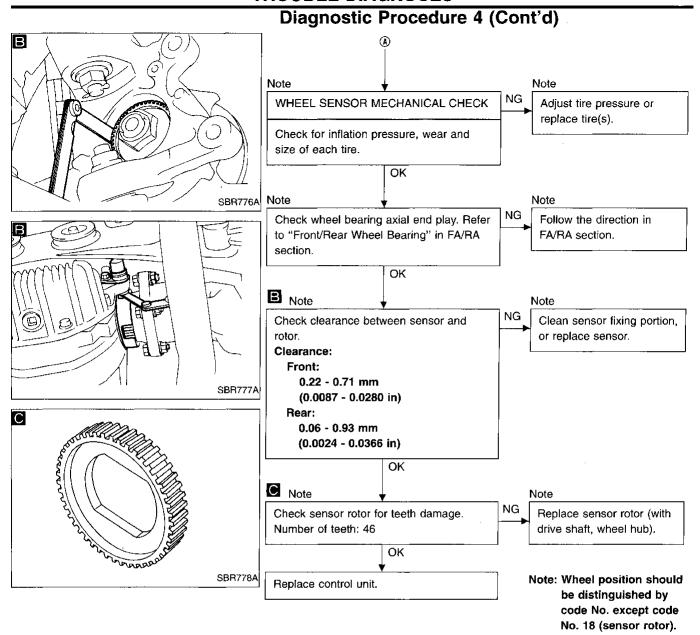
\$1

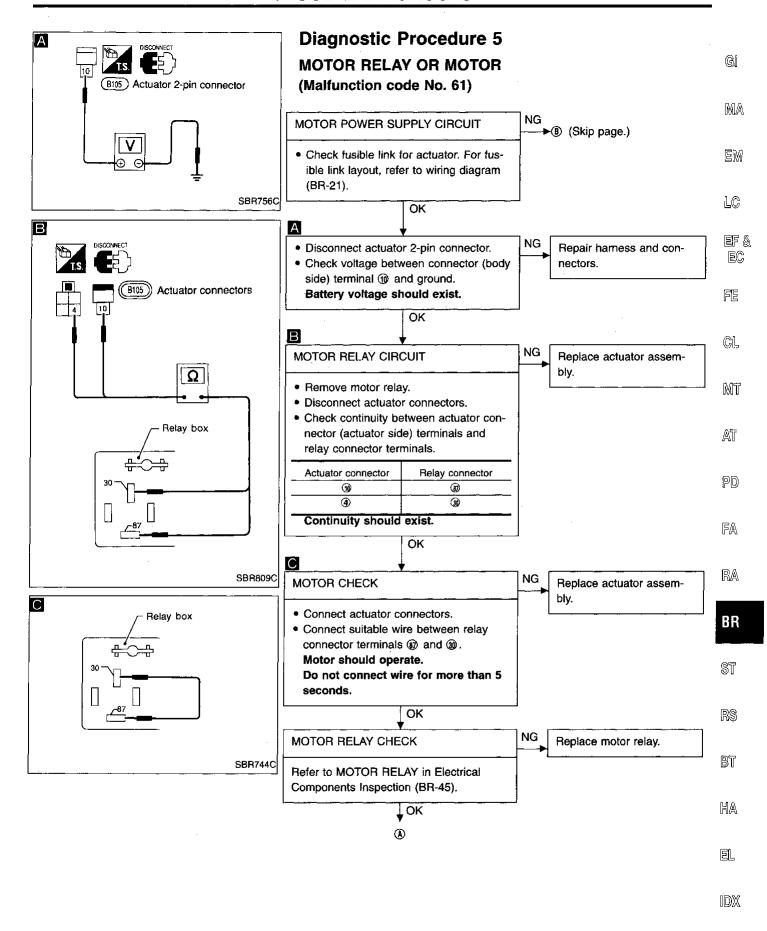
RS

BT

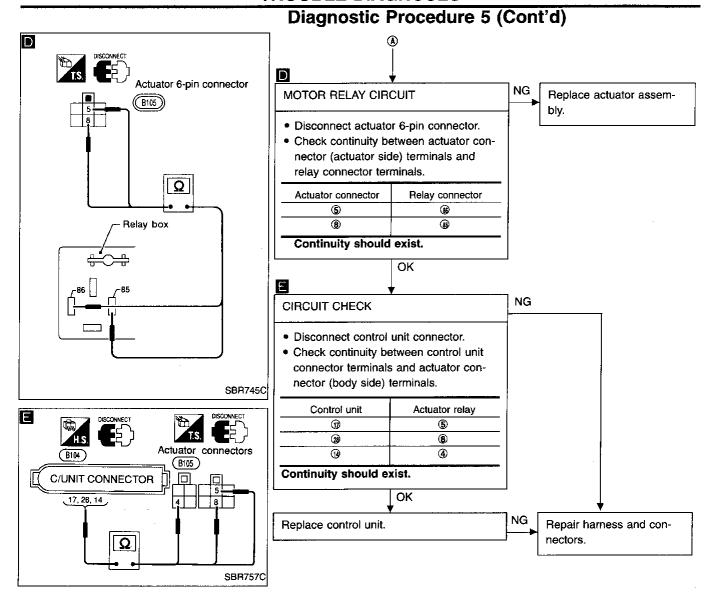
HA

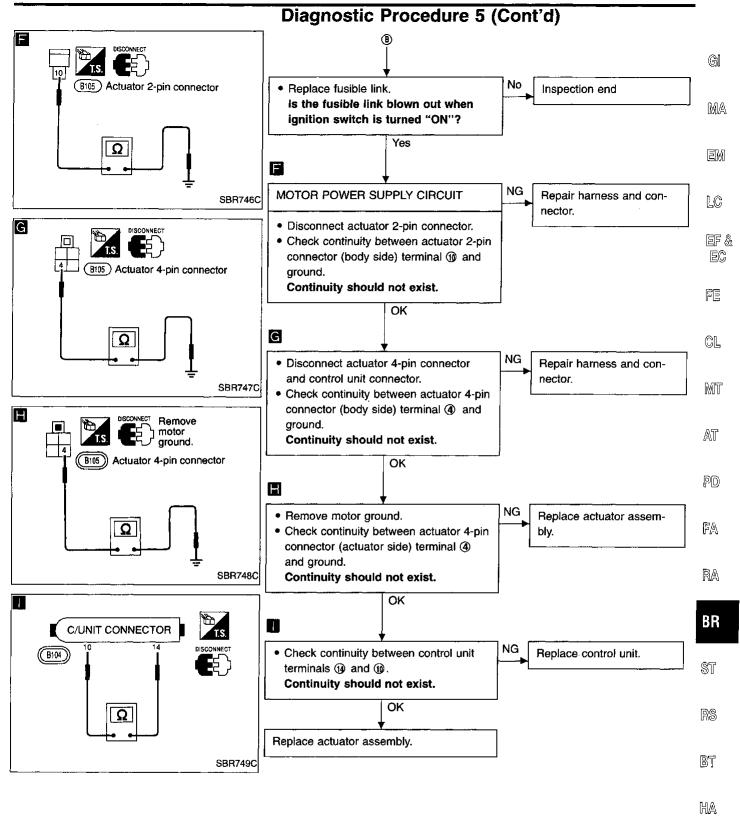
EL





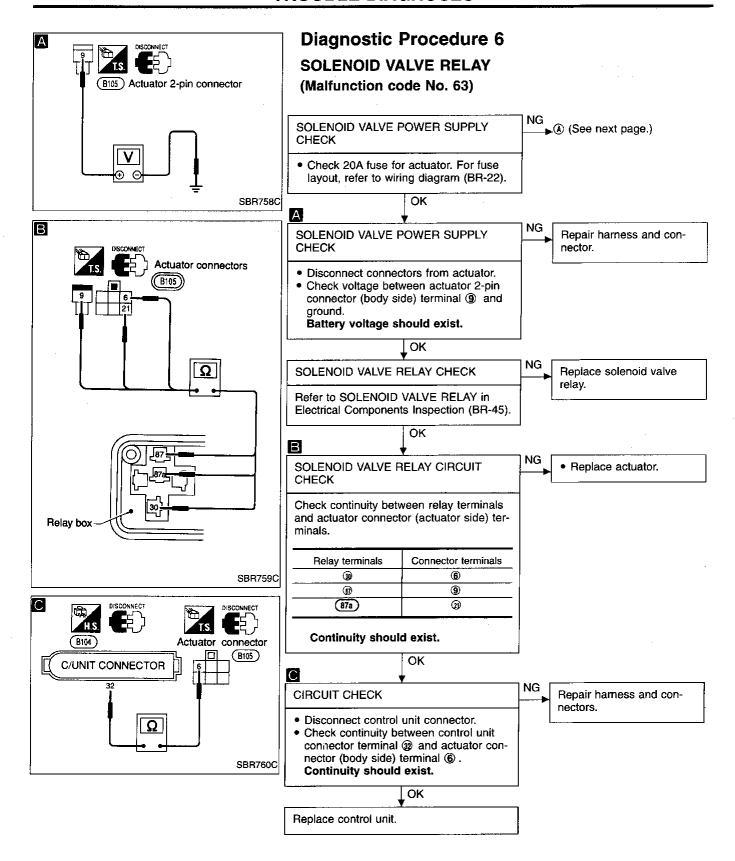
BR-39 713

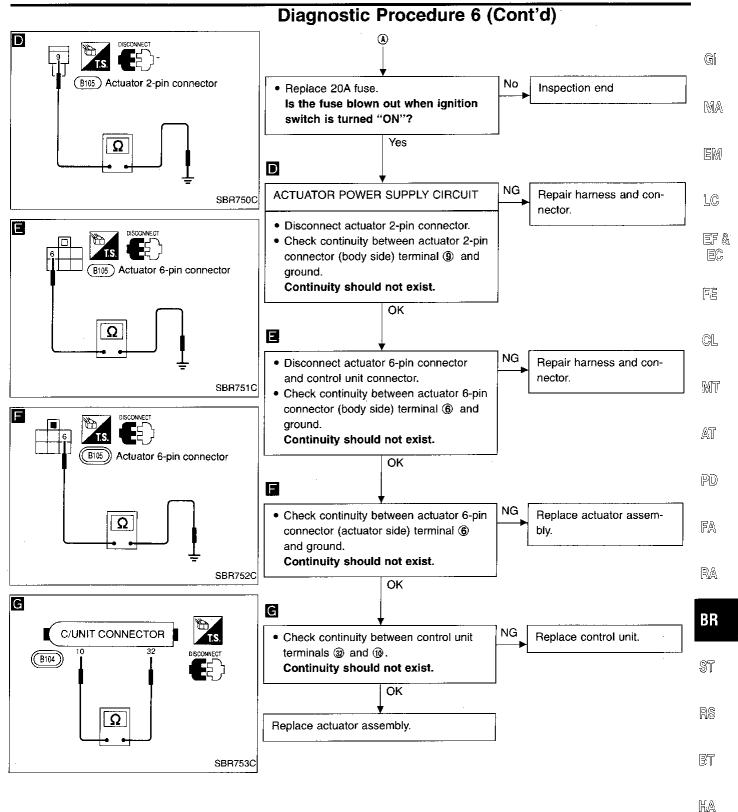




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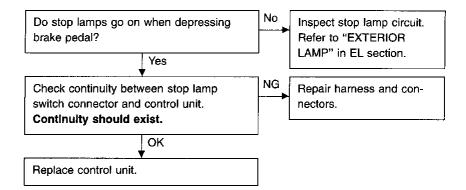
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Diagnostic Procedure 7 POWER SUPPLY (Low voltage) (Malfunction code No. 57)

BATTERY CHECK

Check battery.
Refer to "BATTERY" in EL section.

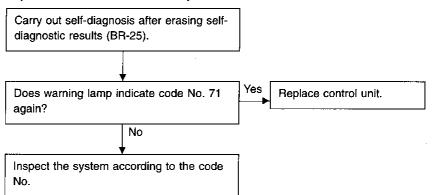
Diagnostic Procedure 8 STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT (Malfunction code No. 16)

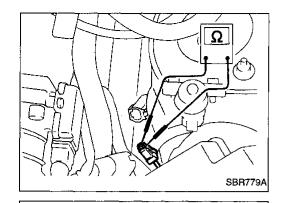


Diagnostic Procedure 9

CONTROL UNIT

(Malfunction code No. 71)





Electrical Components Inspection

WHEEL SENSOR

Check resistance for each sensor.

Resistance: 0.8 - 1.2 k Ω

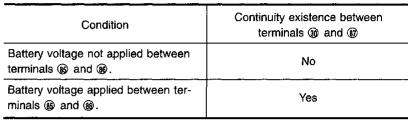


MA

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ACTUATOR MOTOR RELAY





FE

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MT



Condition	Continuity existence between terminals ® and 87a	Continuity existence between terminals @ and @
Battery voltage not applied between terminals & and &.	Yes	No
Battery voltage applied between terminals ® and ®.	No	Yes

AT

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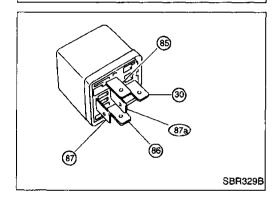
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SBR140C

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

Front brake	
Brake model	OPF25VA
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	40.45 (1.5925) x 2
Pad length x width x thickness mm (in)	116 x 50 x 10 (4.57 x 1.97 x 0.39)
Rotor outer diameter x thickness mm (in)	280 x 30 (11.02 x 1.18)
Rear brake	
Brake model	OPZ11V
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	38.1 (1.500)
Pad length x width x thickness mm (in)	71.8 x 36.5 x 11.5 (2.827 x 1.437 x 0.453)
Rotor outer diameter x thickness mm (in)	297 x 18 (11.69 x 0.71)
Master cylinder	
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	25.40 (1)

Control valve	
Valve model	Proportioning valve (within master cylinder)
Split point x reducing ratio kPa (kg/cm², psi)	2,452 (25, 356) x 0.4
Brake booster	
Booster model	M215T
Diaphragm diameter mm (in)	Primary: 230 (9.06) Secondary: 205 (8.07)
Brake fluid	
Recommended brake fluid	DOT 3
Parking drum brake	
Brake model	D\$17HD
Lining Length x width x thickness mm (in)	154.1 x 25.0 x 3.0 (6.07 x 0.984 x 0.118)
Drum inner diameter mm (in)	172.0 (6.77)

Inspection and Adjustment BRAKE PEDAL

DISC BRAKE

		Oriit. Illisi (ill)
	Front	Rear
Pad wear limit		
Minimum thickness	2.0 (0.079)	
Rotor repair limit		
Minimum thickness	28.0 (1.102)	16.0 (0.630)

PARKING DRUM BRAKE

	Unit: mm (in)
Lining replacement limit	
Minimum thickness	1.5 (0.059)
Drum repair limit	
Maximum inner diameter	173.0 (6.81)

		Unit: mm (in
Applied model	M/T	A/T
Free height	186 - 196 (7.32 - 7.72)	195 - 205 (7.68 - 8.07)
Depressed height [under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running]	100 (3.94)	105 (4.13)
Clearance between pedal stop- per and threaded end of switches	0.3 - 1.0 (0.012 - 0.039)	
Pedal free play clevis	1 - 3 (0.04 - 0.12)	

PARKING BRAKE

Number of notches [under force of 196 N (20 kg, 44 lb)]	6 - 7
Number of notches (when warning switch comes on)	1