ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

SECTION EC

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MA

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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC

	DTC*	5-4	
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	Reference page
Unable to access ECM	_	_	EC-84
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	EC-147
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	1103	AT-94
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	P0732	1104	AT-101
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	P0733	1105	AT-107
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	P0734	1106	AT-113
A/T COMM LINE	P0600		EC-318
A/T DIAG COMM LINE	P1605	0804	EC-412
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	1107	AT-127
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	EC-116
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	EC-124
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	1208	AT-81
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	EC-249
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	EC-332
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	EC-313
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	EC-130
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905	EC-342
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802	EC-244
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	EC-234
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CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	EC-234
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ECM	P0605	0301	EC-322
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	EC-256
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	EC-358
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	EC-352
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	EC-347
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	EC-265
ENGINE SPEED SIG	P0725	1207	AT-90
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	EC-388
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	EC-365
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	EC-276
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	EC-297
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	EC-152
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	EC-186
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	EC-172
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	EC-165
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	EC-158
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	EC-180
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	EC-219
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	EC-225
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	EC-230
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	EC-307

	DTC	*6	
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	Reference page
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	EC-335
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	EC-239
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	1205	AT-135
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	P0100	0102	EC-107
MAP/BAR SW SOL/ÇIR	P1105	1302	EC-324
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	EC-234
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	No DTC	Flash- ing*5	EC-52
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	P1760	1203	AT-157
OVER HEAT	_	0208	EC-421
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	EC-416
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	1101	AT-76
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	EC-376
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	EC-286
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	EC-197
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	EC-190
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	EC-210
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SFT SOL A/CIRC*3	P0750	1108	AT-140
SFT SOL B/CIRC*3	P0755	1201	AT-145
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	1204	AT-122
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	P0120	0403	EC-135
TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	P1705	1206	AT-150
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	EC-271
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	EC-407
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	EC-402
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*4	P0720	1102	AT-86
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	EC-302
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	EC-383
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	EC-395
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	EC-292

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illumi-

^{*4:} The MIL illuminates when both the "Revolution sensor signal" and the "Vehicle speed sensor" meet the failsafe condition at the same time.

^{*5:} While engine is running.

^{*6: 1}st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC (Cont'd)

P NO. INDEX FOR DTC

DTC*	6	Items	Reference	DTC	*6	Items	Reference	
CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	(CONSULT screen terms)	page	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	(CONSULT screen terms)	page	(
_		Unable to access ECM	EC-84	P0605	0301	ECM	EC-322	_
No DTC	Flash-	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC	EC-52	P0705	1101	PNP SW/CIRC	AT-76	[
110 010	ing*5	FAILURE INDICATED	20-32	P0710	1208	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	AT-81	
P0000	0505	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC	—	P0720	1102	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*4	AT-86	
P0100	0102	FAILURE INDICATED MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	EC 107	P0725	1207	ENGINE SPEED SIG	AT-90	Į.
			EC-107	P0731	1103	A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	AT-94	
P0105 P0110	0803	ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	EC-116	P0732	1104	A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	AT-101	[
	0401	AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-124	P0733	1105	A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	AT-107	Ŀ
P0115	0103	COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	EC-130	P0734	1106	A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	AT-113	
P0120	0403	THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	EC-135	P0740	1204	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	AT-122	
P0125	0908	*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	EC-147	P0744	1107	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	AT-127	
P0130	0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-152	P0745	1205	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	AT-135	
P0131	0411	FRONT 02 SENSOR	EC-158	P0750	1108	SFT SQL A/CIRC*3	AT-140	F
P0132	0410	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-165	P0755	1201	SFT SOL B/CIRC*3	AT-145	
P0133	0409	FRONT 02 SENSOR	EC-172	P1105	1302	MAP/BAR SW SQL/CIR	EC-324	6
P0134	0412	FRONT 02 SENSOR	EC-180	P1148	0307	CLOSED LOOP	EC-332	(
P0135	0901	FR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-186	P1320	0201	IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	EC-335	
P0137	0511	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-190	P1336	0905	CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	EC-342	R
P0138	0510	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-197	P1400	1005	EGRC SOLENOID/V	EC-347	II/
P0139	0707	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-204	P1401	0305	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-352	
P0140	0512	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-210	P1402	0514	EGR SYSTEM	EC-358	A
P0141	0902	RR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-215	P1440	0213	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-365	
P0171	0115	FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	EC-219	P1444	0214	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-376	
P0172	0114	FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	EC-225	P1446	0215	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-383	F
P0180	0402	FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-230	P1447	0213	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	EC-388	
P0300	0701	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	EC-234	P1448	0309	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-395	(6)
P0301	0608	CYL 1 MISFIRE	EC-234	P1490	0801	VC/V BYPASS/V	EC-402	R
P0302	0607	CYL 2 MISFIRE	EC-234	P1491	0311	VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	EC-407	
P0303	0606	CYL 3 MISFIRE	EC-234	P1605	0804		EC-407	B
P0304	0605	CYL 4 MISFIRE	EC-234			A/T DIAG COMM LINE		الا
P0325	0304	KNOSK SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-239	P1705		TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	AT-150	
P0335	0802	CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	EC-244	P1706	1003	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	EC-416	\$
P0340	0101	CAM POS SEN/CIR	EC-249	P1760		O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	AT-157	
P0400	0302	EGR SYSTEM	EC-256			OVERHEAT	EC-421	
P0402	0306	EGRC-BPT VALVE	EC-265			Mode II (Self-diagnostic re	esults).	R
P0420	0702	TW CATALYST SYSTEM	EC-271			e controlled by NISSAN. e prescribed by SAE J201	2	
P0440	0705	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-276			operation occurs, the MIL		6 9
P0443	1008	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-286	nates.		·		8
P0446	0903	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-292			when both the "Revoluti		
P0450	0704	EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	EC-297			hicle speed sensor" mee e same time.	i ine iali-	H
P0500	0104	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*4	EC-302	*5: While engi	ne is run	ning.		η 1 <i>Ι</i> Ι
P0505	0205	IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	EC-307	*6: 1st trip DT	C No. is	the same as DTC No.		
P0510	0203	CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	EC-313					EL
		A/T COMM LINE	EC-318					

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PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10117100 (J36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening front heated oxygen sensor with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
	NT379	
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	a	Loosening or tightening rear heated oxygen sensor
	NТ636	a: 22 mm (0.87 in)

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description	
Fuel filler cap adapter		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve open- ing pressure
	NT653	
Leak detector (J41416)		When locating the EVAP leak
EVAD	NT703	
EVAP service port adapter (J41413-OBD)		When applying positive pressure through EVAP service port
	NT704	

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Commercial Service Tools (Cont'd)

Tool name	Description	
Hose clipper (—)		This tool is used to clamp the EVAP purge hose between the fuel tank and EVAP canister applied to DTC P1440 [EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure)].
	Approx. 20 mm (0.79 in)
	NT720	

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the RS section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation just before the harness connectors for easy identification.

Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to EL section ("Description", "HARNESS CON-
- NECTOR"). Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

EC-5 161

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IDX

Engine Fuel & Emission Control System

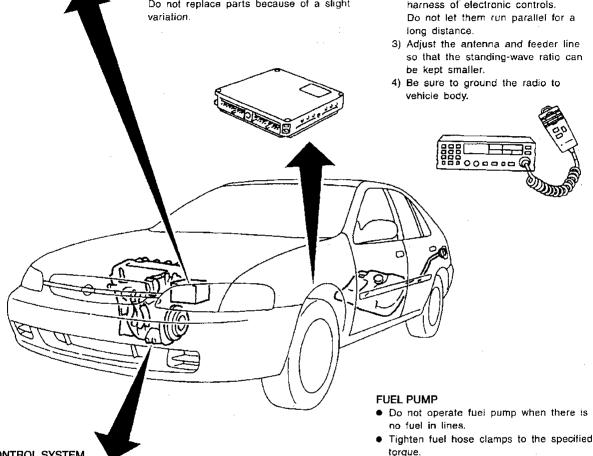
ECM

- Do not disassemble ECM.
- · Do not turn on-board diagnostic test mode selector forcibly.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the Always use a 12 volt battery as power source. ECM will now start to self-control at its Do not attempt to disconnect initial value. Engine operation can vary battery cables while engine is However, this is not an indication of a

memory will return to the ECM value. The slightly when the terminal is disconnected. problem. Do not replace parts because of a slight



- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on its installation location.
- 1) Keep the antenna as far as possible away from the electronic control units.
- 2) Keep the antenna feeder line more the 20 cm (7.9 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a
- so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.



ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM PARTS HANDLING

BATTERY

running.

- · Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble IACV-AAC valve.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious problems.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor.



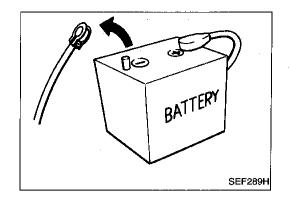
WHEN STARTING

- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

ECM HARNESS HANDLING

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
 - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep ECM harness at least 10 cm (3.9 in) away from adjacent harnesses, to prevent an ECM system malfunction due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep ECM parts and harnesses dry.
- Before removing parts, turn off ignition switch and then disconnect battery ground cable.

AEC878A



Tightened

Indicator

Loosened

SEF308Q

Precautions

Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.

MA

LC

When connecting ECM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the gap between orange indicators disappears.

⑤: 3.0 - 5.0 N·m (0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)



CL

MT

When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.



FA

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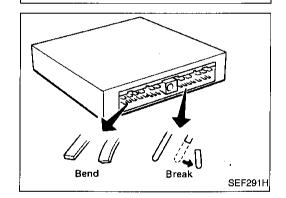
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Perform ECM in-

put/output signal)

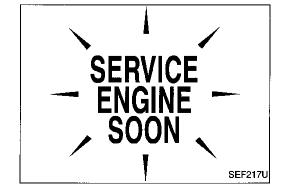
inspection before replacement.

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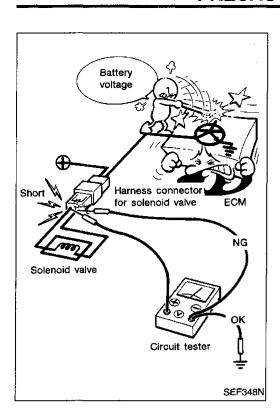
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Before replacing ECM, perform Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-92.



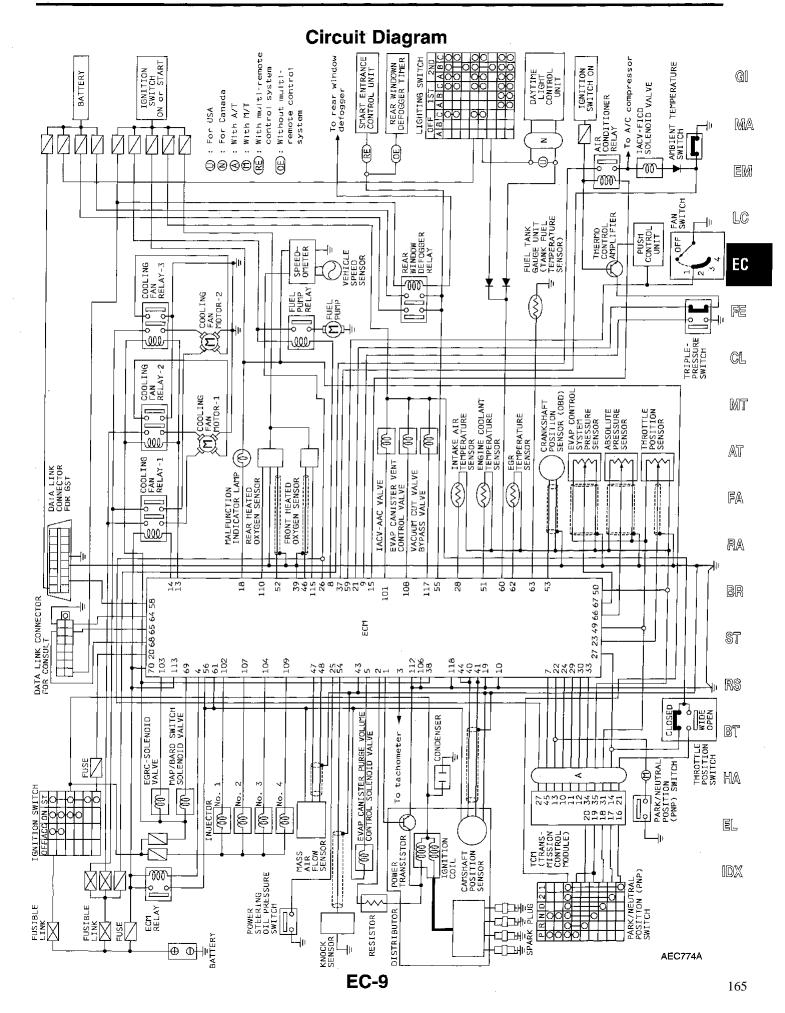
After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" or "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". The DTC should not be displayed in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed. The "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" should be a good result if the repair is completed.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

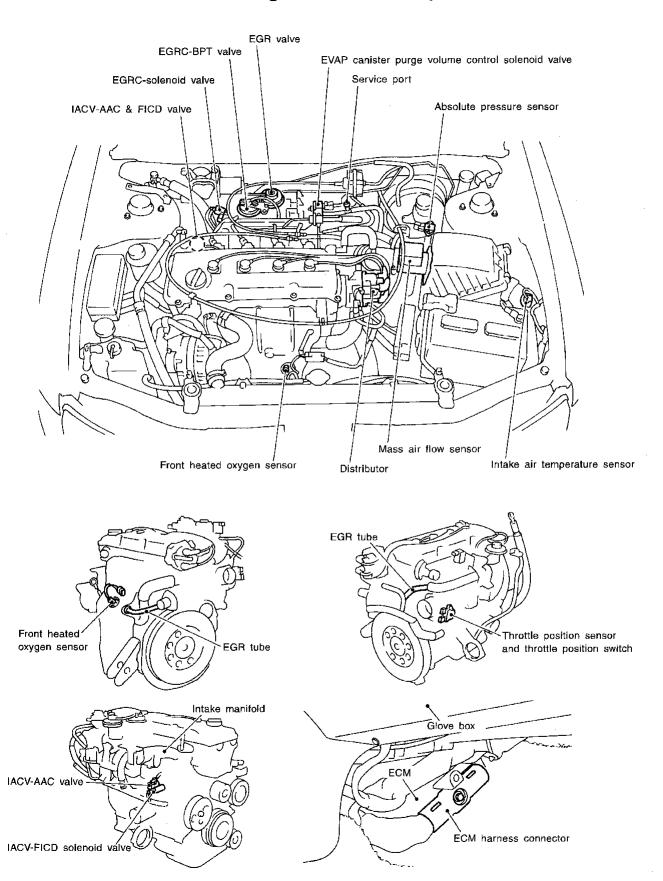


Precautions (Cont'd)

 When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact.
 Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.

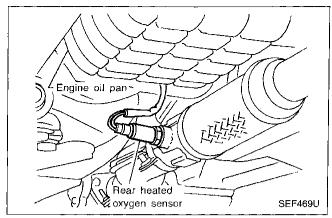


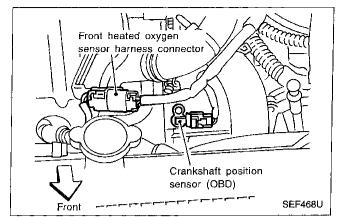
Engine Control Component Parts Location



ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

Engine Control Component Parts Location (Cont'd)





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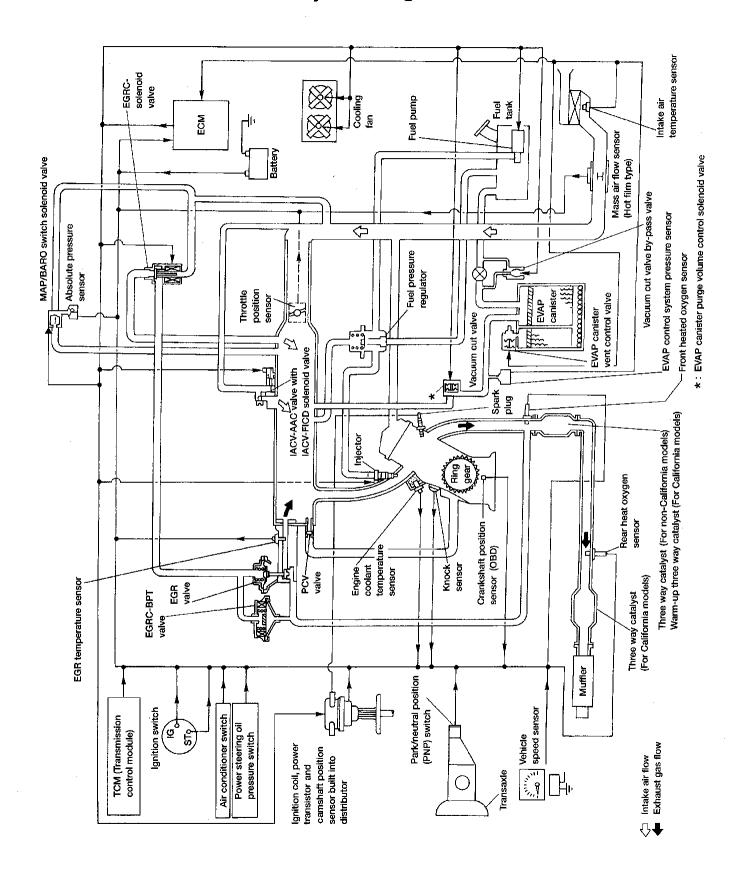
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System Diagram



Vacuum Hose Drawing

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Absolute pressure sensor

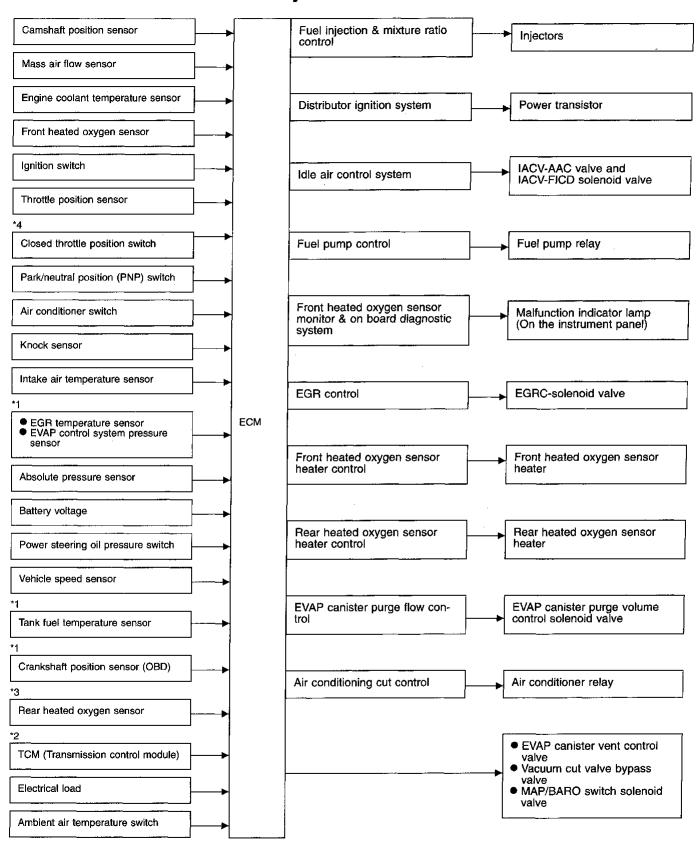
Throttle body

MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve

Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose or purge hoses.

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System Chart



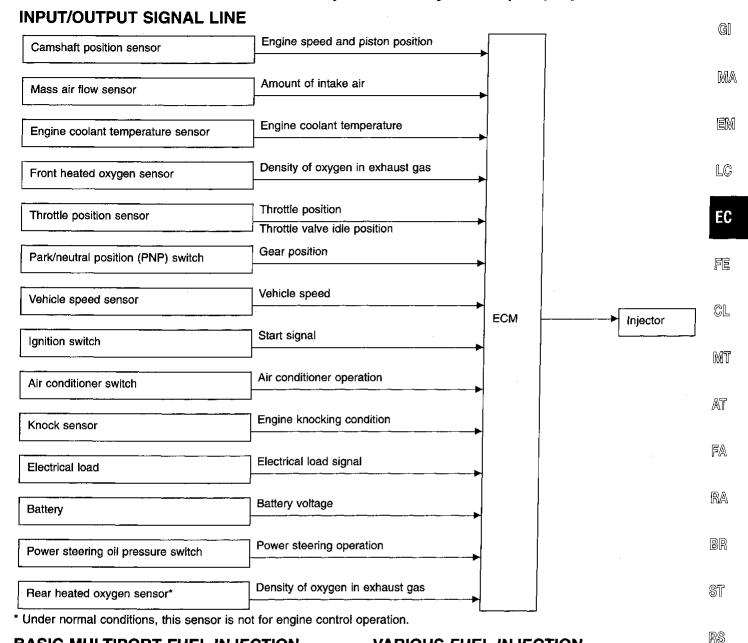
^{*1:} These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.

^{*2:} The DTC related to A/T will be sent to ECM.

^{*3:} This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

^{*4:} This switch will operate in place of the throttle position sensor to control EVAP parts if the sensor malfunctions.

Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System



BASIC MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the camshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below. <Fuel increase>

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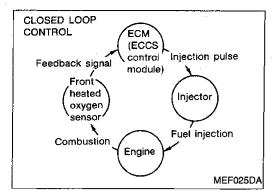
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- **During acceleration**
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from "N" to "D" (A/T models only)
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- **During deceleration**
- During high engine speed operation

EC-15 171

ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)

The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses a front heated oxygen sensor in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about the front heated oxygen sensor, refer to EC-152, 158. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture). This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition. Rear heated oxygen sensor is located downstream of the three way catalyst. Even if the switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

OPEN LOOP CONTROL

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of front heated oxygen sensor at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

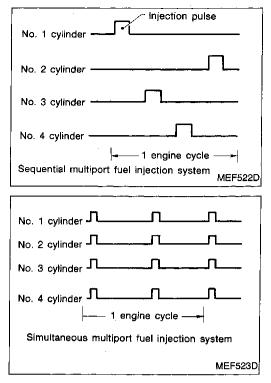
The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from the front heated oxygen sensor. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio. Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from the front heated oxygen sensor indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) **FUEL INJECTION TIMING**

Two types of systems are used.

Sequential multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

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Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all four cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The four injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

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FUEL SHUT-OFF

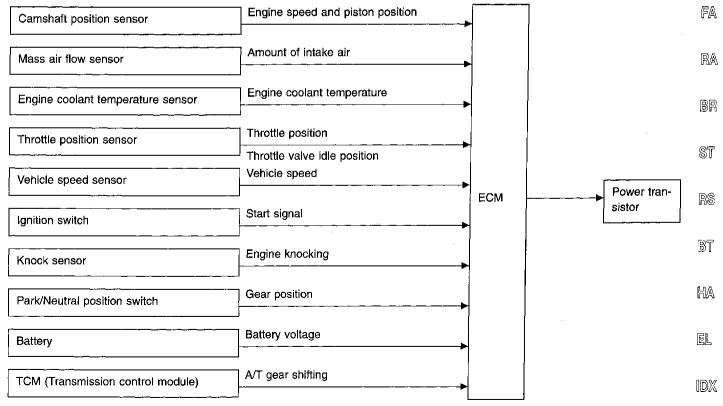
Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

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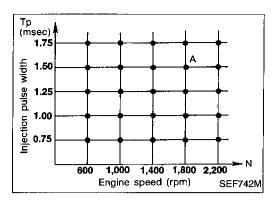
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Distributor Ignition (DI) System

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Distributor Ignition (DI) System (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine.

The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

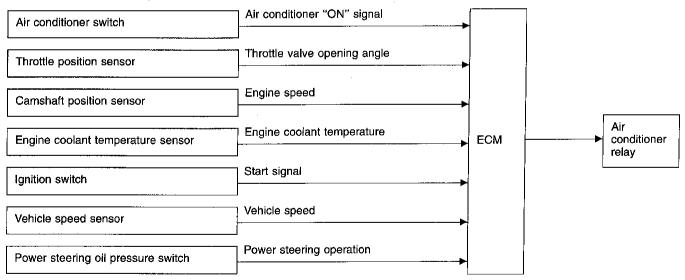
- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions.

If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

Air Conditioning Cut Control

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

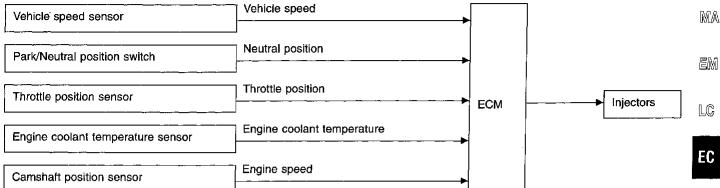
Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.

- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.

Fuel Cut Control (at no load & high engine speed)

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



If the engine speed is above 4,000 rpm with no load, (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 4,000 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 2,000 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-15.

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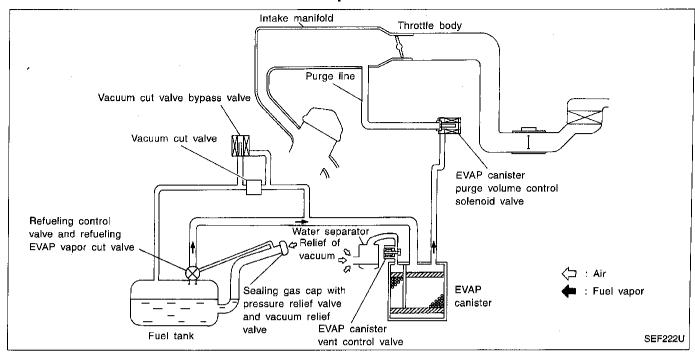
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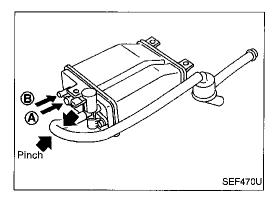


The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by engine control module. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.



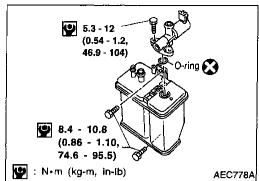
Inspection

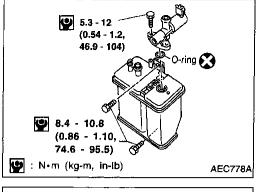
EVAP CANISTER

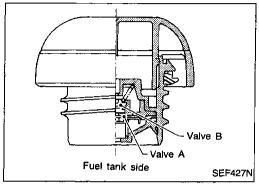
Check EVAP canister as follows:

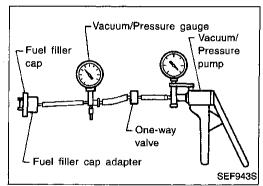
- 1. Pinch the fresh air hose.
- Blow air into port (A) and check that air flows freely through port (B).

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM









Inspection (Cont'd) **TIGHTENING TORQUE**

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP vent control valve.

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FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (Built into fuel filler cap)

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Wipe clean valve housing.

Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure:

16.0 - 20.0 kPa (0.163 - 0.204 kg/cm², 2.32 - 2.90 (iza

Vacuum:

-6.0 to -3.3 kPa (-0.061 to -0.034 kg/cm², -0.87to -0.48 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

CAUTION:

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

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VACUUM CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-407.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-376.

TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-230.

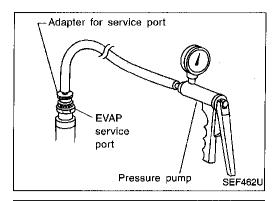
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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM



Inspection (Cont'd) EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the evaporator system through the evaporator service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the evaporator system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.

EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START. SEF658U

How to detect fuel vapor leakage CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.



NOTE

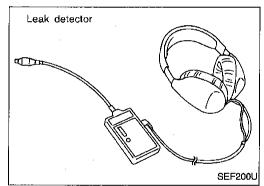
Improper installation of adapter to the service port may cause a leak.

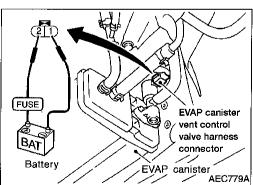
- 1. Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT.
- 5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.
- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

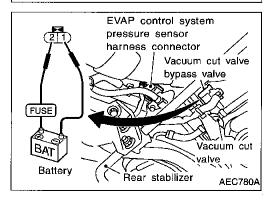
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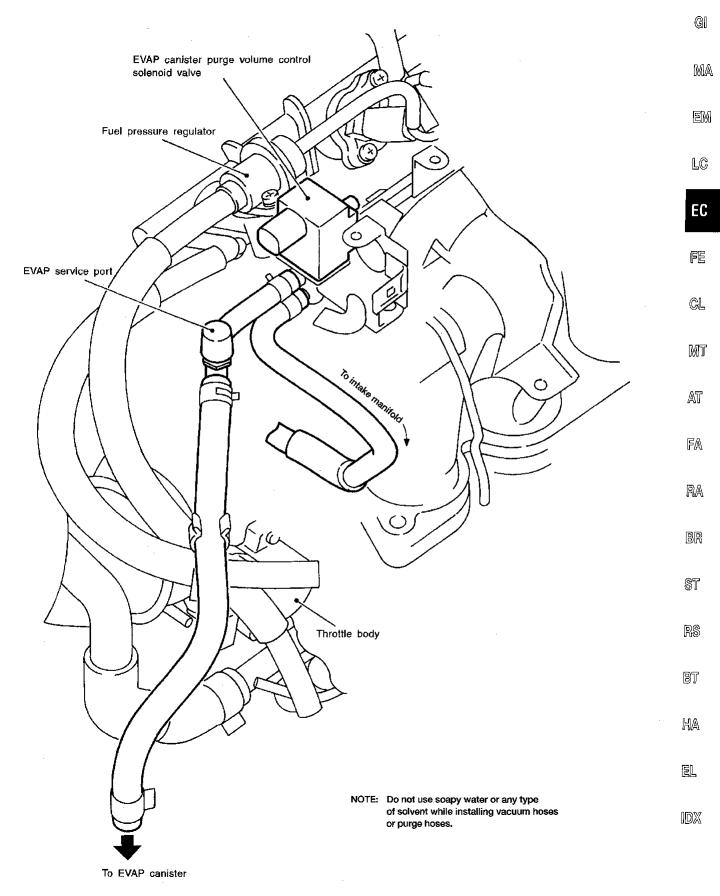
- Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP service port and pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port.
- Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system
- 3. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
- 4. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.



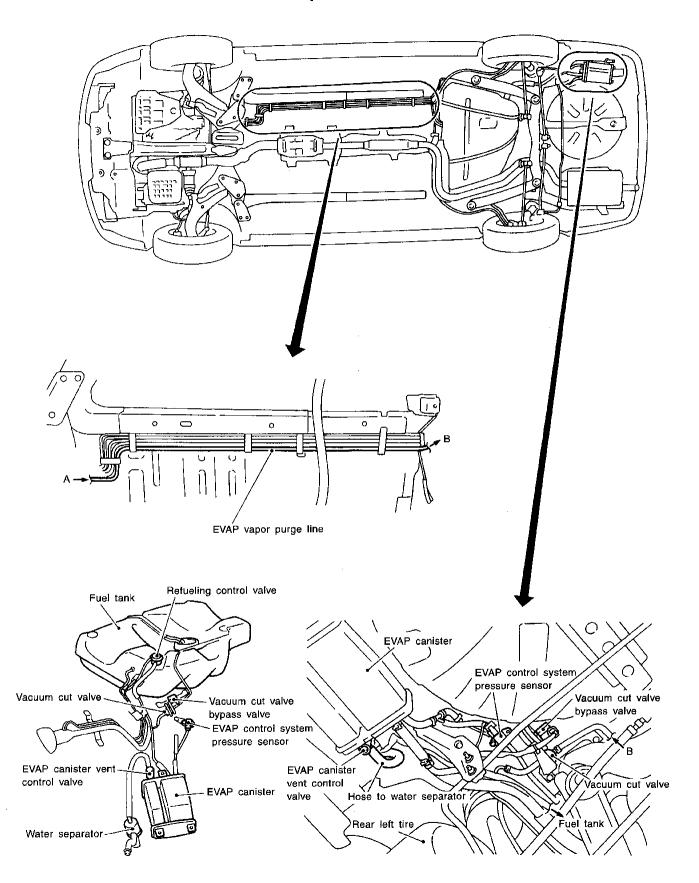




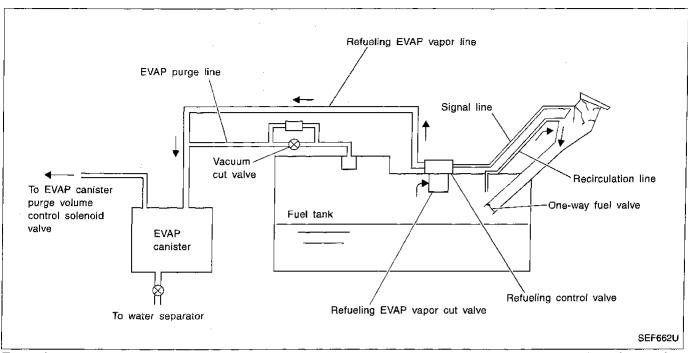
Evaporative Emission Line Drawing



Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (Cont'd)



On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



From the beginning of refueling, the fuel tank pressure goes up. When the pressure reaches the setting value of the refueling control valve (RCV) opening pressure, the RCV is opened. After RCV opens, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, RCV and refueling vapor line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

The RCV is always closed during driving and the evaporative emission control system is operated the same as conventional system.

WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

CAUTION:

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- b. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to "Fuel Pressure Release", EC-31.
- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

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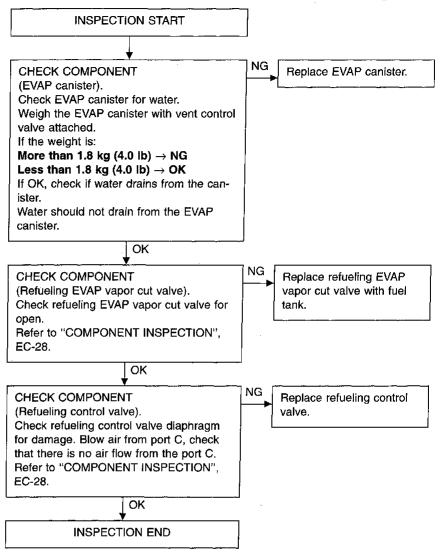
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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

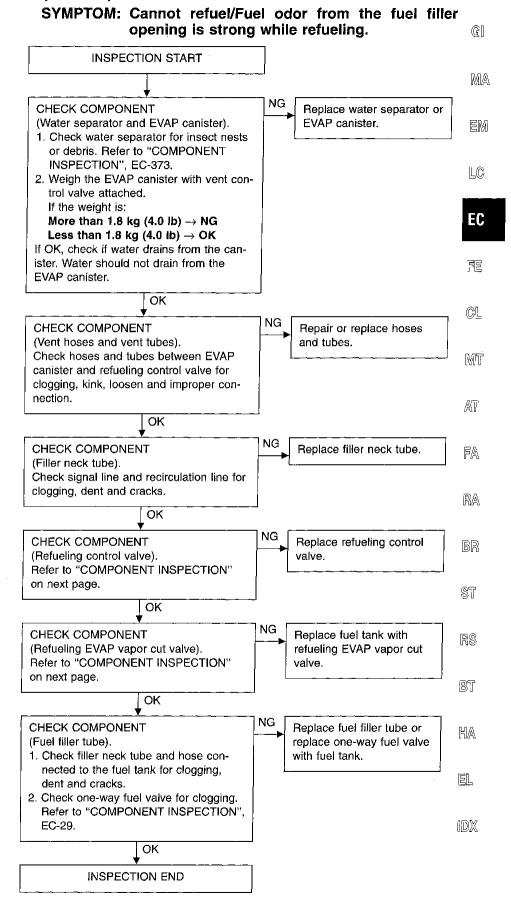
On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

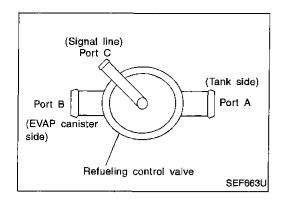
SYMPTOM: Fuel odor from EVAP canister is strong.



On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM



On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

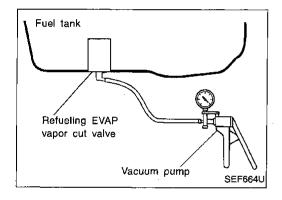
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Refueling control valve

Check refueling control valve as follows:

- 1. Check visually for cracks in the appearance.
- Check air continuity between port A and B.
 Blow air into the port A. Air should flow freely through port B.
- Blow air into port C and check there is no leakage.
- 4. Apply pressure to both port A and C [20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg)] and check there is no leakage from port B.

If NG, replace refueling control valve.



Refueling EVAP vapor cut vaive

Remove fuel tank. Refer to "FUEL SYSTEM" in FE section.
 Drain fuel from the tank as follows:

With CONSULT

- a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer, and then connect a spare fuel hose to other side of the fuel container.
- b. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

Without CONSULT

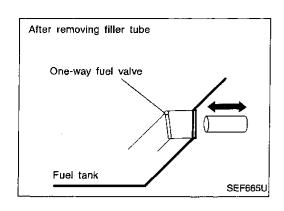
- a. Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Drain fuel from the tank using a hand pump into a fuel container.
- 2. Check valve head appearance visually for cracks.
- 3. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.
 - Blow air into the refueling ÉVAP vapor cut valve, and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- Check EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to cut valve.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

Always replace O-ring with new one.

- c. Put fuel filler tank upside down.
- d. Apply negative pressure [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.

If NG, replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM



On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

One-way fuel valve

Drain fuel from the tank.
 Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" of refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, EC-28.

2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.

Check one-way fuel valve for operation.
 When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

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Do not drop any material into the tank.

If NG, replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

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Description

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake collector.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

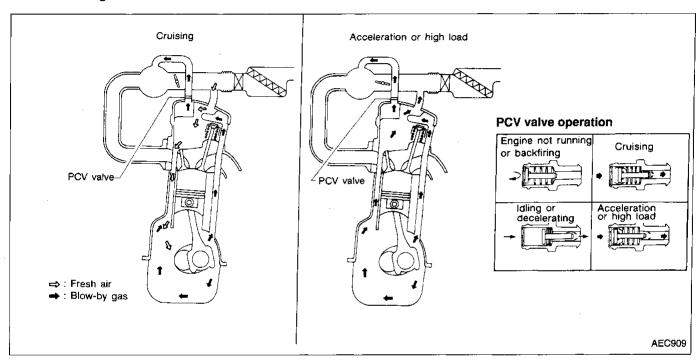
Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air.

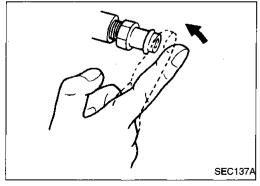
The ventilating air is then drawn from the air duct

into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the intake collector under all conditions.

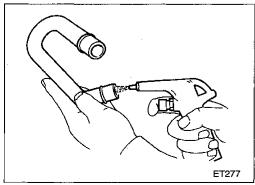




Inspection

PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) VALVE

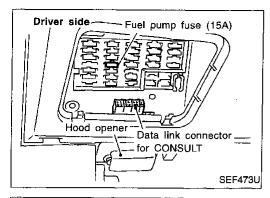
With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from breather separator. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over the valve inlet.

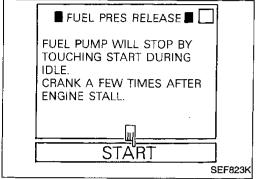


VENTILATION HOSE

- Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- 2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE





Fuel Pressure Release

Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.



- Start engine.
- 2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode to release fuel pressure to zero.
- After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to make 3. sure that fuel pressure is released.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF.



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- 1. Remove fuse for fuel pump.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch off and reconnect fuel pump fuse.

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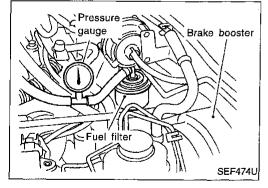


- Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent
- Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
- Use Pressure Gauge to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.
- Release fuel pressure to zero.
- 2. Disconnect fuel hose between fuel filter and fuel tube (engine side).
- Install pressure gauge between fuel filter and fuel tube.
- Start engine and check for fuel leakage.

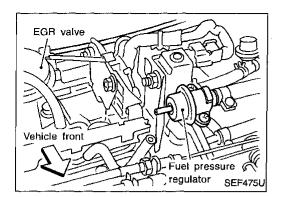
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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE



Fuel Pressure Check (Cont'd)

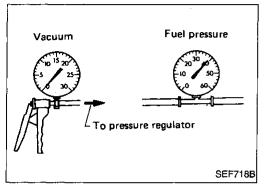
5. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

At idling:

With vacuum hose connected
Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm², 34 psi)
With vacuum hose disconnected

Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi)

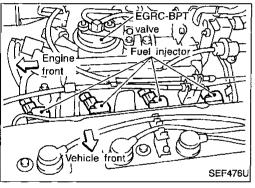
If results are unsatisfactory, perform Fuel Pressure Regulator Check.



Fuel Pressure Regulator Check

- Stop engine and disconnect fuel pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.
- Plug intake manifold with a rubber cap.
- 3. Connect variable vacuum source to fuel pressure regulator.
- Start engine and read indication of fuel pressure gauge as vacuum is changed.

Fuel pressure should decrease as vacuum increases. If results are unsatisfactory, replace fuel pressure regulator.



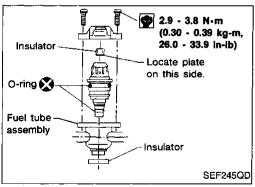
Injector Removal and Installation

- Release fuel pressure to zero.
- Remove injector tube assembly with injectors from intake manifold.
- 3. Remove injectors from injector tube assembly.
- Push injector tail piece.
- Do not pull on the connector.
- 4. Install injectors.
- Clean exterior of injector tail piece.
- Use new O-rings.





- Assemble injectors to injector tube assembly.
- 6. Install injector tube assembly to intake manifold.

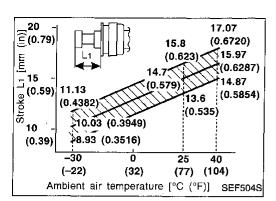


Fast idle cam AEC891

Fast Idle Cam (FIC) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The FIC is installed on the throttle body to maintain adequate engine speed while the engine is cold. It is operated by a volumetric change in wax located inside the thermo-element. The thermo-element is operated by engine coolant temperature.

BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE



Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

Perform inspection and adjustment as follows:

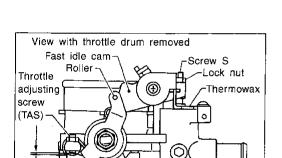
Make sure the engine has cooled down and remove the throttle body. Refer to "OUTER COMPONENT PARTS" in EM section.

Leave the throttle body for more than 3 hours so the temperature of the thermowax levels with the ambient air tem-

Avoid direct sunlight or other heat source (heater, air conditioner, etc.).

Check dimension L₁ without removing thermowax from throttle body. Measure ambient air temperature with a ther-

L ₁ dimension	Judgement and remedy
Inside hatched area	The thermowax is normal. Perform FIC adjustment. Go to step 4.
Outside hatched area	Replace the thermowax and install the FIC. Perform adjustment from step 2.



Stopper

Clearance A

SEF505S 3.0r M/T models (0.118)2.5 2.08 (0.098)MAX (0.0819)2.0 MIN 1.37 (0.0539) (0.0323) 0.82(0.079)1.74 1.5 1.74 (0.059) (0.0685) 0.521.05 (0.0205)(0.0413) (0.039)0.53 (0.0209) 0.5(0.020)0.25 (0.0098) 0.040-30-20-10 0 10 20 30 40 (-40)(-22)(-4)(14)(32)(50)(68)(86)(104) Ambient air temperature [°C (°F)] 3.0 (0.118) 2.29 A/T models 2.5 (0. (0.098) (0. (0.0902)Ē (0.0748) 1.47 (0.0579) (0.079)띮 (0.0827)1.07 1.76 (0.059)(0.0421)(0.0693)Clearance (0.039)1.23 (0.0484) 0.5(0.020)0.74 (0.0291) 0.0 -40-30-20-10 0 10 20 30 40 (-40)(-22)(-4)(14)(32)(50)(68)(86)(104) Ambient air temperature [°C (°F)]

Check the clearance A between the stopper and the throttle adjusting screw (TAS). If not within specifications (the hatched area as shown in the figure below), adjust clearance using screw S.

Do not adjust the clearance using the throttle adjusting screw (TAS).

5. After adjusting clearance A, tighten the lock nut of screw S.

Install the throttle body. Refer to "OUTER COMPONENT PARTS" in EM section.

Warm up engine to normal operating temperature. Confirm there is clearance between FIC and roller.

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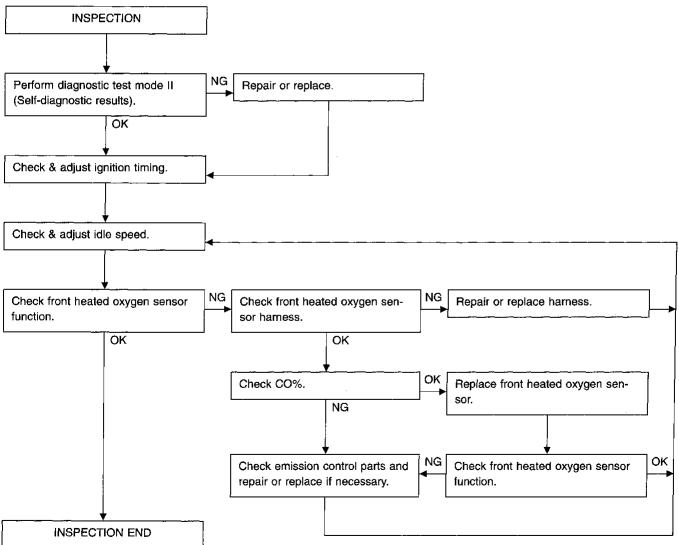
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment

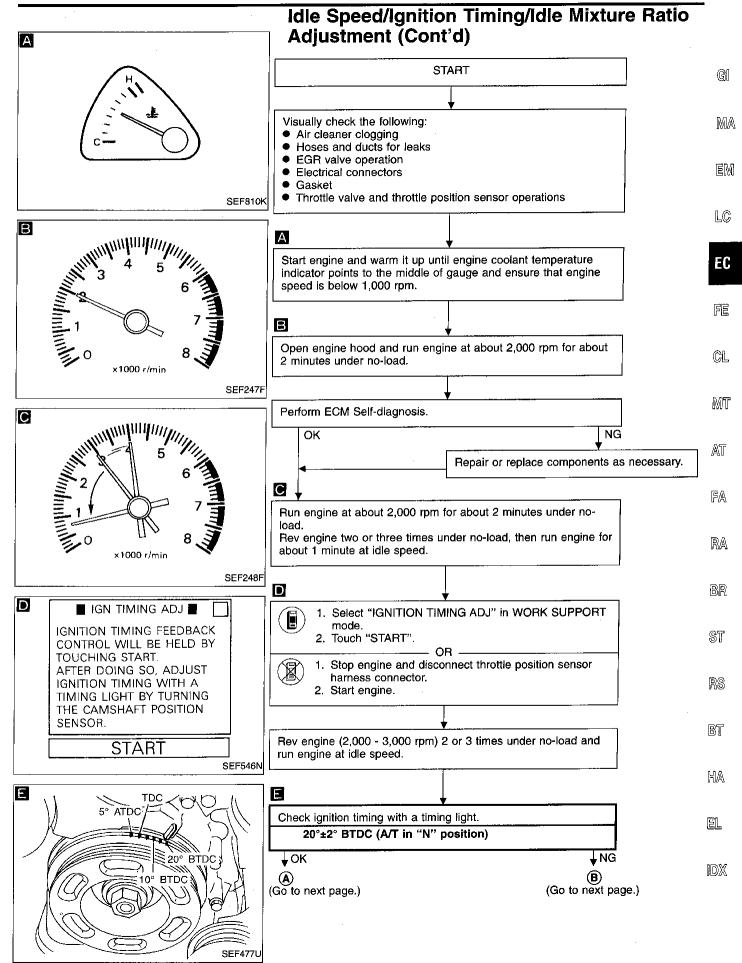
PREPARATION

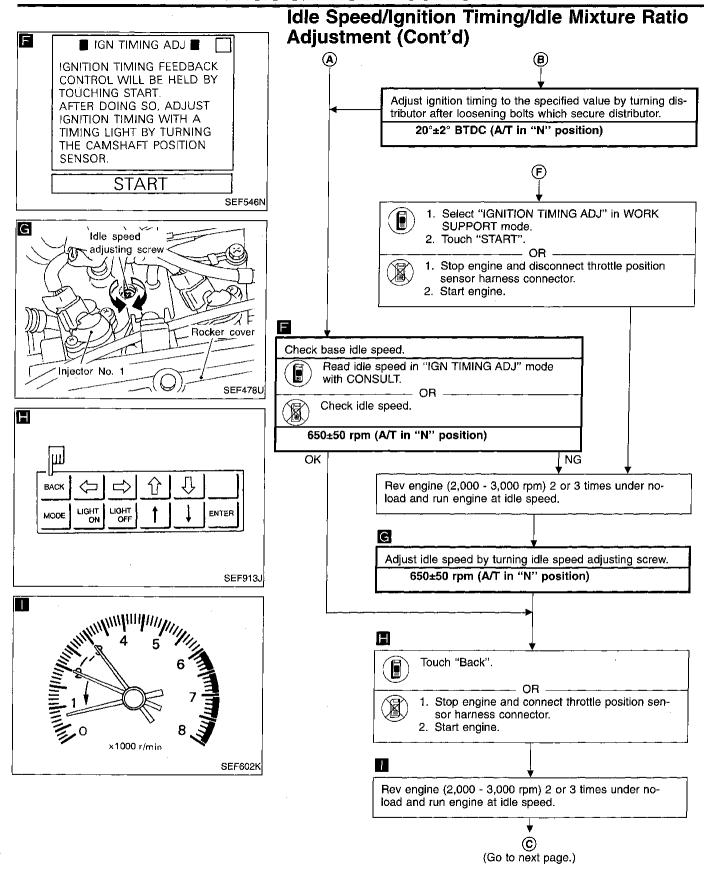
- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- (1) Battery
- (2) Ignition system
- (3) Engine oil and coolant levels
- (4) Fuses
- (5) ECM harness connector
- (6) Vacuum hoses
- (7) Air intake system (Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- (8) Fuel pressure
- (9) Engine compression
- (10) EGR valve operation
- (11) Throttle valve
- (12) EVAP system

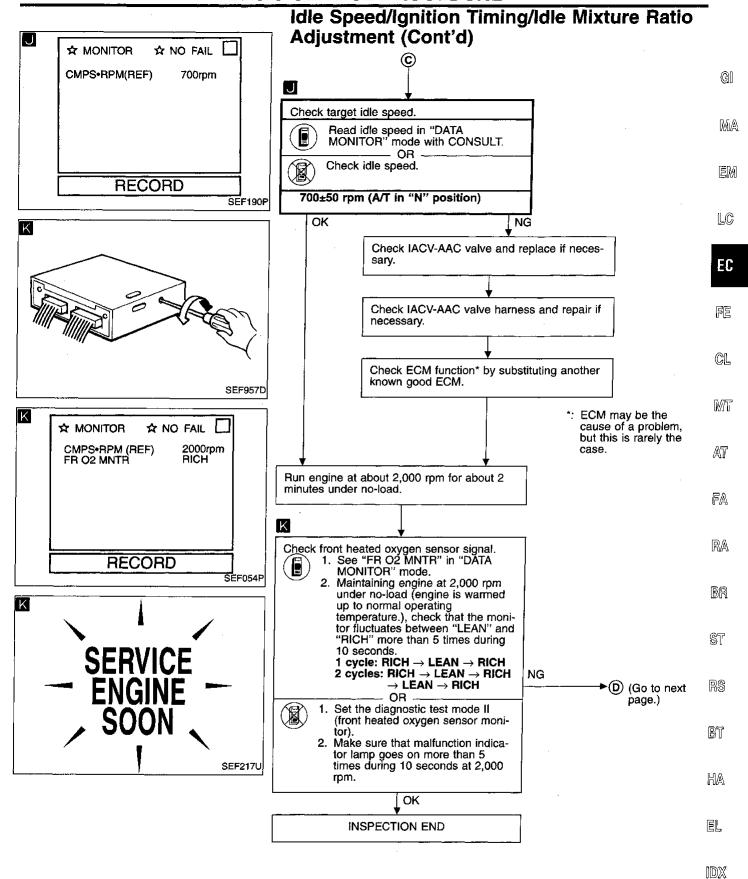
- On models equipped with air conditioner, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- On models equipped with automatic transaxle, when checking idle speed, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- Turn off headlamps, heater blower, rear defogger.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.
- Make the check after the cooling fan has stopped.

Overall inspection sequence

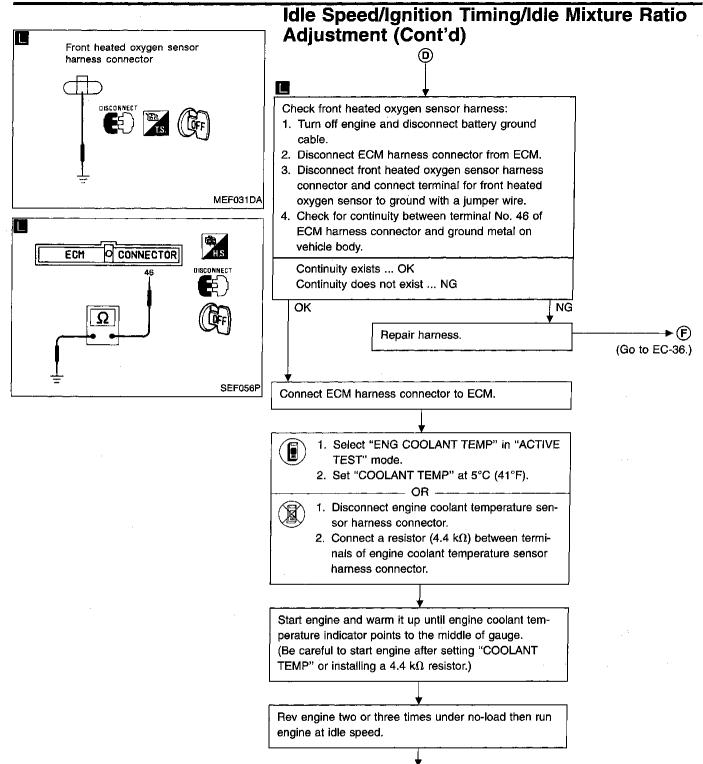




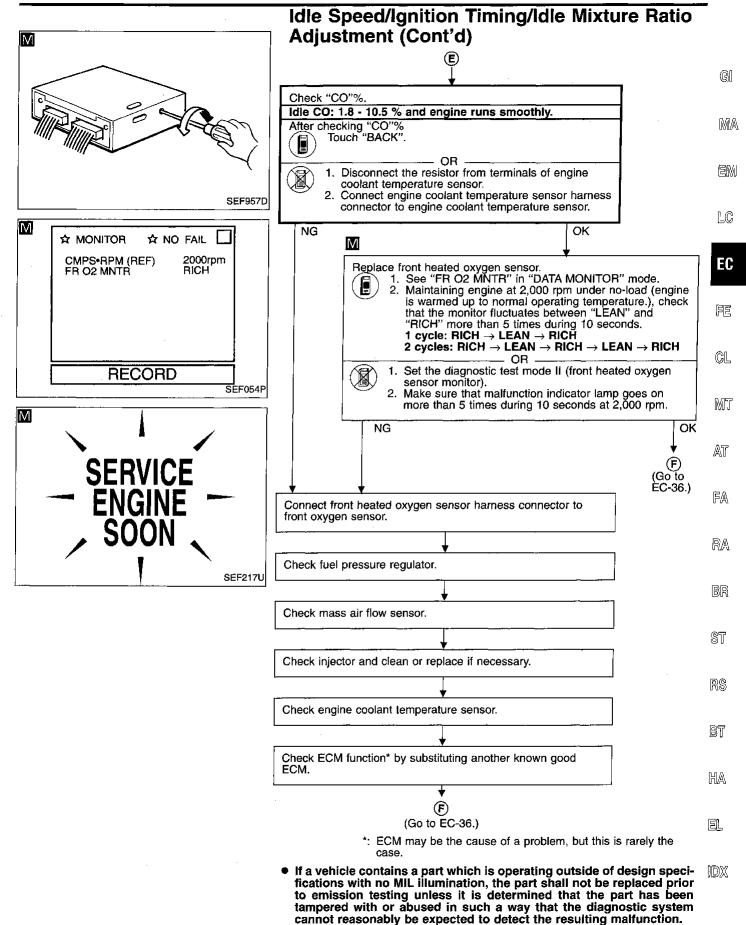




EC-37



(Go to next page.)



Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

- Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)
 Freeze Frame data
 System Readiness Test (SRT) code
 1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)
 Mode 3 of SAE J1979
 Mode 2 of SAE J1979
 1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)
- 1st Trip Freeze Frame data

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
Diagnostic test mode II (Self- diagnostic results)	х	X*1				~~~
CONSULT	×	х	Х	Х	×	_
GST	×	X*2	х	_	х	X

^{*1:} When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode (Refer to EC-84.).

Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

		MIL		D'	DTC		p DTC
Items	1st trip		2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip
	Blinking	Lighting up	lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	displaying
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) is being detected	x			×	_	×	_
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) has been detected		x	_	х		х	
Closed loop control — DTC: P1148 (0307)	_	x		х		x	
Fail-safe items (Refer to EC-84.)	<u> </u>	Х	_	X*1	_	X*1	_
Except above	_	_	Х	_	Х	X	Х

^{*1:} Except "ECM".

^{*2: 1}st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed. If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-50.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-48. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a problem. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to page EC-75. Then perform "Diagnostic trouble code confirmation procedure" or "Overall function check" to try to duplicate the problem. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 0101, 0201, 1003, 1104, etc.
These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

2. CONSULT or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1320, P0705, P0750, etc. These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, Mode II and GST do not indicate whether
the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal.
CONSULT can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT (if
available) is recommended.

FAILURE DETECTED TIME
IACV-AAC VLV/CIRC 0
[P0505]

ERASE PRINT FFdata
SEF225U

A sample of CONSULT display for DTC is shown at left. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".

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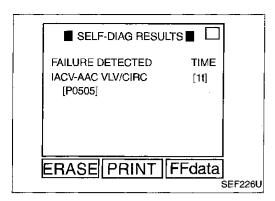
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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed and absolute pressure sensor at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CON-SULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-63.

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items					
1		Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608)				
		Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171 (0115), P0172 (0114)				
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)				
3	1st trip freeze frame data					

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, first trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or first trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-50.

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979. It indicates whether the self-diagnostic tests for non-continuously monitored items have been completed or not.

Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests of the on board diagnostic (OBD) II system may become the legal requirements in some states/areas. All SRT codes must be set in this case. Unless all SRT codes are set, conducting the I/M test may not be allowed.

SRT codes are set after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. This occurs regardless of whether the diagnosis is in "OK" or "NG", and whether or not the diagnosis is performed in consecutive trips. The following table lists the five SRT items (18 test items) for the ECM used in L30 models.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

_ SRT items	Self-diagnostic test items	· (G		
Catalyst monitoring	Three way catalyst function P0420 (0702)			
	EVAP control system (Small leak — Negative pressure) P0440 (0705)			
EVAP system monitoring	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure) P1440 (0213)	M		
	 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring P1447 (0111) 			
	• Front heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0133 (0409)			
	• Front heated oxygen sensor (Rich shift monitoring) P0132 (0410)	[=		
	 Front heated oxygen sensor (Lean shift monitoring) P0131 (0411) 			
	 Front heated oxygen sensor (Circuit) P0130 (0303) 			
Oxygen sensor monitoring	● Front heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0134 (0412)			
·	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0139 (0707) 			
,	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Max. voltage monitoring) P0138 (0510) 			
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Min. voltage monitoring) P0137 (0511) 			
	● Rear heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0140 (0512)			
Duran anna hasta maritais	Front heated oxygen sensor heater P0135 (0901)			
Oxygen sensor heater monitoring	 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater P0141 (0902) 	Ą		
	● EGR function (Close) P0400 (0302)			
GR system monitoring	● EGR function (Open) P1402 (0514)			
- -	● EGRC-BPT valve function P0402 (0306)	C		

Together with the DTC, the SRT code is cleared from the ECM memory using the method described later (Refer to EC-50). In addition, after engine control components/system are repaired or if the battery terminals remain disconnected for more than 24 hours, all SRT codes may be cleared from the ECM memory.

How to display SRT code



1. Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT. For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.



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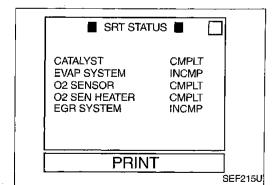
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2. Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)



A sample of CONSULT display for SRT code is shown at left. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

How to set SRT code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions. The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

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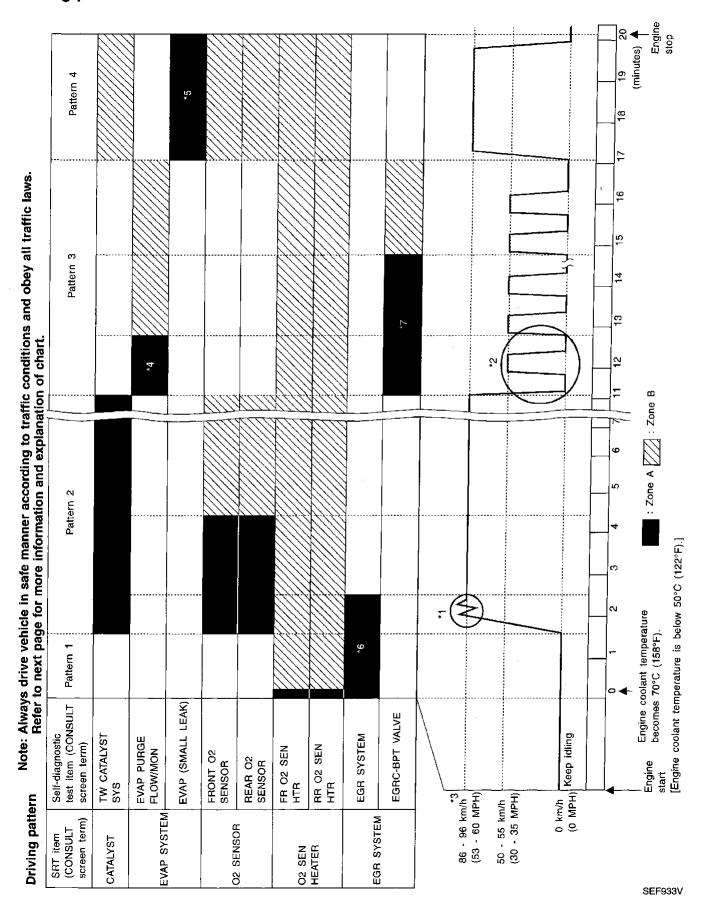
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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Driving pattern



Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

 The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

Zone A refers to the range where the time required, for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest. Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

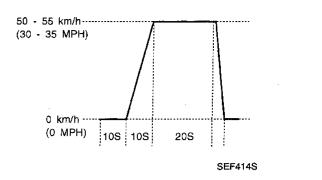
- *: Normal conditions refer to the following:
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.

 Under different conditions (For example, emblant size)

Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

- Pattern 1: The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals 🗊 and 🗐 is 3.0 4.3V).
 - The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals 51 and 50 is lower than 1.4V).
 - The engine is started at the tank fuel temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.1V).
- Pattern 2: When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.
- Pattern 3: The driving pattern outlined in *2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

 On M/T models, shift gears following "suggested upshift speeds" schedule at right.
- Pattern 4: Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
 - The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
 - If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.
- *1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.
- *2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
 - 1) Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h and let engine idle.
 - Repeat driving pattern shown below at least 10 times.
 - During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible. (The THROTL POS SEN value of CONSULT should be between 0.8 to 1.2V.)
 - Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the EGR system SRT is set.



- *3: Checking the vehicle speed with CONSULT or GST is advised.
- *4: The driving pattern may be omitted when "PURG FLOW P1447" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *5: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *6: The driving pattern may be omitted when all the followings are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - "EGR SYSTEM P0400"
 - "EGR SYSTEM P1402"
- *7: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EGRC-BPT/ VLV P0402" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Suggested transmission gear position for A/T models

Set the selector lever in the "D" position with "OD" ON.

Suggested upshift speeds for M/T models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

For normal acceleration in low altitude areas [less than 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)	CRUISE shift point km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	24 (15)	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)	29 (18)
3rd to 4th	58 (36)	48 (30)
4th to 5th	64 (40)	63 (39)

For quick acceleration in low altitude areas and high altitude areas [over 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	km/h (MPH
1st to 2nd	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)
3rd to 4th	64 (40)
4th to 5th	72 (45)

Suggested maximum speed in each gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate. Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure safe operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	50 (30)
2nd	95 (60)

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY—NOT CONSULT APPLICABLE)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is "OK" or "NG" while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored. Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (9 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

X: Applicable

-: Not applicable

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SRT item	Self-diagnostic test	Test value		To ak limaik	A-uliantian	-
SKI IIIII	item	TID	CID	Test limit	Application	E
CATALYST	Three way catalyst	01H	01H	Max.	X	
CATALYST	function	02H	81H	Max.	Х	FE
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03Н	Max.	х	— Cl
EVAP STSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	x	 M1
		09H	04H	Max.	×	
		0AH	84H	Min.	Х	– At
	Front heated oxygen sensor	0BH	04H	Max.	Х	- Fa
	Oxygen school	0CH	04H	Max.	X	
O2 SENSOR		0DH	04H	Max.	X	_
		19H	86H	Min.	X	- RA
	Rear heated	1AH	86H	Min.	Х	_ _ _ BR
	oxygen sensor	1BH	06H	Max.	Х	
		1CH	06H	Max.	X	_
Front heated oxygen sensor heater	Front heated	29H	08H	Max.	×	 _
		2AH	88H	Min.	. ×	_ 0.
HEATER	Rear heated	2DH	0AH	Max.	х	- R\$
	oxygen sensor — heater	2EH	8AH	Min.	Х	_
		31H	8CH	Min.	Х	- BT
EGR SYSTEM		32H	8CH	Min.	Х	
	EGR function	33H	8CH	Min.	Х	- - Ha
		34H	8CH	Min.	Х	
		35H	0CH	Max.	Х	- · =1
	EGRC-BPT valve	36H	0CH	Max.	Х	- El
	function	37H	8CH	Min.	X	-

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

X: Applicable
- Not applicable

ltems	• рт	C*4		Test value/	1st trip DTC*4	Reference page
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)		
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAIL- URE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_	_	_	_
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0100	0102	_	_	х	EC-107
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	_	_	x	EC-116
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	<u> </u>	_	х	EC-124
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	х	EC-130
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC	P0120	0403	<u> </u>	_	×	EC-135
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	_	_	x	EC-147
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	×	×	X*3	EC-152
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	х	×	X*3	EC-158
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	х	×	X*3	EC-165
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	х	×	X*3	EC-172
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	х	×	X*3	EC-180
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	х	х	Х*3	EC-186
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	×	×	X*3	EC-190
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	х	х	X*3	EC-197
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	х	х	X*3	EC-204
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	х	Х	X*3	EC-210
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	х	х	X*3	EC-215
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	_	_	x	EC-219
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	_	_	х	EC-225
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	_		х	EC-230
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	-	_	х	EC-234
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	_	_	х	EC-234
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	, –)		×	EC-234
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	_		х	EC-234
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	_		X	EC-234
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304			х	EC-239
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802		<u></u>	х	EC-244
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101			х	EC-249
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	×	х	X*3	EC-256
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	x	х	X*3	EC-265
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	Χ.	х	X*3	EC-271
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	х	х	X*3	EC-276
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	_	_	х	EC-286
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	_	_	х	EC-292
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	_	_	x	EC-297

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

X: Applicable
--: Not applicable

GI Ma
MA
0000 W
EM
L©
EC
FE
CL
MT
LOU U
0.5
AT
FA
RA
V UD-U
BR
ST
RS
100
BT
HA
حد

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

EC-49 205

 $\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

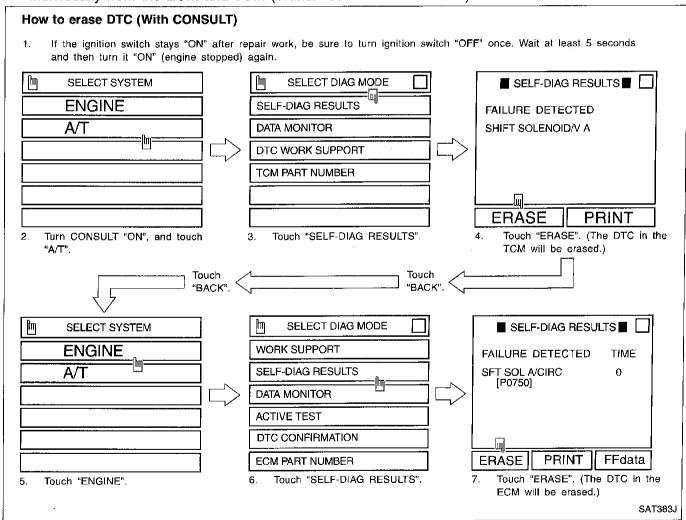
HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION



How to erase DTC (With CONSULT)

Note: If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-2), skip steps 2 through 4.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT "ON" and touch "A/T".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 4. Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
- 5. Touch "ENGINE".
- 6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)
- If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).



The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT.

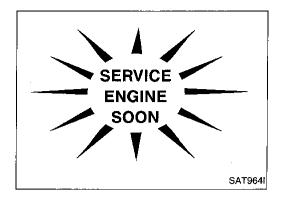
Emission-related Diagnostic Information

(Cont'd) How to erase DTC (With GST) Note: If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-2), skip step 2. 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again. 2. Perform "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Without CONSULT)" in AT section titled "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS", "Self-diagnosis". (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.) EM 3. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool). The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool). LC (NO Tools) Note: If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-2), skip step 2. EC 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" again. Perform "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Without CONSULT)" in AT section titled "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS", "Self-diagnosis". (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.) 3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (See EC-53.) The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by changing the diagnostic test mode from MT Diagnostic Test Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (Refer to EC-53.) NOTE: If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost after approx. 24 hours. Erasing the emission-related diagnostic information using CONSULT or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM. FA The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. 1. Diagnostic trouble codes RA 2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes 3. Freeze frame data 4. 1st trip freeze frame data BR 5. System readiness test (SRT) codes 6. Test values 7. Others ST Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures. RS BT

EC-51 207

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MDX



Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

- 1. The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
- If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME") or see EC-455.
- 2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.

If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode I

1. BULB CHECK

: This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit,

etc.).

If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit and ECM test mode

selector. (See next page.)

2. MALFUNCTION WARNING

This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.

"Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)"

"Closed loop control"

Fail-safe mode

Diagnostic Test Mode II

3. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

: This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.

4. FRONT HEATED OXY-GEN SENSOR MONI-TOR

: This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by front heated oxygen sensor, to be read.

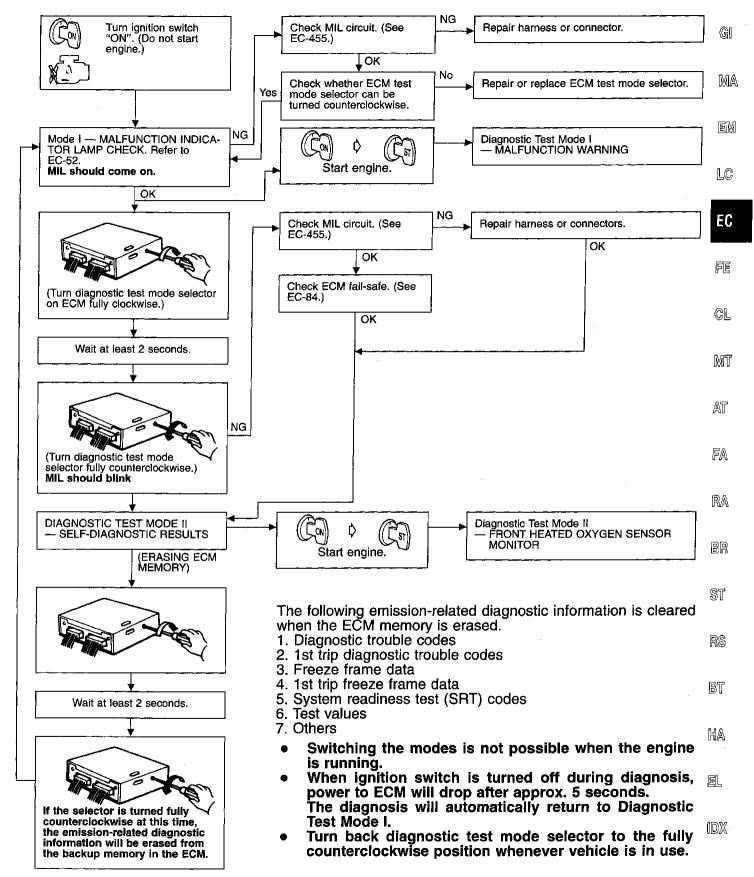
MIL flashing without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM test mode selector following "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES" on next page. How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. (Refer to EC-53.)

Co	ndition	Diagnostic Test Mode I	Diagnostic Test Mode II
Ignition switch	Engine stopped	BULB CHECK	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
tion	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES



Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME") or see EC-455.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—MALFUNCTION WARNING

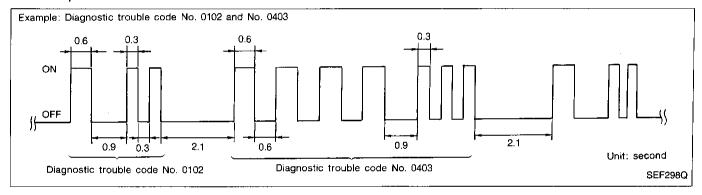
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Condition
ON	When the malfunction is detected or the ECM's CPU is malfunctioning.
OFF	No malfunction.

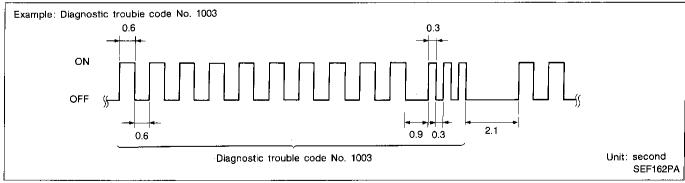
These Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS).

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II—SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode 1 (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTC's. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTC's or 1st trip DTC's. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the consult or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.





Long (0.6 second) blinking indicates the two LH digits of number and short (0.3 second) blinking indicates the two RH digits of number. For example, the malfunction indicator lamp blinks 10 times for 6 seconds (0.6 sec x 10 times) and then it blinks three times for about 1 second (0.3 sec x 3 times). This indicates the DTC "1003" and refers to the malfunction of the neutral position switch. In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their diagnostic trouble code numbers. The DTC "0505" refers to no malfunction. (See DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) INDEX, EC-2.)

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

How to erase diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased from the backup memory in the ECM when the diagnostic test mode is changed from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I. (Refer to "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES".)

If the battery is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost from the backup memory after approx. 24 hours.

MA

Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the front heated oxygen sensor.

LC EC

FE

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition
ON	Lean	Closed less system
OFF	Rich	Closed loop system
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system

^{*:} Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the front heated oxygen sensor function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

AT

FA

OBD System Operation Chart

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.

RA

When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to "Two Trip Detection Logic" on EC-40.

The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while

counting, the counter will reset. The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern

- A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other	ŀ
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)	
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)	
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)	

For details about patterns "B" and "C" under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see EC-57.

For details about patterns "A" and "B" under "Other" see, EC-59.

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RS

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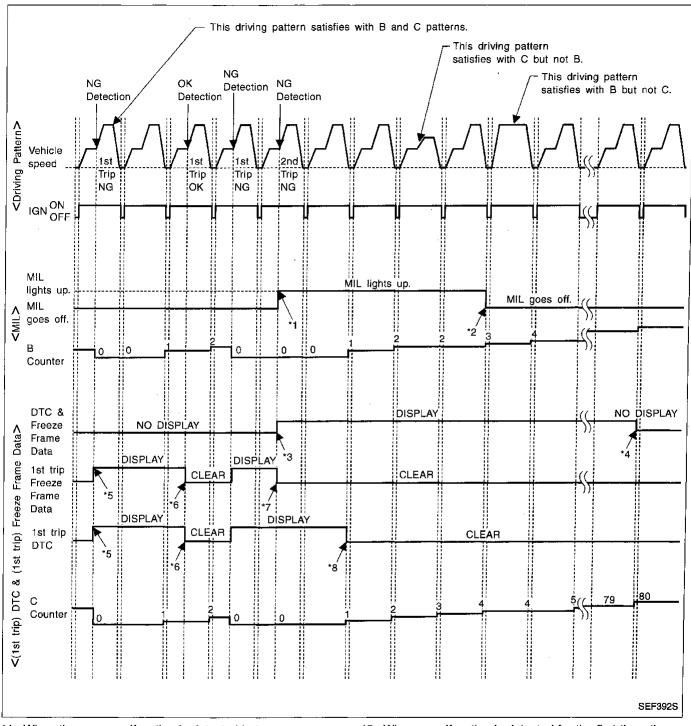
IJ,

DΧ

^{*1:} Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

^{*2:} Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- *8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY

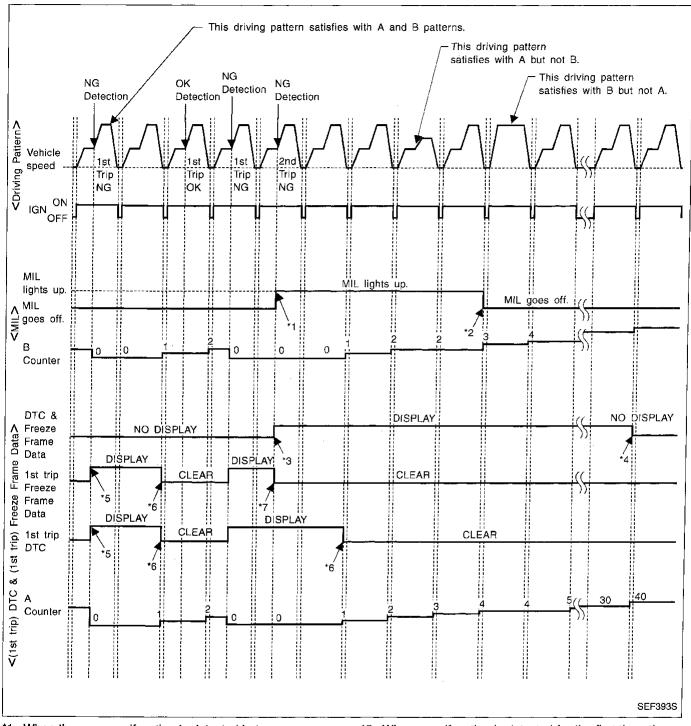
DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM" <Driving pattern B> G Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows: All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system. The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pat-The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction. EM The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART") <Driving pattern C> Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows: LC (1) The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time: Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%] EC Engine coolant temperature (T) condition: When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F). When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than FE or equal to 70°C (158°F). Example: If the stored freeze frame data is as follows: CL. Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F) To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions: Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more MT than 70°C (158°F) The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1). The C counter will be counted up when (1) is satisfied without the same malfunction. AT The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80. The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after FA DTC is stored in ECM. RA BR ST RS BT

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EL

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

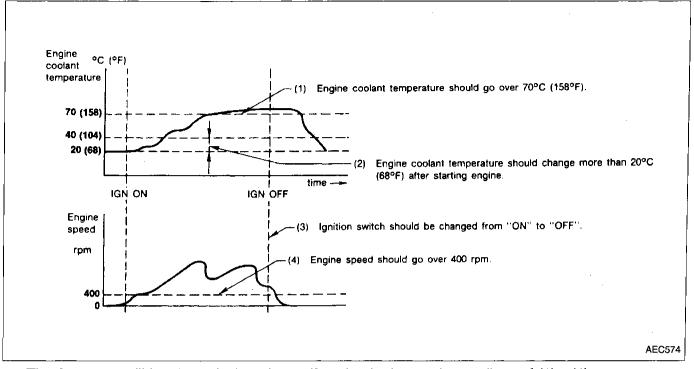
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IDX

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

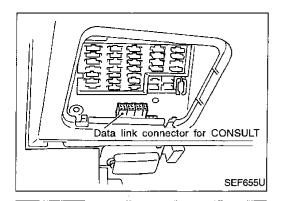
<Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

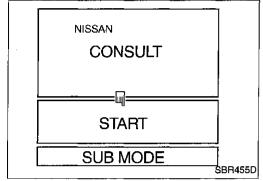
EC-59 215



CONSULT

CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

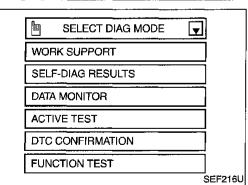
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Connect "CONSULT" to data link connector for CONSULT. (Data link connector for CONSULT is located behind the fuse box cover.)



- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Touch "START".

SELECT SYSTEM	
ENGINE	
	┙
	SEF895K

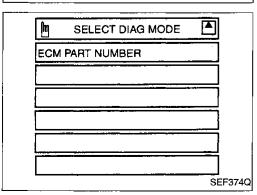
5. Touch "ENGINE".



6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT Operation Manual.

This sample shows the display when using the UE990 program card. Screen differs in accordance with the program card used.



CONSULT (Cont'd)

ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/SYSTÈMS APPLICATION

		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
		WORK	SELF-DI RESU	AGNOSTIC LTS*1			- III		TC MATION
	Item	SUP- PORT		FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	FUNC- TION TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Camshaft position sensor		Х	Х	Х				
	Mass air flow sensor		Х		X				
	Engine coolant temperature sensor		Х	X	Χ	Х			
	Front heated oxygen sensor		Х		Χ		Х	Х	Х
	Rear heated oxygen sensor		Х		Х			Х	Х
	Vehicle speed sensor		Х	Х	Х		Х		
	Throttle position sensor	Х	х		Х		Х		
	Tank fuel temperature sensor		Х		Х	Х			
	EVAP control system pressure sensor	·	х		Х				
	Absolute pressure sensor		Х	Х	х				
	EGR temperature sensor		Х		Х				· · ·
INPUT	Intake air temperature sensor		X		Х				
1147-01	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		X						
	Knock sensor		Х						
	Ignition switch (start signal)				X		X		
	Closed throttle position switch		X						
	Closed throttle position switch (throttle				X		×		
	position sensor signal)								
	Air conditioner switch				Х				
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		Х		Х		X		
	Power steering oil pressure switch				Х		X		
	Air conditioner pressure switch	i			Х				
	Battery voltage				Х				
	Ambient air temperature switch				Χ				
	Injectors				Х	Х	X		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)		X (Ignition signal)		×	х	x		
	IACV-AAC valve	Х	Х		Х	х	X		
	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		×		х	х	- 1		х
	Air conditioner relay				х				
OUTPUT	Fuel pump relay	х	- 1		Х	Х	×		
5511 61	EGRC-solenoid valve		Х		Х	Х	X*3		
	Front heated oxygen sensor heater		Х		Х			Х	
	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater		х		Х			Х	
	Cooling fan	-	Х		Х	х	х		
	EVAP canister vent control valve		X	·	х	х	-		
	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve		- x		х	X	1	-	Х
 	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve		×	-	X	X			
[Calculated load value			X	X			····	

X: Applicable

*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

*3: If this function test mode is not available, use the active test mode.

IDX

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^{*2:} This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-42.

CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*1
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	Conducted by CONSULT instead of a technician to determine whether each system is "OK" or "NG".
ECM part numbers	ECM part numbers can be read.

- The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

 - Diagnostic trouble codes
 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
 - 3. Freeze frame data
 - 4. 1st trip freeze frame data
 - 5. System readiness test (SRT) codes 6. Test values 7. Others

WORK SUPPORT MODE

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
THRTL POS SEN ADJ	CHECK THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL ADJUST IT TO THE SPECIFIED VALUE BY ROTATING THE SENSOR BODY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENG NOT RUNNING ACC PEDAL NOT PRESSED	When adjusting throttle position sensor initial position
IGNITION TIMING ADJ	 IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING "START". AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CRANK- SHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 	When adjusting initial ignition timing
IACV-AAC VALVE ADJ	SET ENGINE SPEED AT THE SPECIFIED VALUE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. • ENGINE WARMED UP • NO-LOAD	When adjusting idle speed
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	 FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DURING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS. 	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. BATTERY VOLTAGE IS SUFFICIENT IGN SW "ON" ENGINE NOT RUNNING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F). WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTION. NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system

CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC MODE

DTC and 1st trip DTC

Regarding items of "DTC and 1st trip DTC", refer to "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX" (See EC-2.).

MA

Freeze frame data and 1st trip freeze frame data

e, it is displayed as "PXXXX". [Refer to	- LC
	92
tected is displayed. ent, deceleration enrichment) or fuel control	EC
losed loop	
ed is displayed	_ CL
detected is displayed.	- 0
displayed. pack compensation to the base fuel	MT
displayed. mpensation to the base fuel schedule	· at . fa
played.	- 1 <i>[1</i> 43
played.	RA
displayed.	BR
Sį	splayed. splayed. s displayed.

^{*:} The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.



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(ID)X

CONSULT (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
CMPS-RPM (REF) [rpm]	0	0	 Indicates the engine speed computed from the REF signal (180° signal) of the camshaft position sensor. 	
MAS AIR/FL SE [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	0	0	The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.
FR O2 SEN [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the front heated oxygen sensor is displayed.	
RR O2 SEN [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the rear heated oxygen sensor is displayed.	
FR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	 Display of front heated oxygen sensor signal during air-fuel ratio feedback control: RICH means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture. LEAN means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture. 	 After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mix- ture ratio feedback control begins. When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.
RR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	 Display of rear heated oxygen sensor signal: RICH means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	 The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed. 	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	0	\bigcirc	 The power supply voltage of ECM is dis- played. 	
THRTL POS SEN [V]	0	\bigcirc	 The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed. 	,
TANK F/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The fuel temperature judged from the tank fuel temperature sensor signal voltage is dis- played. 	
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	0		The signal voltage of the EGR temperature sensor is displayed.	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The intake air temperature determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor is indicated. 	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal. 	 After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.
CLSD THL/P SW [ON/OFF]			 Indicates mechanical contact [ON/OFF] condition of the closed throttle position switch. 	·
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the throttle position sensor signal. 	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal. 	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/ neutral position switch signal. 	

ΜΟΙΕ

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	<u>م</u>
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	Ŏ	0	[ON/OFF] condition of the power steering oil pressure switch determined by the power steering oil pressure signal is indicated.		— G1
LOAD SIGNAL	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the rear defogger signal. 		_ M/
AMB TEMP SW [ON/OFF]	O	Ŏ	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the ambient air temperature switch signal. 		_ _ EM
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	0		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch. 		
A/C PRESS SW [ON/OFF]	0		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner triple-pressure switch (medium-pressure side) determined by the pressure of the air conditioning high pressure side. 		L© – EC
INJ PULSE [msec]		0	 Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input signals. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated.	
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		0	 "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction. 		- FE
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		0	 Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.	_ C[_
IACV-AAC/V [%]		\bigcirc	 Indicates the IACV - AAC valve control value computed by ECM according to the input sig- nals. 		MT
PURG VOL C/V [%]			 Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve computed by the ECM according to the input signals. The opening becomes larger as the value increases. 		AT
A/F ALPHA [%]			The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated.	 When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control. 	FA - ma
EVAP SYS PRES [V]		\bigcirc	 The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed. 		
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]			 The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. 		BR
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]			 Indicates the fuel pump relay control condi- tion determined by ECM according to the input signals. 		ST
COOLING FAN [HI/LOW/OFF]			 Indicates the control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signal). HI High speed operation LOW Low speed operation OFF Stop 		RS BT
EGRC SOL/V [ON/OFF] (flow/cut)		ĺ	The control condition of the EGRC-solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON EGR is operational OFF EGR operation is cut-off		HA
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Closed OFF Open 		
FR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of front heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. 		IDX
RR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of rear heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. 		

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

			•	
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
VC/V BYPASS/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the vacuum cut valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Open OFF Closed 	
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			 "Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow. 	
ABSOL TH·P/S [%]			 "Absolute throttle position sensor" indicates the throttle opening computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the throttle position sensor. 	
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			 Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass airflow sensor. 	
MAP/BARO SW/V [MAP/BARO]			 The control condition of the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. MAP Intake manifold absolute pressure BARO Barometric pressure 	
ABSOL PRES/SE [V]			 The signal voltage of the absolute pressure sensor is displayed. 	
VOLTAGE [V]		:	Voltage measured by the voltage probe.	
PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]	:		 Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle mea- sured by the pulse probe. 	 Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. Figures with "#"'s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

ACTIVE TEST MODE

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)	
FUEL INJECTION	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	 Harness and connector Fuel injectors Front heated oxygen sensor 	
ACV-AAC/V OPEN- NG	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. Change the IACV-AAC valve opening percent using CONSULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve	
ENG COOLANT FEMP	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the engine coolant tempera- ture using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector Engine coolant temperature sensor Fuel injectors	_
GNITION TIMING	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Timing light: Set Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Adjust initial ignition timing	
POWER BALANCE	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. A/C switch "OFF" Shift lever "N" Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT. 	Engine runs rough or dies.	 Harness and connector Compression Injectors Power transistor Spark plugs Ignition colls 	_
COOLING FAN	 Ignition switch: ON Turn the cooling fan "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT. 	Cooling fan moves and stops.	Harness and connector Cooling fan motor	
FUEL PUMP RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connector Fuel pump relay	
EGRC SOLENOID /ALVE	 Ignition switch: ON Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve	
ELF-LEARNING ONT	 In this test, the coefficient of self-learning the screen. 	ng control mixture ratio returns to the origin	al coefficient by touching "CLEAR" on	-
PURG VOL CONT/V	 Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. Change the EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	<u>-</u>
TANK F/TEMP SEN	Change the tank fuel temperature using	CONSULT.		-
/ENT CONTROL/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve	· {
/C/V BYPASS/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	' -	Harness and connectorSolenoid valve	[
MAP/BARO SW/V	-		 Harness and connector MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve 	[

CONSULT (Cont'd)

DTC CONFIRMATION MODE

SRT STATUS mode

For details, refer to "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE", EC-42.

DTC WORK SUPPORT mode

TEST MODE	TEST ITEM	CONDITION	REFERENCE PAGE
	PURGE FLOW P1447		EC-388
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-407
EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-376
31312.	EVAP SML LEAK P0440		EC-276
	EVAP ŞML LEAK P1440		EC-365
	FR O2 SENSOR P0130		EC-152
	FR O2 SENSOR P0131		EC-158
FR O2 SENSOR	FR O2 SENSOR P0132	Refer to corresponding trouble diagnosis for DTC.	EC-165
	FR O2 SENSOR P0133	In 1919.	EC-172
	RR O2 SENSOR P0137		EC-190
RR 02 SENSOR	RR O2 SENSOR P0138		EC-197
	RR O2 SENSOR P0139		EC-204
	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-256
EGR SYSTEM	EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402		EC-265
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-358

FUNCTION TEST MODE

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT		CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Displays the results of on board diagnostic system.	_		Objective system
CLOSED THROTTLE POSI	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully. ("IDLE POSITION" is the test item name for the vehicles in which idle is selected by throttle position sensor.) 	Throttle valve: opened	OFF	Harness and connector Throttle position sensor (Closed throttle position) Throttle position sensor (Closed)
		Throttle valve: closed	ON	throttle position) adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.
THROTTLE POSI SEN CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully. 	Range (Throttle valve fully opened — Throttle valve fully closed)	More than 3.0V	 Harness and connector Throttle position sensor Throttle position sensor adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.
PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Inhibitor position switch circuit is tested when shift lever is manipulated.	Out of N/P posi- tions	OFF	Harness and connector Inhibitor switch Linkage or Inhibitor switch adjust-
		In N/P positions	ON	ment ment
FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Fuel pump circuit is tested by checking the pulsation in fuel pressure when fuel tube is pinched. 	There is pressure pulsation on the fuel feed hose.		 Harness and connector Fuel pump Fuel pump relay Fuel filter clogging Fuel level

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT		CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)	_	
EGRC SOL/V CIR- CUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating noise. 	The solenoid valve makes an operating sound every 3 seconds.		Harness and connector EGRC-solenoid valve	- Gi Ma	
START SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON → START Start signal circuit is tested when engine is started by operating the starter. Battery voltage and engine coolant temperature before cranking, and average battery voltage, mass air flow sensor output voltage and cranking speed during cranking are displayed. 	Start signal: OFF → ON		Harness and connectorIgnition switch	em lc ec	
PW/ST SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine running) Power steering circuit is tested when steering wheel is rotated fully and then set to a straight line running position. 	Locked position	ON	Harness and connector Power steering oil pressure switch	[FE	
		Neutral position	OFF	Power steering oil pump	CL.	
VEHICLE SPEED SEN CKT	 Vehicle speed sensor circuit is tested when vehicle is running at a speed of 10 km/h (6 MPH) or higher. 	Vehicle speed senso signal is greater than (2 MPH).	-	Harness and connectorVehicle speed sensorSpeedometer	MT	
IGN TIMING ADJ	 After warming up, idle the engine. Ignition timing is checked by reading ignition timing with a timing light and checking whether it agrees with specifications. 	The timing light indicates the same value on the		 Adjust ignition timing (by moving camshaft position sensor or distributor) Camshaft position sensor drive mechanism 	at Fa	
MIXTURE RATIO TEST	 Air-fuel ratio feedback circuit (injection system, ignition system, vacuum system, etc.) is tested by examining the front heated oxygen sensor output at 2,000 rpm under non-loaded state. 	Front heated oxygen sensor COUNT: More than 5 times during 10 seconds		 INJECTION SYS (Injector, fuel pressure regulator, harness or connector) IGNITION SYS (Spark plug, power transistor, ignition coil, harness or connector) VACUUM SYS (Intake air leaks) Front heated oxygen sensor circuit Front heated oxygen sensor operation Fuel pressure high or low Mass air flow sensor 	RA BR ST	
IACV-AAC/V SYSTEM	 After warming up, idle the engine. IACV-AAC valve system is tested by detecting change in engine speed when IACV-AAC valve opening is changed to 0%, 20% and 80%. 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 150 rpm between when valve open-		 Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve Air passage restriction between air inlet and IACV-AAC valve IAS (Idle adjusting screw) adjustment 	BT Ha	
POWER BALANCE	L OT each cylinger (This is only dis-	Difference in engine speed is greater than 25 rpm before and after cutting off the injector of each cylinder.		 Injector circuit (Injector, harness or connector) Ignition circuit (Spark plug, ignition coil with power transistor harness or connector) Compression Valve timing 	EL IDX	

EC-69 225

CONSULT (Cont'd)

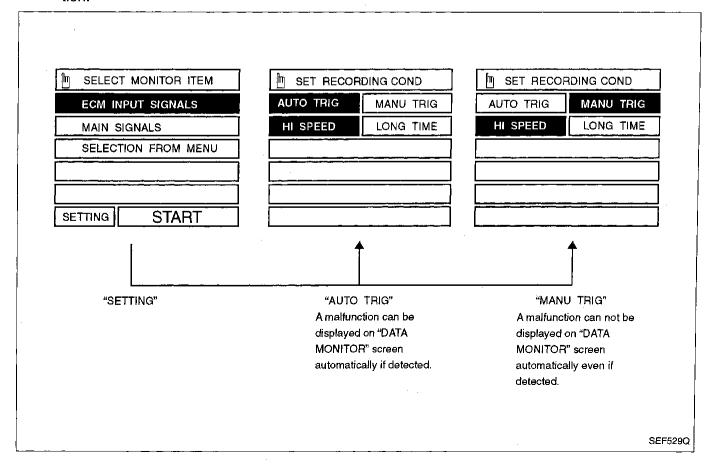
REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA)

CONSULT has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

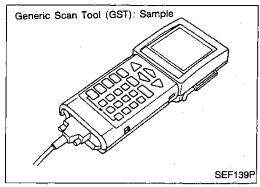
- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
 - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT screen in real time.
 In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed at the moment the malfunction is detected by ECM.
 - DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously until a malfunction is detected. However, DATA MONITOR cannot continue any longer after the malfunction detection.
- 2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
 - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
 - DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

Use these triggers as follows:

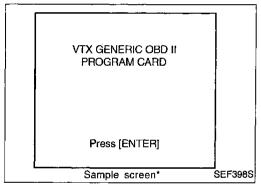
- 1. "AUTO TRÌG"
 - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
 - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
 When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to GI section, "Incident Simulation Tests" in "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
 - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.

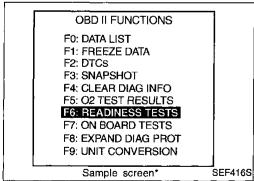


ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Data link connector for GST SEF480U





Generic Scan Tool (GST)

DESCRIPTION

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 7 different functions explained on the next page. ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.

GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Connect "GST" to data link connector for GST. (Data link connector for GST is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.)

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Turn ignition switch ON.

Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.

(*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)

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5. Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

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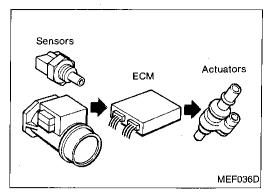
IDX

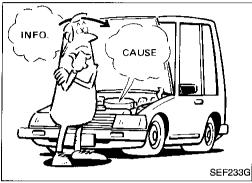
ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION Generic Scan Tool (GST) (Cont'd)

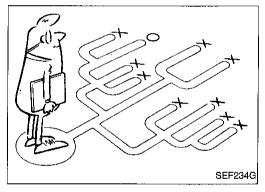
FUNCTION

	Diagnostic test mode	Function
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. [For details, refer to "Freeze Frame Data" (EC-63).]
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1) Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3) Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1) Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2) Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1) Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.
MODE 8		This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, following parts can be opened or closed. EVAP canister vent control open Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed In the following conditions, this mode cannot function. Low ambient temperature Low battery voltage Engine running Ignition switch "OFF" Low fuel temperature Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction







KEY POINTS

WHAT Vehicle & engine model WHEN Date, Frequencies WHERE..... Road conditions

.... Operating conditions, Weather conditions,

Symptoms

SEF907L

Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no problems such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other problems with the engine.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on EC-75. Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on next page should be used.

Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

Diagnostic Worksheet

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make trouble-shooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting. Some conditions may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.

Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere [for the models with EVAP (SMALL LEAK) diagnosis].

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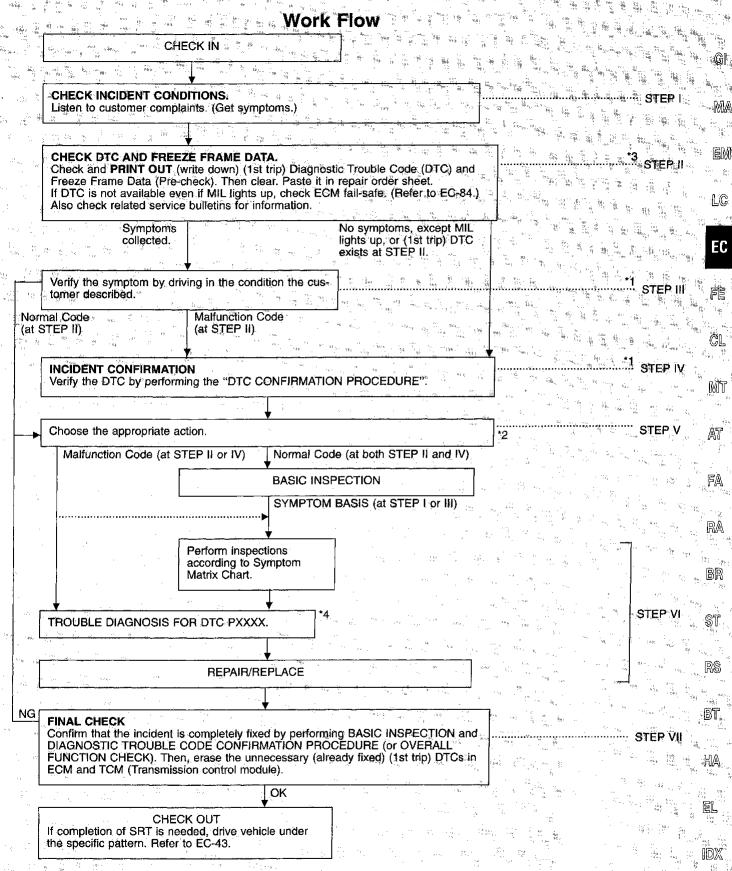
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

WORKSHEET SAMPLE

Customer nam	e MR/MS	Model & Year VIN							
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage						
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date						
Fuel and fuel fi	ller cap	 □ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire □ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on. 							
	☐ Startability	☐ Impossible to start ☐ No comb ☐ Partial combustion affected by ☐ Partial combustion NOT affecte ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Ot	throttle position						
Symptoms	□ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ Others [☐ High idle ☐ Low idle]						
Зутротв	□ Driveability	☐ Stumble ☐ Surge ☐ Knoo ☐ Intake backfire ☐ Exhaust back ☐ Others [•						
	□ Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idli☐ While accelerating ☐ While decorpored ☐ While loa	celerating						
Incident occurrence		☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐ In the daytime							
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain co	nditions Sometimes						
Weather condit	tions	□ Not affected							
	Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowin	g						
	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool	□ Cold □ Humid °F						
Engine conditio	ns	□ Cold □ During warm-up □ Engine speed □ 1 2,000	After warm-up 4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm						
Road conditions	3	☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ H	ighway □ Off road (up/down)						
Driving condition	ns	□ Not affected □ At starting □ While idling □ While accelerating □ While cruit □ While decelerating □ While turn Vehicle speed □ □ □ □ □ 0 10 20	•						
Malfunction indi	cator lamp	☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on							

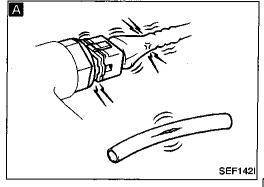


- *1: If the incident cannot be duplicated, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". EC-101.
- *2: If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY", EC-102.
- *3: If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "1t" refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.
- *4. If the malfunctioning part cannot be found, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow

Description for Work Flow

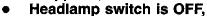
STEP	DESCRIPTION
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", EC-74.
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool) the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the code and the data. (Refer to EC-50.) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-85.) Also check related service bulletins for information.
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.
STEP IV	Try to detect the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code by driving in (or performing) the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool. During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) In case the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" is not available, perform the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative. The "NG" result of the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-77.) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-85.)
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT. Refer to EC-88. The "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE. For details, refer to GI section ("HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT", "Circuit Inspection"). Repair or replace the malfunction parts.
STEP VII	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" and confirm the normal code [Diagnostic trouble code No. P0000 or 0505] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a different method from the previous one. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM and TCM (Transmission control module). (Refer to EC-48.)



Basic Inspection

Precaution:

Perform Basic Inspection without electrical or mechanical loads applied;



Air conditioner switch is OFF,

Rear window defogger switch is OFF,

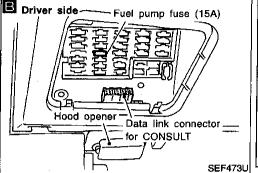
Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.



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BEFORE STARTING

1. Check service reco

 Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related problem, or the current need for scheduled maintenance.

Open engine hood and check the following:

Harness connectors for improper connections

 Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks, or improper connections

 Wiring for improper connections, pinches, or cuts



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Check FI cam, refer to

EC-33.

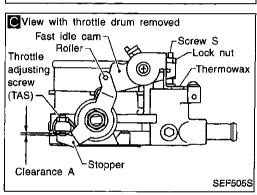
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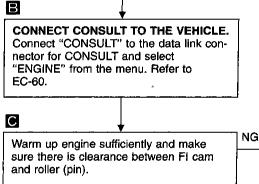
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BT

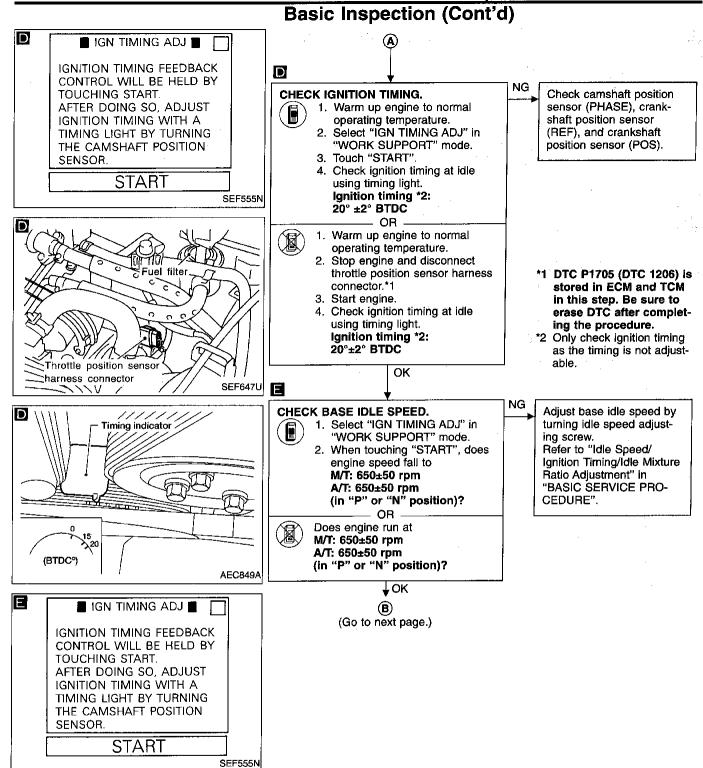
HA

1DX



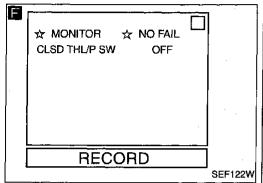


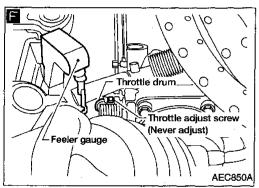
↓OK (A) (Go to next page.)

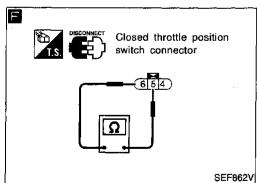


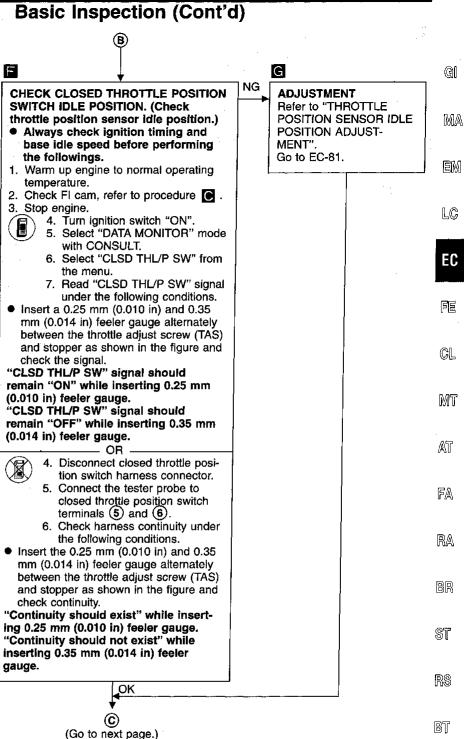
MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL CLSD THL/P SW ON

SEF577W





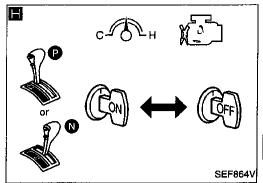




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Basic Inspection (Cont'd)







- Reconnect throttle position sensor harness connector and closed throttle position switch harness connector.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) 2 or 3 times under no-load and then run engine at idle speed.

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RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

Note: Always warm up engine to normai operating temperature. If engine is cool, the throttle position sensor idle position memory will not be reset correctly.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.



- 3. Select "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode (Manual trigger) with CONSULT.
- 4. Stop engine. (Turn ignition switch "OFF".)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.



Repeat steps 5 and 6 until "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT changes to "ON".





7. Repeat steps 5 and 6, 20 times.

Adjust idle speed. Refer to

EC-34.

CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED.



Read the engine idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

700±50 rpm (in "P" or "N" position) OR



Check idle speed. 700±50 rpm

(in "P" or "N" position)



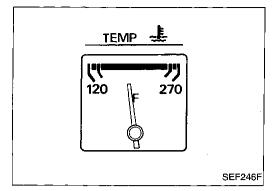


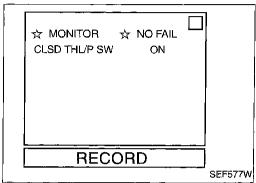
ERASE DTC MEMORY. After this inspection, unnecessary

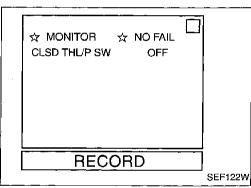
diagnostic trouble code No. might be stored or displayed. Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM. Refer to "How to erase DTC" in "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYS-TEM DESCRIPTION" and A/T section ("Self-diagnosis", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES").

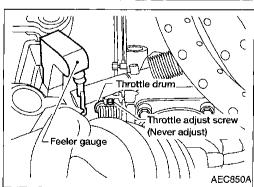
OK

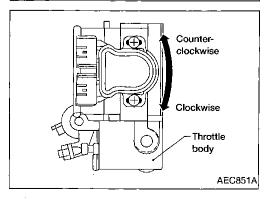
INSPECTION END











Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION ADJUSTMENT

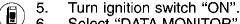
Note:

Never adjust throttle adjust screw (TAS).

 Do not touch throttle drum when checking "CLSD THL/P SW" signal or "continuity", doing so may cause an incorrect adjustment.

1. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.

- 2. Check FI cam. Refer to procedure C.
- 3. Stop engine.
- Loosen throttle position sensor fixing bolts.



- 6. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7. Select "CLSD THL/P SW" from the menu.
- 8. Read "CLSD THL/P SW" signal under the following conditions.
- Insert 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge between throttle adjust screw and stopper as shown in the figure and check the following.
- Open throttle valve and then close.
- "CLSD THL/P SW" signal should remain "OFF" when the throttle valve is closed. (If signal is "ON", turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until the signal switches to "OFF".)
- 9. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
- Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when "CLSD THL/P SW" signal switches from "OFF" to "ON", then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.
- Make sure the signal is "ON" when the throttle valve is closed and "OFF" when it is opened. Repeat it two or three times.
- 11. Remove 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge then insert 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge and check the following. Make sure the signal remains "OFF" when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it two or three times.
- 12. Tighten throttle position sensor.
 Check that the "CLSD THL/P SW" signal remains "OFF" while closing throttle valve. If NG, repeat from the step 4.

After this adjustment, go to procedure RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

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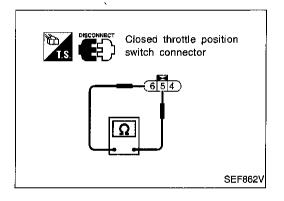
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Basic Inspection (Cont'd)



- 5. Disconnect closed throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 6. Connect tester probes to the closed throttle position switch terminals (5) and (6) and check continuity under the following conditions.
- Insert the 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge between the throttle adjust screw and throttle drum as shown in the figure and check the following.
- Open throttle valve then close.
- The continuity should not exist while closing the throttle valve. If the continuity exists, turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until the continuity does not exist.



- 7. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
- Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when the continuity comes to exist, then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.
- 8. Make sure the continuity exists when the throttle valve is closed and continuity does not exist when it is opened. Repeat it two or three times.
- Remove 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge, then insert 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge and check the following.
 - Make sure the continuity does not exist when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it two or three times.
- 10. Tighten throttle position sensor.
 Check that the continuity does not exist while closing the throttle valve. If NG, repeat from the step 5.
 After this adjustment, go to procedure PRESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

Priority	Detected items (DTC)	MA
1	P0100 Mass air flow sensor (0102)	
	P0110 Intake air temperature sensor (0401)	
	● P0115 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor (0103) (0908)	EM
	● P0120 Throttle position sensor (0403)	
	P0180 Tank fuel temperature sensor (0402)	
	● P0325 Knock sensor (0304)	L©
	P0340 Camshaft position sensor (0101)	
	● P0500 Vehicle speed sensor (0104)	
	● P0605 ECM (0301)	EC
	● P1320 Ignition signal (0201)	
	● P1400 EGRC-solenoid valve (1005)	
	● P1605 A/T diagnosis communication line (0804)	FE
	P1706 Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (1003)	
2	P0105 Absolute pressure sensor (0803)	
	● P0130-P0134 Front heated oxygen sensor (0303-0412)	CL
	● P0135 Front heated oxygen sensor heater (0901)	
	● P0137-P0140 Rear heated oxygen sensor (0510-0707)	D 063
	● P0141 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater (0902)	MT
	● P0335, P1336 Crankshaft position sensor (0802), (0905)	
	● P0443, P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (1008), (0214)	25
	● P0446, P1446, P1448 EVAP canister vent control valve (0903), (0215), (0309)	AT
	● P0450 EVAP control system pressure sensor (0704)	
	● P0510 Closed throttle position switch (0203)	
	● P0705-P0725, P0740-P1760 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches (1101-1208), (1108-1206)	FA
	● P1105 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (1302)	
	● P1401 EGR temperature sensor (0305)	
	● P1447 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring (0111)	RA
	● P1490, P1491 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve (0801), (0311)	
3	● P0171, P0172 Fuel injection system function (0115), (0114)	
	● P0304 - P0300 Misfire (0605 - 0701)	BR
	● P0400, P1402 EGR function (0302), (0514)	
	● P0402 EGRC-BPT valve function (0306)	65Z
	● P0420 Three way catalyst function (0702)	ST
	● P0440, P1440 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK) (0705), (0213)	
	● P0505 IACV-AAC valve (0205)	Be
	● P0600 Signal circuit from TCM to ECM	RS
	● P0731-P0734, P0744 A/T function (1103 - 1106), (1107)	
	● P1148 Closed loop control (0307)	
		BT

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

Fail-Safe Chart

The ECM enters fail-safe mode, if any of the following malfunctions is detected due to the open or short circuit. When the ECM enters the fail-safe mode, the MIL illuminates.

DTO	No.	Datastad Sama			ition in fail cafe made				
CONSULT GST	ECM*1	Detected items	En	gine operating cond	ition in fail-safe mode				
P0100	0102	Mass air flow sensor cir- cuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.						
P0115	0103	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	after turning ignition	switch "ON" or "ST	rmined by ECM based on the time ART". emperature decided by ECM.				
			Co	ndition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)				
			Just as ignition sw Start	vitch is turned ON or	40°C (104°F)				
			More than approx.	. 4 minutes after igni-	80°C (176°F)				
			Except as shown	above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)				
			With the ignition key onds when in fail-safe	-	, cooling fans will operate for 120 sec				
P0120	0403	Throttle position sensor circuit	Throttle position will be engine speed. Therefore, acceleration		d on the injected fuel amount and the				
			Cor	Driving condition					
			When engine is idl	ling	Normal				
			When accelerating		Poor acceleration				
Unable to access ECM	Unable to access Diagnostic Test Mode II	ECM	When the fail-safe sycondition in the CPU instrument panel light However it is not post Engine control with When ECM fail-safe is	on of the ECM was stem activates (i.e., of ECM), the MALF is to warn the driver. sible to access ECM fail-safe s operating, fuel inje	judged to be malfunctioning. if the ECM detects a malfunction UNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the 1 and DTC cannot be confirmed. ection, ignition timing, fuel pump 1 are controlled under certain limita-				
				EC	CM fail-safe operation				
			Engine speed		vill not rise more than 3,000 rpm				
			Fuel injection	-	s multiport fuel injection system				
			Ignition timing	Ignition timi	ng is fixed at the preset valve				
	:	·	Fuel pump	' '	ON" when engine is running and "OFF" when engine stalls				
			IACV-AAC valve		Full open				
			Replace ECM, if ECM	I fail-safe condition i	s confirmed.				

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

Symptom Matrix Chart

							S	YMPT	ОМ							⊕ n
		(EXCP. HA)		SPOT		ACCELERATION					TURE HIGH	NO	7	GE)		GI Ma
SYSTEM — Basic engine control system		START/RESTART (EX		HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SP	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	POWER/POOR ACCE	DLE	DNILL	Z	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	(UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	EM
			STALL	TION/SUR	KNOCK/D	F POWER	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	DLING VIBRATION	NO RETUR	EATS/WAT	SIVE FUE	SIVE OIL (DEAD		LC
		HARD/NO	ENGINE	HESITA	SPARK	LACK OF	HGH IC	ROUGH	IDLING	SLOW/N	OVERH	EXCES	EXCES	BATTERY		EC
Warranty s	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	ΑĒ	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	АМ	НА		
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1_1_	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-439	FE
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-32	
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-433	
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-20	CL
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-30	OF.
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment	3	3				1	1	1	1		1			EC-77	
	IACV-AAC valve circuit	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-307	0.052
	IACV-FICD solenoid valve circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3			EC-448	MT
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-77	
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			-2			EC-335	
EGR	EGRC-solenoid valve circuit		2	2	3	3						3			EC-347	AT
	EGR system	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		3			EC-256	
Main power supply and ground circuit		2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3		2	EC-102	
Air condition	oner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	HA section	FA

EC-85

(continued on next page)

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^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

				٠	٠		s`	YMPT	ОМ						
SYSTEM Engine control system			ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty sy	·-···	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	
Engine	Camshaft position sensor circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3			3	ļ		EC-249
control	Mass air flow sensor circuit	1	1	2	2	2		. 2	2			2			EC-107
	Front heated oxygen sensor circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-152, 158
	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2			EC-130, 147
	Throttle position sensor circuit		1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2			EC-135
	Incorrect throttle position sensor adjust- ment		3	1		1	1	1	1	1		1			EC-77
	Vehicle speed sensor circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-302
	Knock sensor circuit			2								3			EC-239
	ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-322, 84
	Start signal circuit	2													EC-436
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit		•	3		3		3	3	i		3	j		EC-416
	Power steering oil pressure switch circuit		2					3	3	•					EC-444

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

		1			-			YMPI	ОМ							-
						No.			1		표	!				Œ[
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)		T SPOT		LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION				Ш	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	MPTION	NOIT	HARGE)		M/
SYSTEM — Engine m	SYSTEM — Engine mechanical & other			ING/FLA	TONATIC	POOR A(<u>ا</u> پ	TING	_	N TO IDL	ER TEMP	CONSUL	NSUMP	INDER C	Reference page	EN
		START/F	TALL	ON/SURG	NOCK/DE	POWER/I	=/LOW ID	JLE/HUN	BRATION	RETURN	TS/WATE	/E FUEL	/E OIL C	DEAD (U		
		HARD/NO	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	ACK OF	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHE/	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)		LC
Warranty syl	motom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	-	EC
Fuel	Fuel tank		+				1	<u> </u>		1	1				FE section	
	Fuel piping	- 5		5	- 5	5	1	5	5	1		5				
	Vapor lock	+ -	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>	Ť						1	FĒ
	Valve deposit	+	- 5		<u> </u>		•			Í						
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5			_	CL
Air	Air duct								i							
	Air cleaner			l												
	Air leakage from air duct	1	_	_		_		_	_		İ	_				MT
	(Mass air flow sensor — throttle body)		5	5		5	_ :	5	5	_		5				
	Throttle body, Throttle wire	5	ĺ		5		5			5	1				FE section	
	Air leakage from intake manifold/ Collector/Gasket											ĺ			_	AT
Cranking	Battery	+									-					
Clarking	Alternator circuit	1	1	1		1		1	1	ŀ		1		1	EL section	
	Starter circuit	3								ĺ	}		ŀ		EL SECTION	FA
	Flywheel/Drive plate	6				,					ı				EM section	
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	4	١.,	ł		ĺ				!		Ì			AT section	
Engine	Cylinder head	+													711 0001011	RA
Lingino	Cylinder head gasket	5	5	5	5	5	- 1	5	5	-	4	5	3			B 070-77
	Cylinder block						ŀ			ŀ	- 					
	Piston	1		l	ł		ł	i	ł		İ		4	ł		രര
	Piston ring	-								1						BR
	Connecting rod	6	6	6	6	6	ļ	6	6	Ī	ľ	6		ı		
	Bearing	1			*					1			ľ		EM section	@E
	Crankshaft	1				1		ļ				l		į		ST
Valve	Timing chain	 					_	. +								
mechanism	Camshaft	1	-	- 1		ļ		ļ	}		ļ					
	Intake valve	5	5	5	5	5	ŀ	5	5			5				RS
	Exhaust valve	1	l	ļ	į	ļ			i	ŀ	ļ		3	ļ		
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket	 						 						<u> </u>		
	Three way catalyst						J					ŀ	ł		FE section	BT
Lubrication	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			MA, EM, LC section	
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil	1	Ĭ	_					Ĭ		1	Ĭ		F		HA
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap				•	1							_	$\neg \uparrow$		u uara
·a	Thermostat	1		1	1	f				5		ĺ	ĺ		LC section	
	Water pump								_						•	ren
	Water gallery	5	5	5	5	5	ł	5	5		4	5		1		
	Cooling fan								F	5				- -	EC section	
	Coolant level (low)/Contaminated coolant	1 /		ł	ļ	- }		ŀ	 	_				<u> </u>	MA section	n> ***
		<u> </u>														

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Remarks:

- Specification data are reference values.
- Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
 - * Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
 - i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.
- If the real-time diagnosis results are NG and the on board diagnostic system results are OK when diagnosing the mass air flow sensor, first check to see if the fuel pump control circuit is normal.

MONITOR ITEM	co	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION		
CMPS·RPM (REF)	Tachometer: Connect Run engine and compare tachomet	er indication with the CONSULT value.	Almost the same speed as the CON- SULT value.		
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	ldle	1.0 - 1.7V		
MINO AII DI E GE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V		
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)		
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V		
FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.		
RR O2 SENSOR	- Francisco Adamsonia	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V		
RR O2 MNTR	 ■ Engine: After warming up 	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH		
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare spe value	edometer indication with the CONSULT	Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value		
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	11 - 14V			
TUDTI DOD 05N	● Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.3 - 0.7V		
THRTL POS SEN	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 4.0V		
EGR TEMP SEN	Engine: After warming up		Less than 4.5V		
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	J	$OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF$		
CLSD THL/P SW	Engine: After warming up Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON		
	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF		
CLSD THL POS	Engine: After warming up Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON		
	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF		
	Engine: After warming up idle the	Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	OFF		
AIR COND SIG	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine 	Air conditioner switch: "ON" (Compressor operates.)	ON		
DAI DOOL OW	A leaving solida CN	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON		
P/N POSI SW	Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF		
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF		
	engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON		
OAD BIONAL	A locality of the Carl	Rear window defogger is operating.	ON		
OAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger is not operating.	OFF		
	Ignition switch: ON	Below 23.5°C (74°F)	OFF		
AMB TEMP SW	Compare ambient temperature with the following:	Above 23.5°C (74°F)	ON		
VC PRESS SW	 Air conditioner high pressure side: In kg/cm², 206 - 235 psi) 	creasing to 1,422 - 1,618 kPa (14.5 - 16.5	ON		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Air conditioner high pressure side: E.	xcept above	OFF		

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	co	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	
IGNITION SW	 Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON 		$ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$	——
INJ PULSE	 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF" 	Idle	2.5 - 3.3 msec	
	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	2.4 - 3.2 msec	—— M
B/FUEL SCHDL	ditto	Idle	0.6 - 1.0 msec	
DI OLL SONDL	ditto	2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.1 msec	
IGN TIMING	ditto	Idle	Approx. 12° BTDC	
	ditto	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC	L@
IACV-AAC/V	ditto	Idle	Approx. 20%	·
ING CANOP	ditio	2,000 rpm	<u> </u>	
● Engine: After warming up		Idle	0%	E
PURG VOL C/V	Air conditioner switch "OFF" No-load	Vehicle running (Shift lever "1") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after starting engine)	_	FE
A/F ALPHA	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	54 - 155%	
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 3.4V	
AIR COND RLY	◆ Air conditioner switch: OFF → ON		OFF → ON	GL
FUEL PUMP RLY	Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operation)Engine running and cranking	ates for 5 seconds)	ON	
	Except as shown above		OFF	M1
		Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less.	OFF	
COOLING FAN	Engine: Idling, after warming up Air conditioner switch "OFF" Vehicle speed	Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 104°C (219°F).	LOW	AT
	- Vollido apada	Engine coolant temperature is 95°C (203°F) or more.	н	FA
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	OFF (CUT)	•••
EGRC SOL/V	Air conditioner switch: "OFF"Shift lever: "N"No-load	Engine speed: Revving from 1,500 to 4,000 rpm quickly	ON (FLOW)	 Ra
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
	Engine speed: Idle		ON	
R O2 HEATER	● Engine speed; Above 3,600 rpm		OFF	BR
	Engine speed: Idle [After driving 2 mil	nutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more]	ON	
RR O2 HEATER	Engine speed: Above 3,000 rpm Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		OFF	 ST
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	idle	Approx. 19%	RS
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 18%	— BT
ABSOL TH-P/S	• Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%	
	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 80%	
MASS AIRFLOW	 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF" Shift lever: "N" 	ldle	Approx. 3.24 g·m/s	HA
	No-load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 12.2 g·m/s	
MAP/BARO SW/V	For 5 seconds after turning ignition sw For 5 seconds after starting engine		BARO	
	Engine idling (For 5 minutes after star More than 5 seconds after starting engineers.)		MAP	[DX
ABSOL PRES/SE	 Ignition switch: ON Engine: For 5 seconds after starting el 		Approx. 4.4V	<u> </u>
	Engine: More than 5 seconds after sta	rting engine (after warming up)	Approx. 1.2V	

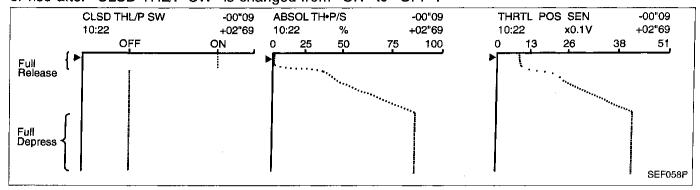
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode. (Select "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT.)

THRTL POS SEN, ABSOL TH:P/S, CLSD THL/P SW

Below is the data for "THRTL POS SEN", "ABSOL TH-P/S" and "CLSD THL/P SW" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON".

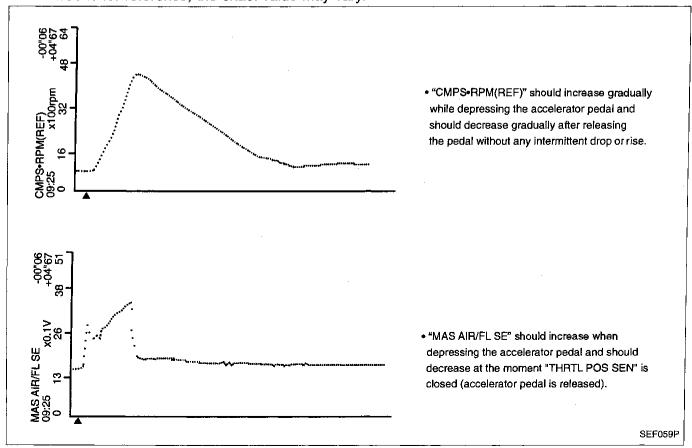
The signal of "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL/P SW" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



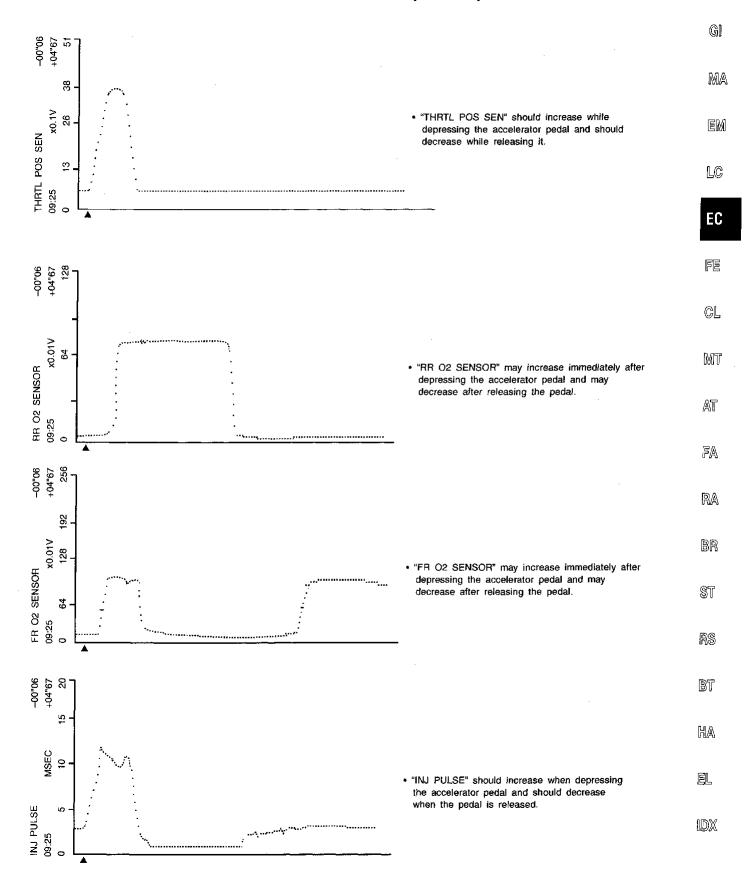
CMPS·RPM (REF), MAS AIR/FL SE, THRTL POS SEN, RR O2 SEN, FR O2 SEN, INJ PULSE

Below is the data for "CMPS·RPM (REF)", "MAS AIR/FL SE", "THRTL POS SEN", "RR O2 SEN", "FR O2 SEN" and "INJ PULSE" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine to normal operating temperature.

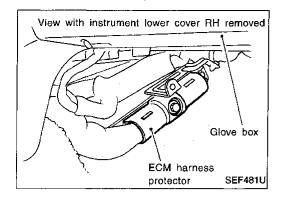
Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

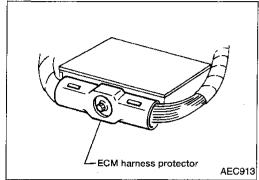


TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

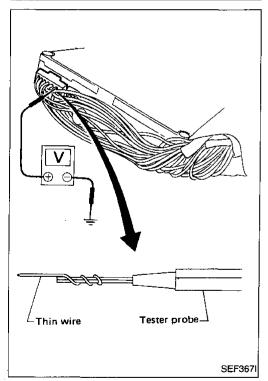


ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

- 1. ECM is located behind the instrument lower cover. For this inspection:
 - Remove instrument lower cover.

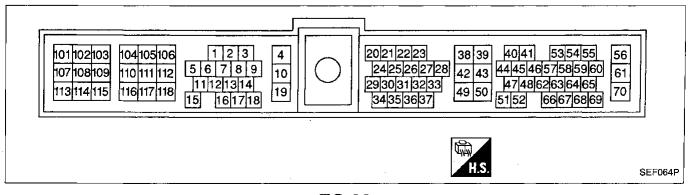


2. Remove ECM harness protector.



- Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easilv.
 - Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.
 - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
 - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.

ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (43) (ECM ground).

TER-	WIRE	La dio fojololioo valdo	s and are measured between each terminal a	DATA	_ @
MINAL NO.	COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	(DC Voltage)	В
1			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.3 - 0.5V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF186T	
	W/B	Ignition signal	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.0V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF187T	F
2	OR/B	Ignition check	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	13 - 14V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF188T	M At
2	On/B		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	12 - 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms	R/ BF
3	L/OR	R Tachometer	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.5 - 1.5V (V) 10 5 0 20ms SEF190T	RS BT
3	JON		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	2 - 3V (V) 10 5 0 20ms SEF191T	EL IDX

			LOW Terminals and Neterenc	Talao (Golli a)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
·			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5	L	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
7	PU	A/T check signal	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 4.0V
8	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
9	GY/R	Air conditioner triple-pressure switch	Ignition switch "ON".	Approximately 6 - 10V
10	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
10		One line for only (Ulah)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
13	LG	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0 - 0.4V
	10.5		Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
14	LG/R	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. Cooling fan (Low) is operating.	0 - 0.3V
	D.V.		Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	Approximately 0V
15	R/Y	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0.1V
18	OR/L	Malfunction indicator lamp	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

^{*:} Any mode except "OFF", ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
19	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
*	·		Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
20	B/Y	Start signal	[Ignition switch "START"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
21	L/OR	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates)	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. Air conditioner switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
		Park/neutral position	Ignition switch "ON" Gear position is "N" or "P"	Approximately 0V
22	G/OR	(PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	Approximately 5V
00	V	Throttle no Maria	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.7V
23	Y Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V	
24	Y/B	A/T signal No. 1	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
0.5	1.015	Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully being turned	Approximately 0V
25	LG/B	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not being turned	Approximately 5V
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. Lift up the vehicle. In 2nd gear position 40 km/h (25 MPH)	4 - 7V (V) 10 5 0 50 ms
27	· Y	Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
		(Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V

			LOW Terrimans and reference	Taido (Goile a)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
28	R/Y	Intake air temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
29	Y/G	A/T signal No. 2	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
30	Y/R	A/T signal No. 3	Ignition switch "ON"	ov
33	GY	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	Approximately 0.4V
		signal	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
		Ambient air temperature	Engine is running. Idle speed	ov
37	Y/G	switch	Engine is running. [Ambient air temperature is 20°C (68°F)]	Approximately 8V
			Ignition switch "OFF"	OV
38	R	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
				0.1 - 0.5V
40	LY	Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 10 5 0 10ms' SEF199T
		(Reference signal)		0.2 - 0.4V
44	L		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 10 5 0 10ms
				SE. 2001

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
		Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF195T	
41	B/W	(Position signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF196T	
43	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with tester probe when measuring.)	M
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 SEF201T	A F/ R/
47	BR	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	1.2 - 1.5V 1.9 - 2.3V	BF ST
48	B/R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine speed is 2,500 rpm Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V	RS
49	R	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V	BT
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
51	BR/Y	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant tempera- ture.	
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V	IDX

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
		Crankoheft position concer	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0.5V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF643U
53	BR	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V
55	L/R	Rear window defogger	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "OFF".	Approximately 0V
		relay	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "ON".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
58	L/B	Data link connector for GST	Engine is running. Idle speed (GST is disconnected)	0.2 - 14V
59	1.C/B	Dlaws for ouitab	Ignition switch "ON" Blower fan switch is "ON"	Approximately 0V
59	LG/R	Blower fan switch	Ignition switch "ON" Blower fan switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
60	BR	Headlamp switch	Lighting switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Lighting switch "OFF"	Approximately 0V
62	LY	EGR temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Less than 4.5V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) EGR system is operating	0 - 1.5V
63	LG/R	Tank fuel temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel temperature.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
64	G/B		Engine is running.	0 - 14V	_
6 5	GY/L	Data link connector for CONSULT	Idle speed (CONSULT is connected and	3 - 9V	
68	G/W	J JOHOGE.	turned on.)	0 - 4V	
66	w	Absolute pressure sensor	Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine. Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	Approximately 4.3V Approximately 1.3V	_
67	w	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V	_
	0.415	MAP/BARO switch sole-	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	-
69	GY/R	noid valve	Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V	- <i>//</i> [f
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	[Ignition switch "OFF"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	[8
101	ep.	IACV AAC	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 12V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF645U	S
101	SB	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	1 - 12V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF646U	

			Low Terrimans and Hereren	be value (cont d)
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	R/B	Injector No. 1	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40
104	G/B	Injector No. 3	└─ Idle speed	20ms SEF204T
107	Y/B	Injector No. 2	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
109	L/B	Injector No. 4	Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	20 0 20ms SEF205T
103	Р	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 0 - 0.7V
106	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. Idle speed [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more]	Approximately 0.4V
110	R/Y	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	Ignition switch "ON" Engine stopped Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
112	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
113	W/L	Current return	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
115	OR	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	Engine is running. — Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm Engine is running.	Approximately 0.4V BATTERY VOLTAGE
	}		Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm	(11 - 14V)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the problem resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on DTC (1st trip) visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific problem area.

MA

EM

Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
11	The CONSULT is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than "0" or "1t".
(II	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
IV	(1st trip) DTC data does not appear during the DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.
VI	The TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS for PXXXX does not indicate the problem area.

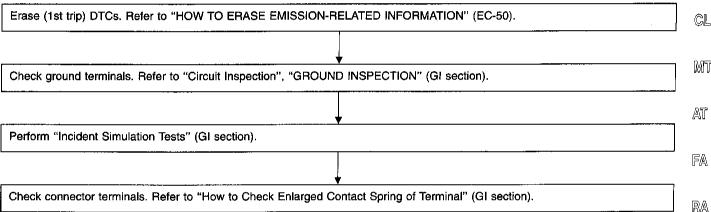
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Diagnostic Procedure



BR

ST

RS

BT

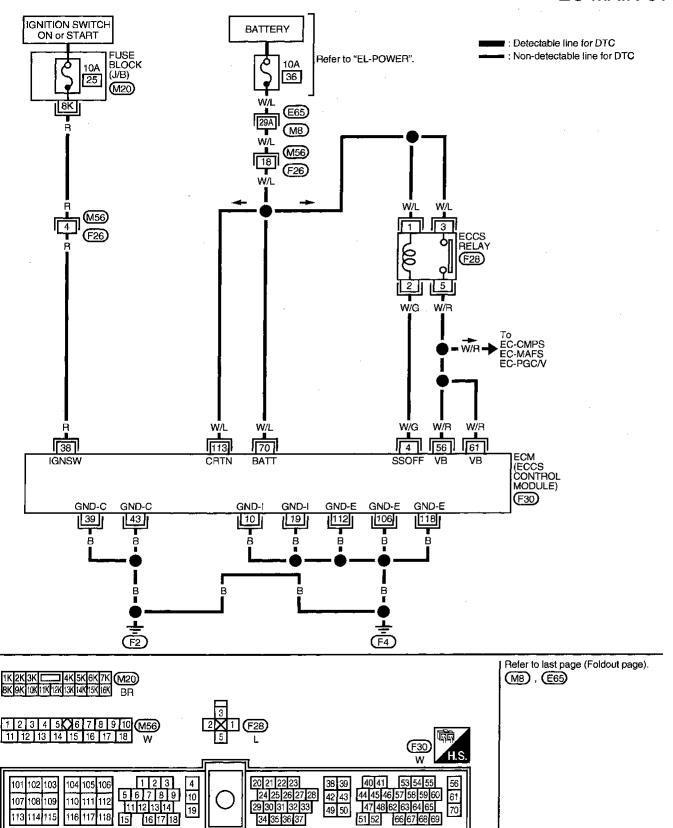
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257

Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit

EC-MAIN-01



AEC357A

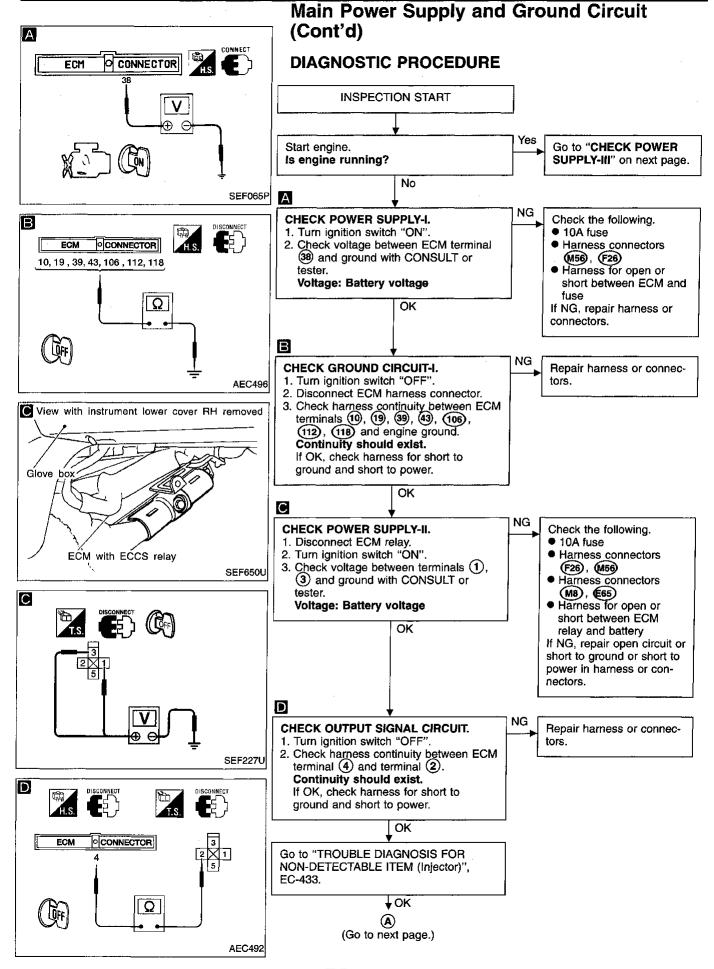
Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

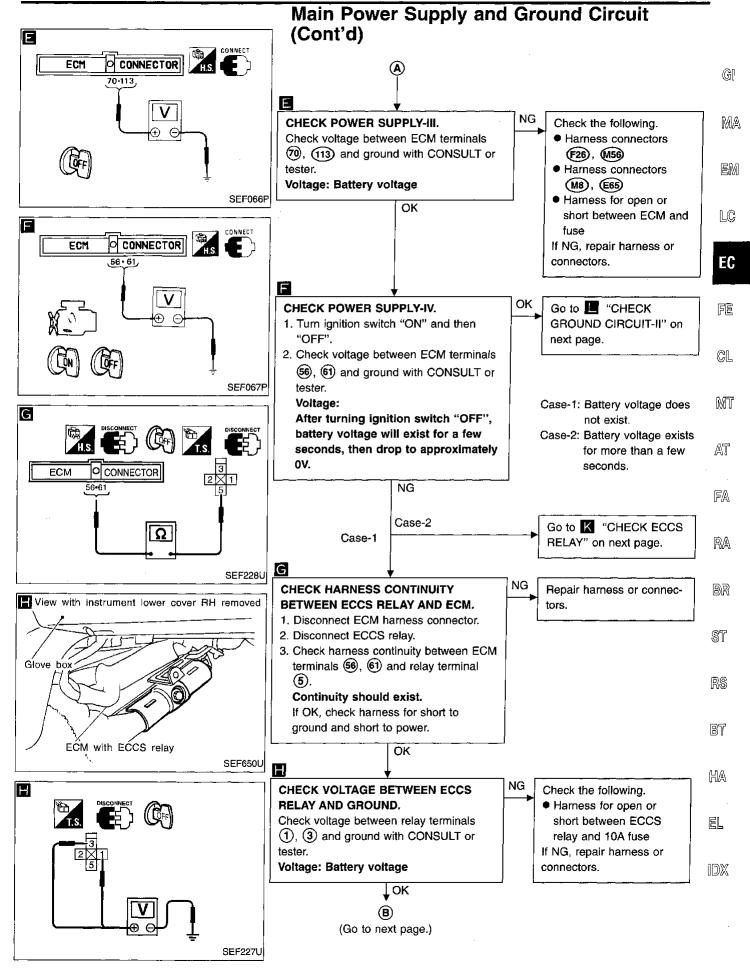
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

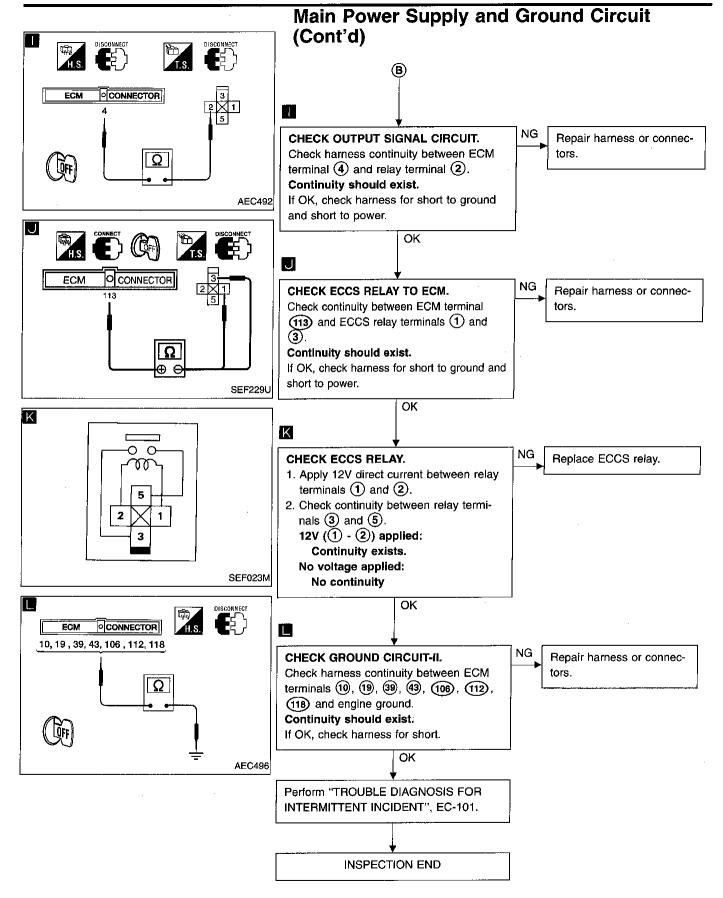
GI Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground). TER-WIRE DATA MA **MINAL** ITEM CONDITION COLOR (DC Voltage) NO. Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" 0 - 1V LC For a few seconds after turning ignition switch W/G 4 ECCS relay (Self-shutoff) "OFF" Ignition switch "OFF" EC **BATTERY VOLTAGE** A few seconds passed after turning ignition (11 - 14V)switch "OFF" Engine is running. 10 В ECM ground Engine ground Idle speed Engine is running. 19 В ECM ground Engine ground L Idle speed MT Ignition switch "OFF" 0V R 38 Ignition switch **BATTERY VOLTAGE** AT Ignition switch "ON" (11 - 14V)Engine is running. В 39 ECM ground Engine ground FA Idle speed Engine ground Engine is running. RA (Probe this terminal with В 43 ECM ground contact the tester probe when - Idle speed measuring.) BR 56 W/R BATTERY VOLTAGE Ignition switch "ON" Power supply for ECM (11 - 14V)W/R 61 ST **BATTERY VOLTAGE** 70 W/L Power supply (Back-up) Ignition switch "OFF" (11 - 14V)RS Engine is running. 106 В ECM ground Engine ground Idle speed BT Engine is running. 112 В ECM ground Engine ground Idle speed HA Engine is running. BATTERY VOLTAGE 113 W/L Current return (11 - 14V) Idle speed Engine is running. 118 В Engine ground ECM ground Idle speed

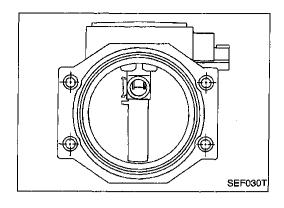
EC-103 259

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Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	co	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	FE
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	1.0 - 1.7V	
WIAG AIR/I'L GE	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V	- CL
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	Approx. 19%	 MT
CALLD VALUE	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 18%	
MACC AIDELOW	 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF" 	Idle	Approx. 3.24 g·m/s	— at
MASS AIRFLOW	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	Approx. 12.2 g·m/s	 FA

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (49) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
47	BR	Managingla	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — Idle speed	1.2 - 1.5V	_ <i>©</i>
47	DR.	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,500 rpm	1.9 - 2.3V	- F
48	B/R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V	

EC-107 263

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Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0100 0102	A) An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM when engine is not running.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Mass air flow sensor	
	C) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.		
	B) An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM* when engine is running. D) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Mass air flow sensor 	

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fall-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

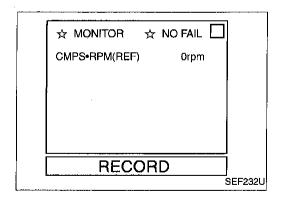
Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure for malfunction D".

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.



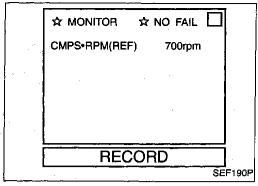


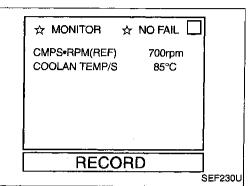
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.





Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

- OR -

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

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1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

- OR

Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds

and then turn "ON".4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

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NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is confirmed after more than 5 seconds, there may be malfunction C.

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Procedure for malfunction C

NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch "ON") instead of running engine at idle speed.

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Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

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3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.4) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

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5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

RS

2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

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NO

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR *-*

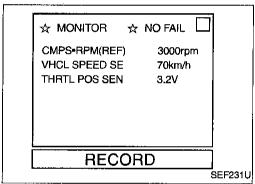
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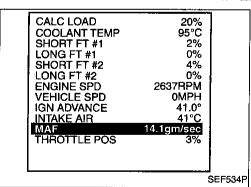
Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.

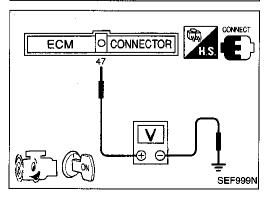
3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-112.







Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction D



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

If engine cannot be started, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Check the voltage of MAS AIR/FL SE with "DATA MONITOR".
- Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- 6) Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.
 - If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112. If OK, go to following step.
- 7) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm

THRTL POS SEN: More than 3V Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

OR

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction D

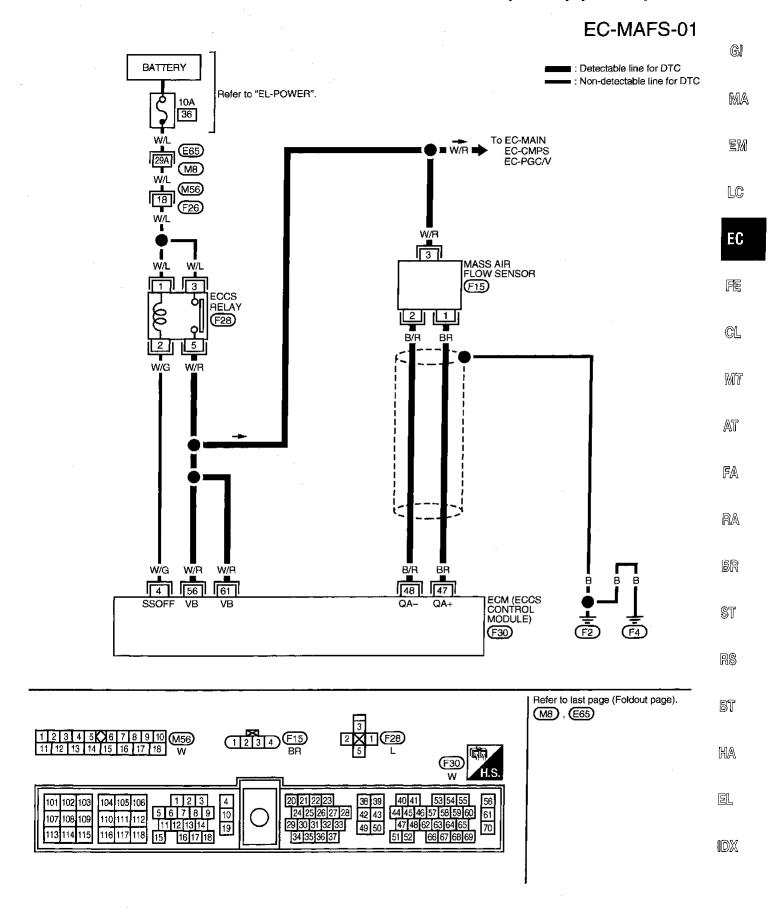


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check the mass air flow with "MODE 1".
- 5) Check for linear mass air flow rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.



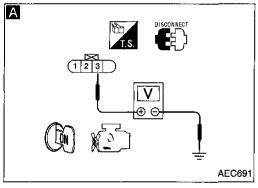
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Check the voltage between ECM terminal 49 and ground.
- 4) Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-112.

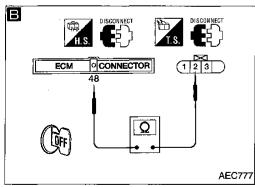
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

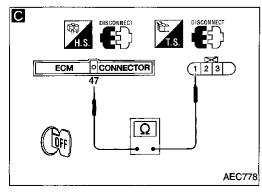


ゝ)人 ·Engine ngine ground SEF483U

Vehicle front (Mass air flow sensor harness connector Air cleaner



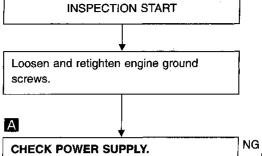




Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A or C", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B or D", perform "Procedure B" on next page.

Procedure A



- 1. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Check voltage between terminal (3) and ground with CONSULT or tester. Voltage: Battery voltage

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Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECCS relay and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM If NG, repair harness or connectors.

Repair harness or connec-

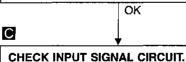
tors.

CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.

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- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between terminal (2) and ECM terminal (48). Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.



Check harness continuity between termi-

nal (1) and ECM terminal (47). Continuity should exist.

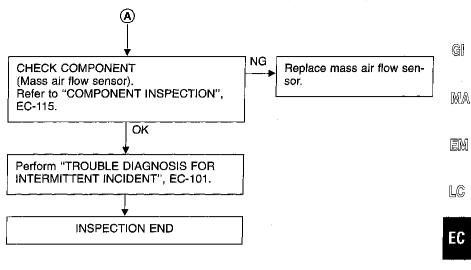
If OK, check harness for short.

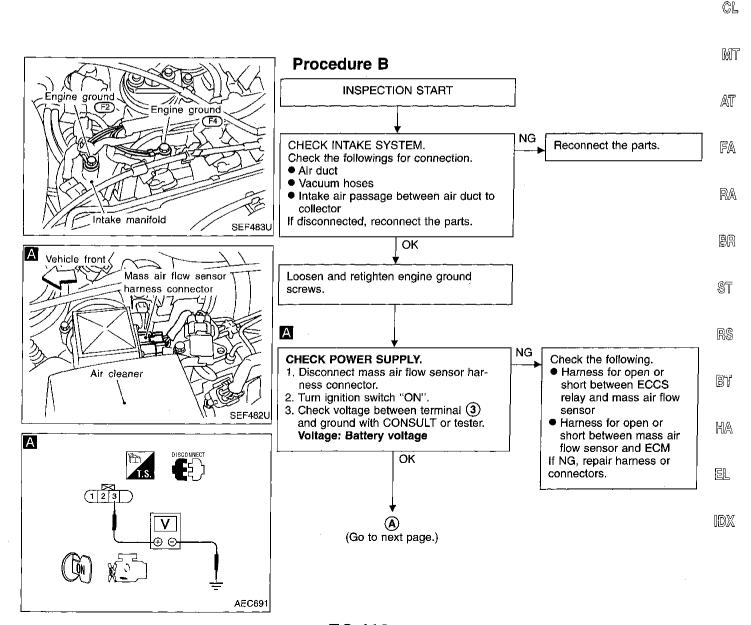
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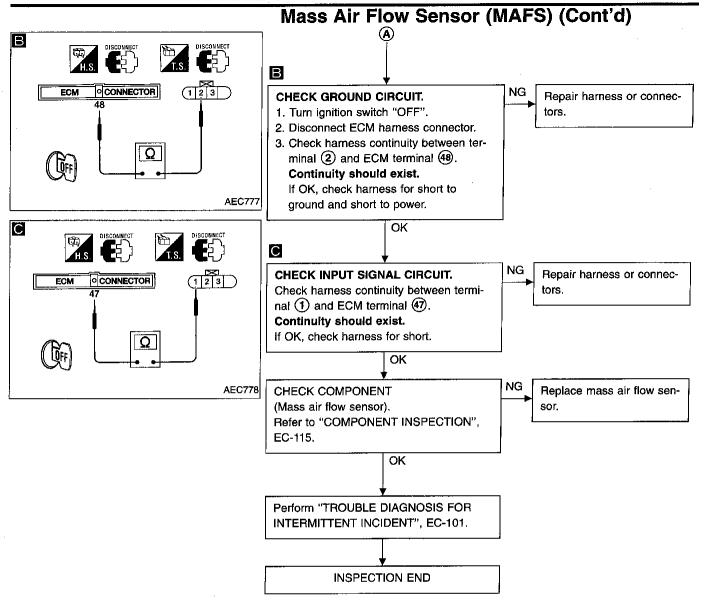
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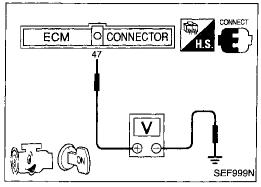
Repair harness or connectors.

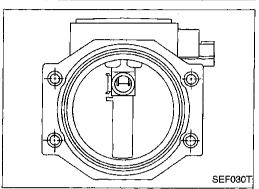
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)











Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Mass air flow sensor

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

3. Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground.

Conditions	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Less than 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.2 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.9 - 2.3
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.2 - 1.5 to Approx. 2.7

*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.

 If the voltage is out of specification, disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and connect it again. Repeat above check.

If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust. G

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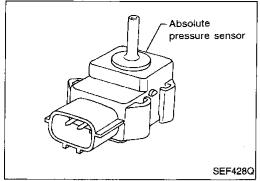
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Ambient barometic pressure Vacuum Va

Absolute Pressure Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The absolute pressure sensor is connected to the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve by a hose. The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and intake manifold pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0105 0803	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (Absolute pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Absolute pressure sensor
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving conditions.	 Hoses (Hoses between the intake manifold and absolute pressure sensor are disconnected or clogged.) Intake air leaks MAP/BARO sw solenoid valve Absolute pressure sensor
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving conditions.	Absolute pressure sensor

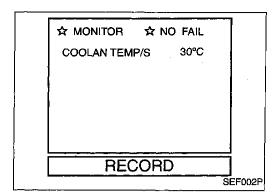
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If the 1st trip DTC is not confirmed on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A



Turn ignition switch "ON"

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR

з١ Wait at least 6 seconds.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

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Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC

PROCEDURE", EC-120. OR

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Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.

Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON"

Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

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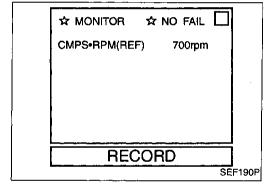
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Procedure for malfunction B



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA FA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

4) Start engine and let it idle.

5) Wait at least 15 seconds.

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

- OR -



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Start engine.

Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.

- OR -

5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

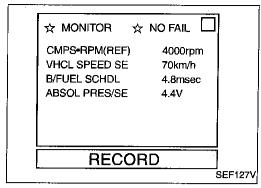
3) Start engine.

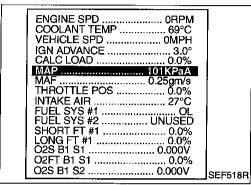
4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.

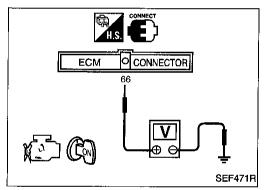
5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.







Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

The voltage of "ABSOL PRES/SE" should be more than 1.74 [V].

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE", EC-120.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 6) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Drive the vehicle at least 3 consecutive seconds under the following conditions.

B/FUEL SCHDL: More than 4.6 ms CMPS-RPM (REF): 3,000 - 4,800 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction C



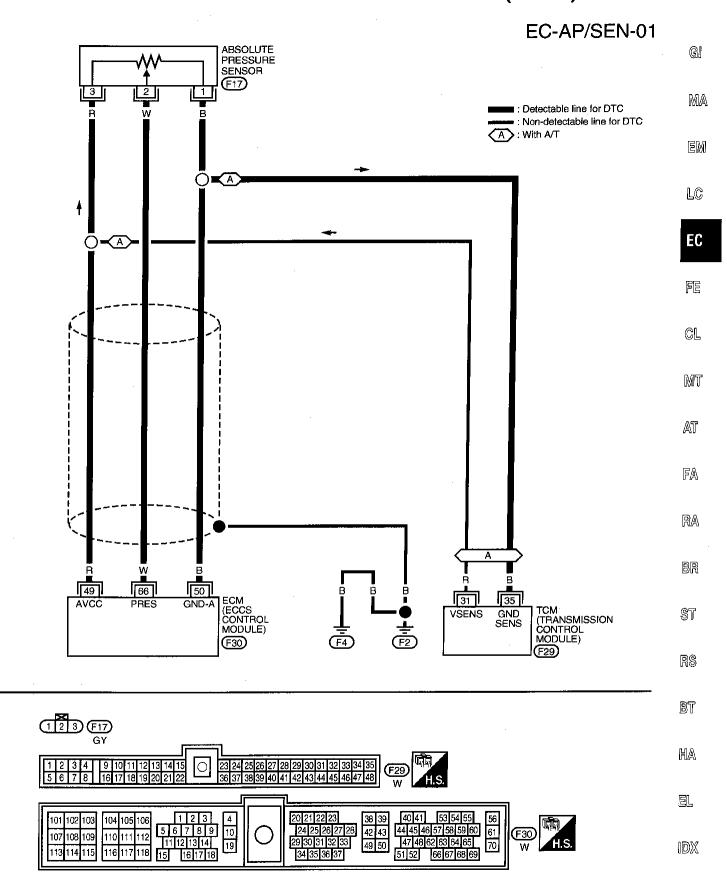
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "MAP" in "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Make sure that the pressure of "MAP" is more than 46 kPa (0.47 kg/cm², 6.7 psi).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

OR



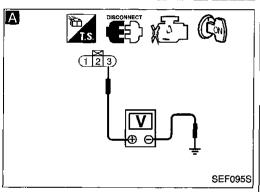
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Make sure that the voltage between ECM terminal 69 and ground is more than 1.74 [V].
- 3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

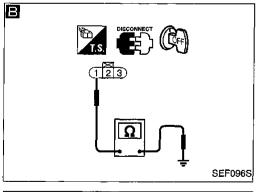
Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

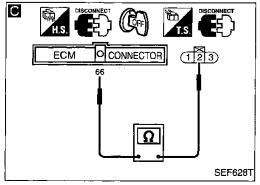


Absolute pressure sensor harness connector Air cleaner SEF485U

Engine ground Engine ground F4 Intake manifold SEF483U







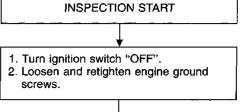
Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A or C", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure B" on next page.

NG

NG

Procedure A



CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect absolute pressure sensor harness connector.
- Check sensor connector for water.
 Water should not exist.
 If OK, go to step 4. If NG, repair or replace harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between terminal 3 and engine ground with CONSULT or tester.

OK

OK

Voltage: Approximately 5V

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between absolute pressure sensor and TCM
- Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sensor

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

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CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between terminal 1 and engine ground.
 Continuity should exist.

 If OK, check harness for short to

If OK, check harness for short t ground and short to power.

Check the following.

Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sensor

Harness for open or

 Harness for open or short between TCM and absolute pressure sensor

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 66 and terminal 2.
 Continuity should exist.
 If OK, check harness for short to

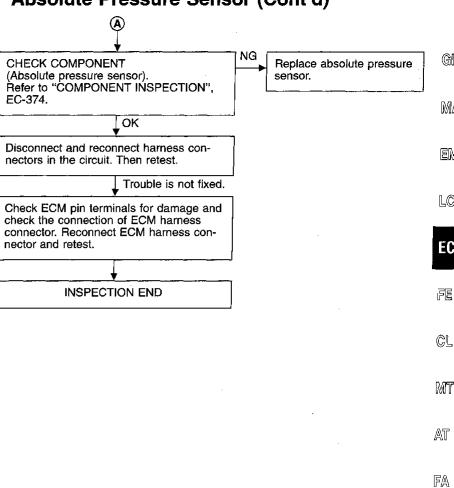
If OK, check harness for short t ground and short to power.

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Repair harness or connectors.

Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)



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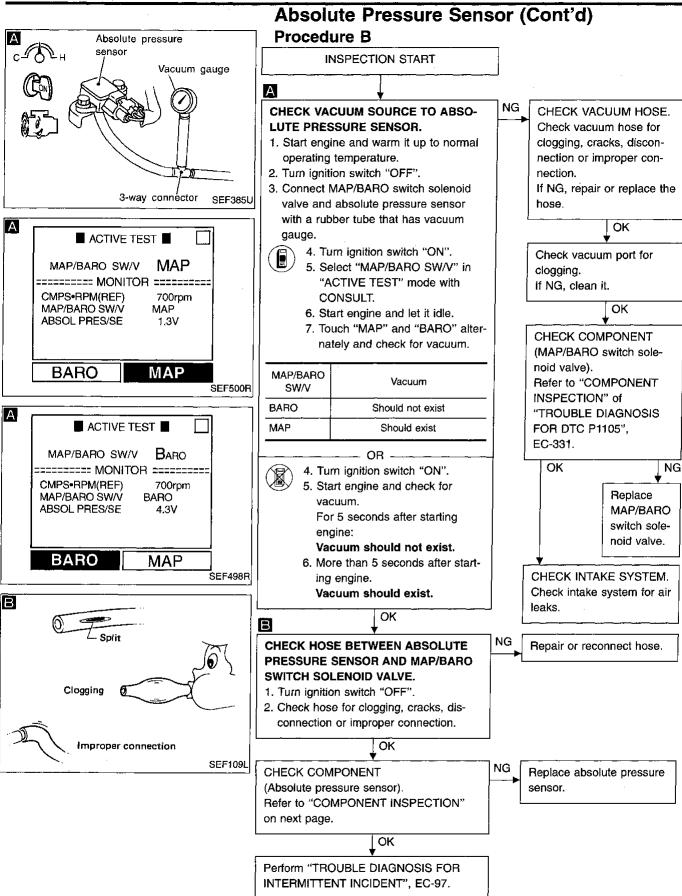
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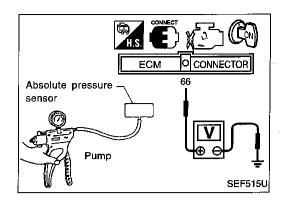
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INSPECTION END



Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.

The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using
- Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.

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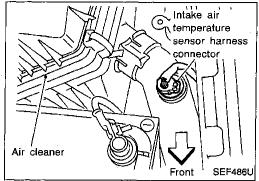
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Intake Air Temperature Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake air temperature sensor is mounted to the air duct housing. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	1.23	0.27 - 0.38

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (28) (Intake air temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECM ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

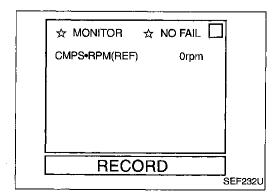
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0110 0401	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air temperature sensor
	B) Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



Procedure for malfunction A



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

OR -

- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-128.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-128.

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



 Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.

OR -

- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-128.

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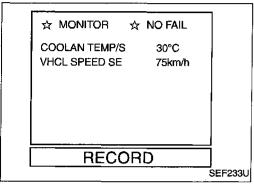
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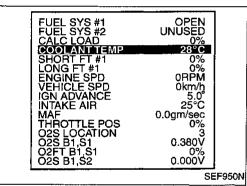
RS

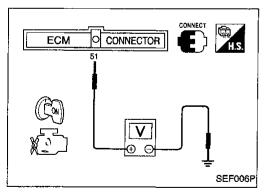
HA

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Procedure for malfunction B CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine.
- 5) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 105 consecutive seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-128.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 105 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-128.

EC-125 281

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

NO TOOLS

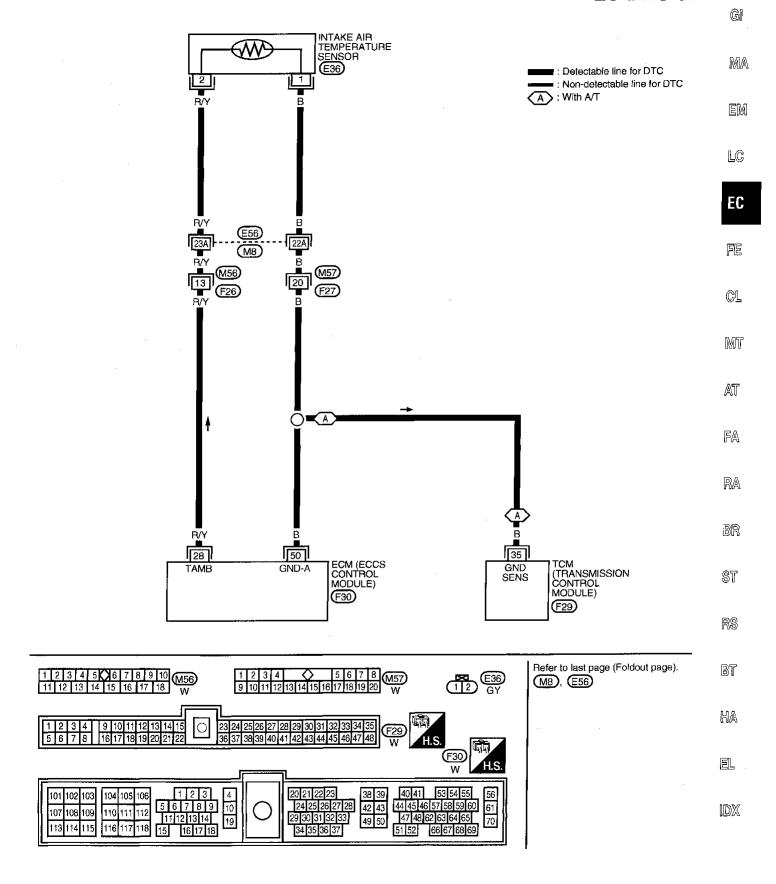
- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Check voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground.

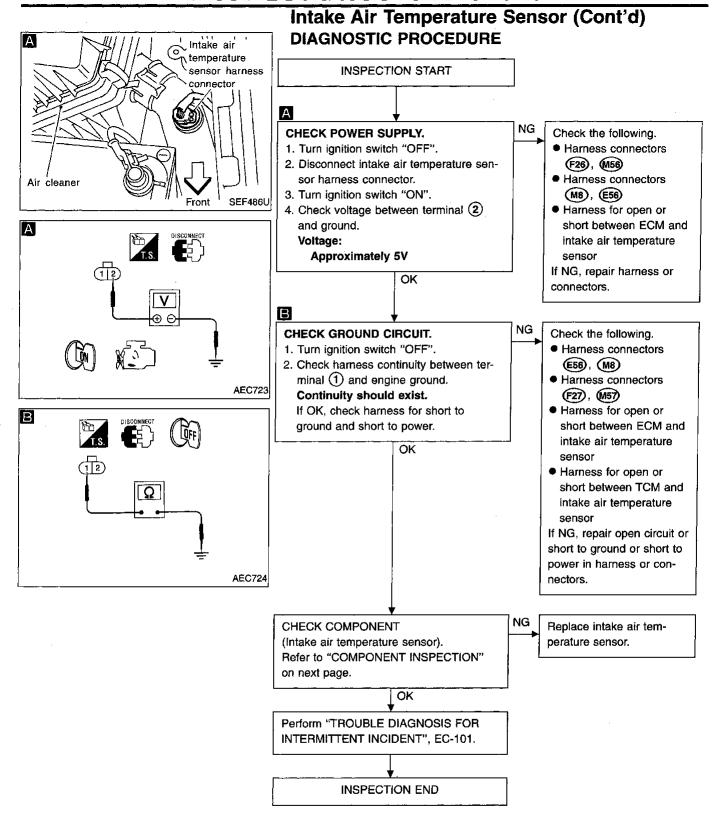
Voltage: More than 1.0 (V)

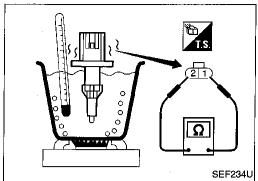
- (c) If the voltage is not more than 1.0 (V), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before the voltage is below 1.0V.
- 2) Start engine.
- Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 105 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-128.

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-IATS-01







Resistance kg SEF012P

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Intake air temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

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<Reference data>

LC

Resistance k Ω
2.1 - 2.9
0.27 - 0.38

EC

If NG, replace intake air temperature sensor.

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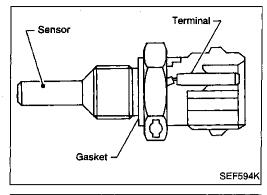
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Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant tempera- ture °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

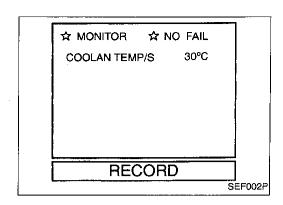
These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (5) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECM ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0115 0103	• An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Engine coolant temperature sensor

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.		
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)	
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)	
	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)	
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)	



Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

GI

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

MA



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

– OR -

- OR ·

Wait at least 5 seconds.

LC

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-133.

EC

FE



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-133.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-133.

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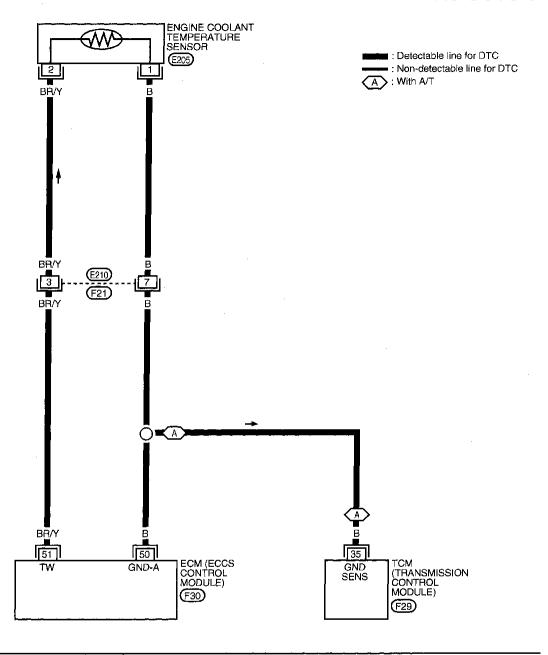
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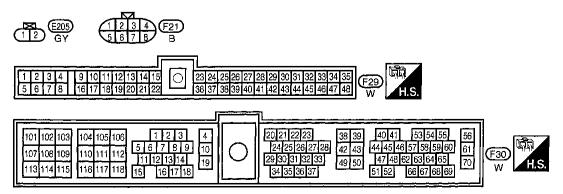
EL

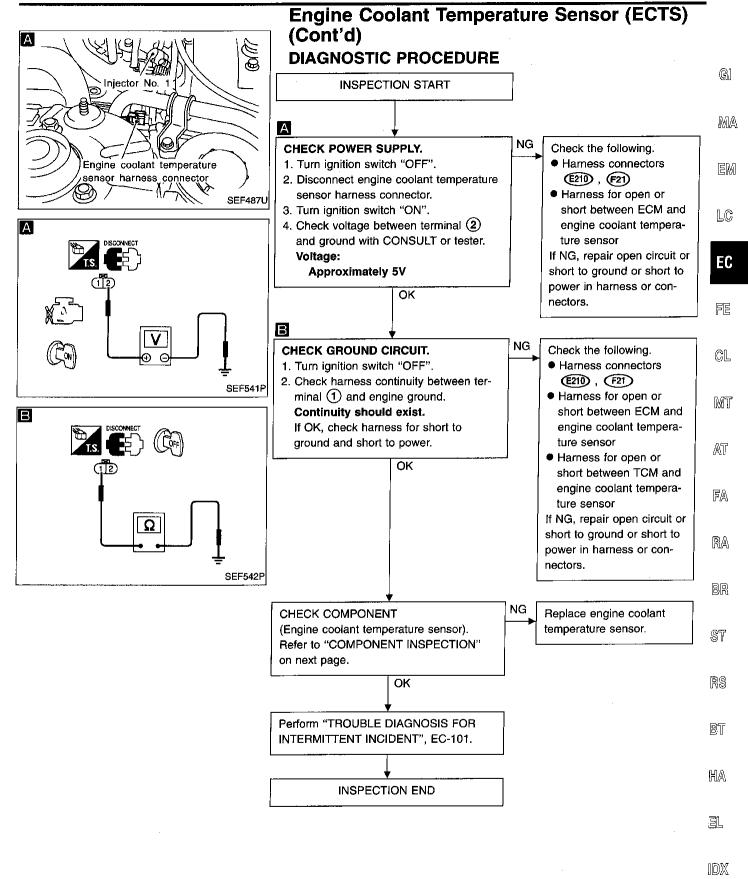
IDX

Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

EC-ECTS-01

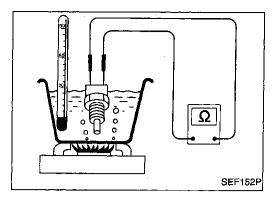


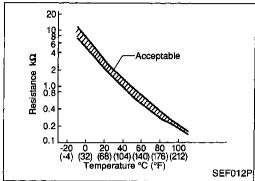




EC-133

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Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

Throttle Position Sensor

Note: If both DTC P0120 (0403) and DTC P0510 (0203) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNO-SIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-313.)

GI

MA

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The throttle position sensor responds to the accelerator pedal movement. This sensor is a kind of potentiometer which transforms the throttle position into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, the sensor detects the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signal to the ECM.

EC

Idle position of the throttle valve is determined by the ECM FE receiving the signal from the throttle position sensor. This sensor controls engine operation such as fuel cut. On the other hand, the "Wide open and closed throttle position switch", which is built into the throttle position sensor unit, is not used for engine control.

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Supply voltage: 5V (Applied between terminal Σ No. 1 and 3) ო Wide open 6.0 and throttle position Q Output voltage between switch ģ terminal No. 2 and 3 Closed terminal 4.0 throttle position switch between Throttle position 2.0 sensor Output voltage 135 Throttle vaive opening angle (deg) AEC029A

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
THRTL POS SEN	Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.3 - 0.7V	
	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 4.0V	
ABSOL TH-P/S	● Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%	
	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 80%	

EC-135 291

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
23 Y		Throable negition course	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.7V
	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V	
33 GY	Throttle position sensor signal	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) - Accelerator pedal fully released	Approximately 0.4V	
		Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V	
49	R	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0120 0403	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*	Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Throttle position sensor	
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Throttle position sensor Fuel injector Camshaft position sensor Mass air flow sensor 	
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Throttle position sensor 	

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating con	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode			
	Throttle position will be determined based on the injected fuel amount and the engine speed. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.				
The sea table of the se	Condition	Driving condition			
nrottle position sensor circuit		9			
Throttle position sensor circuit	When engine is idling	Normal			

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**



NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



LC

EC

Procedure for malfunction A

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

MT



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds. VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position

FA

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.

RA



 Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

- OR *-*

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position

ST

BR

- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.

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· OR · Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position

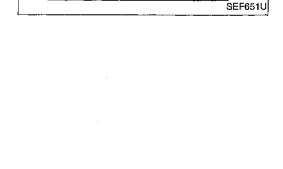
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- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with

][D)X(



4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.



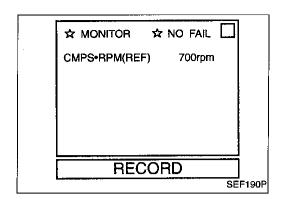
RECORD

☆ NO FAIL

20km/h

☆ MONITOR

VHCL SPEED SE



Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N"

Brake pedal: Depressed Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep

engine rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

-- OR -

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.



Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep

engine rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.





Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep

engine rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.



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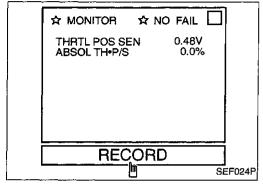
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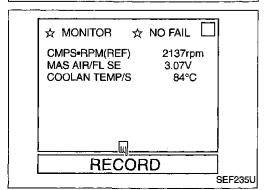
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RS

BT



15:38	NG data POS SEN XO 1V 13 26	00*00	THRTL PC 15:38 0 13	OK data os sen x0.1V 26	00°00 +03"54 38 51
ABSOL 15:38 0 2	TH•P/S % 5 50	00"00 +03"54 75 100	ABSOL TH 15:38 0 25	%	00*00 +03*54 75 100
*****	3				
15:38	THRTL POS SEN (V)	ABSOL TH/PO SEN (%)	15:38	THRTL POS SEN (V)	ABSOL TH/PO SEN (%)
00*36 00*37 00"38 00*39 00"41 00"42 00"43 00"44	2.14 2.20 2.26 2.32 2.26 2.20 2.58 2.66 2.76	39.9 41.3 42.7 44.4 42.7 41.3 50.4 52.5 54.9	00"46 00"47 00"48 00"49 00"50 00"51 00"52 00"53 00"54	2.88 3.00 3.12 3.24 3.34 3.46 3.56 3.68 3.80	57.4 60.5 63.3 66.1 68.9 71.4 74.2 77.0 79.8 SEF021P



Procedure for malfunction C CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Select "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Press RECORD on CONSULT SCREEN at the same time accelerator pedal is depressed.
- 7) Print out the recorded graph and check the following:
- The voltage rise is linear in response to accelerator pedal depression.
- The voltage when accelerator pedal is fully depressed is approximately 4V.
 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.
 If OK, go to following step.
- Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm MAS AIR/FL SE: More than 3V

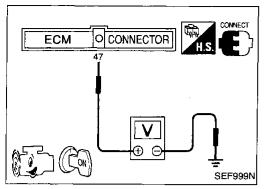
COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

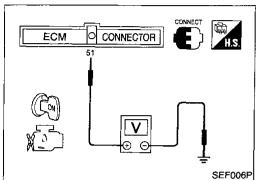
Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.

HA





Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

- OR -

1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

Voltage between ECM terminal 40 and ground: More than 3V

Engine coolant temperature: More than 70°C (158°F)

2) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.

– OR -

NO

(GST)

Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

Voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground:

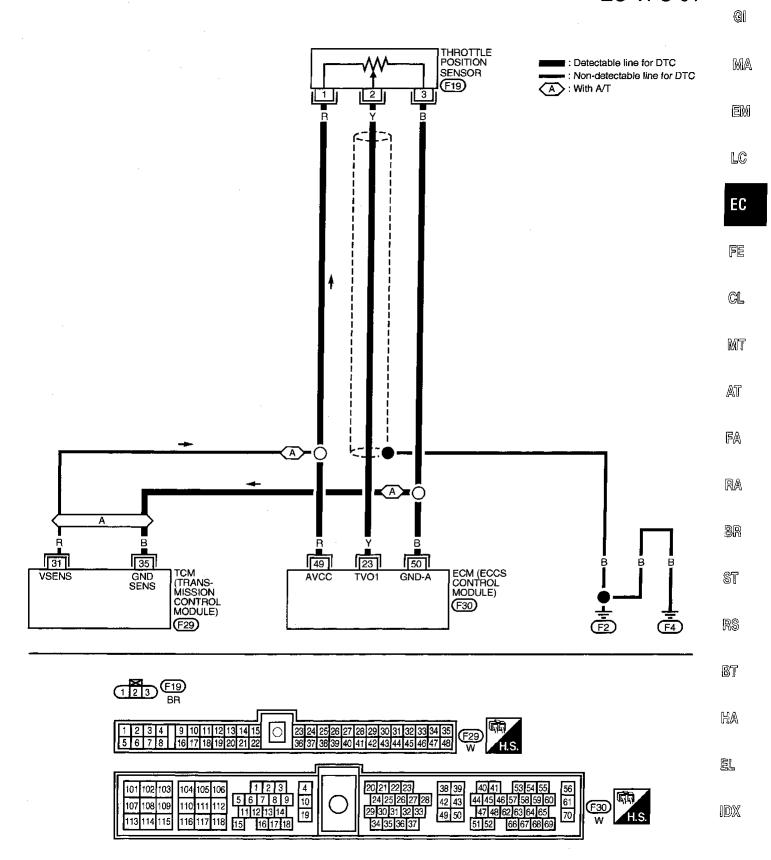
More than 3V

Voltage between ECM terminal (51) and ground: Less than 1.5V

- 2) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-142.

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-TPS-01



ngine ground SEF483U

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure B" on next page. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure C" on EC-145.

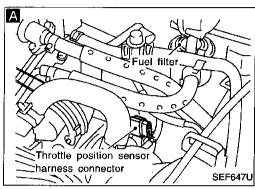
NG

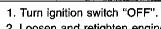
NG

NG

tors.

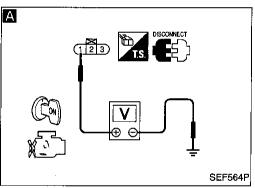
Procedure A





2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

INSPECTION START

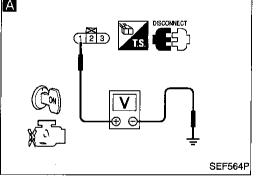


CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

- 1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Check voltage between terminal (1) and ground with CONSULT or tester. Voltage: Approximately 5V

OK

Repair hamess or connectors.



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CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Check harness continuity between terminal (3) and engine ground. Continuity should exist.

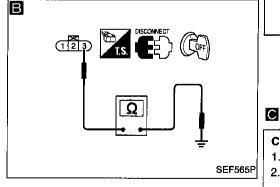
OK

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM and throttle position sensor
- Harness for open or short between TCM and throttle position sensor If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

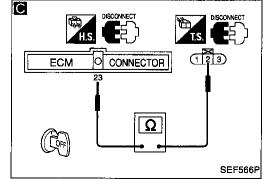
Repair harness or connec-



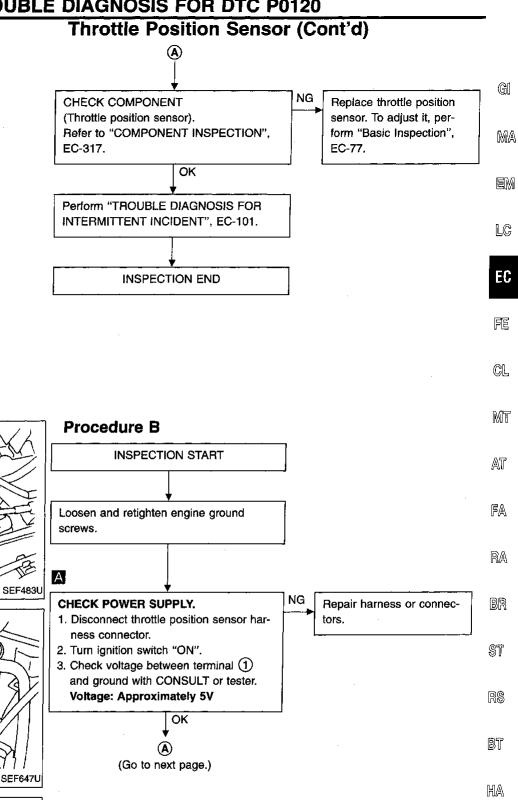
CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

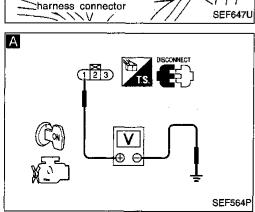
- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (23) and terminal (2). Continuity should exist.
 - If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

(A) (Go to next page.)



EC-142





Intake manifold

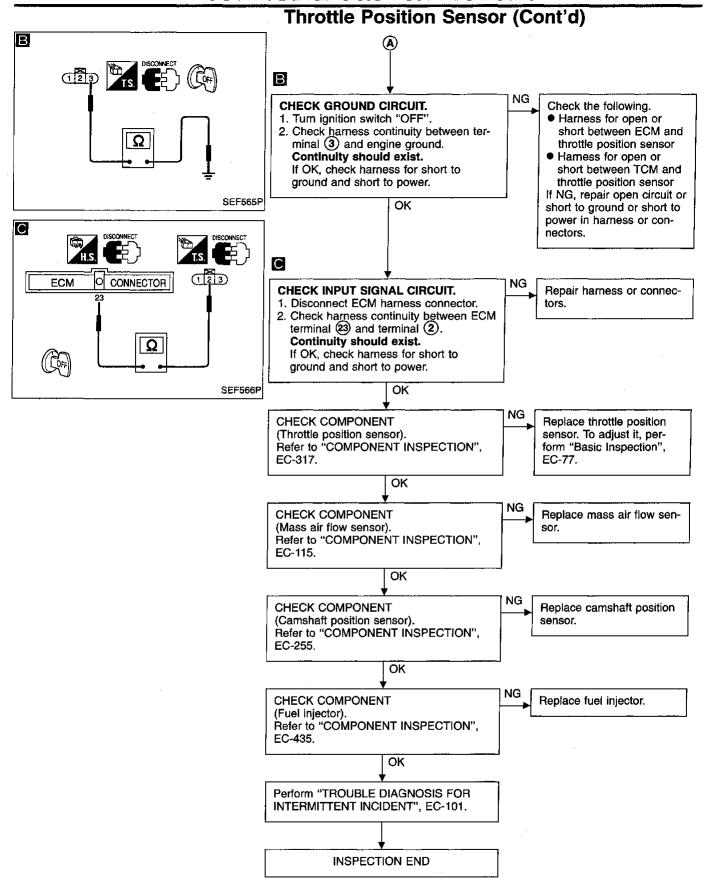
Throttle position sensor

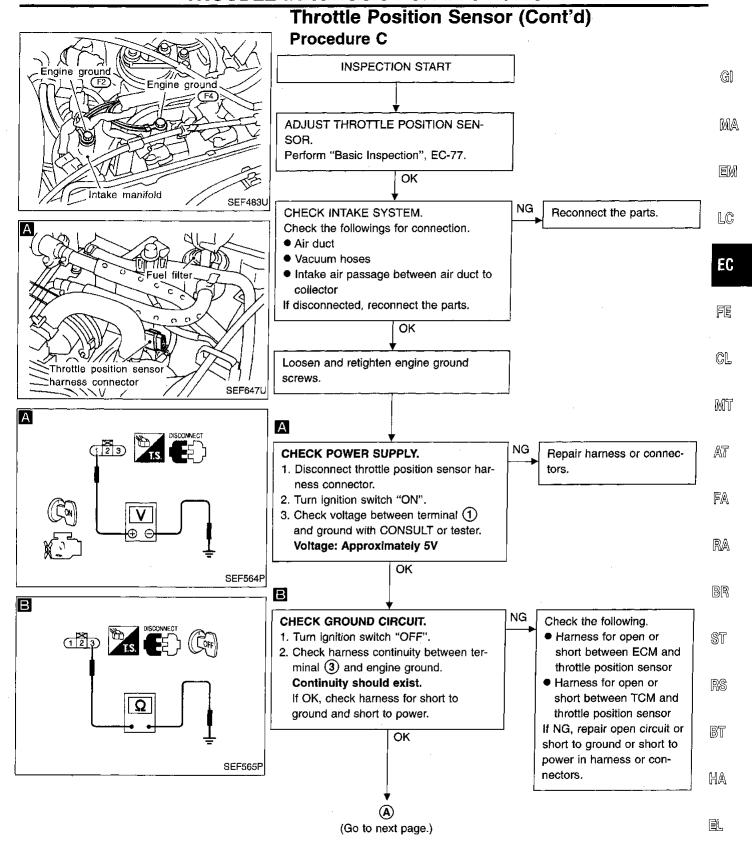
Fuel filter

Engine ground

EC-143

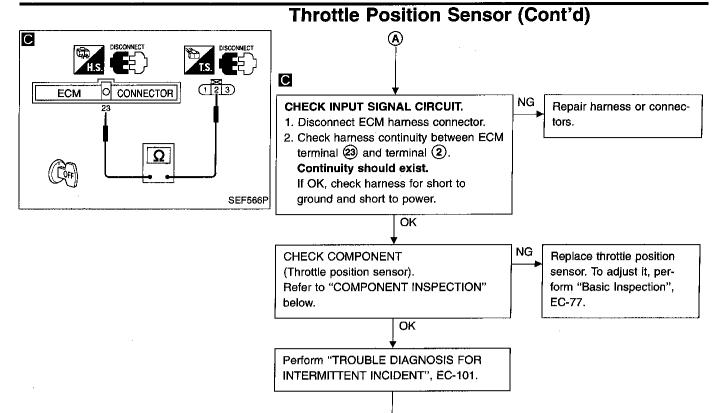
299

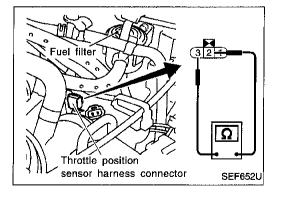




EC-145 301

IDX





COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

Throttle position sensor

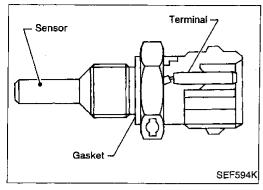
- 1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 2. Make sure that resistance between terminals ② and ③ changes when opening throttle valve manually.

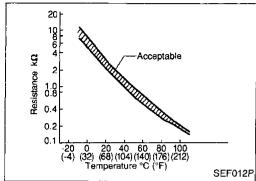
NOTE:

Resistance measurements must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	
Completely closed	Approximately 0.5 kΩ	
Partially open	0.5 - 4 kΩ	
Completely open	Approximately 4 kΩ	

If NG, replace throttle position sensor. To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-77.





Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k Ω
-10 (14)	4.4	9.2
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECM ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	<u> </u>
P0125 0908	 Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed 	 Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) Engine coolant temperature sensor Thermostat 	[
	loop fuel control.		

EC-147 303

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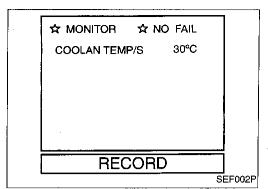
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Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

NOTE:

- If both DTC P0115 (0103) and P0125 (0908) are displayed, first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115". Refer to EC-130.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-150.



1) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

- OR

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-150.

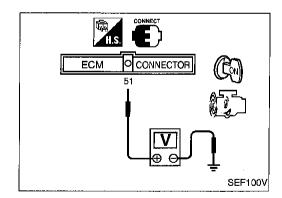


1) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

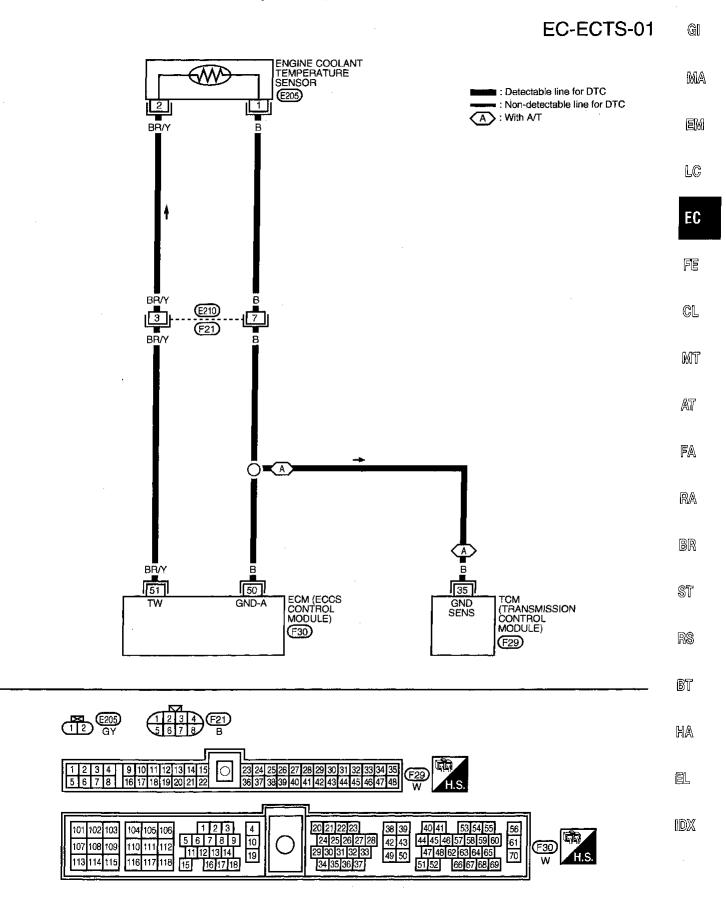
- OR -

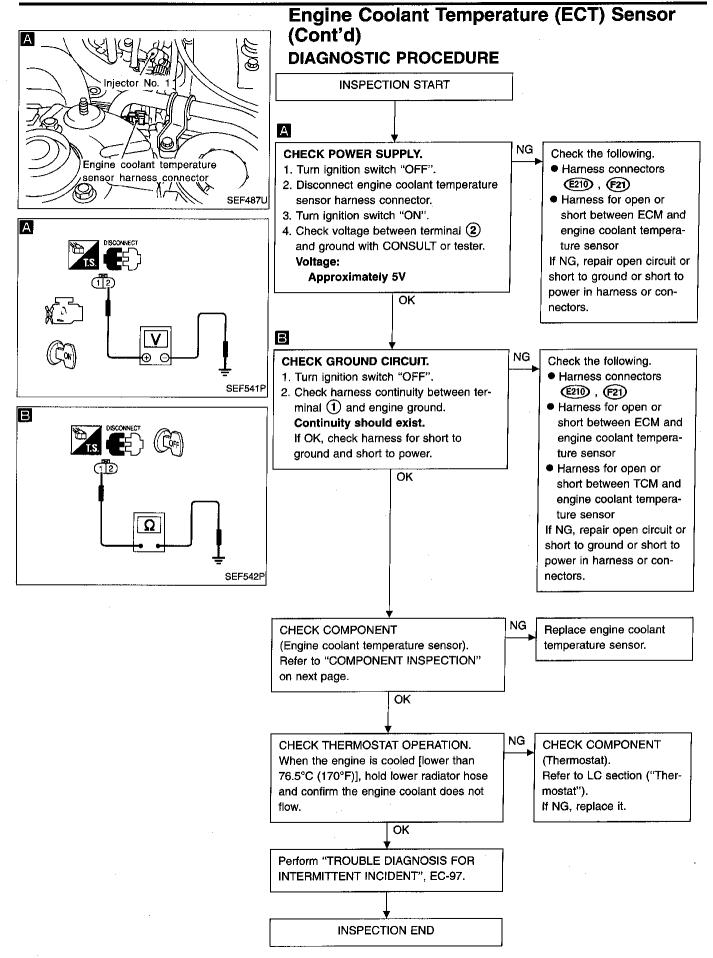
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-150.

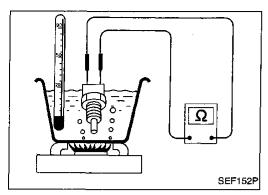
If voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground decreases to less than 3.8V within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

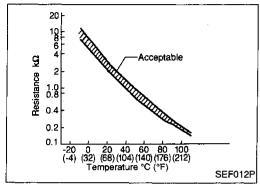


Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)









Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

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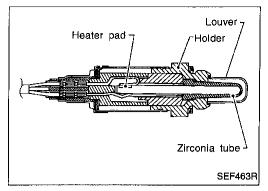
BR

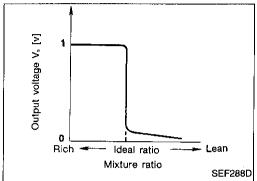
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

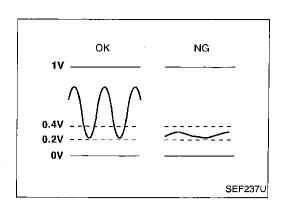
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 SEF201T



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under the condition in which the front heated oxygen sensor signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0130	The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.	Harness or connectors
0303		(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
		● Front heated oxygen sensor

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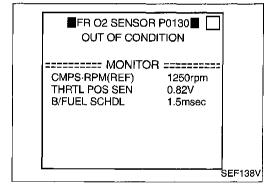
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FR O2 SENSOR P0130

1887rpm

3.2msec

0.88V

TESTING

======== MONITOR ========

CMPS-RPM(REF)

THRTL POS SEN

B/FUEL SCHDL

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).

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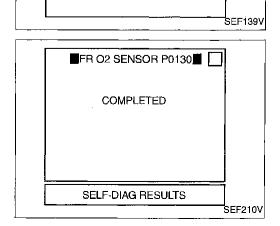
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- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "FR O2 SENSOR P0130" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Touch "START".
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 5) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

CMPŚ·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,600 rpm (A/T) 1,600 - 2,300 rpm (M/T)



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.4 - 5.4 msec (A/T)

1.3 - 4.6 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-156.

During this test, P1148 may be stored in ECM.

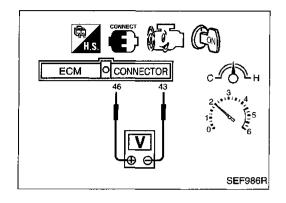




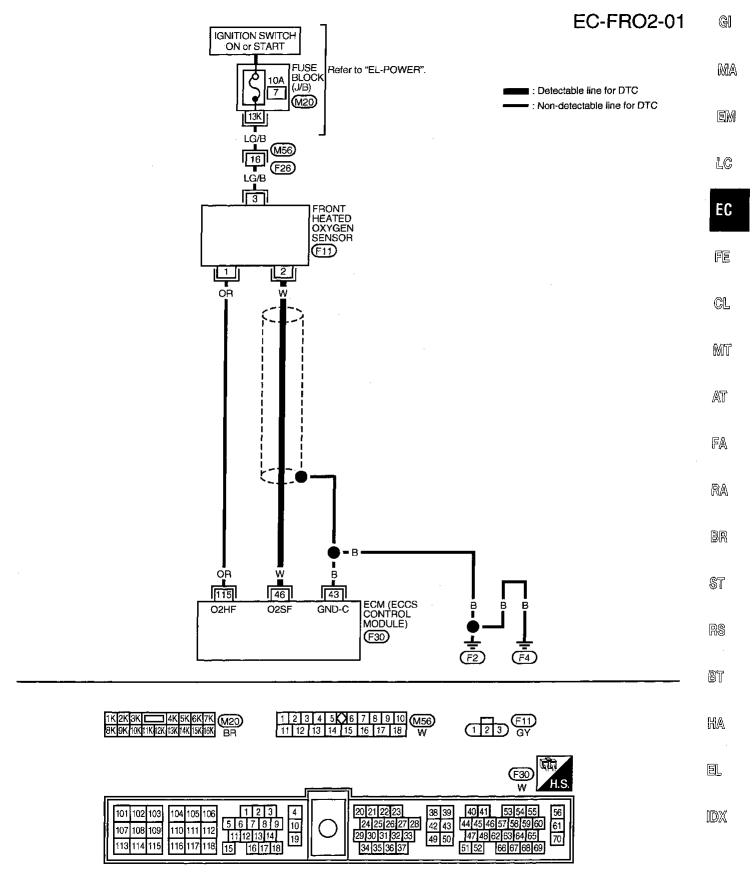
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

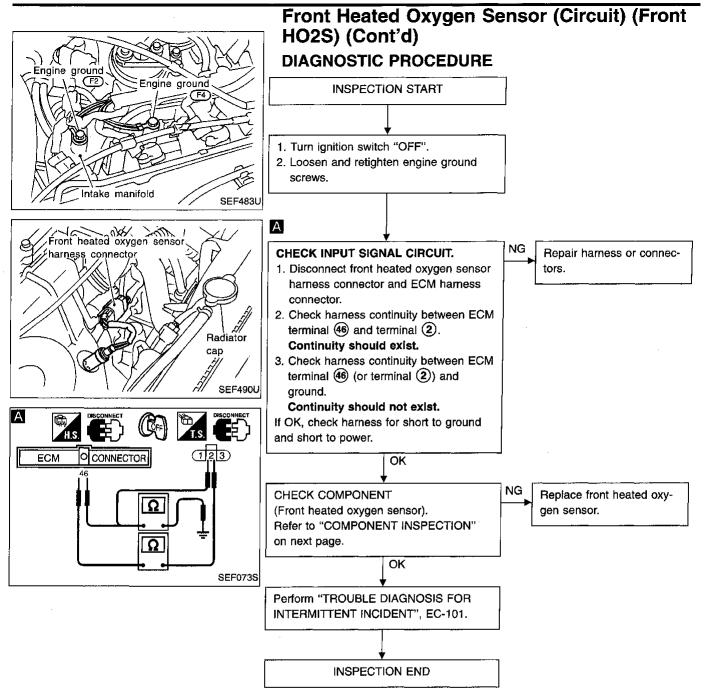


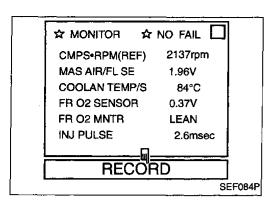
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 -0.4V.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-156.



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)







Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

 Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".

3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.

4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.

5) Check the following.

 "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

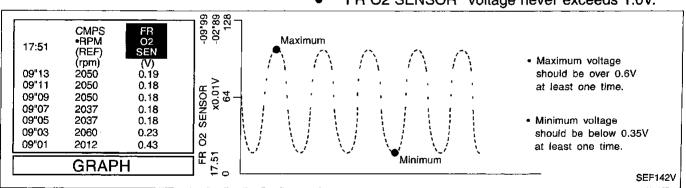
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

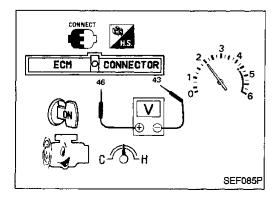
R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.







Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).

Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

 Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.

The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

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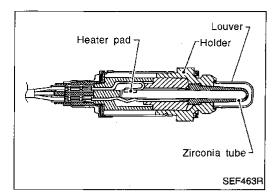
ST

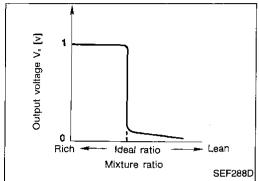
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

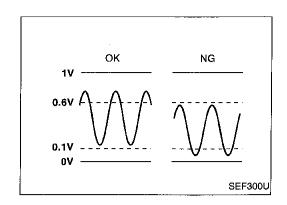
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 SEF201T



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.

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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	_ #
P0131 0411		 Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks 	<u> </u>

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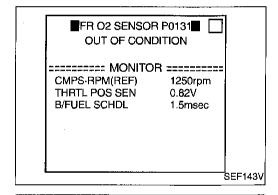
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FR O2 SENSOR P0131

TESTING

====== MONITOR =======

1887rpm

3.2msec

0.887

CMPS-RPM(REF)

THRTL POS SEN

B/FUEL SCHDL

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



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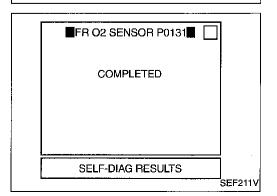
SEF144V

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0131" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,600 rpm

Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.5 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

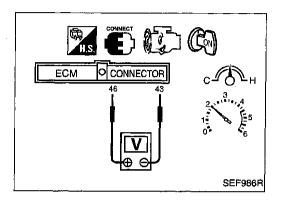


EC-159

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-162.



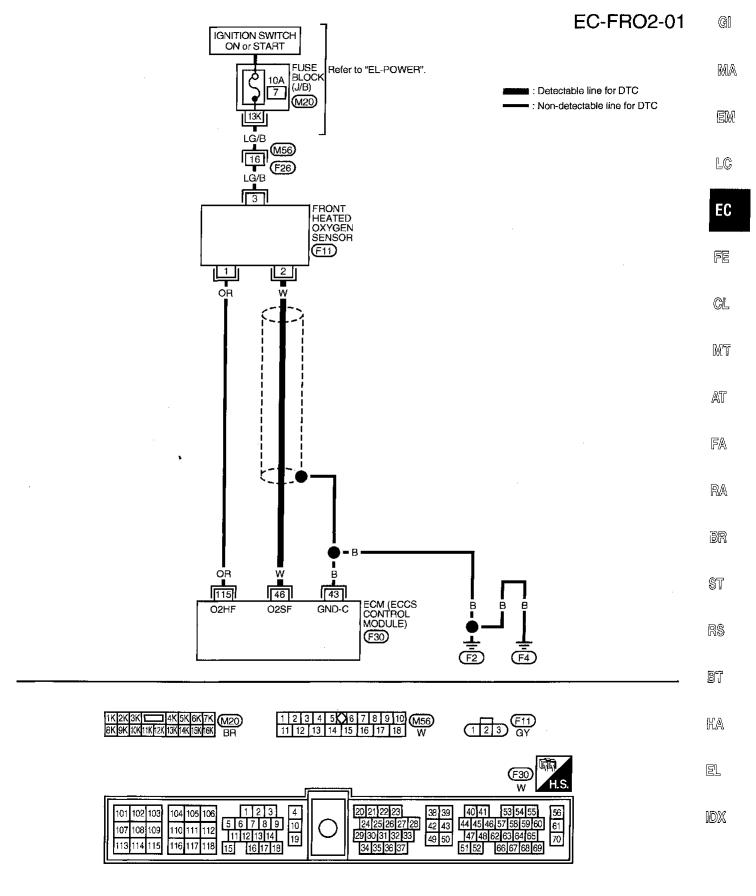
OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

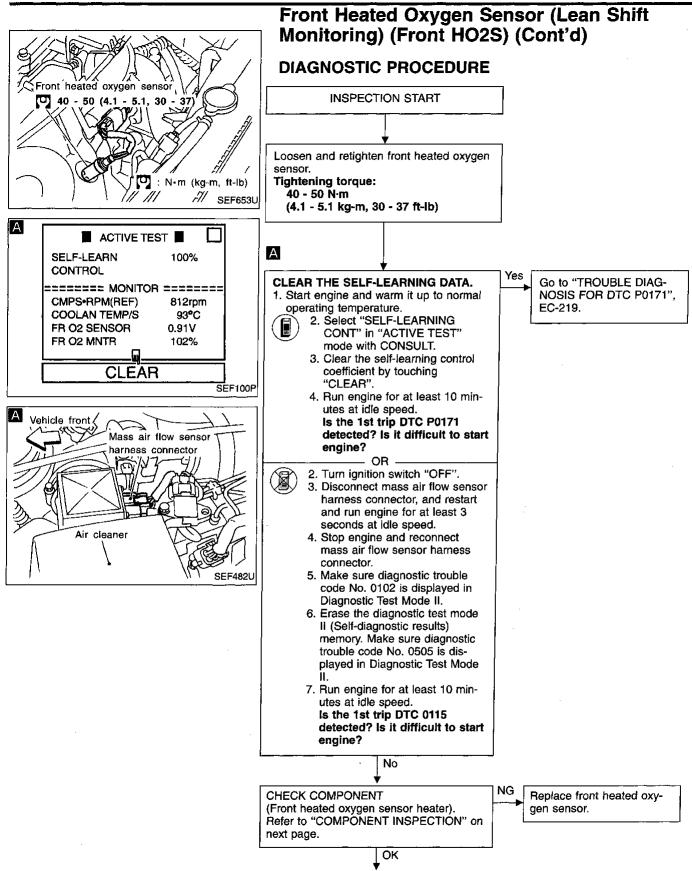
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-162.

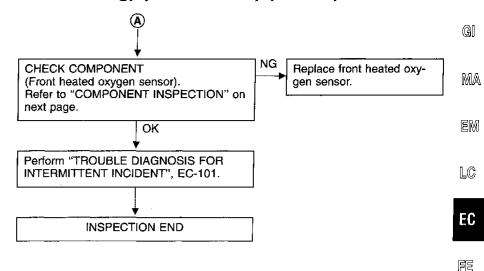
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

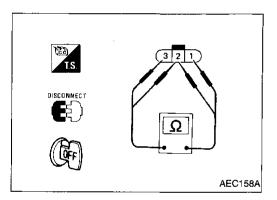




(Go to next page.)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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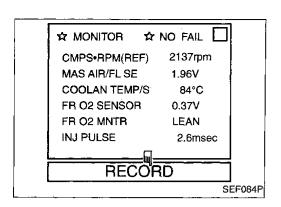
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EC-163

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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



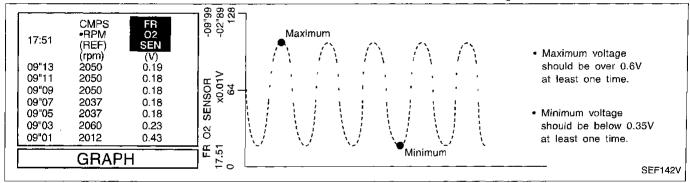
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

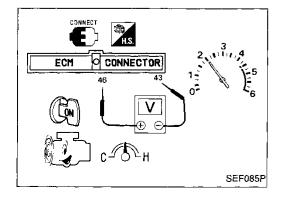
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



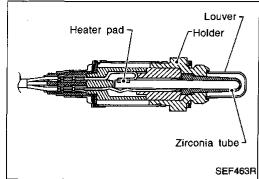


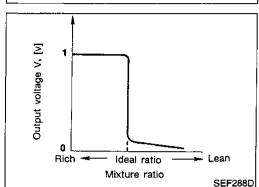


 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

-- OR ---

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and (43) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

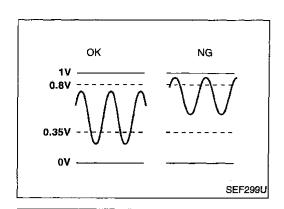
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (49) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
			Engine is running.	0 - Approximately 1.0V	F
46	W	Front heated oxygen sen- sor	After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	o vvvvvv	<u>[</u>
				SEF201T	ŀ

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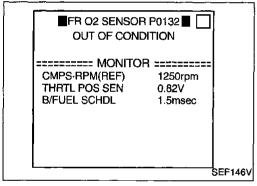
EC-165 321

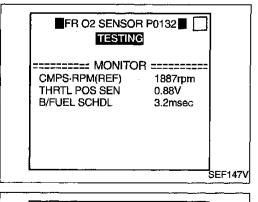


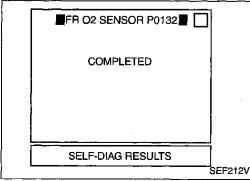
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high. The "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0132	The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are	Front heated oxygen sensor
0410	beyond the specified voltages.	● Front heated oxygen sensor heater
		● Fuel pressure
		• Injectors







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0132" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,600 rpm

Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.5 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

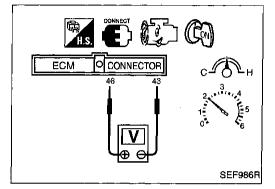
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-169.



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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

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- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ((sensor signal) and ((engine ground).

 Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

- The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-169.

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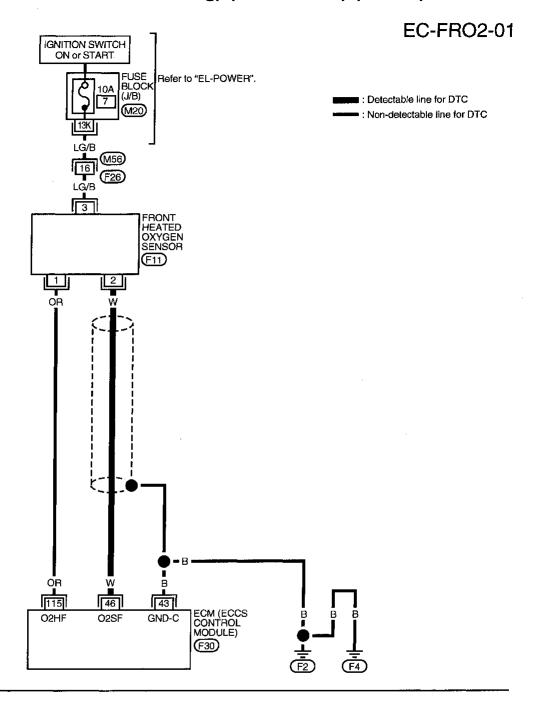
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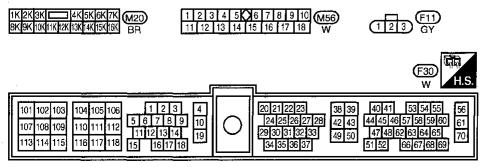
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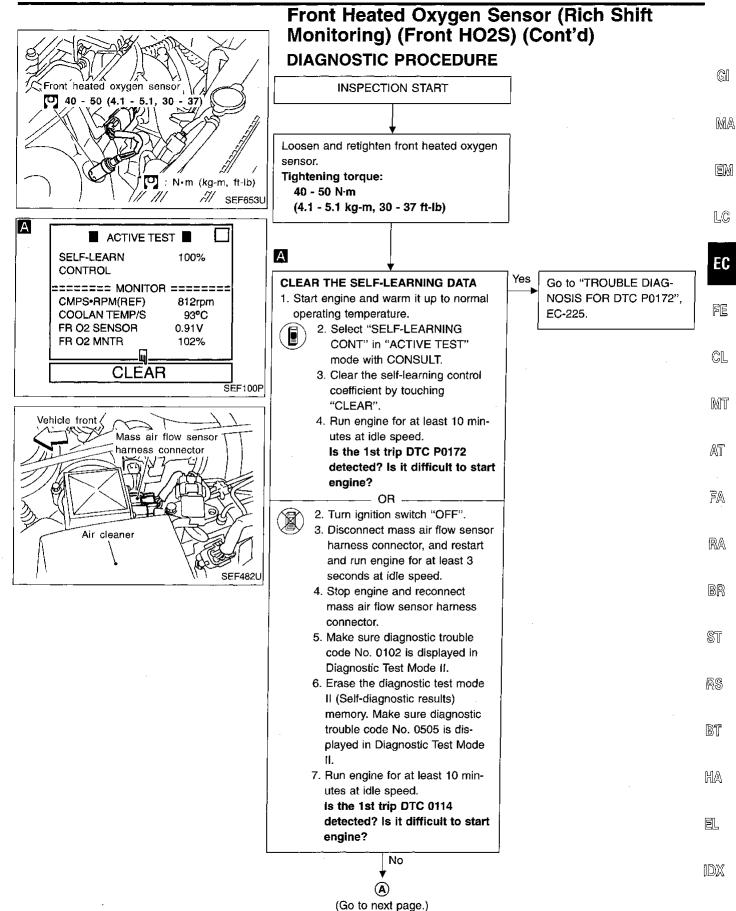
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

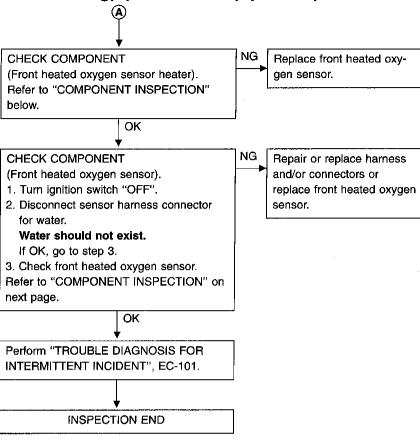


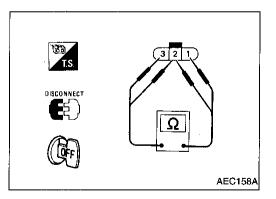




EC-169 325

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

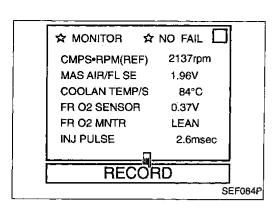
Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



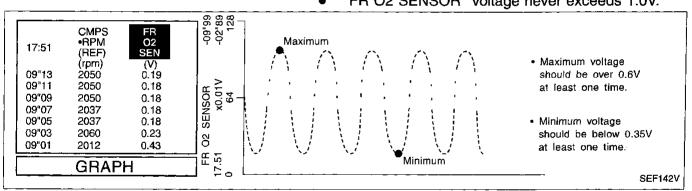
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

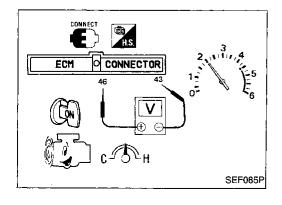
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.







1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and 🚳 (engine ground).
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

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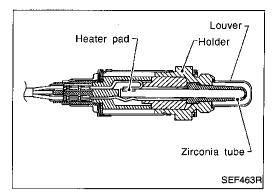
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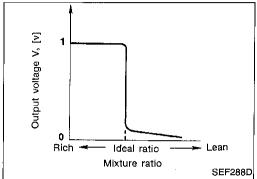
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

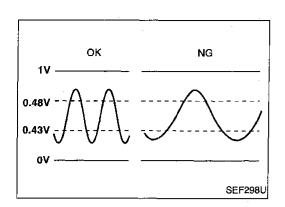
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor, this diagnosis measures response time of front heated oxygen sensor signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and front heated oxygen sensor temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (front heated oxygen sensor cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

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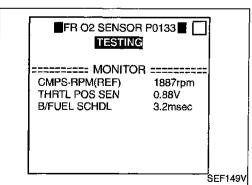
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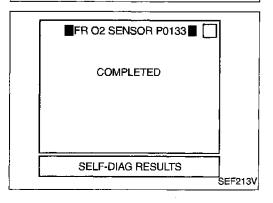
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0133 0409	The response of the voltage signal from the sensor takes more than the specified time.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks Exhaust gas leaks PCV Mass air flow sensor





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0133" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,600 rpm

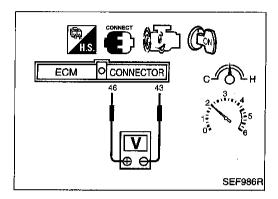
Vehicle speed: 80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.1 - 4.5 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-176.



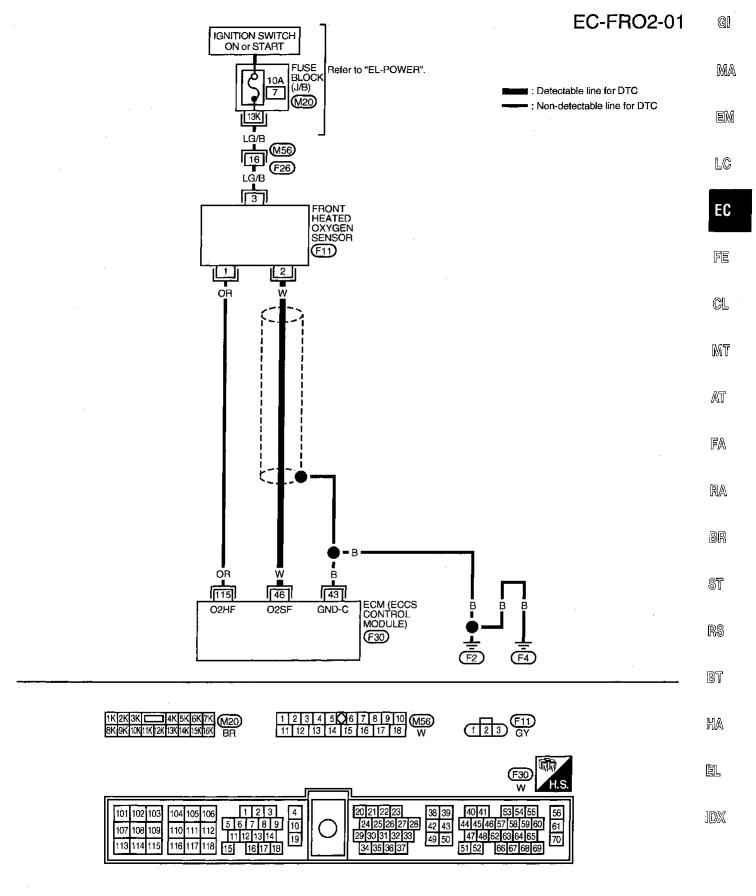
OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

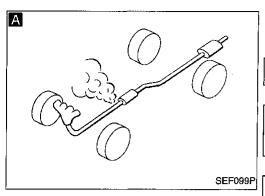
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

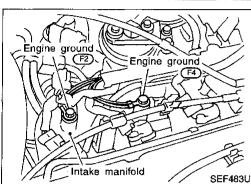


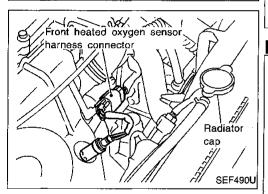
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and (49) (engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-176.

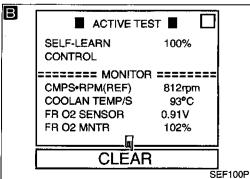
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

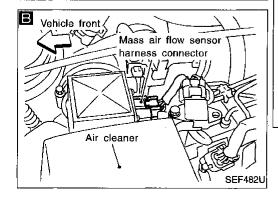












Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

INSPECTION START

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.

Tightening torque:

40 - 50 N·m

(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

Α CHECK EXHAUST AIR LEAK.

Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an exhaust air leak before three way catalyst.

↓OK

CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK. Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an intake air leak between the mass air flow sensor and the intake manifold.

Repair or replace.

Repair or replace.

Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0171",

EC-219 or "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-225.

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CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal

- operating temperature.

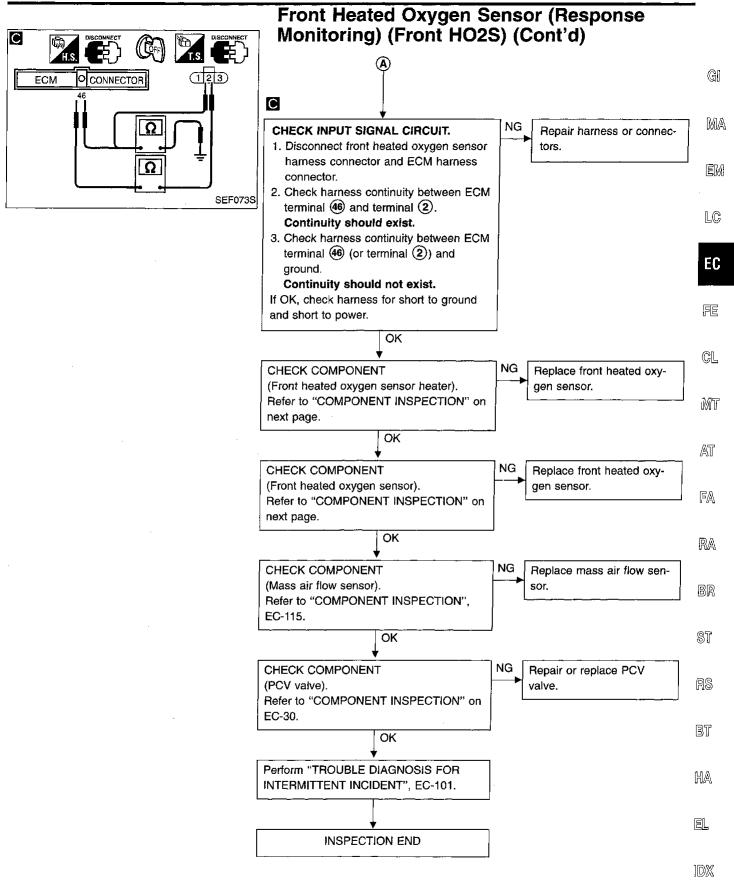
 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
 - 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
 - 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine? OR

- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connec-
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.

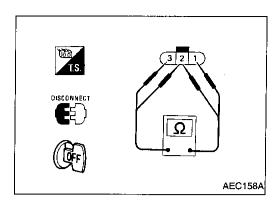
 7. Run engine for at least 10 min-
- utes at idle speed. is the 1st trip DTC 0115 or 0114 detected? is it difficult to start engine?

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EC-176



EC-177 333



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

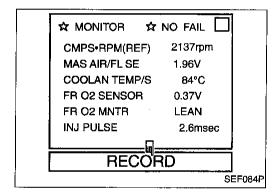
Check continuity between terminals 2 and 1, 3 and 2.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Front heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

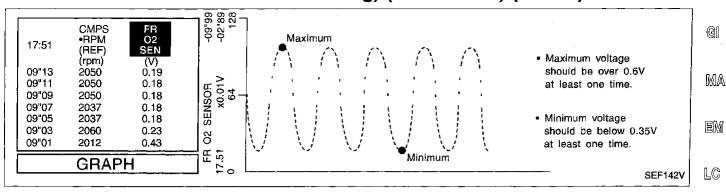
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"

L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

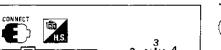
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

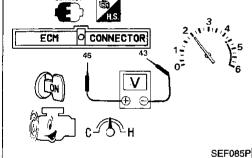


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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one

The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

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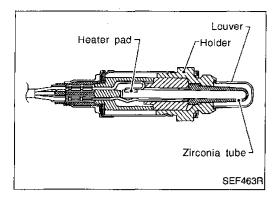
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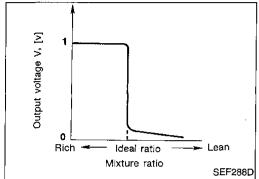
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

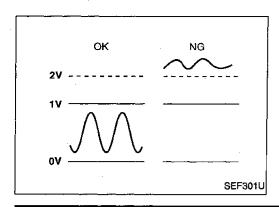
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	• Engine: After warming up		0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the front heated oxygen sensor output is not inordinately high.

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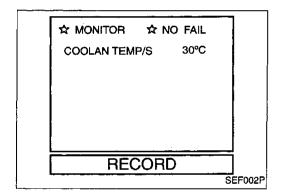
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0134 0412	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-184.

- OR -

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-

perature.
2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-

:5 sec- _{BT}

- 3). Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.

- OR -

6) Select "MODE 3" with GST.

7) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-184.

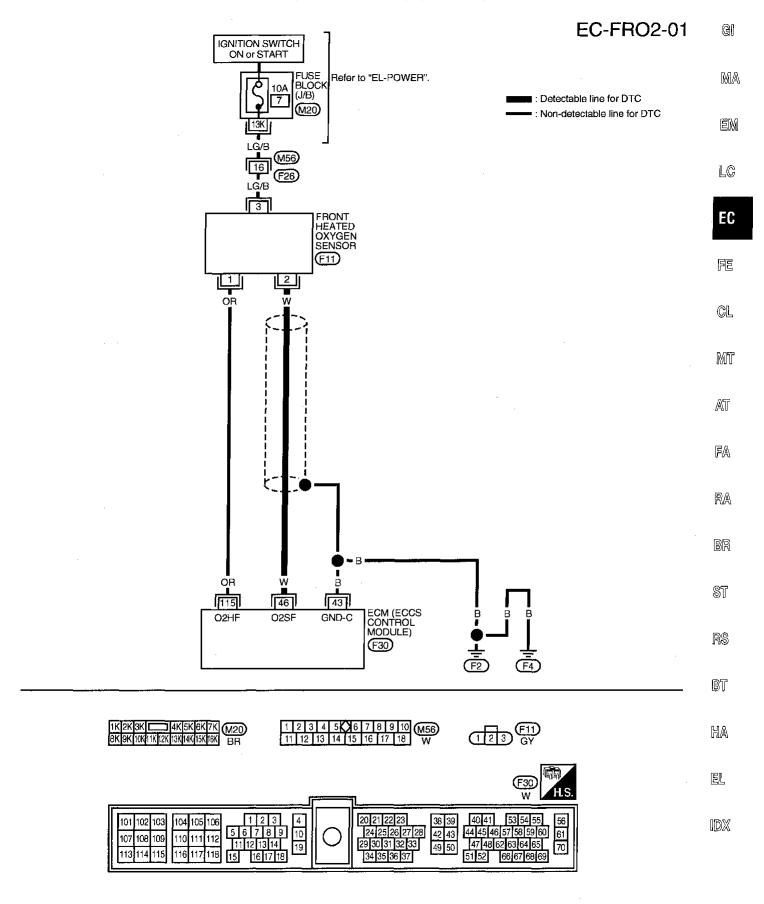


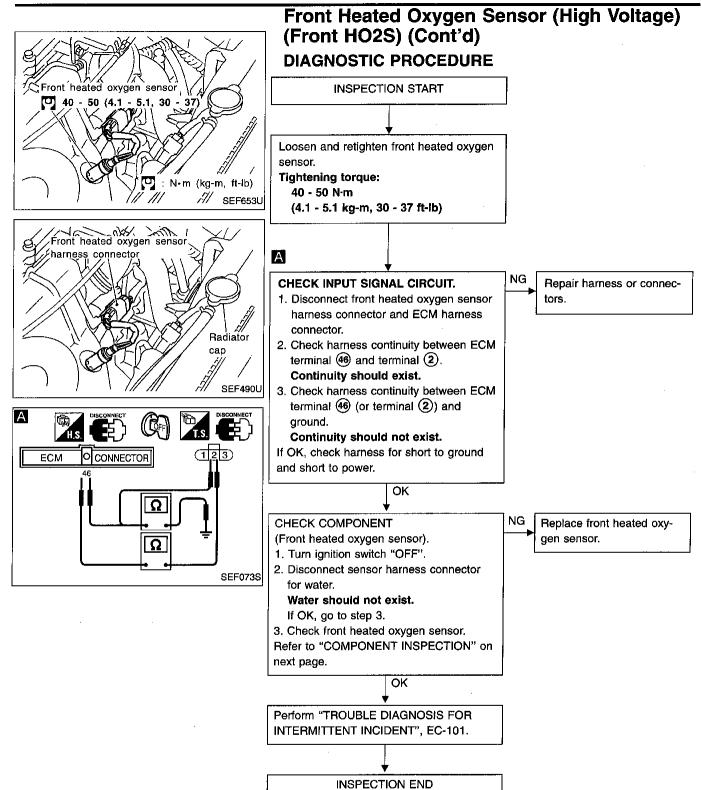
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.

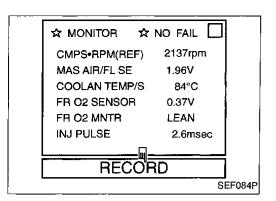
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-184.
- When using GST, "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CON-SULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)







Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

MA

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Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".

EM

3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.

Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.

LC

Check the following.

"FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

EC

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

CL

FE

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

MT

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least

AT

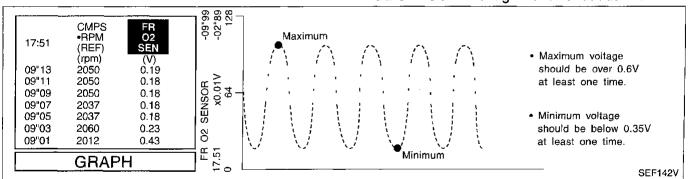
FA

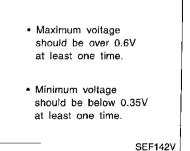
RA

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ST

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





RS

BT



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

OR

MA

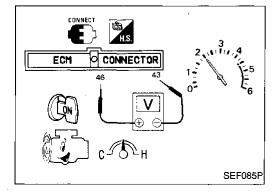
Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).

Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

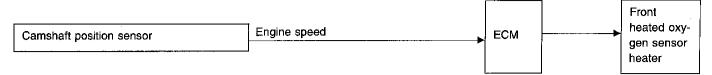
The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time. The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one

The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the front heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine speed.

OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Front heated oxygen sensor heater
Above 3,600	OFF
Below 3,600	ON

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 HEATER	Engine speed: Idle	ON
	Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF

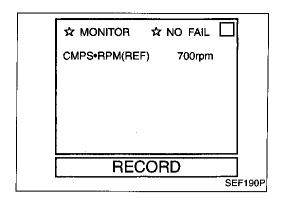
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
	OB	Front heated oxygen sen-	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm	Approximately 0.4V
115	OR	sor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0135 0901	 The current amperage in the front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM through the front heated oxygen sensor heater.) 	 Harness or connectors (The front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor heater



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V.





(

1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.



2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.



3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-189.



1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.



FE

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-

MT

3) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

AT

- Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, to "DIAGNOSTIC go PROCEDURE", EC-189.



Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

- OR ·

FA

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

BR

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-189.

When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

RS

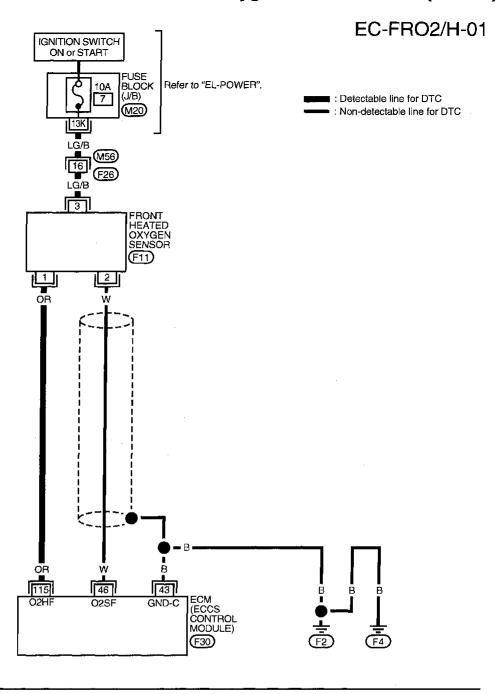
BT

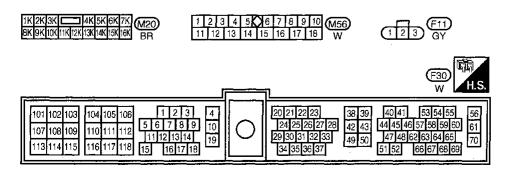
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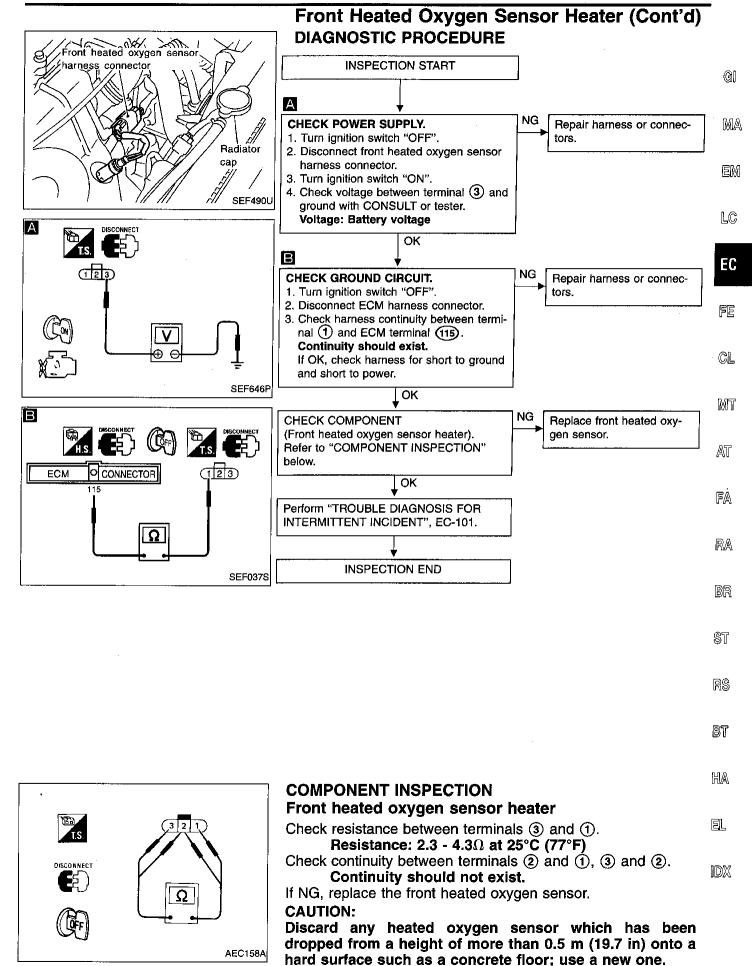
IDX

EC-187 343

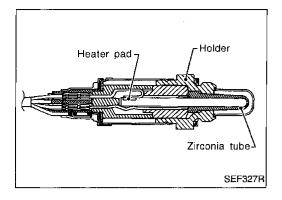
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)







EC-189



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

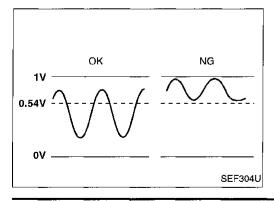
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	w .	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

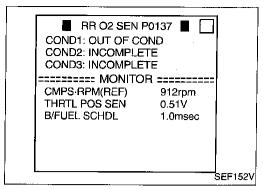


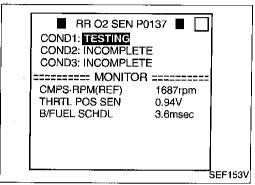
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

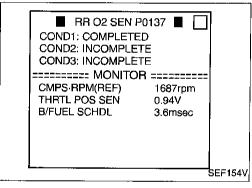
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

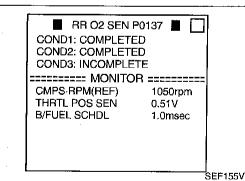
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0137 0511	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors

346 **EC-190**









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0137" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go
 - to step 11).
 If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT
- screen, go to the following step.

 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,600 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.9 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)



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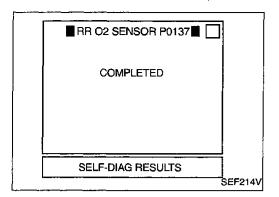
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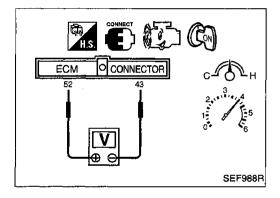
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

- 10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)
- 11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (sensor signal) and (engine ground).
- 4) Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

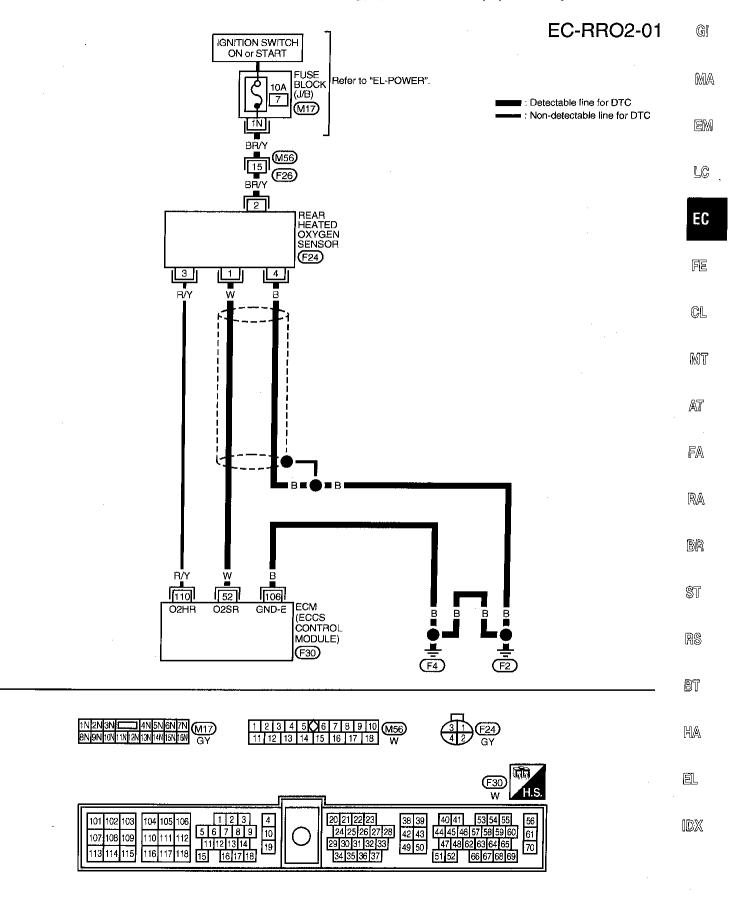
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

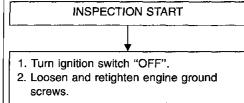
- 5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).
 - The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once during this procedure.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.

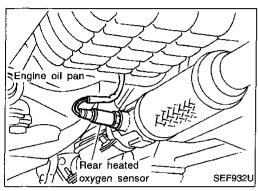
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)



Engine ground Engine ground Engine ground Engine ground SEF483U

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



Α

- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

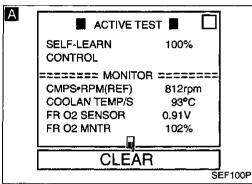
Turn ignition (

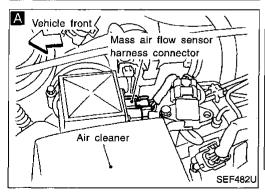


- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

↓No (A)

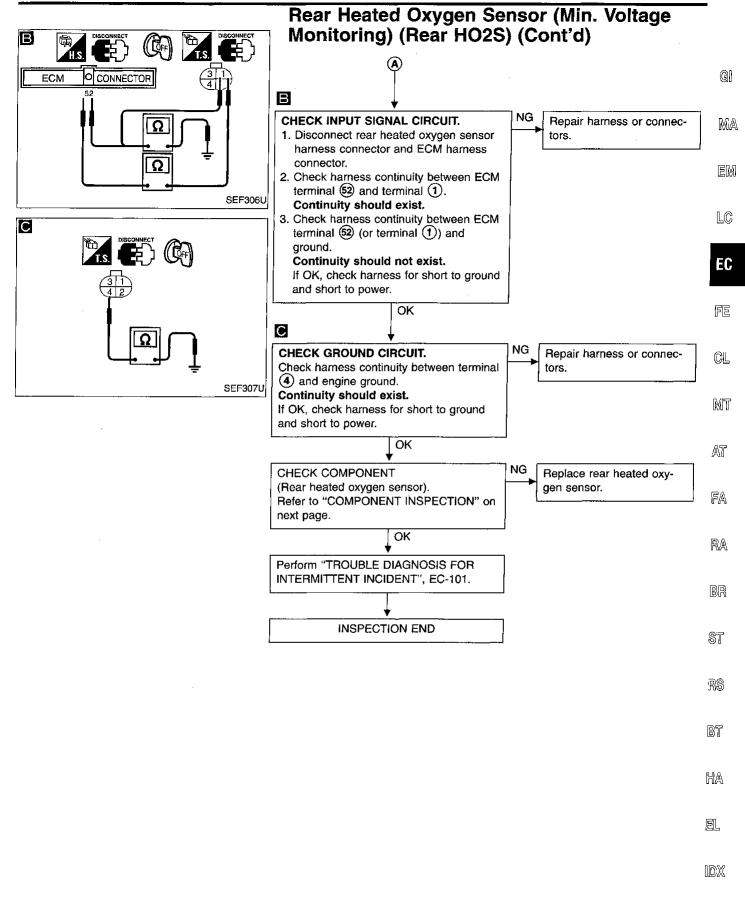
(Go to next page.)



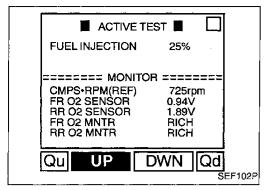


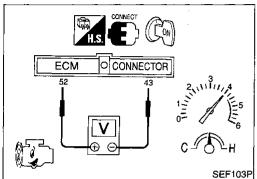
Yes

Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-225.



EC-195 351





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least

once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least

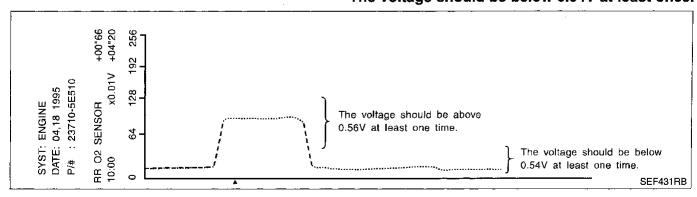
once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%. - OR -

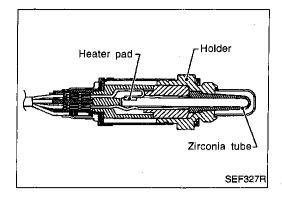


- Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals 52 (sensor signal) and @ (engine ground).
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times. (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T). The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas. Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sen-

sor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

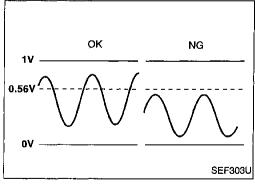
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

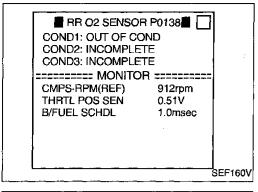
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	. reji
P0138 0510	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks 	· El

EC-197 353



RR 02 SENSOR P0138 COND1: TESTING
COND2: INCOMPLETE
COND3: INCOMPLETE
COND3: INCOMPLETE
COMPS: RPM(REF) 1687rpm
THRTL POS SEN 0.94V
B/FUEL SCHDL 3.6msec

RR 02 SENSOR P0138

RR 02 SENSOR P0138

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0138" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load. If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11). If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,600 rpm

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

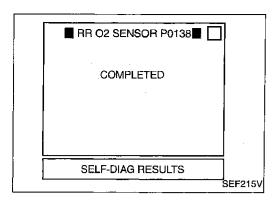
B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.9 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

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Procedure for COND3

10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". LC

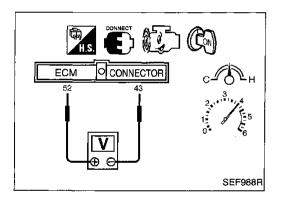
If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-201.

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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

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1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

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2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).

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Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

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possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

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5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).

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The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once during this procedure.

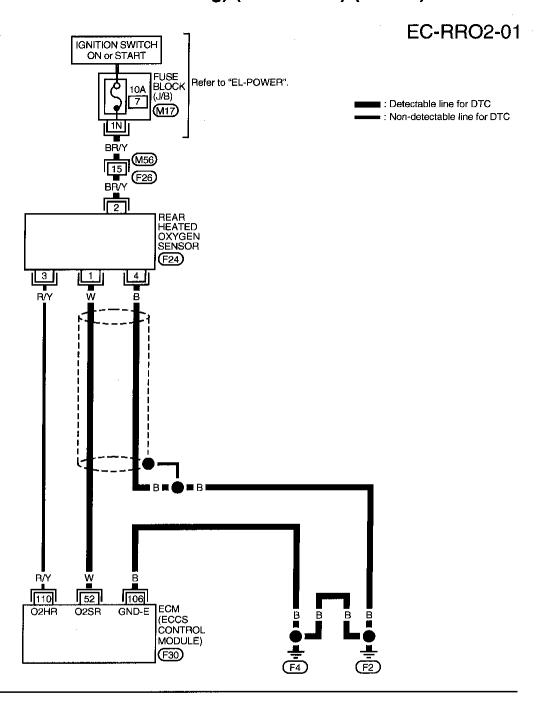
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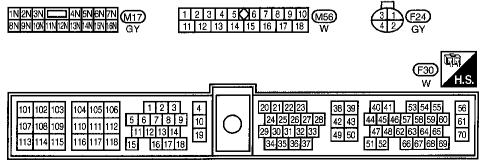
6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-201.

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EC-199 355

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)





ngine ground Intake manifold SEF483U

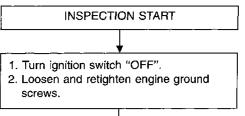
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

Yes

Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0171",

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DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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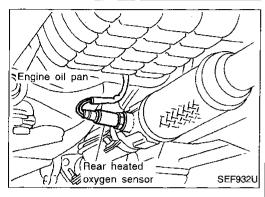
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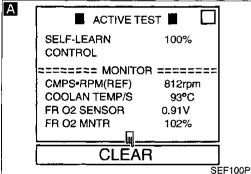
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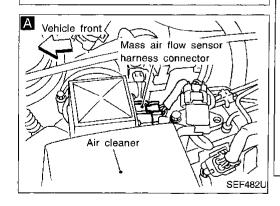
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CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal

- operating temperature. 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING
 - CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching
 - "CLEAR". 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start

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ÓR 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

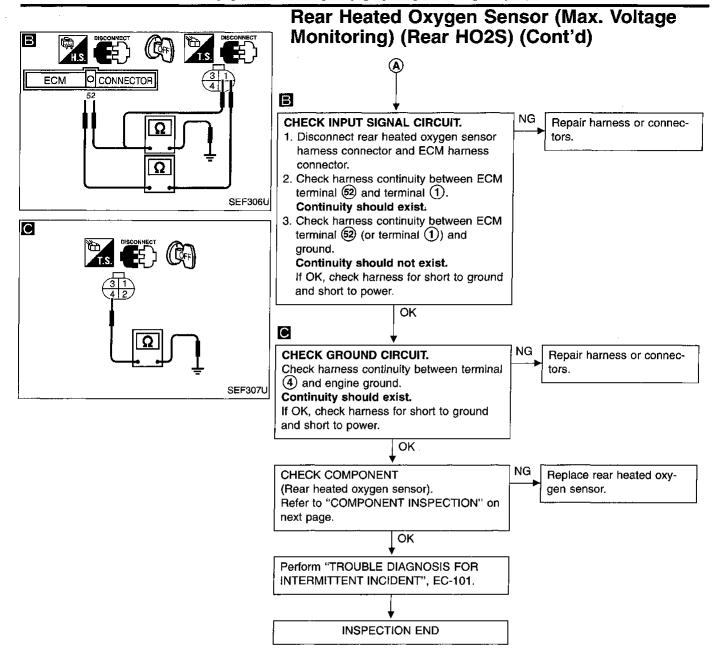
engine?

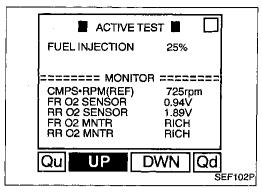
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

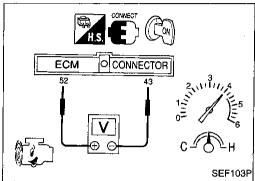
(Go to next page.)

EC-201

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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

- OR -

Stop vehicle with engine running.

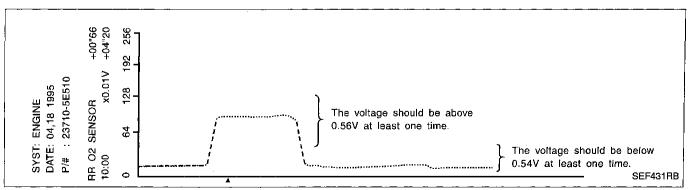
Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals 62 (sensor signal) and 🚳 (engine ground).

Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T). The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.



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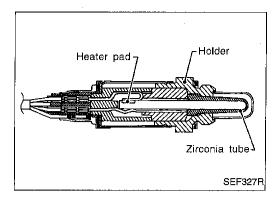
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

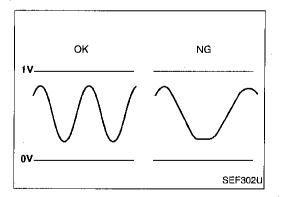
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up 1	m quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

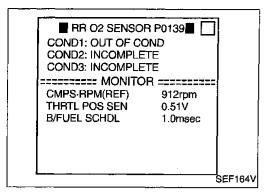


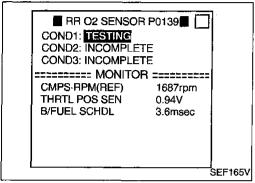
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

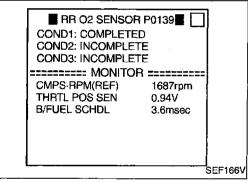
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

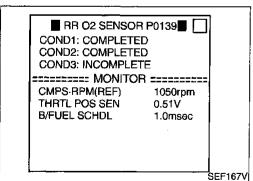
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0139 0707	It takes more time for the sensor to respond between rich and lean than the specified time.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks

360 **EC-204**









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0139" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.

 If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go
 - to step 11).

 If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,600 rpm Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.9 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "OD" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)



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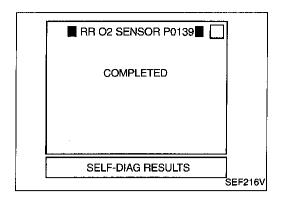
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

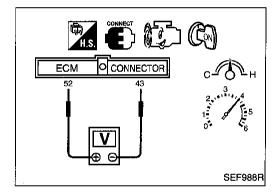
NOTE:

 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

- 10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)
- 11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-208.



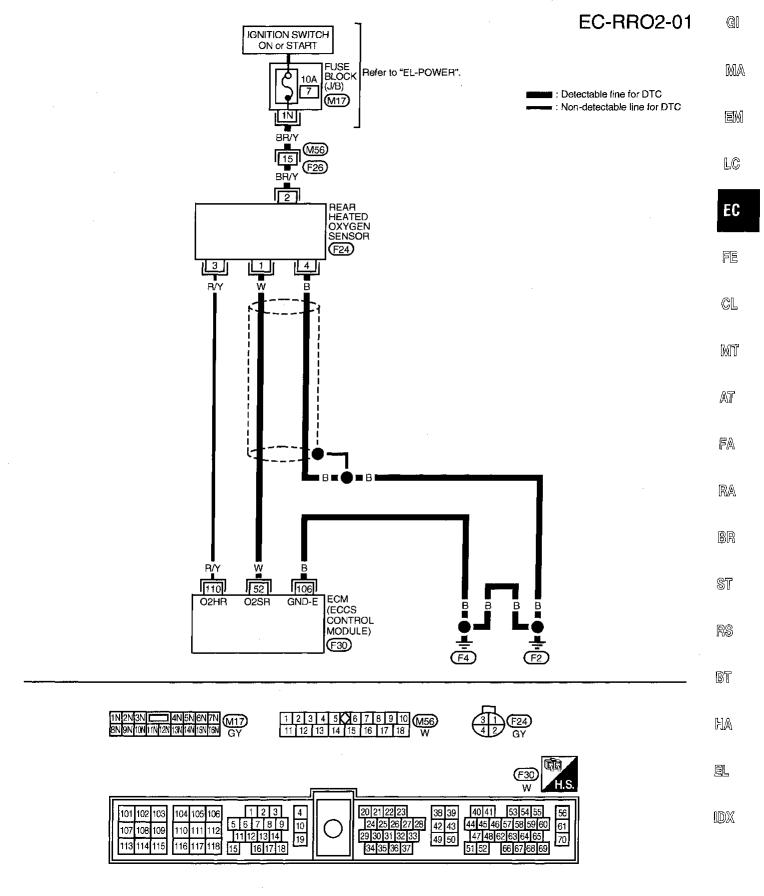
OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

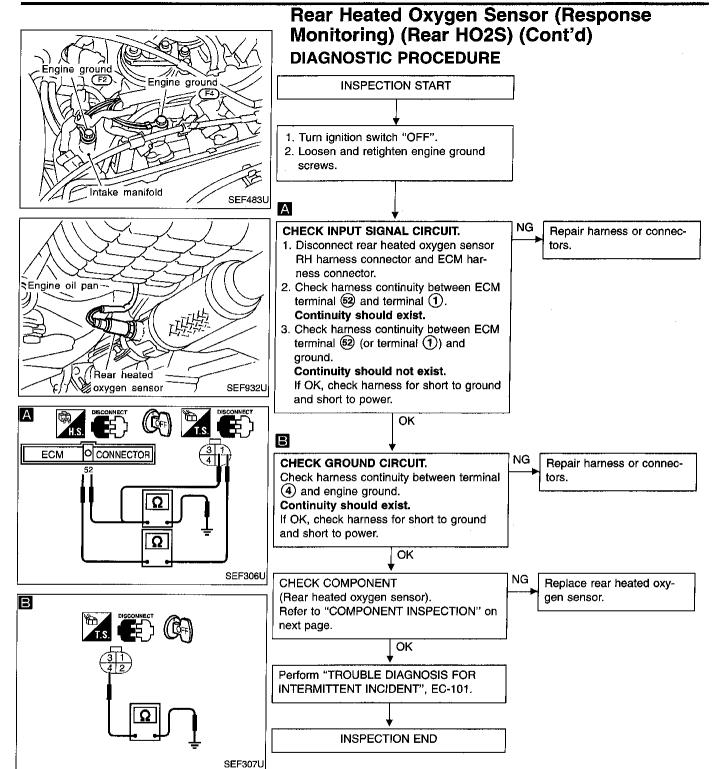
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

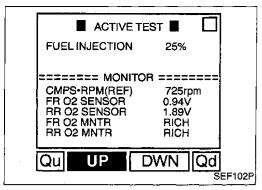


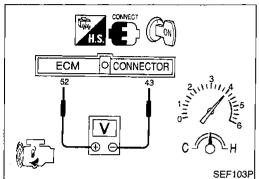
- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
 - The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
 - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.
- 5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).
 - The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-208.

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Rear heated oxygen sensor



Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

 Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

OR

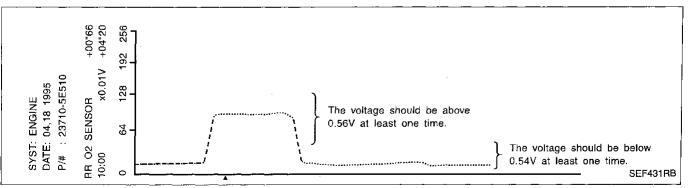
Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (9) (sensor signal) and 43 (engine ground).

4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times. (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T). The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.



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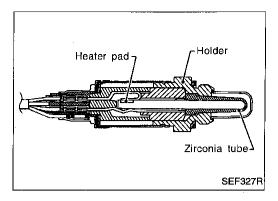
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

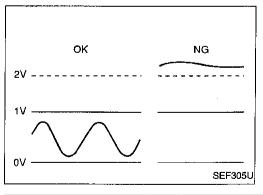
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	The ending after warming in the control of the con	rpm quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	w .	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V

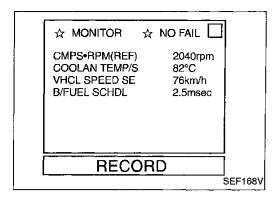


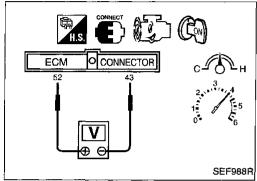
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether or not the voltage is too high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0140 0512	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor

366 EC-210





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

3) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,600 rpm VHCL SPEED SE: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.9 msec COOLAN TEMP/S: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F) Selector lever: Suitable position

 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-213.

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).

 Check the voltage after revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be below 2V during this procedure.

5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-213.

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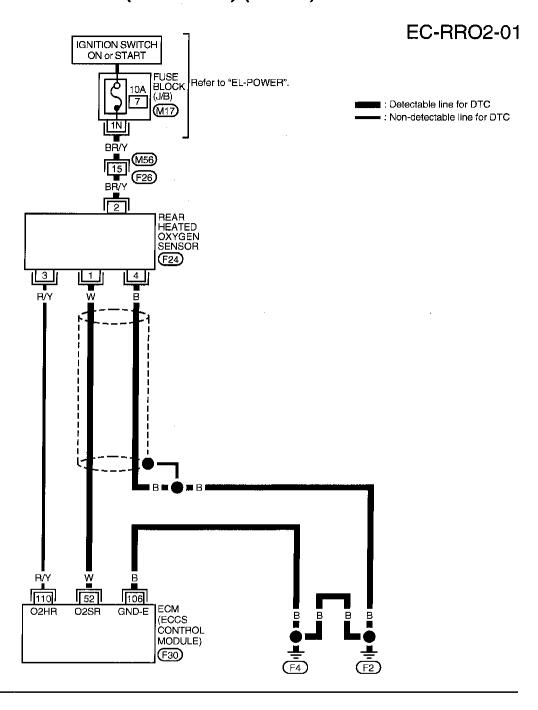
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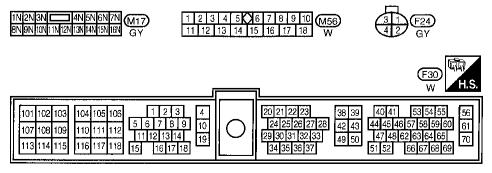
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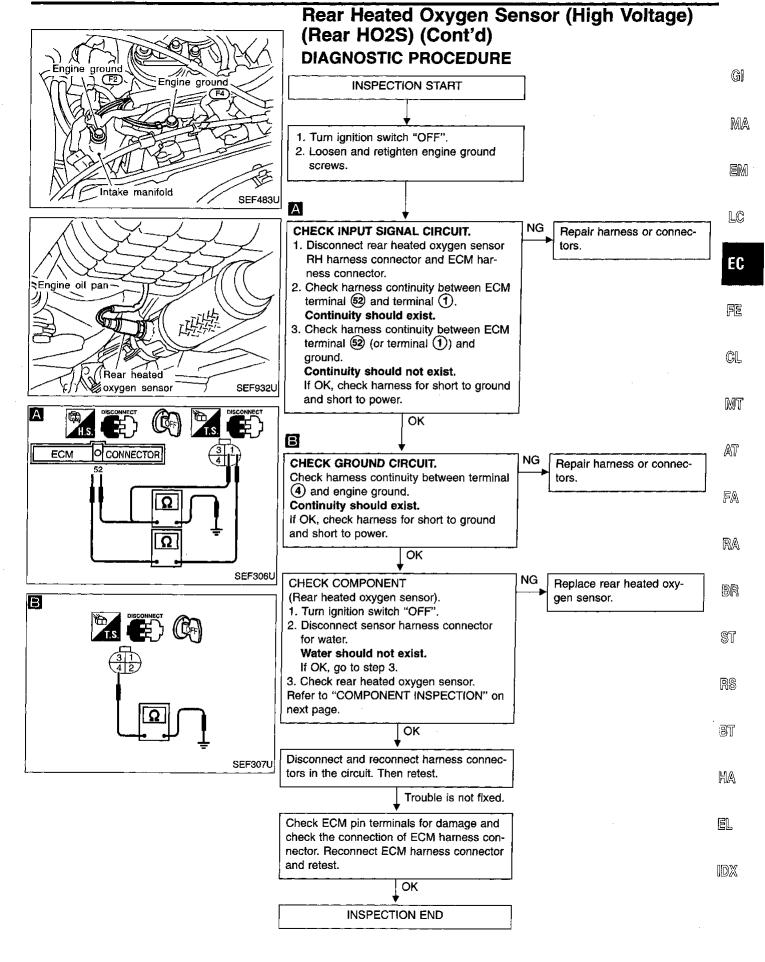
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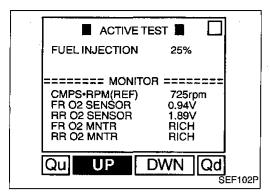
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

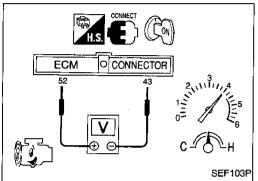






EC-213





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



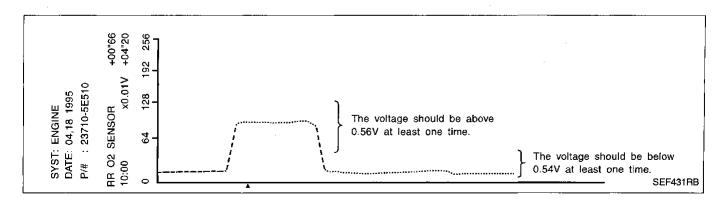
- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.
 - "RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.



 Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

- OR -

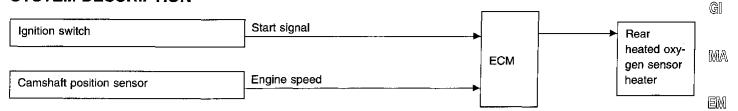
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals (2) (sensor signal) and (4) (engine ground).
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
 - The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.
- 5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T). The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

Below 3,000

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the rear heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine speed.

OPERATION	
Engine speed rpm	Rear heated oxygen sen heater
Above 3,000	OFF

ated oxygen sensor heater	LC
OFF	EC
ON	

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	©L
	• Engine speed: Idle [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more]	ON	
RR O2 HEATER	 Engine speed: Above 3,000 rpm Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) 	OFF	MT

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (4) (ECM ground).

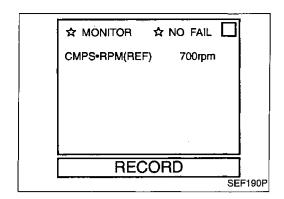
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	 [/
			Engine is running. [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more] Idle speed is below 3,000 rpm	Approximately 0.4V	
110	R/Y	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor heater	Ignition switch "ON" Engine stopped	BATTERY VOLTAGE	- St
			Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,000 rpm)	(11 - 14V	RS

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC		BT	
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0141 0902	 The current amperage in the rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM through the rear heated oxygen sensor heater.) 	 Harness or connectors (The rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor heater 	- Ha El

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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V.

- OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-218.



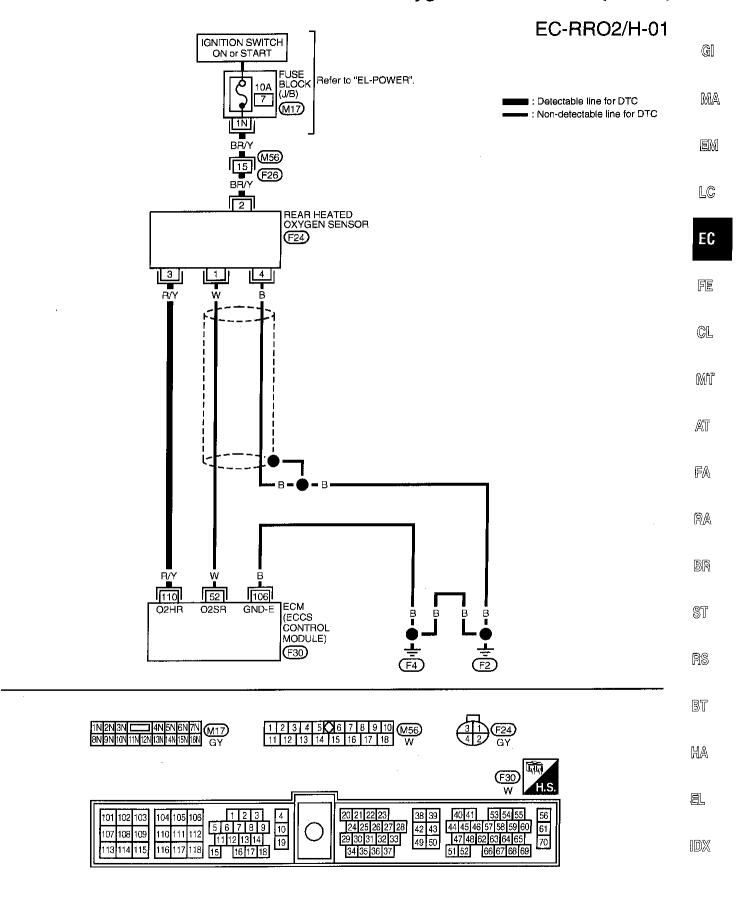
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-218.

- OR -



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-218.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)



Engine oil pan Rear heated SEF932U 🗱 oxygen sensor

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE INSPECTION START

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

Repair harness or connec-

Repair harness or connec-

Replace rear heated oxy-

gen sensor.

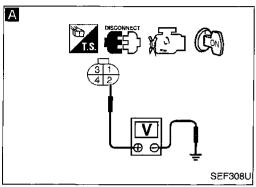
tors.

NG

CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect rear heated oxygen sensor harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4. Check voltage between terminal (2) and

Voltage: Battery voltage

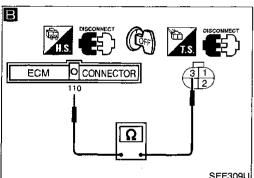


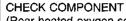
В CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between terminal 3 and ECM terminal 110. Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK



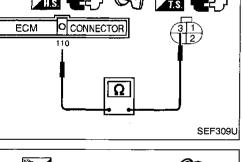


(Rear heated oxygen sensor heater). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below.

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.

INSPECTION END



COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

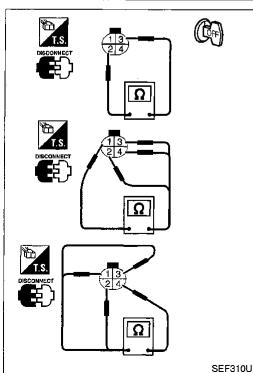
Check the following.

- Check resistance between terminals (2) and (3).
 - Resistance: 2.3 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
- Check continuity.

Terminal No.	Continuity
① and ②, ③, ④	No
4 and 1, 2, 3	· No

If NG, replace the rear heated oxygen sensor.

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)

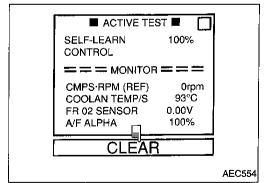
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

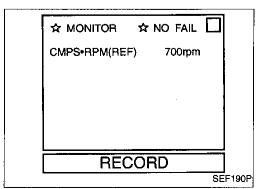
With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Density of oxygen in exhaust gas Front heated oxygen sensors **ECM** Injectors (Mixture ratio feedback signal)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check items (Possible Cause)	EC
P0171 0115	 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.) 	 Intake air leaks Front heated oxygen sensor Injectors Exhaust gas leaks 	FĒ
		Incorrect fuel pressure Lack of fuel Mass air flow sensor	CL
			mt





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.

4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.

The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

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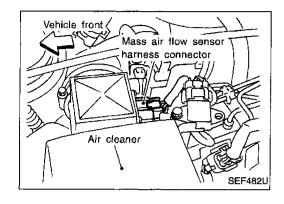
ID)X

EC-219

375

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.





- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

- OR –



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this

The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

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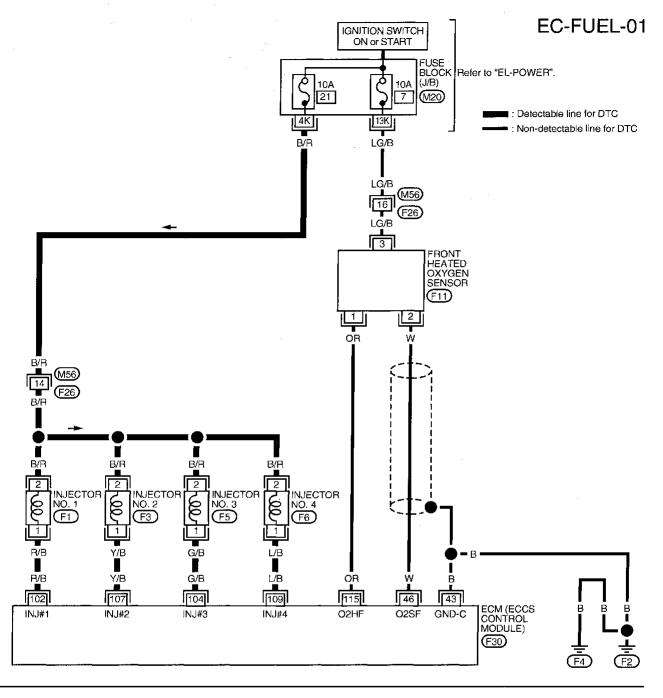
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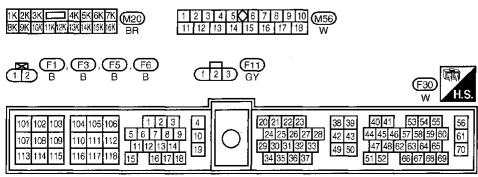
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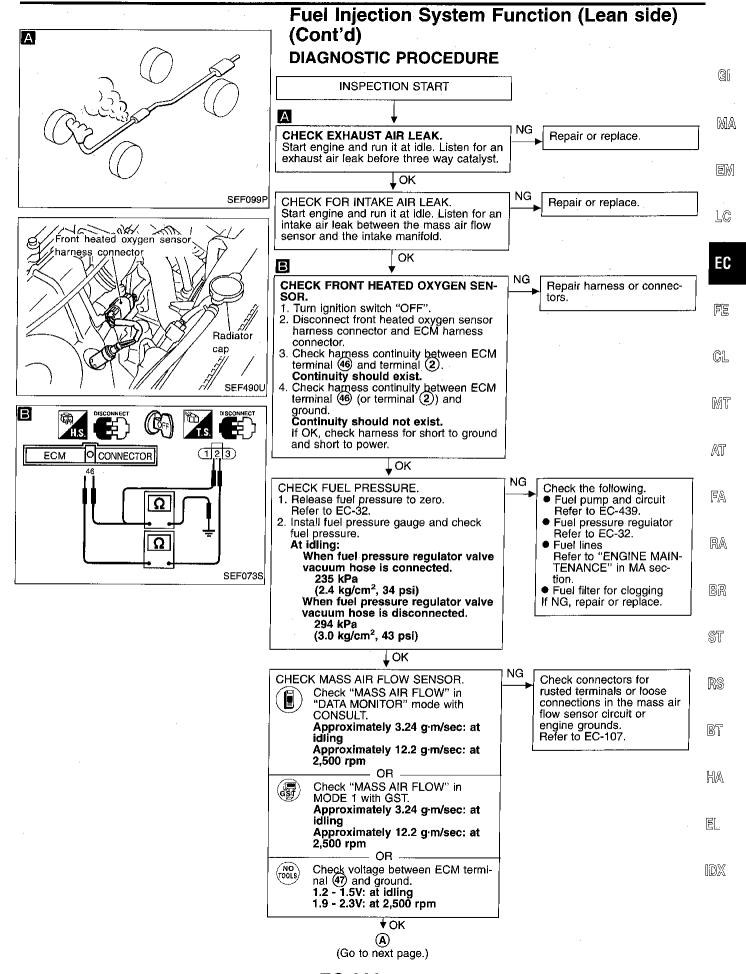
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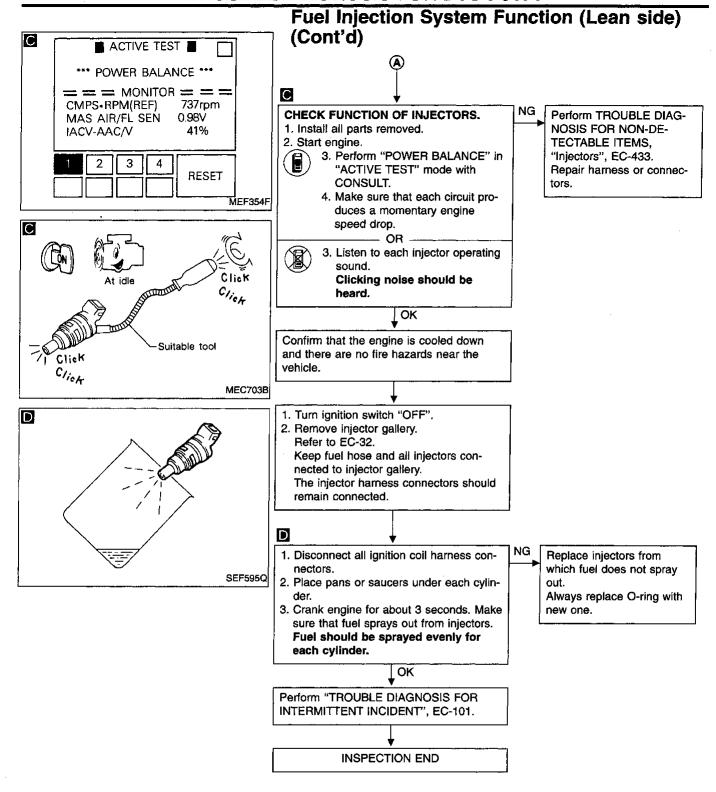
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Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)









Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)

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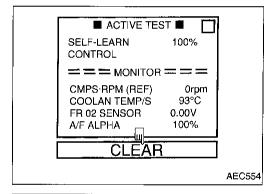
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

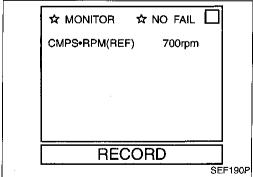
With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Front heated oxygen sensors	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	ECM		Injectors	LC
				,	

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0172 0114	 Fuel injection system does not operate properly. The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.) 	 Front heated oxygen sensor Injectors Exhaust gas leaks Incorrect fuel pressure Mass air flow sensor 	-





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

 Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.

4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".

5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.

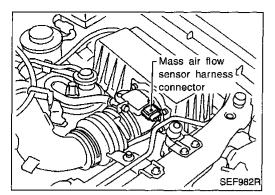
The 1st trip DTC P0172 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.

8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-228. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

OR ----- 10%

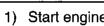
EC-225

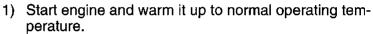


Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

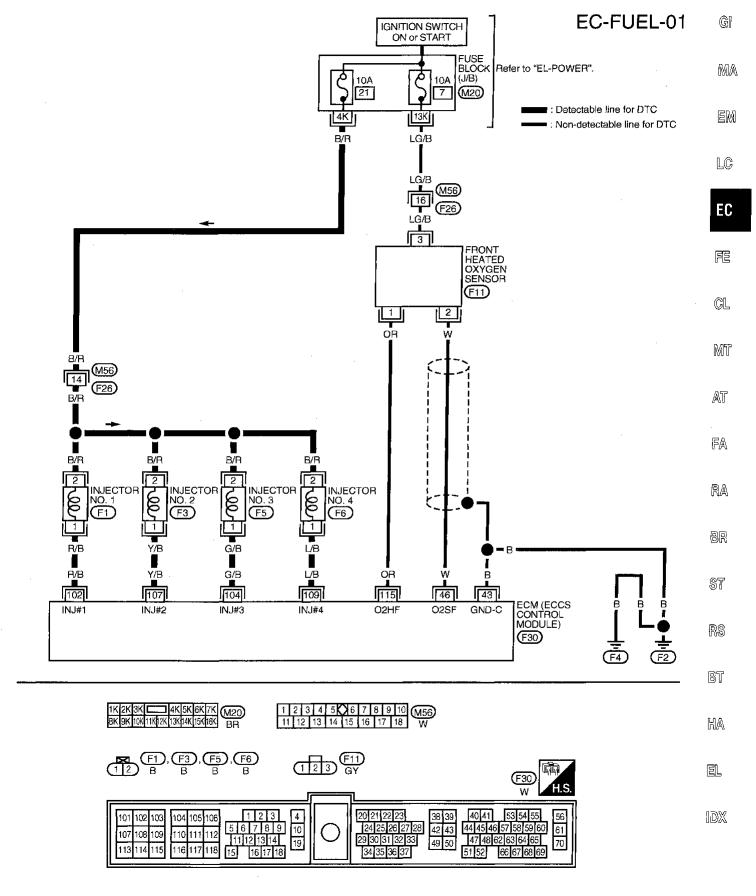


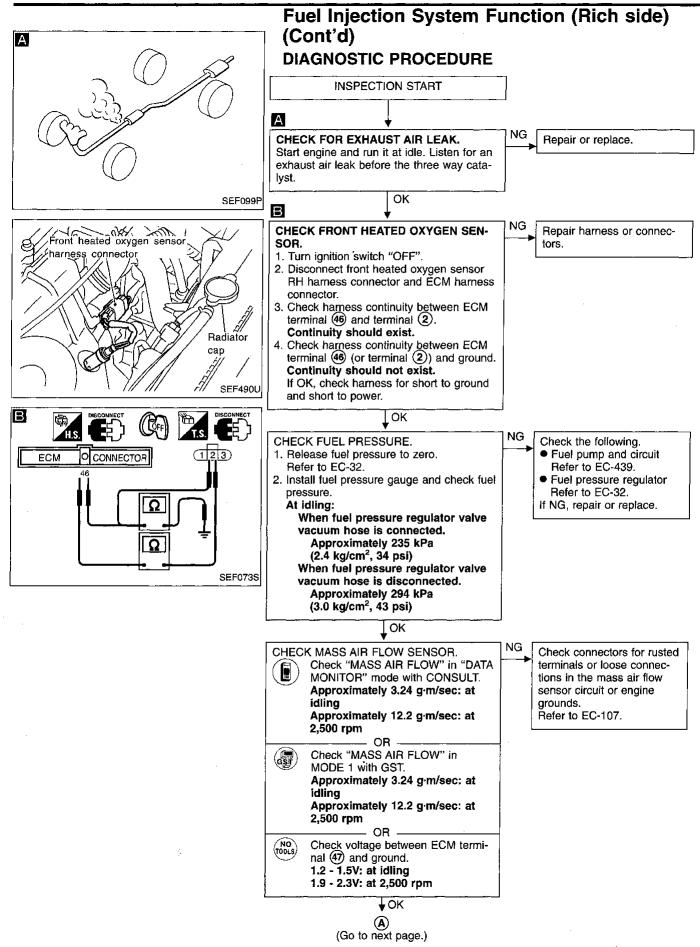


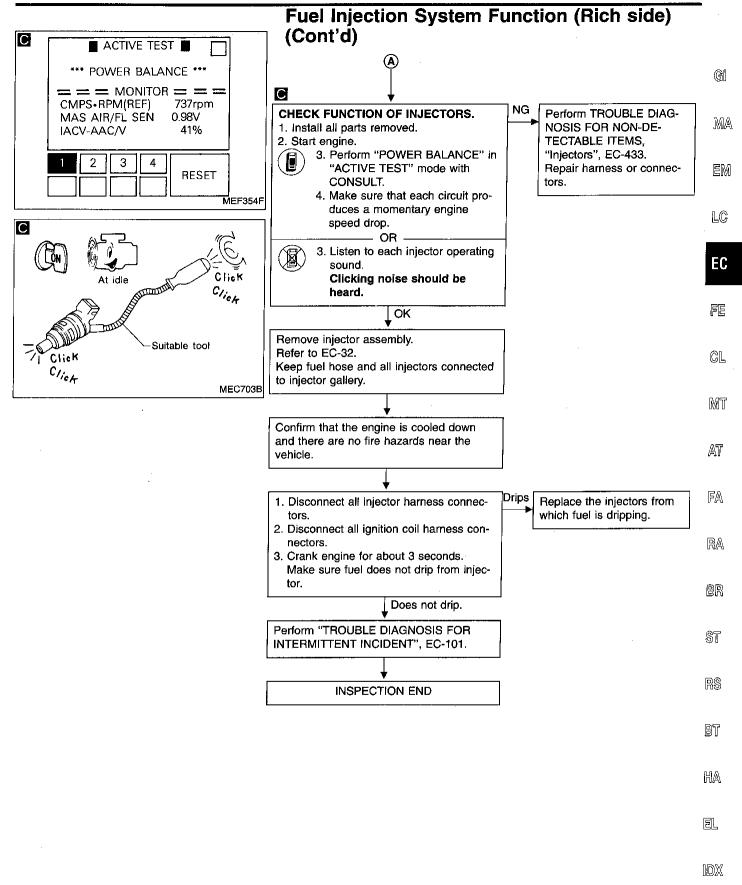
- OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart engine and run it for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 - The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.
- 11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-223. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

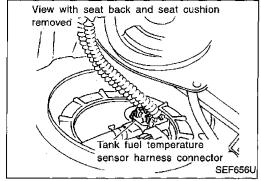






EC-229

385



20 - 10 - 20 40 60 80 100 (-4) (32) (68) (104) (176) (212) Temperature °C (°F) SEF012P

Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The tank fuel temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

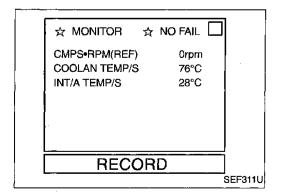
<Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (3) (Tank fuel temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (4) (ECM ground).

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Causes)
P0180	 An excessively high or low voltage is sent to ECM. 	Harness or connectors
0402	 Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant tempera- ture sensor and intake air temperature sensor. 	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ■ Tank fuel temperature sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
 If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE", EC-233.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

NOTE: If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than 60°C (140°F) before step 4), the result will be OK. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-233.

Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 sec-

- OR -

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2) Select "MODE 7" with GST. If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE", EC-233.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

MA

3) Select "MODE 1" with GST and check for the engine coolant temperature.

EM

4) Cool engine down until the engine coolant temperature is less than 60°C (140°F). If the temperature is already less than 60°C (140°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.

5) Wait at least 10 seconds.

LC

6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

EC

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC" PROCEDURE", EC-233. - OR -

1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.

FE

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

MT

CIL

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM. If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-

CEDURE", EC-233. If the result is OK, go to following step.

4) Cool engine down until the voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Engine coolant temperature) and ground becomes more than 1.9V.

FA

If the voltage is already more than 1.9V before step 4), the result will be OK.

Wait at least 10 seconds.

RA

6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-233.

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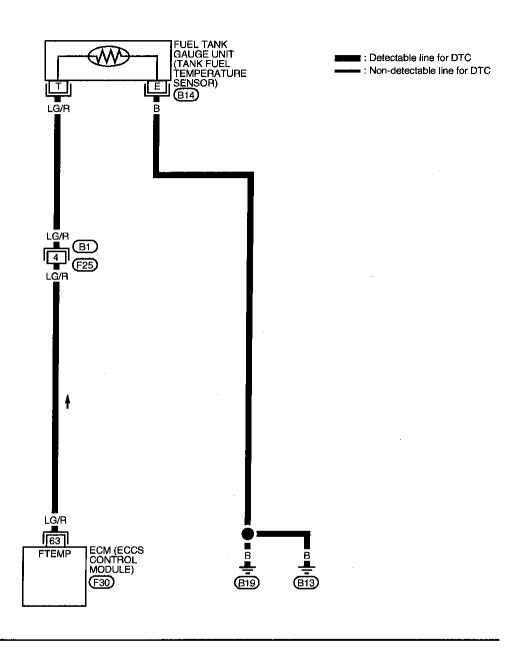
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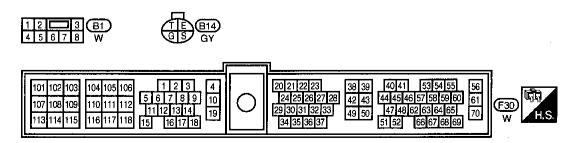
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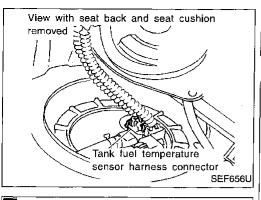
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Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

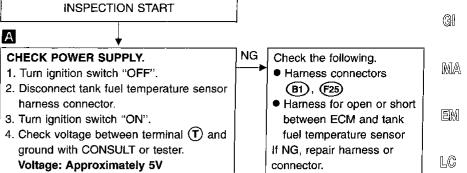
EC-TFTS-01





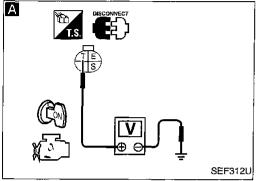


Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



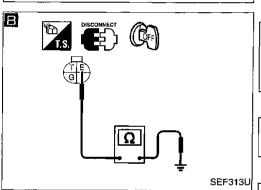
NG

tors.



OK В CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT. 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Check harness continuity between terminal (E) and body ground. Continuity should exist. If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Repair harness or connec-FE



CHECK COMPONENT Replace tank fuel tempera-(Tank fuel temperature sensor). ture sensor. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION"

OK Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101. INSPECTION END

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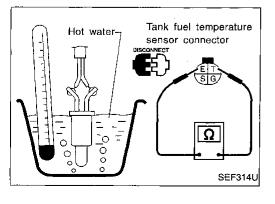
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.



No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If a misfire occurs, the engine speed will fluctuate. If the fluctuation is detected by the crankshaft position sensor (OBD), the misfire is diagnosed.

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine speed	ECM
	-	

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

When a misfire is detected which will overheat and damage the three way catalyst, the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) will start blinking; even during the first trip. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire every 200 revolutions.

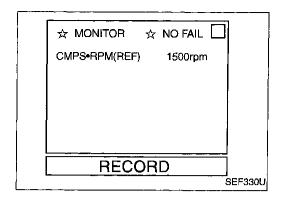
If the misfire frequency decreases to a level that will not damage the three way catalyst, the MIL will change from blinking to lighting up.

(After the first trip detection, the MIL will light up from engine starting. If a misfire is detected that will cause three way catalyst damage, the MIL will start blinking.)

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

When a misfire that will not damage the three way catalyst (but will affect exhaust emission) occurs, the malfunction indicator lamp will light up based on two trip detection logic. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire for every 1,000 revolutions of the engine.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0300 (0701)	Multiple cylinders misfire.	Improper spark plugInsufficient compression
P0301 (0608)	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect fuel pressure EGR valve The injector circuit is open or shorted
P0302 (0607)	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	Injectors Intake air leak
P0303 (0606)	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	The ignition secondary circuit is open or shorted Lack of fuel Drive plate/Flywheel
P0304 (0605)	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	Front heated oxygen sensor Incorrect distributor rotor



No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE (Overall)

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test. G

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TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

 Turn ignition switch "ON", and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

 Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

4) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 - 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-236.

-- OR -

•

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 - 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.

4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-236.

- OR -

NO TOOLS Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

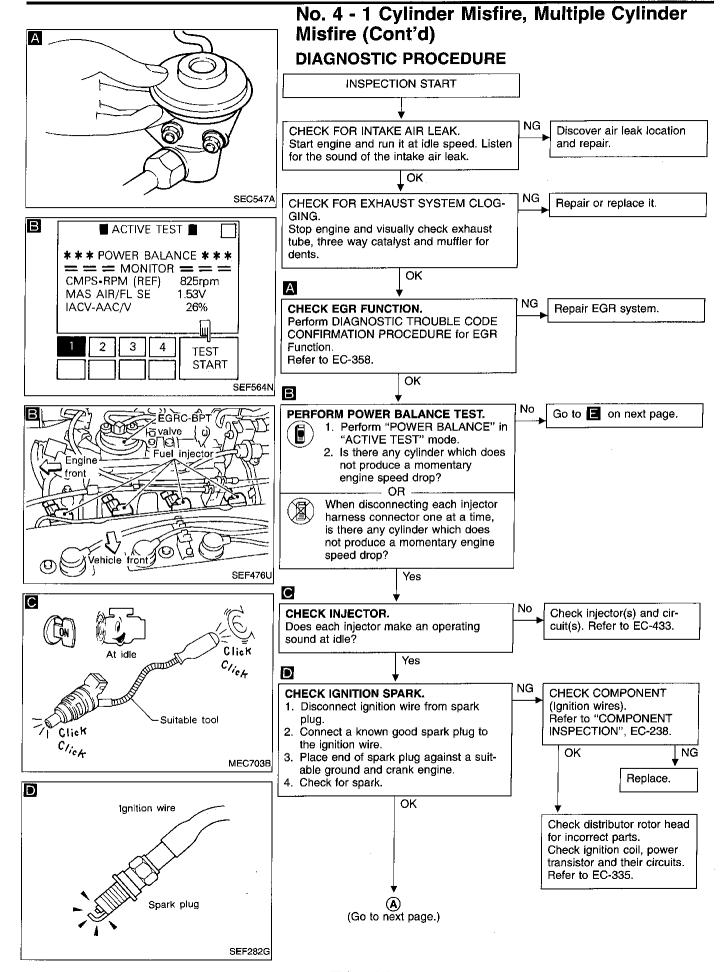
3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 - 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

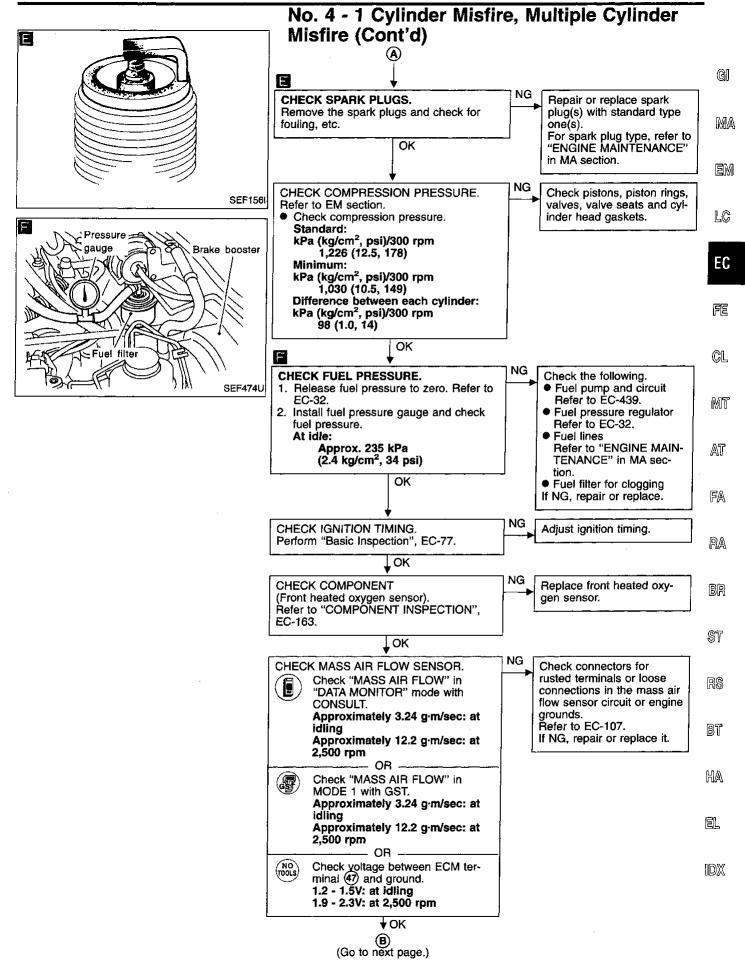
4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".

5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

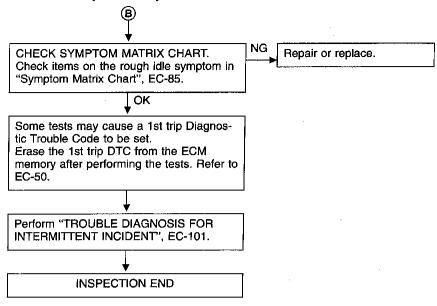
6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-236.

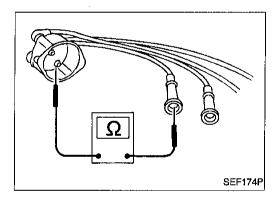
EC-235 391





No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)





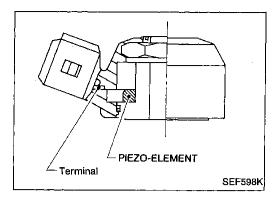
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ignition wires

- 1. Inspect wires for cracks, damage, burned terminals and for improper fit.
- Measure the resistance of wires to their distributor cap terminal. Move each wire while testing to check for intermittent breaks.

Resistance:

13.6 - 18.4 k Ω /m (4.15 - 5.61 k Ω /ft) at 25°C (77°F) If the resistance exceeds the above specification, inspect ignition wire to distributor cap connection. Clean connection or replace the ignition wire with a new one.



Knock Sensor (KS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

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* Freeze frame data will not be stored in the ECM for the knock sensor. The MIL will not light for knock sensor malfunction. The knock sensor has one trip detection logic.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MiNAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	FE Cl
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V	WT

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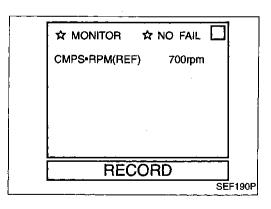
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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0325 0304	 An excessively low or high voltage from the knock sensor is sent to ECM. 	 Harness or connectors (The knock sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Knock sensor 	,



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-242.



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- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-242.

- OR -



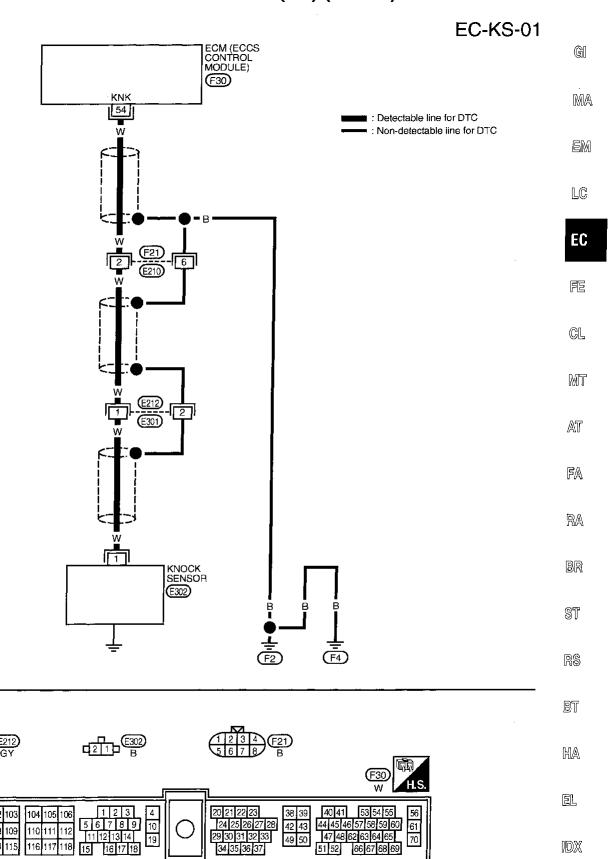
1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

EC-239 395

Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-242.

Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)



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44 45 46 57 58 59 60 47 48 62 63 64 65 51 52 66 67 68 69

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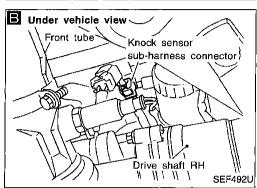
101 102 103

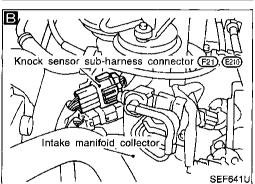
107 108 109 104 105 106

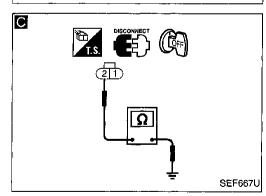
110 111

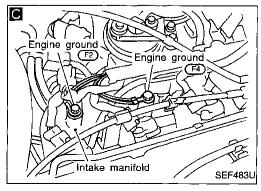
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ECM O CONNECTOR 54 SEF315U

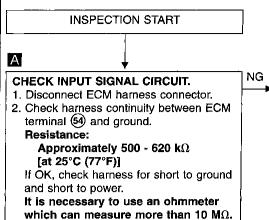








Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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Check the following.

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• Harness connectors (F21), (E210)

• Harness connectors (E212) , (E301)

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

 Knock sensor (Refer to "COMPONENT INSPEC-TION" below.)

If NG, replace knock sensor.

CHECK SHIELD CIRCUIT.

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- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.
- 3. Disconnect knock sensor sub-harness connector (£212) .
- 4. Check the following.
 - Continuity between knock sensor sub-harness connector (£212) terminal (2) and ground

Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power. Then reconnect knock sensor sub-harness connector (£212).

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.

INSPECTION END

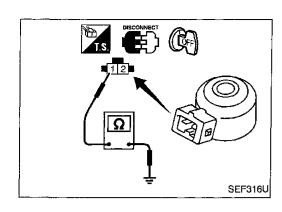
В

NG

Check the following.

- Harness connector
 (£212)
- Harness connectors
 (F21), (E210)
- Harness for open or short between connectors (£212) and (£210)
- Harness for open or short between connector
 (F21) and ground
 If NG, repair open circuit or

short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Knock sensor

- Use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 MΩ.
- 1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminal ① and ground.
 Resistance: 500 620 kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]

CAUTION:

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.

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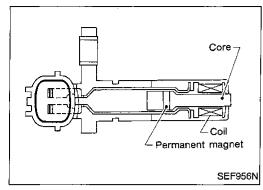
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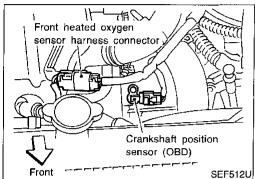
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transaxle housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (AC Voltage)
		Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0.5V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF643U
53	BR		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0335 0802	The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running at the specified engine speed.	Harness or connectors (The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) circuit is open.) Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

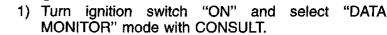
	☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL
	CMPS•RPM(REF) 700rpm
1	
	RECORD
	SEF190F

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



2) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-247.

1) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.

- OR -

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-247.

-- OR -

 Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic AT results) with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-247.

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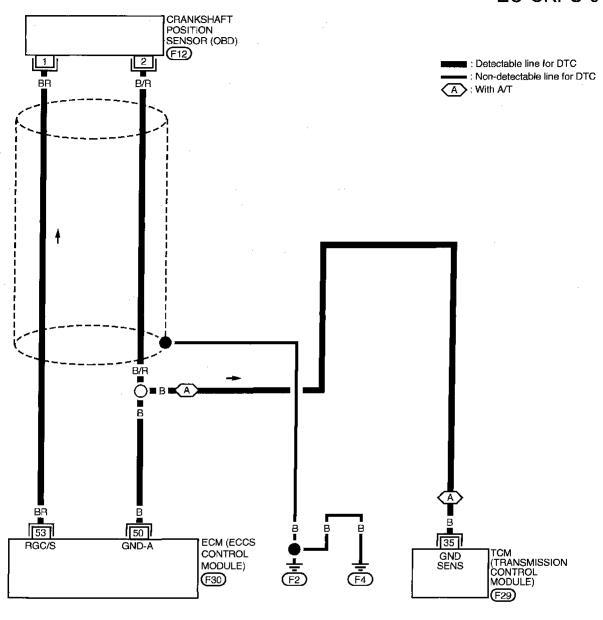
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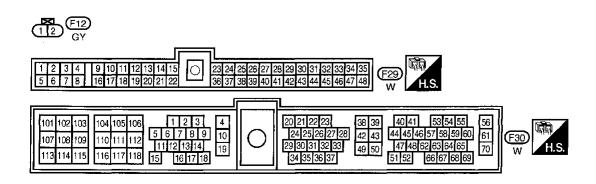
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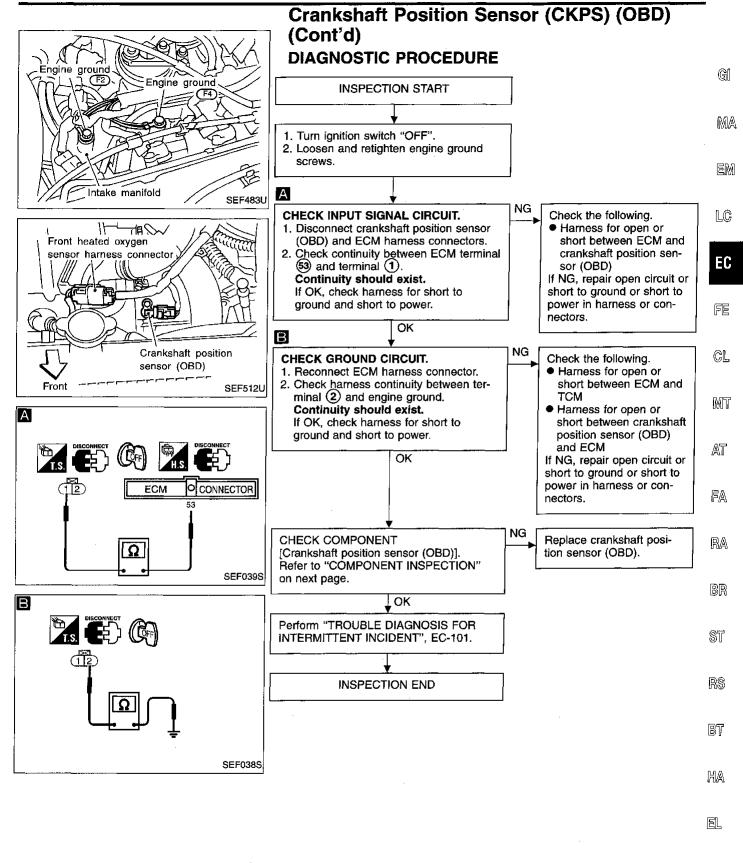
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

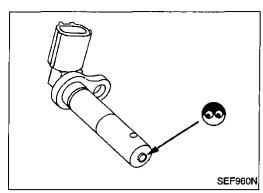
EC-CKPS-01

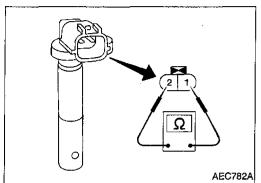






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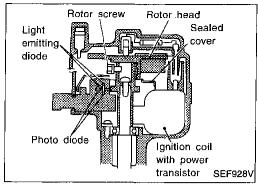
Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

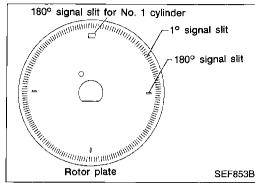
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- Check resistance as shown in the figure.
 Resistance: Approximately 432 528Ω
 [at 25°C (77°F)]

If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).





Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The camshaft position sensor is a basic component of the engine control system. It monitors engine speed and piston position. These input signals to the ECM are used to control fuel injection, ignition timing and other functions.

The camshaft position sensor has a rotor plate and a waveforming circuit. The rotor plate has 360 slits for a 1° (POS) signal and 4 slits for a 180° (REF) signal. The wave-forming circuit consists of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) and photo diodes.

The rotor plate is positioned between the LED and the photo diode. The LED transmits light to the photo diode. As the rotor plate turns, the slits cut the light to generate rough-shaped pulses. These pulses are converted into on-off signals by the wave-forming circuit and sent to the ECM.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap and rotor head.

NOTE:

The rotor screw which secures distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be torqued properly.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	• /
4 W/G	W/G	G ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running. [Ignition switch "OFF"] For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V	. () ()
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	S
40	LY	Camshaft position sensor (Reference signal)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed	0.1 - 0.5V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T	
44	L		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T	

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Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

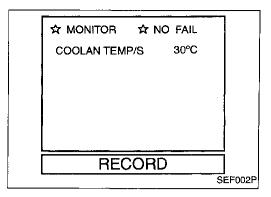
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0 0.2ms SEF19ST
41	B/W Camshaft position sensor (Position signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF196T	
56	W/R	Power cumply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE
61	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch Oil	(11 - 14V)
113	W/L	Current return	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0340 0101	A) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking.	Harness or connectors (The camshaft position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
	B) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM often enough while the engine speed is higher than the specified engine speed.	 Camshaft position sensor Starter motor (Refer to EL section.) Starting system circuit (Refer to EL section.) Dead (Weak) battery
	C) The relation between 1° and 180° signal is not in the normal range during the specified engine speed.	

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B and C".



Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

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3) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

EC



- OR -



Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

CL



- 1) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

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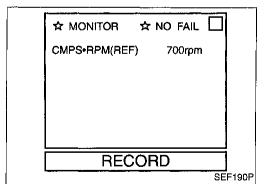
3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

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Procedure for malfunction B and C

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

RS

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

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- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

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3) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.

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4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC" PROCEDURE", EC-254.



1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle IDX speed.

- OR --

- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

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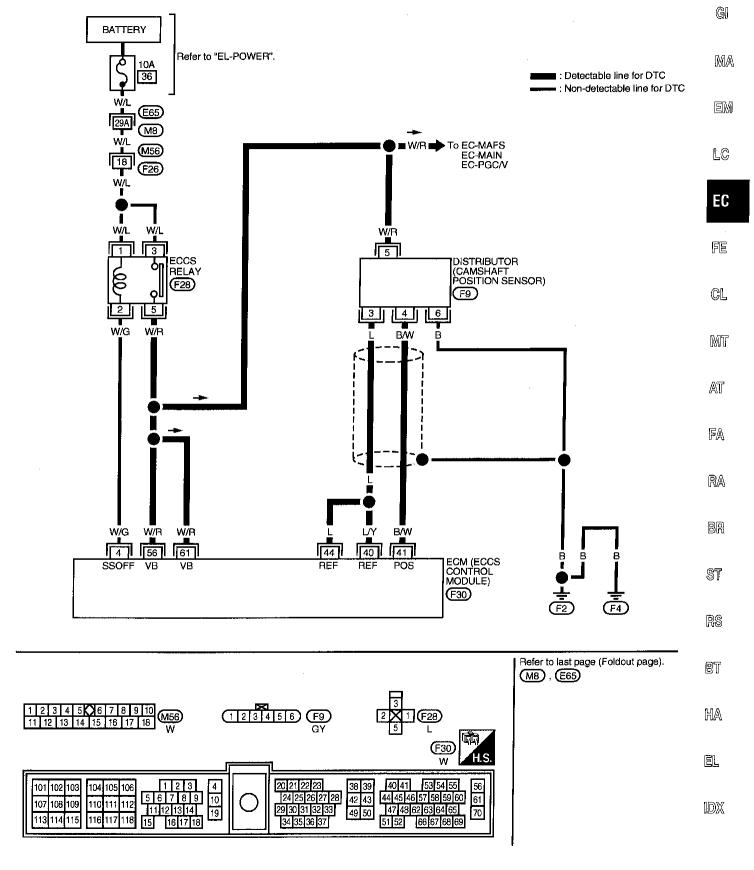
Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

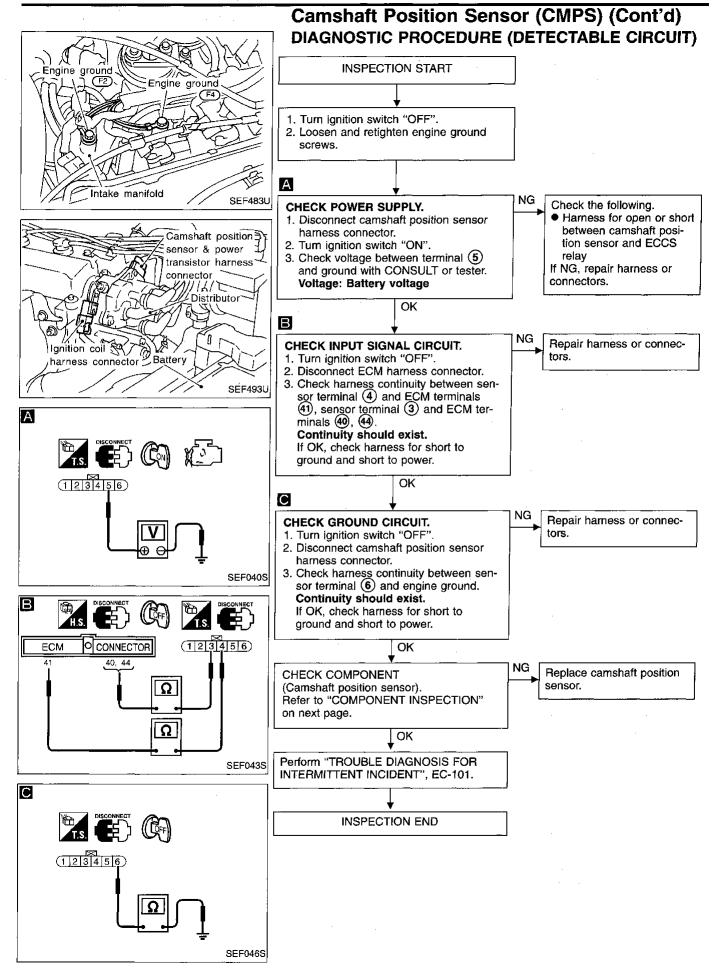


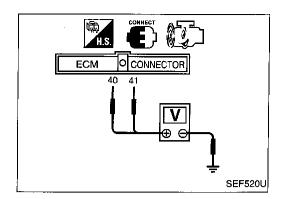
- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

EC-CMPS-01







Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Camshaft position sensor

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.

2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 49 (or 49), 49 and ground.

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Condition	Terminal	Voltage	EM
	④ and ground	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF195T	LC EC
Engine running at idle	(40) (or (44)) and ground	Approximately 0.1 - 0.5V	CL
		10ms SEF199T	MT AT
		Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V	FA
	41) and ground	5 0	RA BR
Engine speed is 2,000		SEF196T	נוועט
rpm	40 (or 44) and ground	Approximately 0.2 - 0.4V	ST
		(V) 10 5 0	RS
		10ms	BT
	P-1-9-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	SEF200T	KA

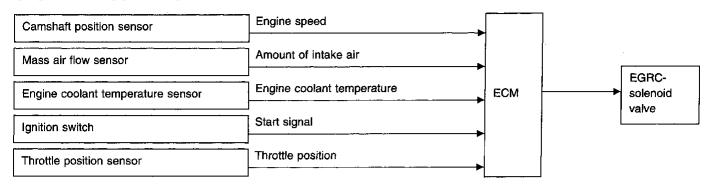
If NG, replace distributor assembly with camshaft position sensor.

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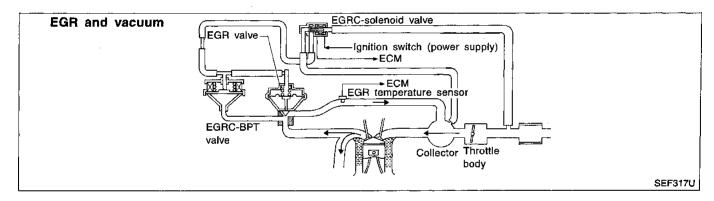
EGR Function (Close)

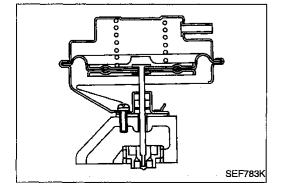
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM cuts the current for the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low ambient temperature

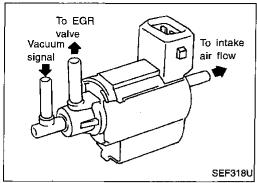




COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.



EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

EGRC-solenoid valve

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

DATA.

A plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold to the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.



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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0400	No EGR flow is detected under conditions that call	● EGR valve stuck closed	TA T
0302	for EGR.	● EGRC-BPT valve	
		Vacuum hose	
		EGRC-solenoid valve	FA
		● EGR passage	
		● EGR temperature sensor	
		Exhaust gas leaks	$\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

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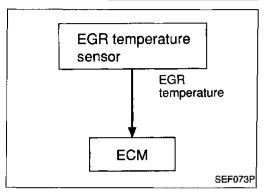
RS

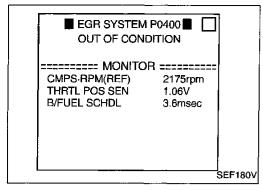
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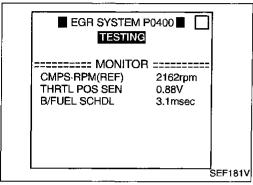
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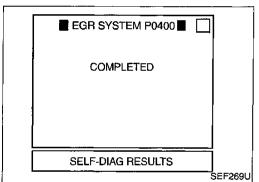
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EC-257 413









EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- During the test, P0400 will not be stored in ECM even though "NG" is displayed on the CONSULT screen.

TESTING CONDITION:

For best results, perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F) or higher.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON"
- 2) Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode witch CONSULT. Confirm COOLAN TEMP/S value is within the range listed below.

COOLANT TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant tempeature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle. When the engine coolant temperature reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.
- 6) Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle. If "COMPLETED" with "OK" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 9). If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT
 - screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

CMPŚ·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,400 rpm (A/T) 1,800 - 2,800 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.8 - 3.4 msec (A/T)

2.1 - 2.6 msec (M/T)

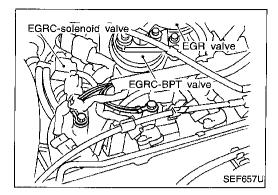
THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 4.5) V

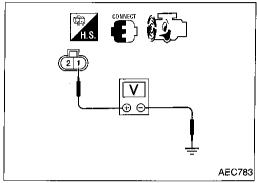
X = Voltage value measured at step 7)

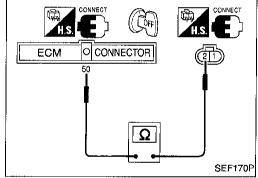
Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

9) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-261.







EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd) OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall EGR function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm under no load using the following methods.

EĞR valve should lift up and down without sticking.

If NG, go to A in DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE on EC-261.

 Check voltage between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal (1) and ground at idle speed.

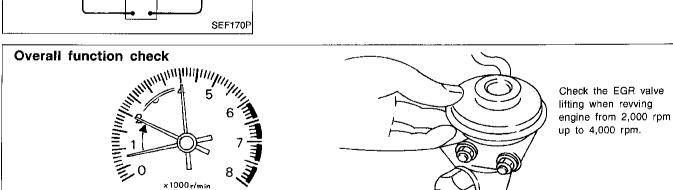
Less than 4.5V should exist.

4) Turn ignition switch "OFF".

5) Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ② and ECM terminal ⑤.

Continuity should exist.

6) Perform "COMPONENT INSPECTION", "EGR temperature sensor". Refer to EC-264.



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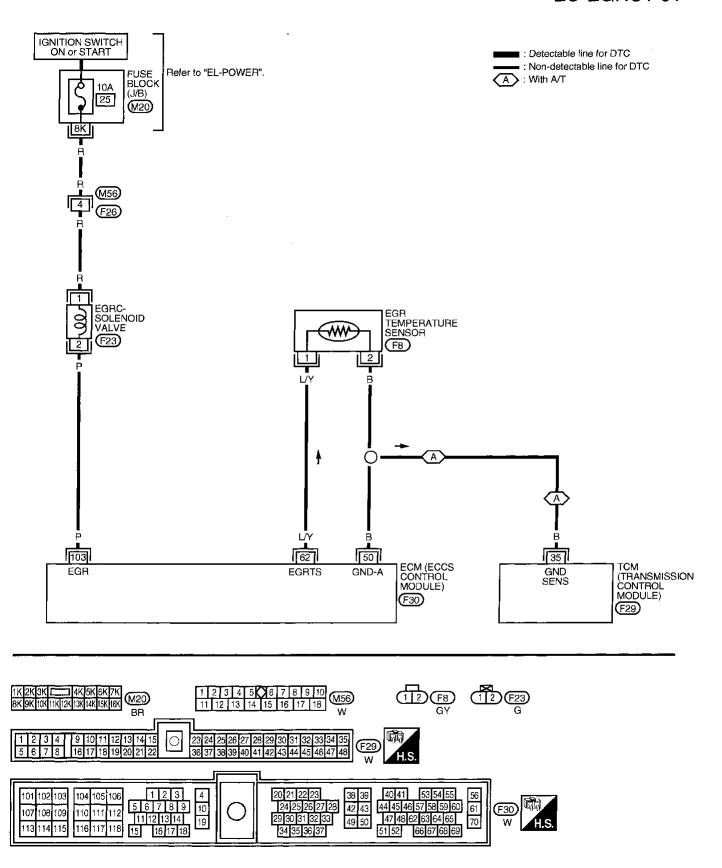
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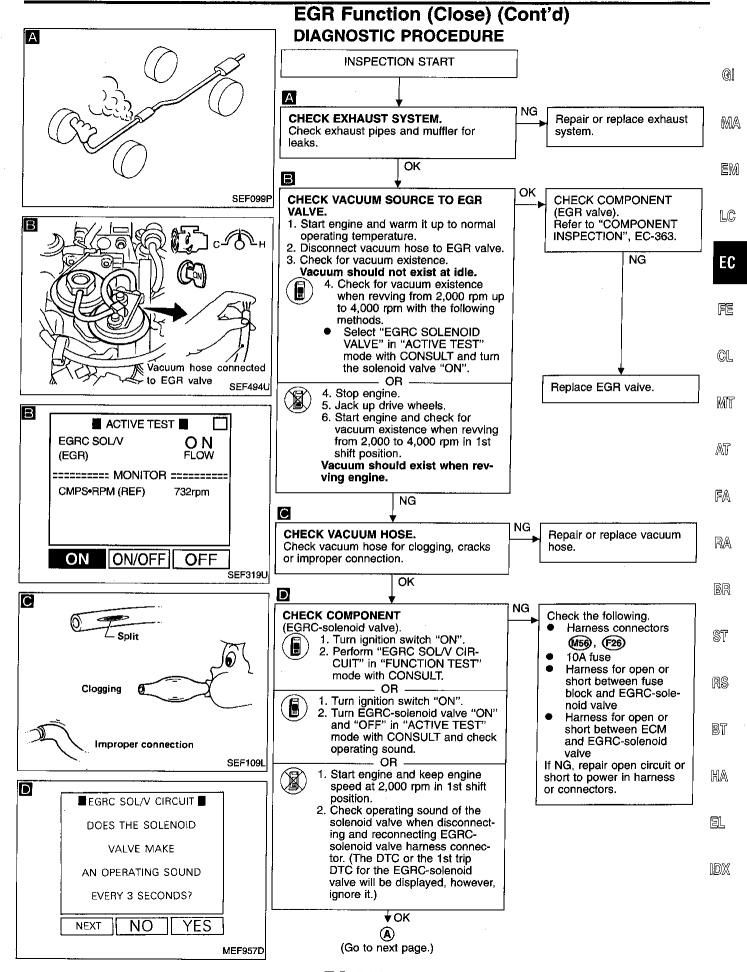
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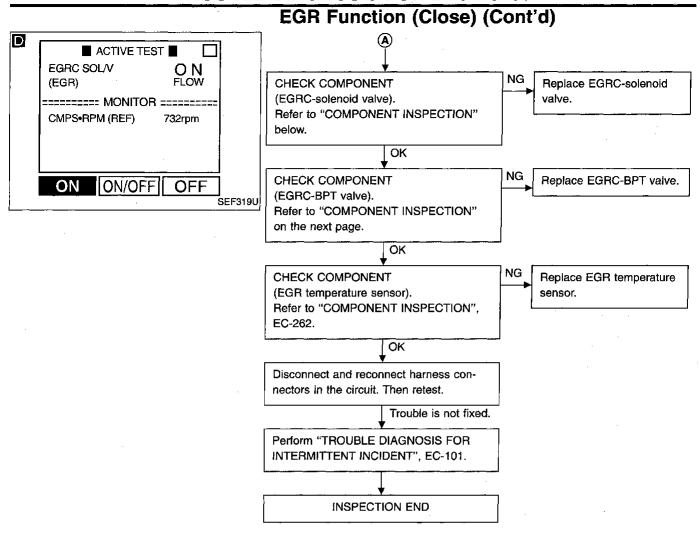
EC-259 415

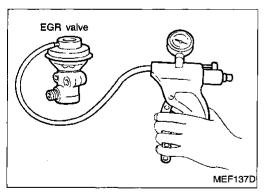
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

EC-EGRC1-01









COMPONENT INSPECTION

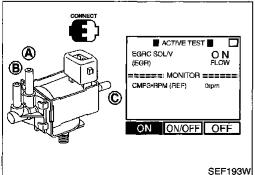
EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

• Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.

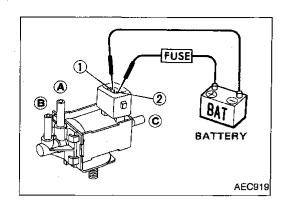


EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
Yes	No
No	Yes
	continuity between (A) and (B) Yes



EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd) - OR -

	OIT -	
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRCsolenoid valve.

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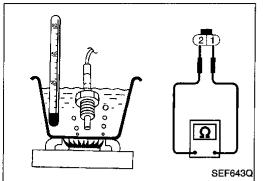
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EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

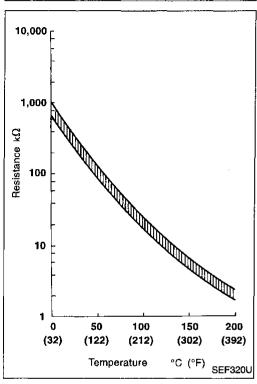
EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

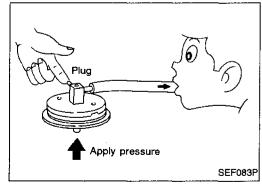
EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

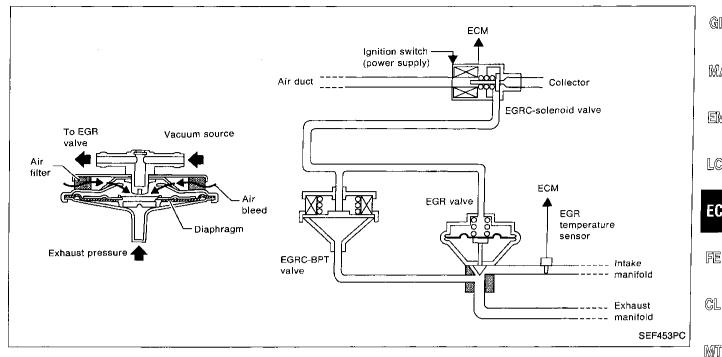


EGRC-BPT valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- 2. Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- 3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.



EGRC-BPT Valve Function



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-BPT valve monitors exhaust pressure to activate the diaphragm, controlling throttle body vacuum applied to the EGR valve. In other words, recirculated exhaust gas is controlled in response to positioning of the EGR valve or to engine operation.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If too much EGR flow exists due to an EGRC-BPT valve malfunction, off idle engine roughness will increase. If the roughness is large, then the vacuum to the EGR valve is interrupted through the EGRCsolenoid valve. If the engine roughness is reduced at that time, the EGRC-BPT valve malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	B
P0402 0306	The EGRC-BPT valve does not operate properly.	EGRC-BPT valve EGR valve Misconnected rubber tube	 S
		 Blocked rubber tube Camshaft position sensor Blocked exhaust system 	R
		 Orifice Mass air flow sensor EGRC-solenoid valve 	B
	<u> </u>	<u></u>	

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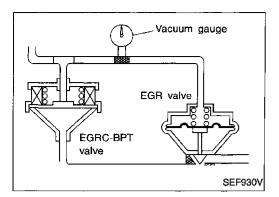
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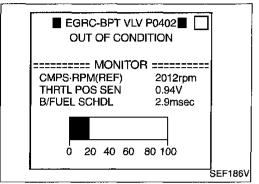
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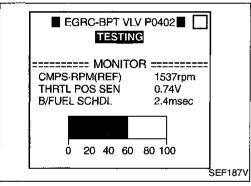
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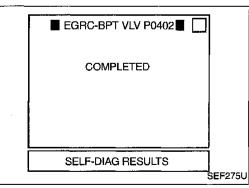
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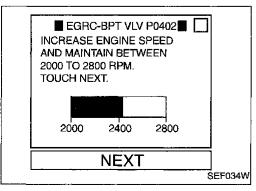
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
 - 1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and EGR valve as shown in the illustration.



- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen and the bar chart may increase. Maintain the conditions many times until "COMPLETED" appears.

Selector lever: Suitable position

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,200 - 1,400 rpm (A/T)

1,000 - 1,400 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 30 - 54 km/h (19 - 34 MPH) (A/T)

30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH) (M/T)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 2.2 msec (A/T) 1.8 - 2.0 msec (M/T)

1,0 - 2.0 1136

THRTL POS SEN: 0.7 - 1.1V

- The bar chart on CONSULT screen indicates the status of this test. However, the test may be finished before the bar chart becomes full scale.
- If the bar chart indication does not continue to progress, completely release accelerator pedal once and try to meet the conditions again.
- If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT screen, retry from step 2).
- 9) If CONSULT instructs to carry out "OVERALL FUNC-TION CHECK", go to next step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-269.
- 10) Open engine hood.
- 11) Raise engine speed to 2400 ± 400 rpm under no-load and hold it. Then touch "NEXT" on CONSULT screen.

EGRC-BPT VLV P0402 MAINTAIN ENGINE SPEED 2000 TO 2800 RPM. VACUUM SHOULD BE BETWEEN -5.91 in.Hg AND 0 in.Hg WITH VACUUM GAUGE. IS VACUUM OK? NG OK -23.62 -5.91 NO YES SEF035W

EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

12) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed $2400 \pm 400 \text{ rpm}.$

Vacuum should be 0 to -20.0 kPa (0 to -150 mmHg, 0 to -5.91 inHg).

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-269. If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

13) Check the rubber tube between intake manifold collector, EGRC-solenoid valve, EGR valve and EGRC-BPT valve for cracks, blockages or twist. If NG, repair or replace.

If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

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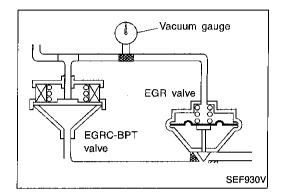
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGRC-BPT valve. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.





- 1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and EGR valve as shown in the illustration.
- 2) Lift up vehicle.
- 3) Start engine and shift to 1st gear or 1 position.
- 4) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed 2400 ± 400 rpm.

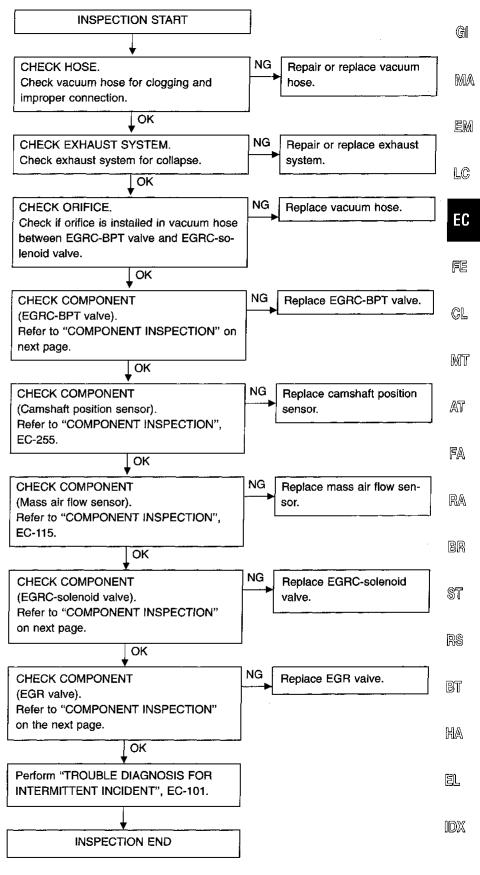
Vacuum should be 0 to -20.0 kPa (0 to -150 mmHg, 0 to -5.91 inHg).

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-269.

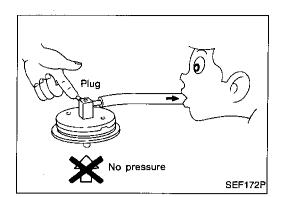
If OK, go to next step.

5) Check rubber tube between intake manifold collector, EGRC-solenoid valve, EGR valve and EGRC-BPT valve for misconnection, cracks or blockages. If NG, repair or replace.

EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



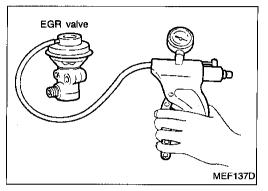
EC-269 425



EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGRC-BPT valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- 2. Vacuum from the other port and check leakage without applying any pressure from under EGR-BPT valve. Leakage should exist.



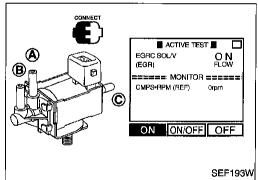
EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.

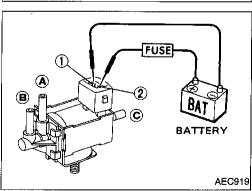


EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

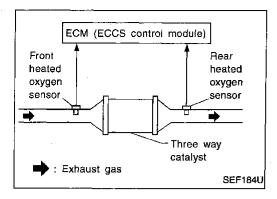
Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes
OR -		





Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.



Three Way Catalyst Function ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors.

Three way catalyst* with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of rear heated oxygen sensor. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst* malfunction is diagnosed.

*: Warm-up three way catalyst (For California)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0420	Three way catalyst* does not operate properly.	Three way catalyst*
0702	◆ Three way catalyst* does not have enough oxygen storage	● Exhaust tube
	capacity.	Intake air leaks
		● Injectors
		Injector leaks
		Spark plug
		 Improper ignition timing

^{*:} Warm-up three way catalyst (For California)

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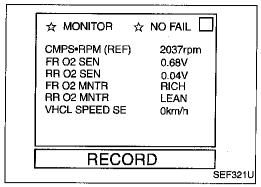
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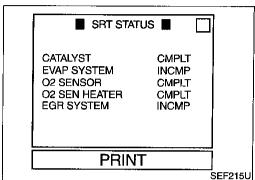
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Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED", then select "FR O2 SENSOR", "RR O2 SENSOR", "FR O2 MNTR", "RR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constantly under no load.
- 5) Make sure that the switching frequency between "RICH" and "LEAN" of "RR O2 MNTR" is much less than that of "FR O2 MNTR" as shown below.

 Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, the warm-up three way catalyst (Models for California), the three way catalyst (Models for Federal and Canada) is not operating properly.

If the "FR O2 MNTR" does not indicate "RICH" and "LEAN" periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4), perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0133 first.

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-274.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

- 6) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 84 to 96 km/h (52 to 60 MPH) with the following for at least 10 consecutive minutes.

(Drive the vehicle in an area where vehicle speed and accelerator pressure can be held steady and constant.)

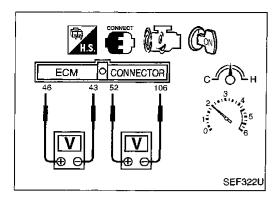
M/T: 5th position

A/T: D position ("OD" ON)

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE", EC-274.

- 8) Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
- 9) Verify that "CATALYST" is "CMPLT".

 If not "CMPLT", repeat the test from step 6).



Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst.

During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminals (6) (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and (49) (engine ground), and ECM terminals (2) (rear heated oxygen sensor signal) and (106) (engine ground).

4) Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no

Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminals (3) and (106) is much less than that of ECM terminals 46 and 43. Switching frequency ratio =

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Rear heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

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Front heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

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This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, it means three way catalyst does not operate properly.

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Note: If the voltage at terminal 46 does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133 first. (See EC-152.)

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6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-274.

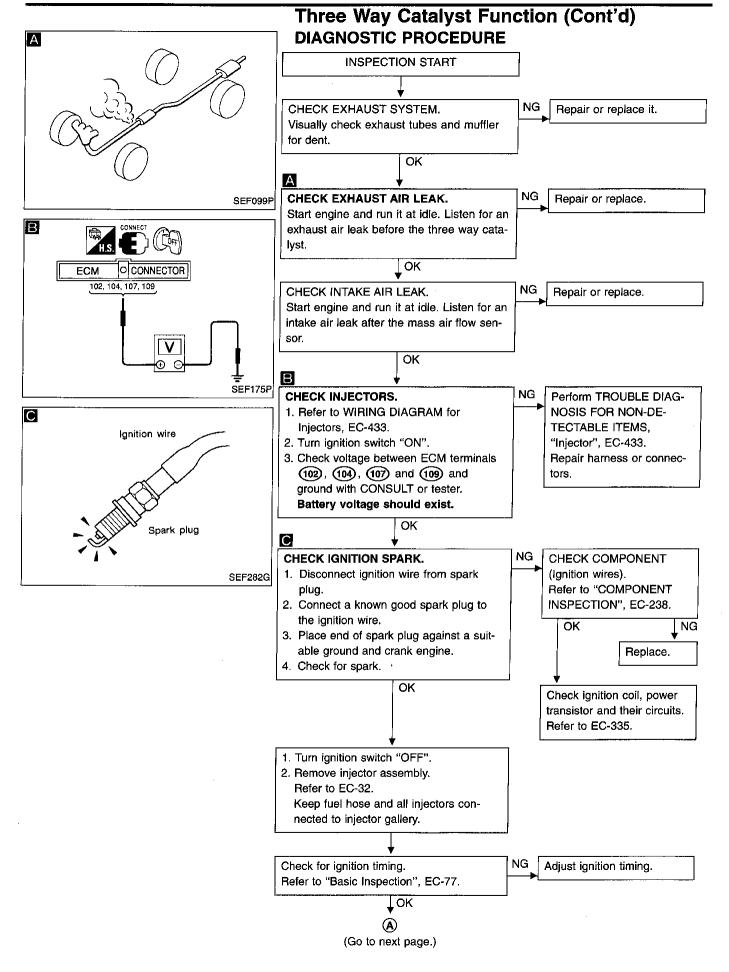
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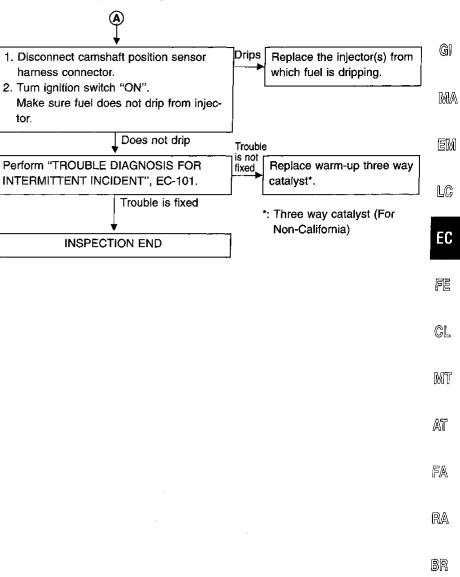
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Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure)

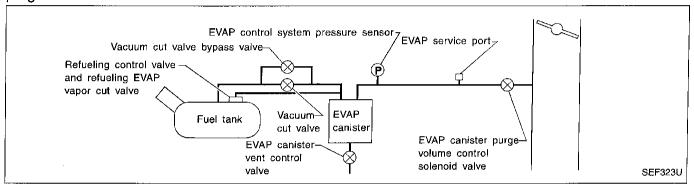
Note: If DTC P0440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-383.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using of engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

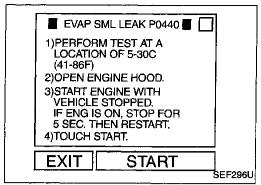
The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.

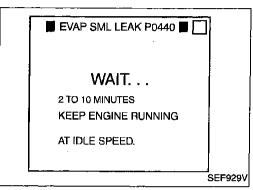


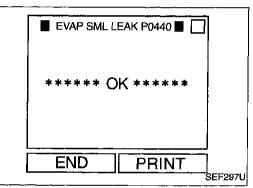
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0440 0705	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge fine rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit Absolute pressure sensor Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and the circuit Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. EVAP control system pressure sensor Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ORVR system leaks

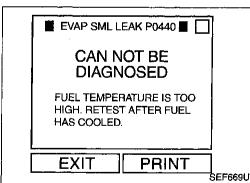
CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine rubber tube as a replacement.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

- If DTC P0440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-395.)
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
 - Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 5 - 60°C (41 - 140°F)
 - 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

NOTE:

- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at a temperature of 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest.
- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT screen, go to "Basic Inspection", EC-77.

(Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)

Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PRO-CEDURE", EC-279.

NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

·OR

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.



- Start engine.
- Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- Stop vehicle.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-388.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-279.
- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-368.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6).

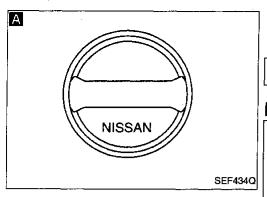
OR

NOTE:

- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-279.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START Α NG CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP. If genuine NISSAN fuel 1. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler filler cap is not used, cap design. replace with genuine NIS-2. Check for air releasing sound while SAN fuel filler cap. opening the fuel filler cap. If the air releasing sound is heard, go to В. If the air releasing sound is not heard, check the following. Was the cap tightened properly? If Yes, check fuel filler cap vacuum relief valve. Refer to "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM", EC-21. If No, open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and filler neck thread using air blower. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard. **₽** OK (A) (Go to next page.)

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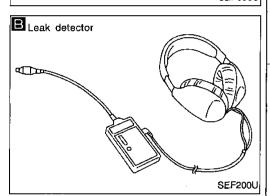
Adapter for service port EVAP service port Pressure pump SEF462U

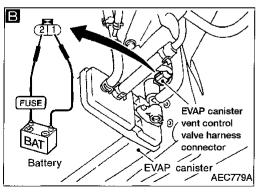
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN.

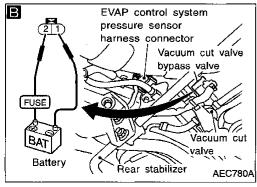
NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP!
DO NOT START ENGINE.

TOUCH START.

CANCEL START







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)



CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

 Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.

Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.

 Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

 Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.



- Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.
- Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.



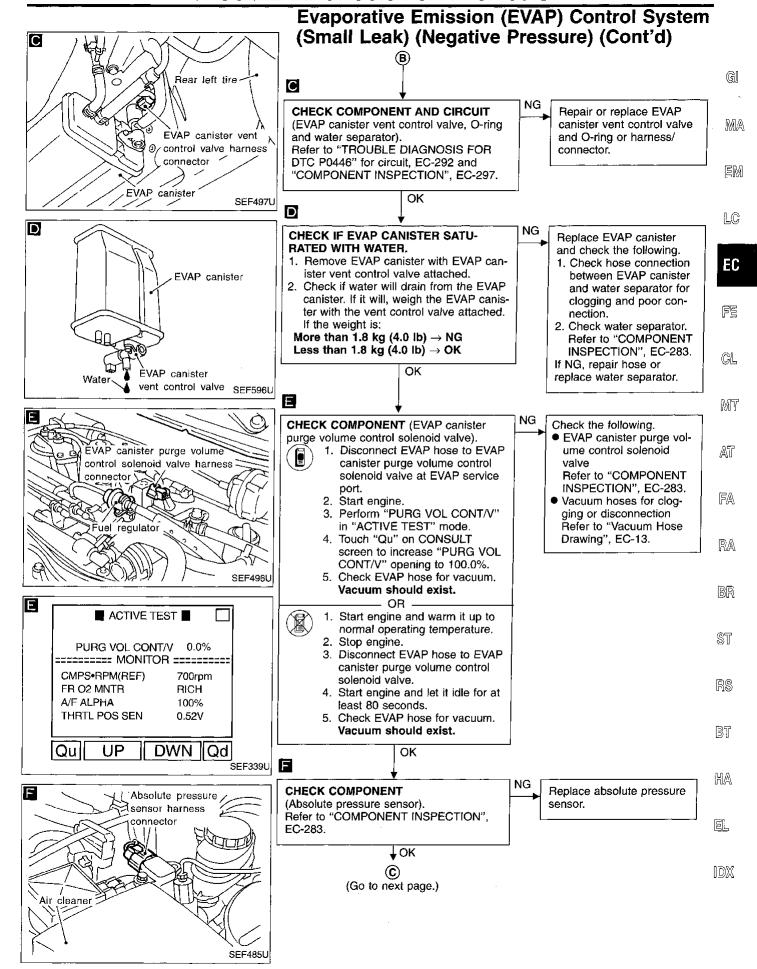
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg).
- Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-23.

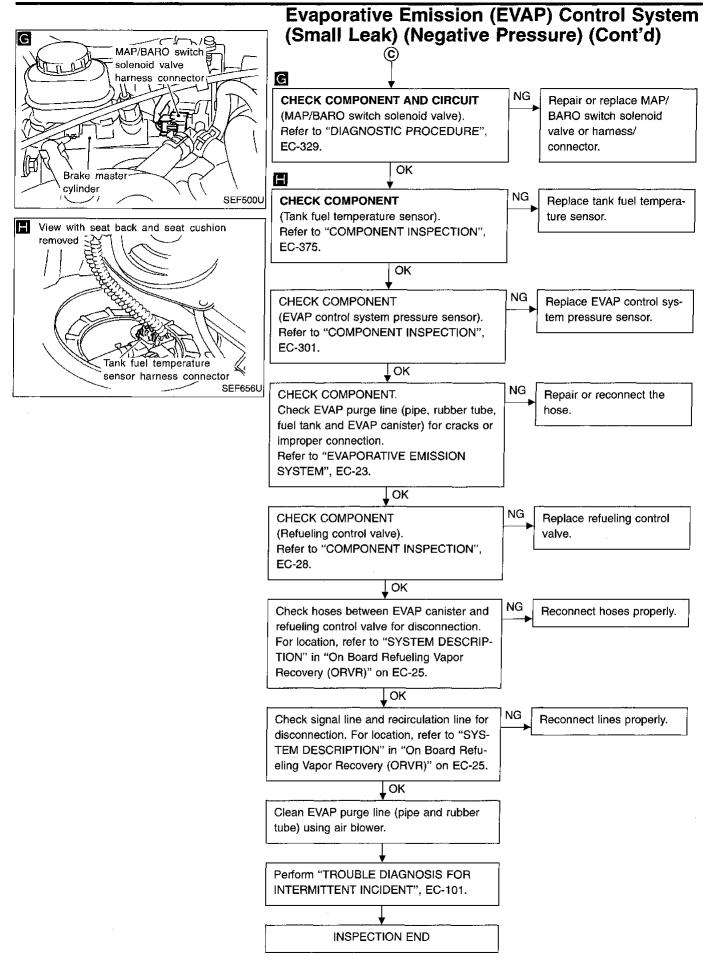
↓OK (B)

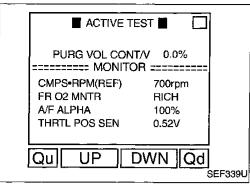
(Go to next page.)

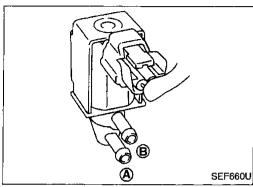
NG

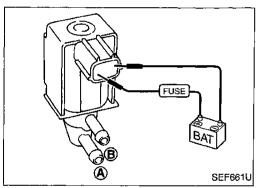
Repair or replace.

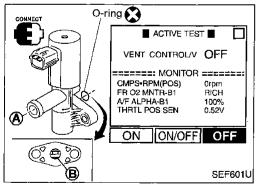


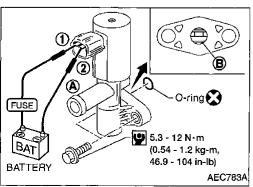












Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening. If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.

Check air passage continuity.

Condition Air passage continuity PURG VOL CONT/V value between (A) and (B) 100.0% Yes 0.0% No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. - OR

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between ter- minals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	• [
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No	
No supply	Yes	. 1

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If portion (B) is rusted, replace control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

EC-283

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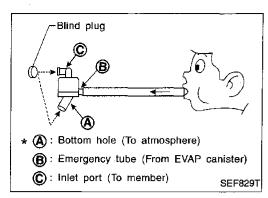
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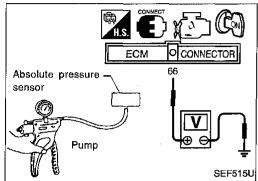
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 6 and engine ground.

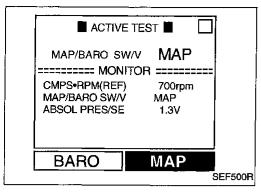
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

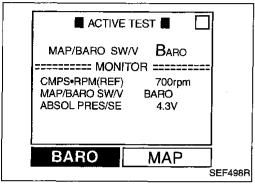
Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

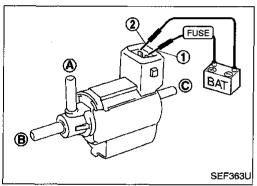
The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

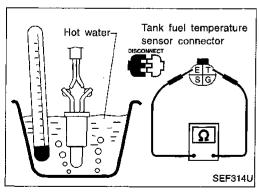
CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it
- Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
ARO More than 2.6V		
MAP Less than the voltage at BA		
Time for voltage	to change	
MAP/BARO SW/V	Required time to switch	
BARO to MAP	Less than 1 second	

MAP to BARO	Less	than I second
4. If NG, check	solenoid valve as st	nown below.



- Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ	
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7	
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90	

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

EC-285

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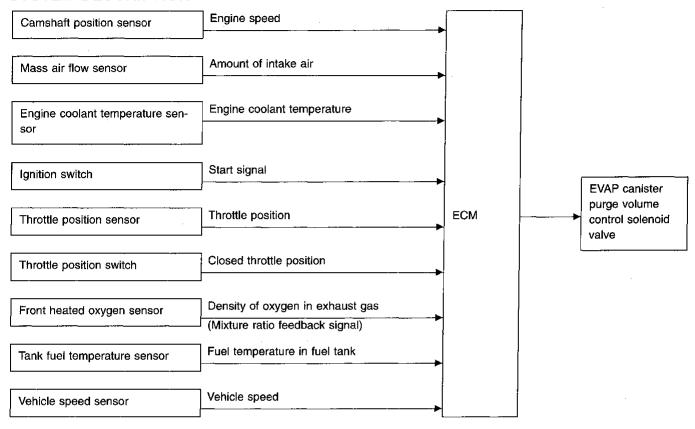
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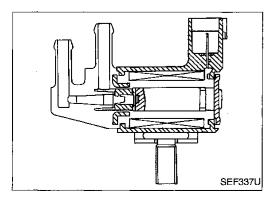
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

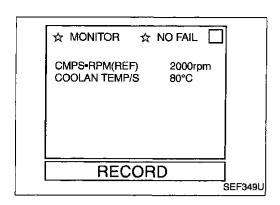
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification	RMIN	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch "Ol No-load ALS AND REFERE a are reference values	Vehicle running 2,000 rpm (90 seing engine) NCE VALUE and are measured be	econds after start- —	nd 43 (ECM ground)
ECM TEF Specification TER-WMINAL CO	RMIN on dat	Air conditioner switch "Ole No-load ALS AND REFERE a are reference values	Vehicle running 2,000 rpm (90 seing engine) NCE VALUE and are measured be	econds after start- —	nd 43 (ECM ground)
Specification TER-	on dat	a are reference values	and are measured be	etween each terminal a	nd 43 (ECM ground)
MINAL W		ITEM	001		
			CON	DITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4 W/	4 W/G ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)		Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds "OFF"	nition switch "OFF" — For a few seconds after turning ignition switch	
	ļ		Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"		BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5 L		EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve			BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
56 W/		Downer cumply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	attion quitab "ON"	
61 W/	/R	Power supply for ECM	ignition switch. Oiv		(11 - 14V)
		IAGNOSIS LOGIC		,	
Diagnostic Code N		Malfunction is	detected when		ck Items ole Cause)
• An improper voltage s through the valve.		ignal is sent to ECM	 Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is or EVAP canister purge valve 	en or shorted.)	

EC-287 443

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V.



NO TOOLS

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290.



1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.

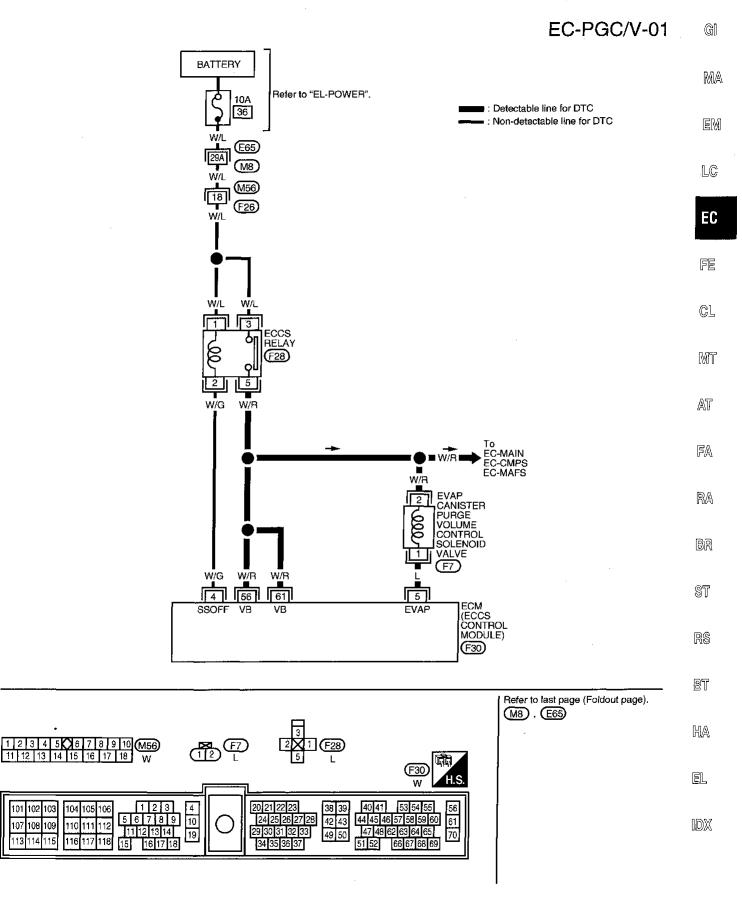
- OR

- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290. - OR -

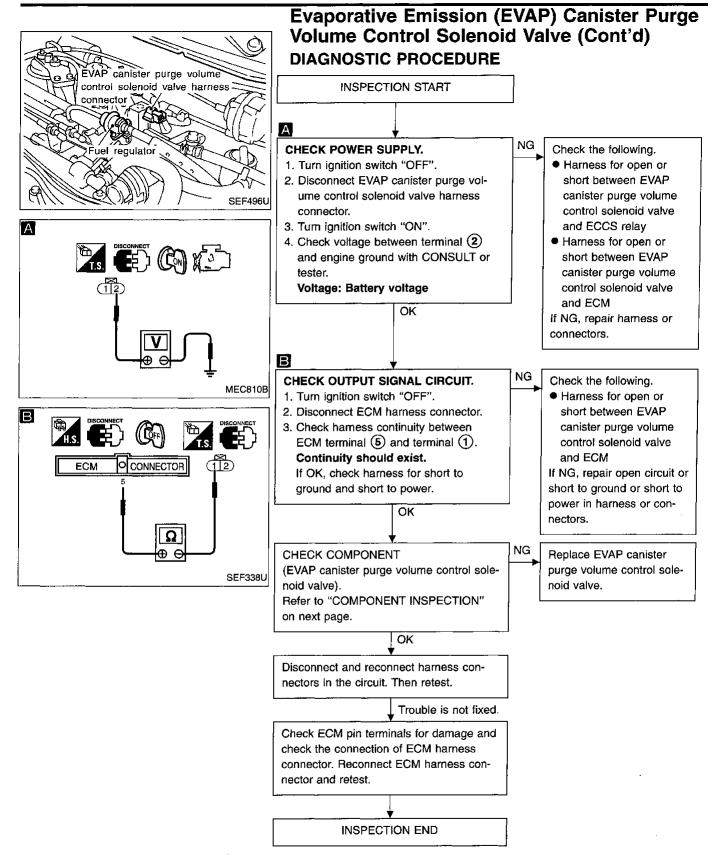


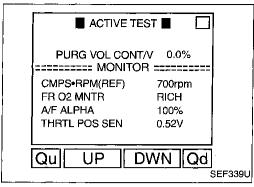
- 1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290.

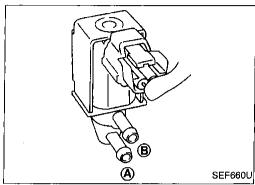
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

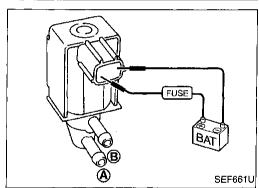


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

COMPONENT INSPECTION

COMPONENT HASPECTION

1. Start engine.

2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.

3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition
PURG VOL CONT/V value

100.0%

Air passage continuity
between (A) and (B)

Yes

No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

OR

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

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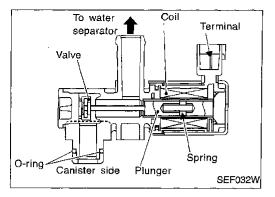
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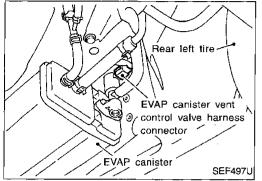
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

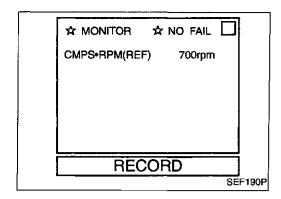
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

448

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0446 0903	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	Harness or connectors (EVAP canister vent control valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister vent control valve

EC-292



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-295.

- OR

- Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-295.

- OR -



- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 8 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-295.

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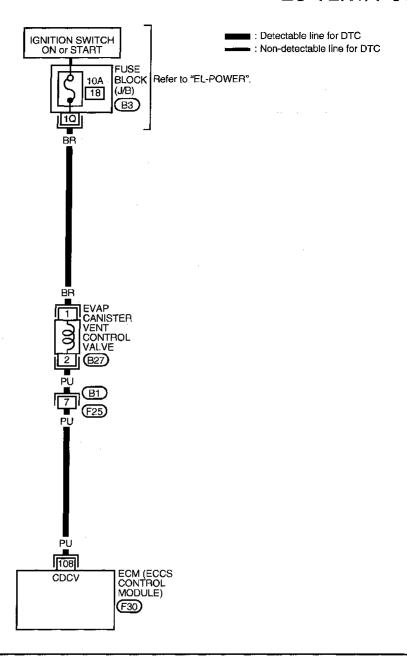
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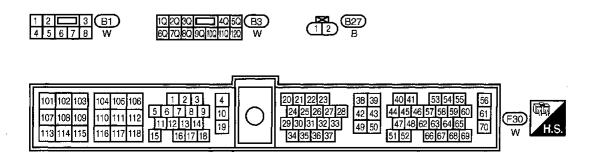
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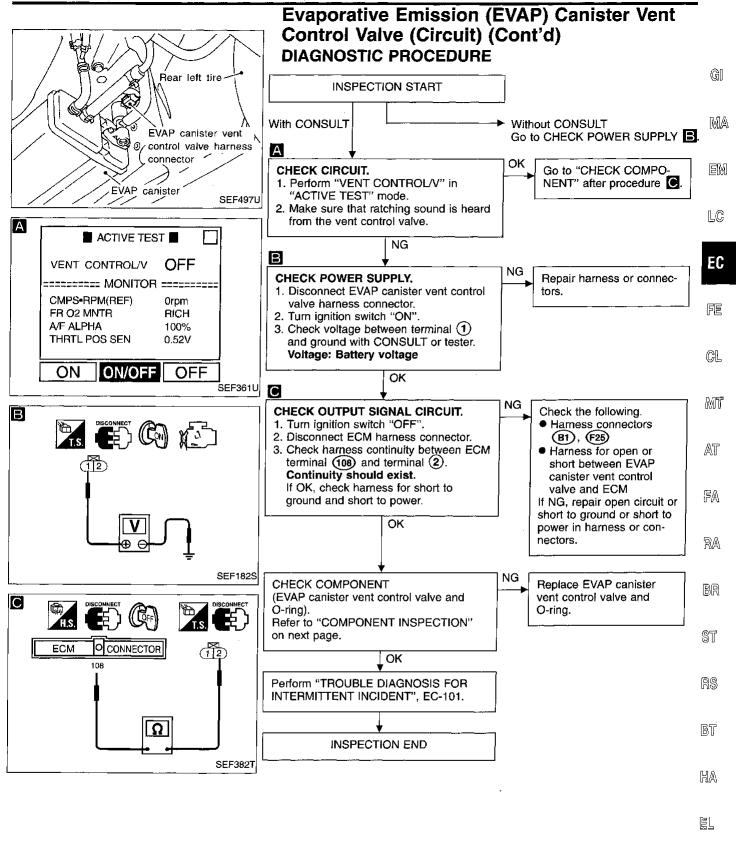
EC-293 449

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

EC-VENT/V-01

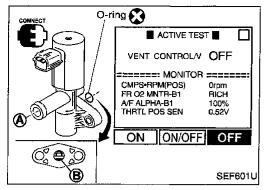


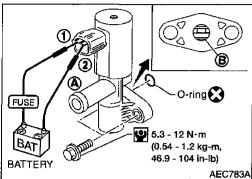




EC-295 451

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

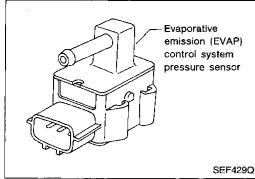
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

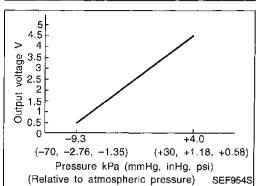
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If portion ® is rusted, replace control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases. The EVAP control system pressure sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis. GI

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 3.4V

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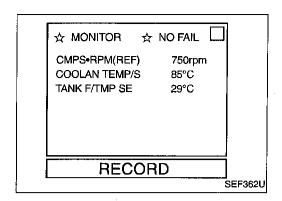
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	R	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	Approximately 0V
67	w	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	HA
P0450 0704	An improper voltage signal from EVAP control system pressure sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rubber hose to EVAP control system pressure is clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection. EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve EVAP canister Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator 	EL IDX



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Make sure that "TANK F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C
- 6) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.

- OR -

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-300.



(NO TOOLS)

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.

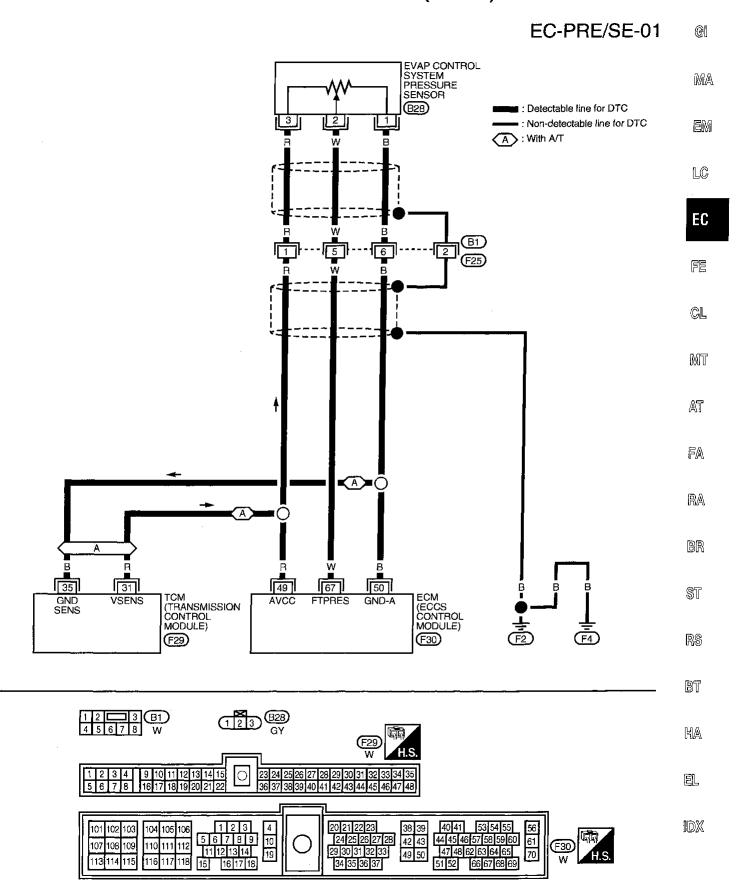
- OR -

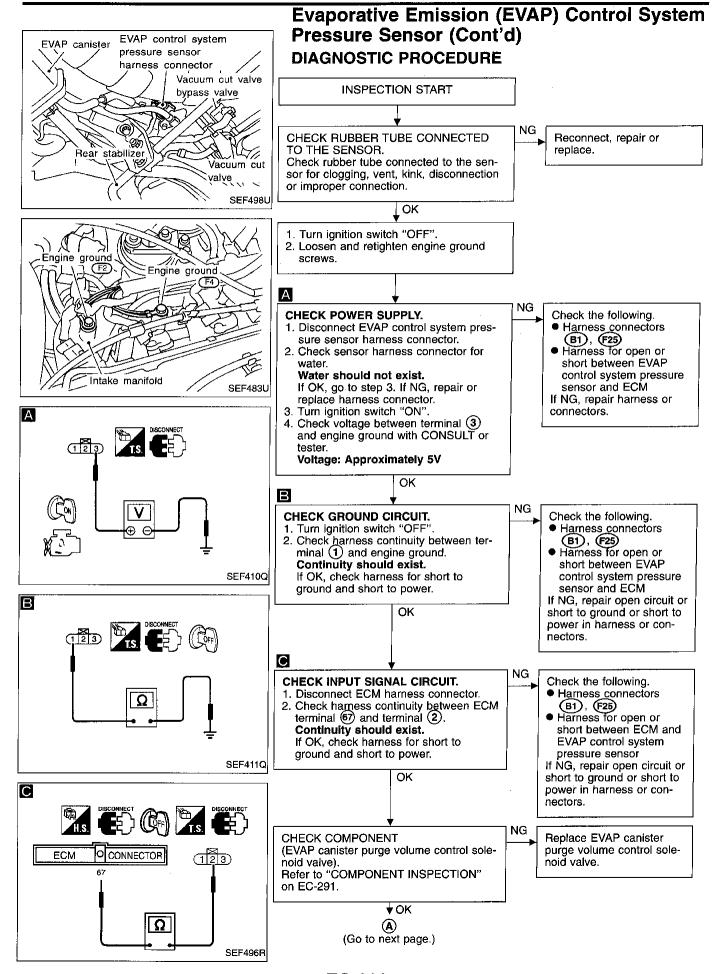
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-300.

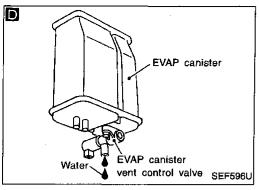


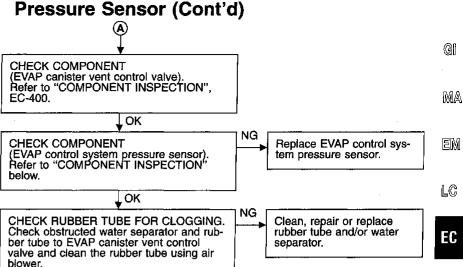
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-300.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System

CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER.

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.

2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister. If it will, weigh the EVAP canister with the vent control valve attached.

If the weight is:

More than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → NG
Less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → OK

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.

OK

For water separator, refer to EC-387.

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Replace EVAP canister and check the following.

1. Check hose connection between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging and poor connection.

2. Check water separator. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-386. If NG, repair hose or replace water separator.

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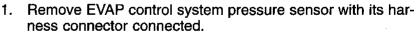
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

EVAP control system pressure sensor



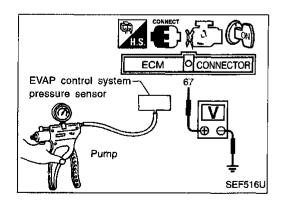
Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.

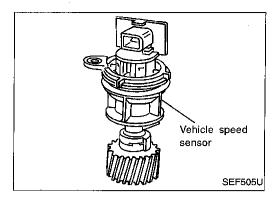
 Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 in Hg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.





Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vehicle speed sensor is installed in the transaxle. It contains a pulse generator which provides a vehicle speed signal to the speedometer. The speedometer then sends a signal to the ECM.

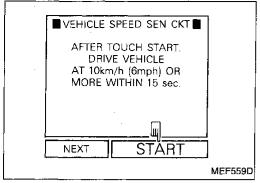
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

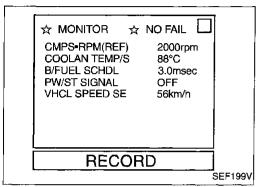
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

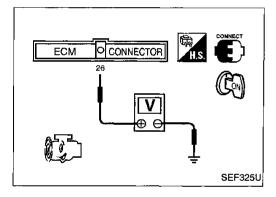
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. Lift up the vehicle. In 2nd gear position 40 km/h (25 MPH)	4 - 7V (V) 10 5 0 50 ms SEF642U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0500 0104	 The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven. 	 Harness or connector (The vehicle speed sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Vehicle speed sensor







Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

(**@**)

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Step 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

LC Start engine.

Perform "VEHICLE SPEED SEN CIRCUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306. If OK, go to following step.

- OR

Start engine 1) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. The vehicle speed on CONSULT should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306. If OK, go to following step.

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.

Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,000 rpm (A/T) 1,600 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.4 - 3.5 msec (A/T)

2.3 - 4 msec (M/T) Selector lever: Suitable position

PW/ST SIGNAL: OFF

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE". EC-306.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

Jack up drive wheels.

Start engine.

3) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with HA GST.

The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.

4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306.

OR

1) Jack up drive wheels. NO TOOLS,

2) Start engine.





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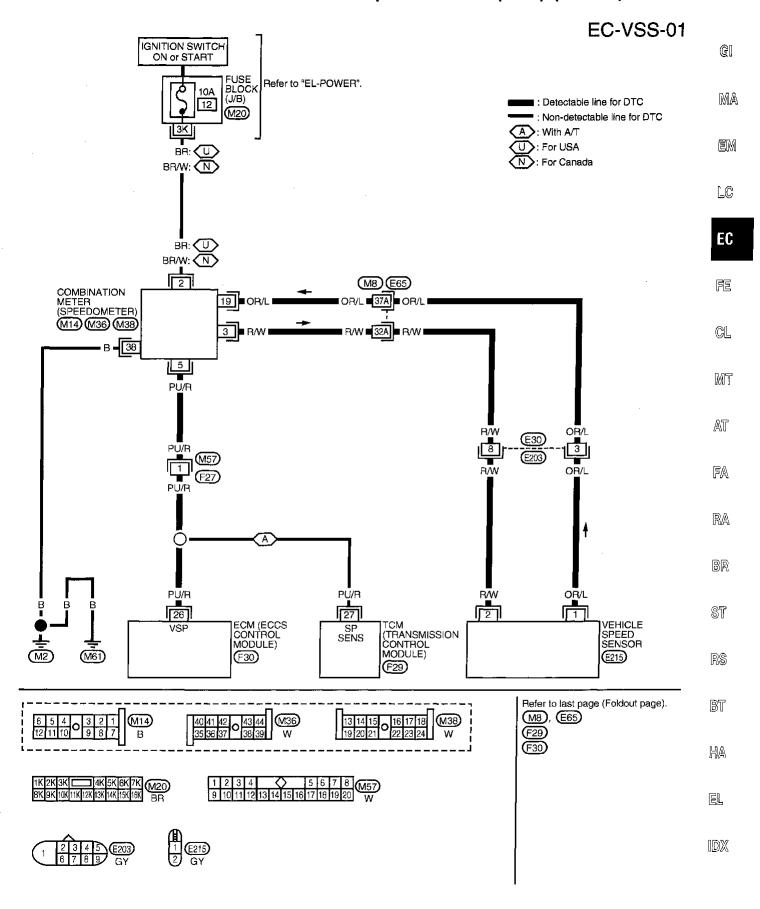


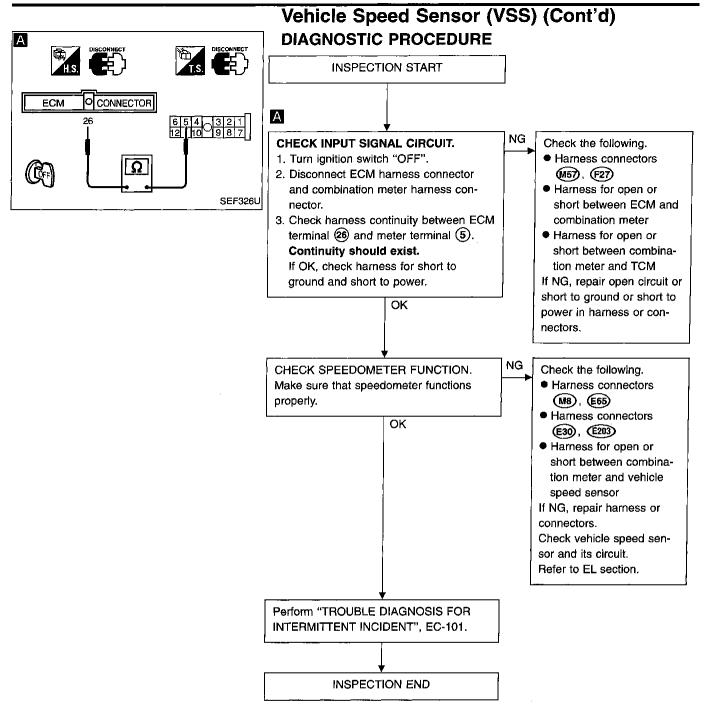


Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

- Read the voltage signal between ECM terminal (web) (Vehicle speed sensor signal) and ground with oscilloscope.
- 4) Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown at "ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE" on the previous page.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-306.

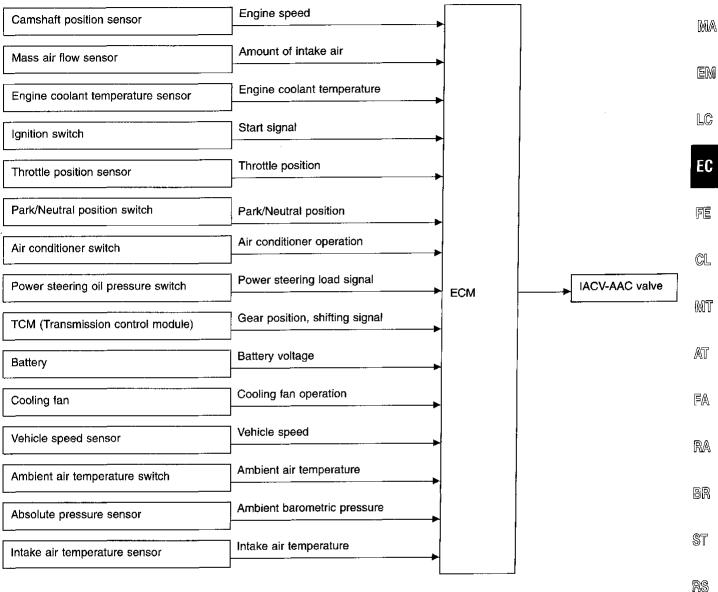
Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)





Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system automatically controls engine idle speed to a specified level. Idle speed is controlled through fine adjustment of the amount of air which bypasses the throttle valve via IACV-AAC valve. The IACV-AAC valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The camshaft position sensor detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM. The ECM then controls the ON/OFF time of the IACV-AAC valve so that engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warm up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner and power steering).

EC-307 463

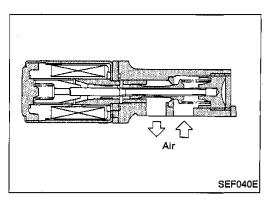
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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

IACV-AAC valve

The IACV-AAC valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of air that will flow through the valve. The more air that flows through the valve, the higher the idle speed.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
1404 4404	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	Approx. 20%
IACV-AAC/V	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
404	60		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 12V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF645U
101	SB	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	1 - 12V (V) 10 5 0 2 ms SEF646U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0505 0205	A) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is open.)
		IACV-AAC valve
	B) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	 Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is shorted.) IACV-AAC valve

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

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Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 2 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-312.

- OR ----



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- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-312.

- OR -



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-312.

☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL ☐

CMPS•RPM(REF) 700rpm

COOLAN TEMP/S 85°C

INT/A TEMP SE 18°C

RECORD

☆ MONITOR

COOLAN TEMP/S

RECORD

☆ NO FAIL

30°C

Procedure for malfunction B



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-312.

- OR —

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- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-312.

EC-309 465

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

– OR –

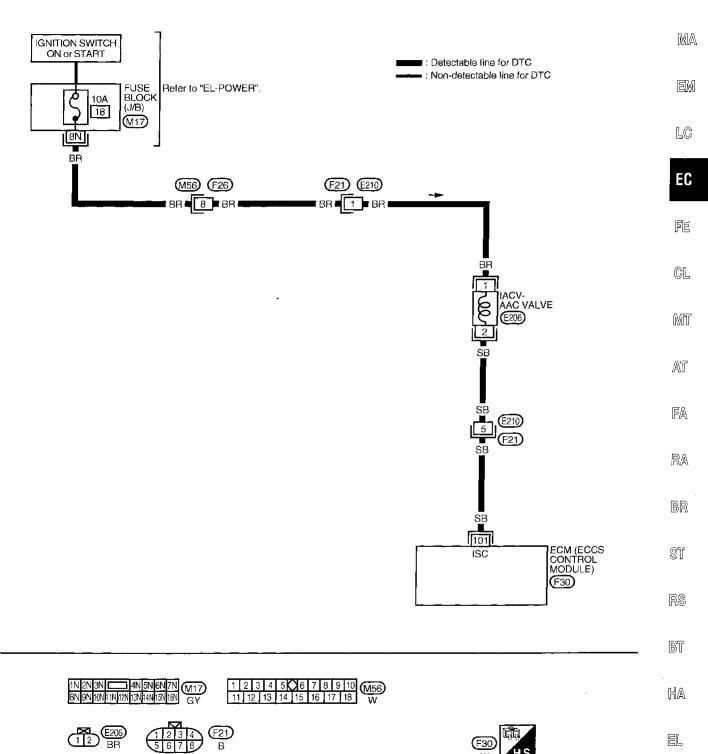


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-312.

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)



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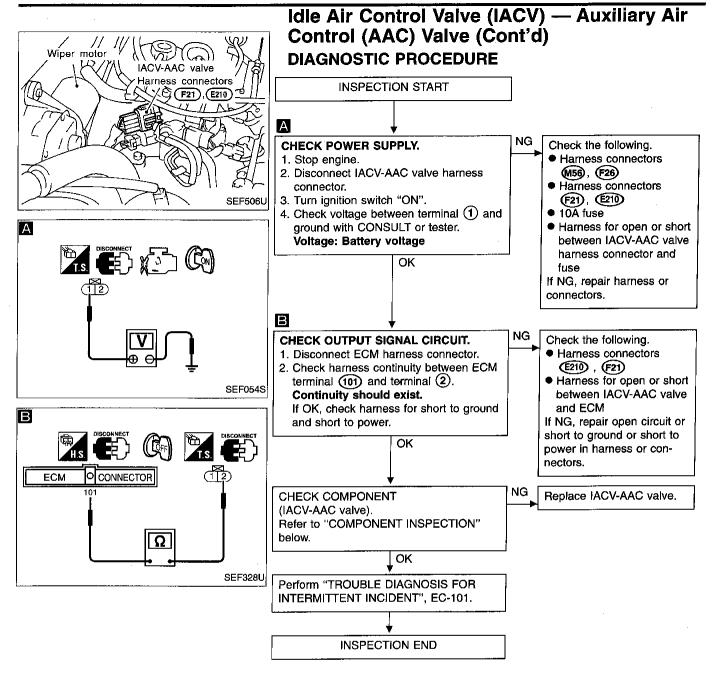
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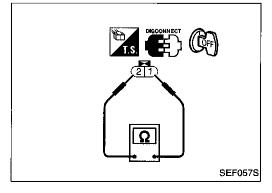
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-AAC valve

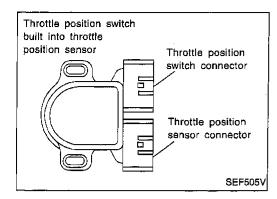
Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.

• Check IACV-AAC valve resistance.

Resistance:

Approximately 10Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]

- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.



Closed Throttle Position Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A closed throttle position switch and wide open throttle position switch are built into the throttle position sensor unit. The wide open throttle position switch is used only for A/T control. When the throttle valve is in the closed position, the closed throttle position switch sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM only uses this signal to open or close the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve when the throttle position sensor is malfunctioning.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER-	WIRE	,T	CONDITION	DATA	EC
MINAL NO.	COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	(DC Voltage)	FE
	Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	GL	
27	Y	(Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V	WT

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0510 0203	 Battery voltage from the closed throttle position switch is sent to ECM with the throttle valve opened. 	Harness or connectors (The closed throttle position switch circuit is shorted.)	F/
		 Closed throttle position switch Throttle position sensor 	R

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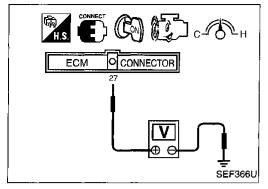
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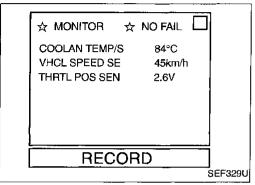
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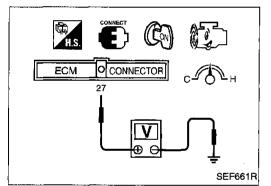
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Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and ground under the following conditions.

At idle: Battery voltage At 2,000 rpm: 0 - 1V

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.
If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT at the start of the test.
- 4) Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

THRTL POS SEN: More than 2.5V

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.

- OR --

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed throttle position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal ② and ground under the following conditions.

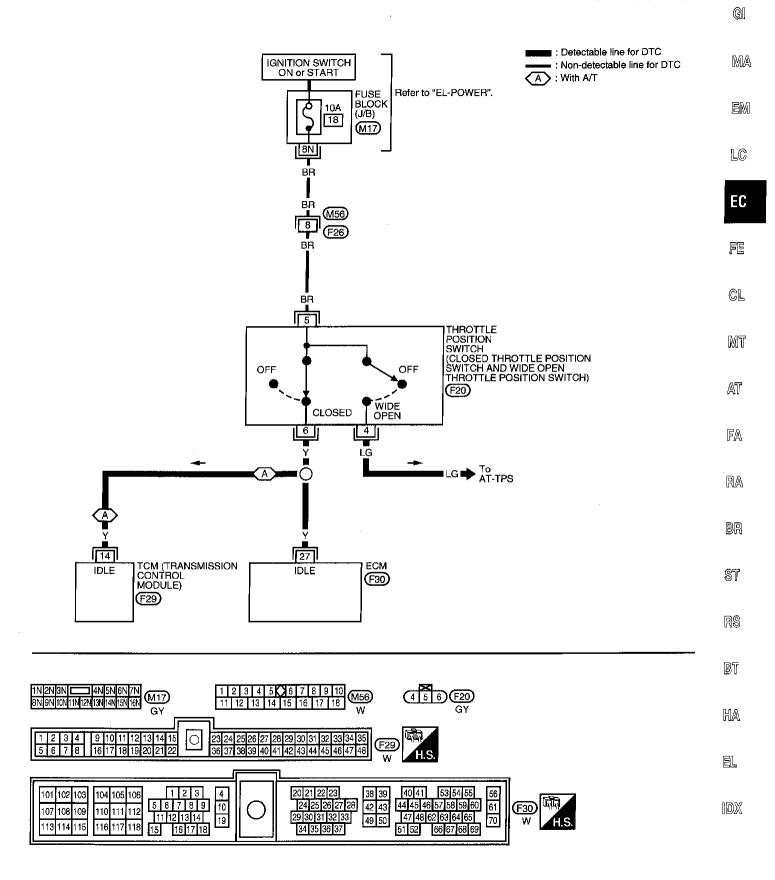
At idle: Battery voltage

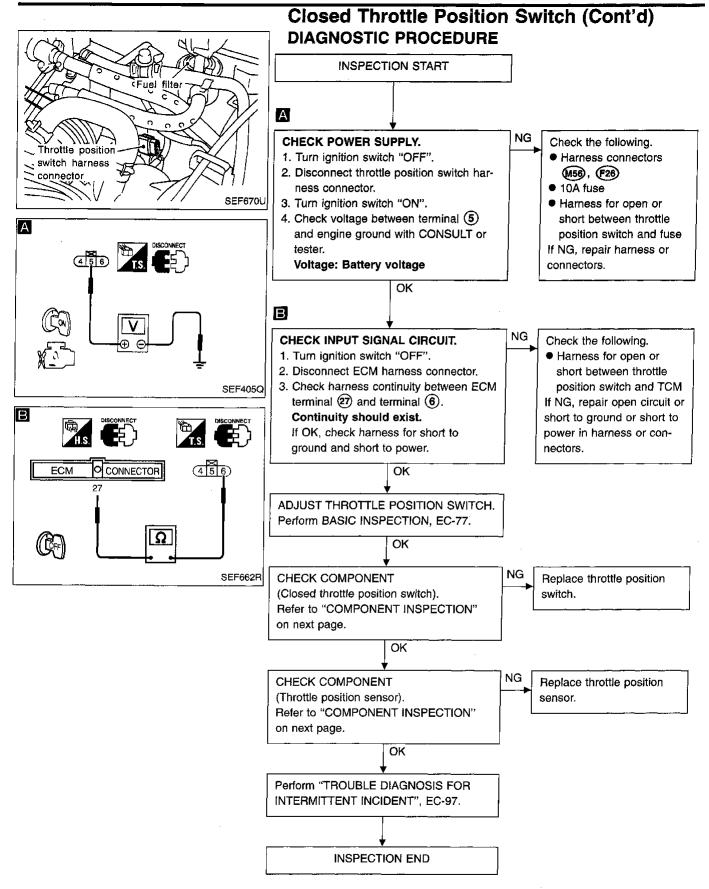
At 2,000 rpm: Approximately 0V

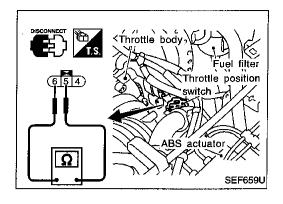
3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-316.

Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

EC-TP/SW-01







Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Closed throttle position switch

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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Turn ignition switch "OFF".

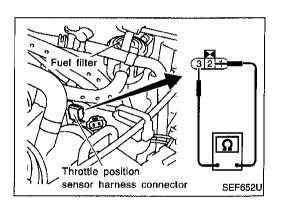
Disconnect throttle position switch harness connector.

4. Check continuity between terminals (5) and (6) while opening throttle valve manually.

NOTE: Resistance measurements must be made with closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Continuity
Completely closed	Yes
Partially open or completely open	No

If NG, replace throttle position switch. To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-77.



Throttle position sensor

1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.

2. Make sure that resistance between terminals ② and ③ changes when opening throttle valve manually.

NOTE: Resistance measurements must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]
Completely closed	Approximately 0.5 kΩ
Partially open	0.5 - 4 kΩ
Completely open	Approximately 4 kΩ

If NG, replace throttle position sensor. To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-77.

EC-317 473

A/T Control

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

These circuit lines are used to control the smooth shifting up and down of A/T during the hard acceleration/deceleration.

Voltage signals are exchanged between ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

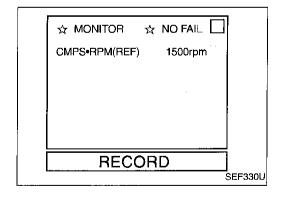
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	Y/B	A/T signal No. 1	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
29	Y/G	A/T signal No. 2	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. Idle speed	6 - 8V
30	Y/R	A/T signal No. 3	Ignition switch "ON"	oV

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No. P0600* ECM receives incorrect voltage from TCM (Transmission control module) continuously.		Check Item (Possible Cause)	
		 Harness or connectors (The circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.) 	

^{*:} This DTC can be detected only by "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" with CONSULT.



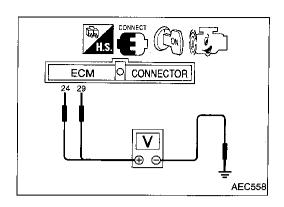
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and race more than 1,000 rpm once, then let it idle for more than 40 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-321.



A/T Control (Cont'd) **OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the A/T control. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Start engine.

3) Check voltage between ECM terminal 29 and ground. ECM terminal and ground.

Voltage: Approximately 7V
4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-321.

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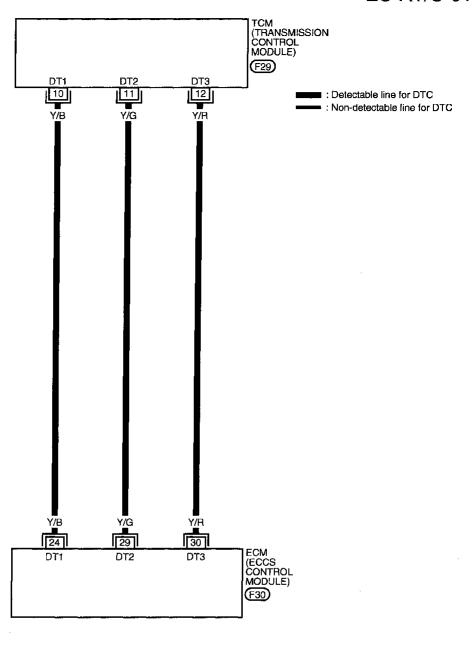
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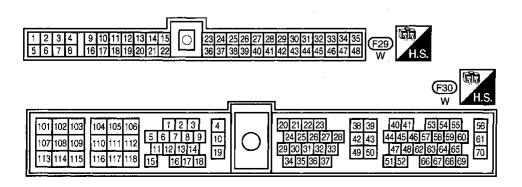
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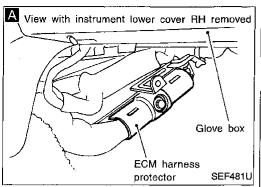
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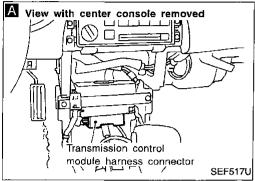
A/T Control (Cont'd)

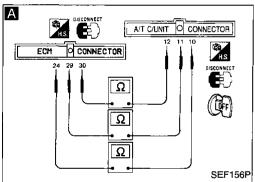
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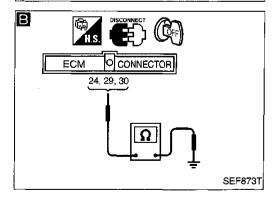






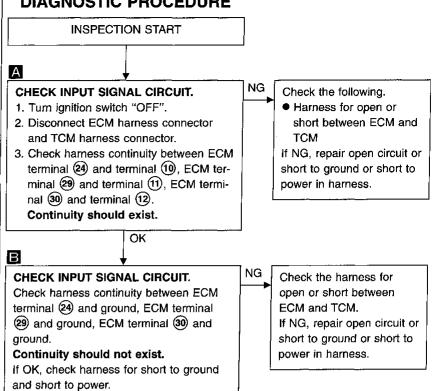






A/T Control (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION END



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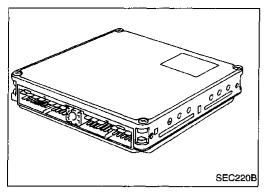
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Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.

EC-321 477

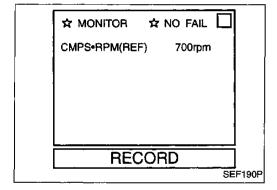


Engine Control Module (ECM) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The ECM consists of a microcomputer, diagnostic test mode selector, and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The unit controls the engine.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0605 0301	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	• ECM



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-323.





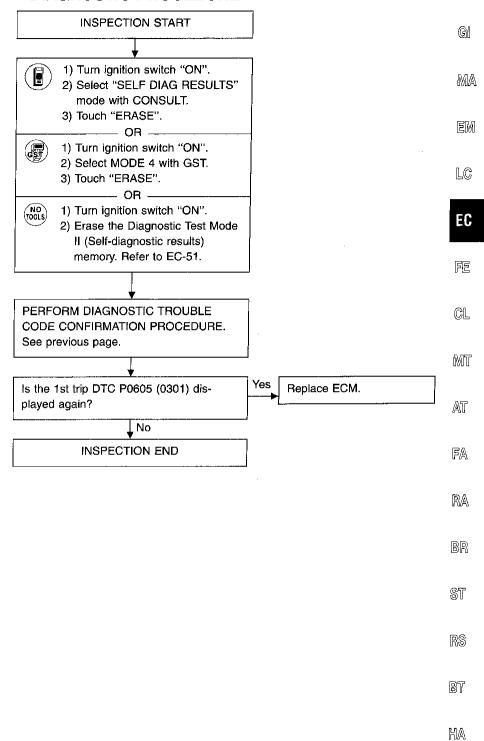
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "Mode 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-323.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 30 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-323.

Engine Control Module (ECM) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

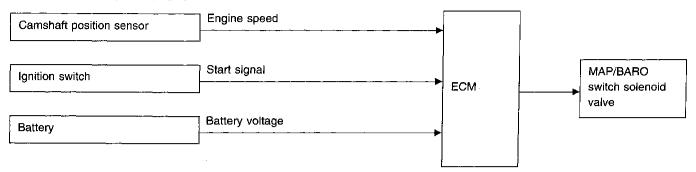


EC-323 479

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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve

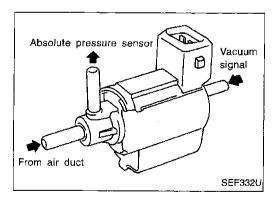
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system allows the absolute pressure sensor to monitor either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure. The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches between two passages by ON-OFF pulse signals from the ECM. (One passage is from the intake air duct, the other is from the intake manifold.) Either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure is applied to the absolute pressure sensor.

The solenoid valve is almost always OFF under normal conditions.

Solenoid	Conditions	
	For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch	
	ON (Engine is not running.)	
	OR	
	 For 5 seconds after starting engine. 	
	OR ————	
ON	 More than 5 minutes after the solenoid 	
	valve shuts OFF.	
	and	
	 Battery voltage is sufficient. 	
	and	
	Engine is running.	



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches its air flow passage according to the voltage signal sent from the ECM. When voltage is supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid turns "ON". Then, the absolute pressure sensor can monitor the ambient barometric pressure. When voltage is not supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve turns "OFF". Then, the sensor monitors intake manifold pressure.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
MAP/BARO SW/V	 For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON". For 5 seconds after starting engine. 	BARO
	 Engine idling: For 5 minutes after starting engine. More than 5 seconds after starting engine. 	МАР

480 **EC-324**

Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
69	GV/B	MAP/BARO switch sole-	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V
	GY/H noid valve	Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1105 1302	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve receives the voltage supplied though ECM does not supply the voltage to the valve.	 Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
	B) There is little difference between MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve input voltage at ambient barometric pressure and voltage at intake manifold pressure.	 Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) Hoses (Hoses are clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection.) Absolute pressure sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve

EC-325 481

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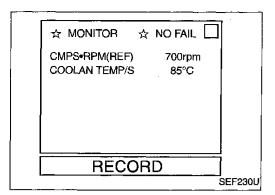
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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Procedure for malfunction A

TESTING CONDITION:

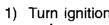
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.

- OR ·

- OR -

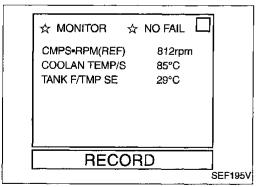


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-329.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-329.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-329.



Procedure for maifunction B

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that "TANK/F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

- OR -

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-329.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal (3) and ground is less than 4.2V.

Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

- OR -

5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-329.

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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

3) Turn ignition switch "ON".

<u>L</u>C

4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground is less than 4.2V.

5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds EC

and then turn "ON". 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-329.

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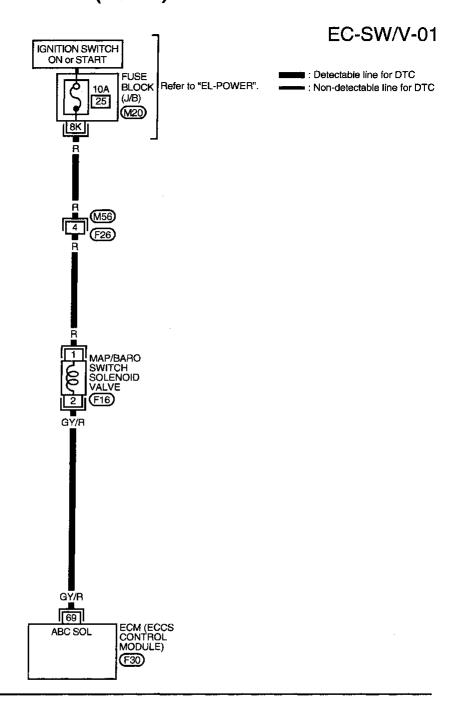
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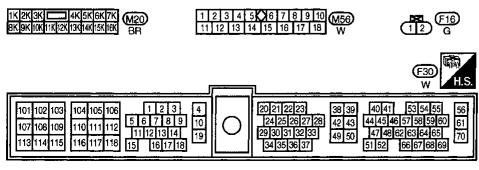
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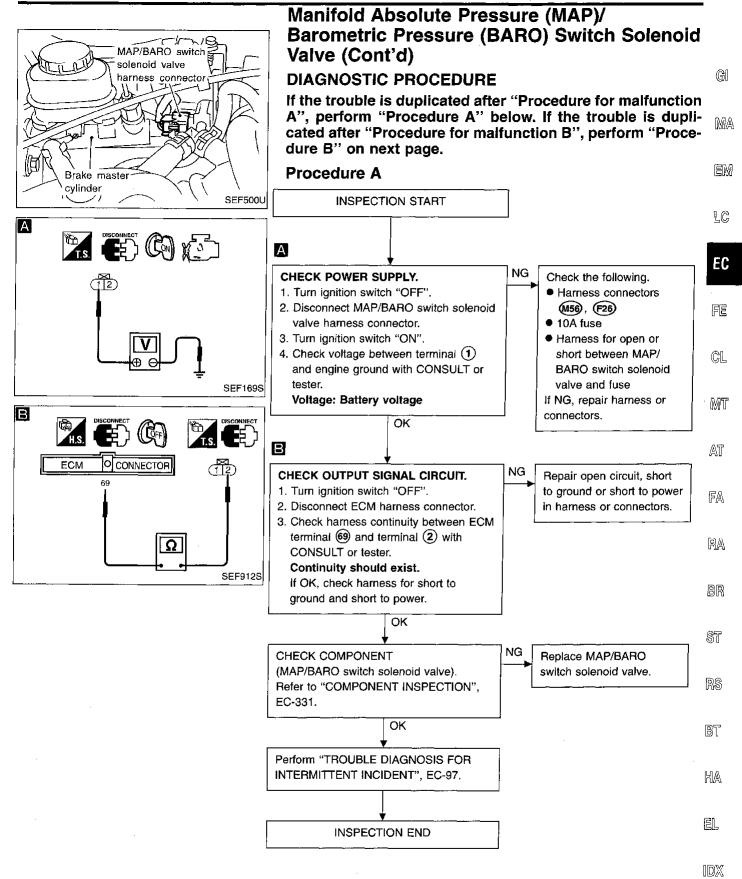
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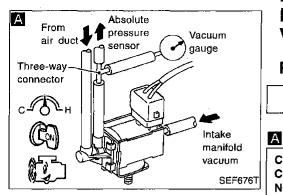
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

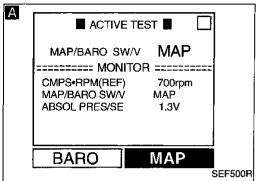


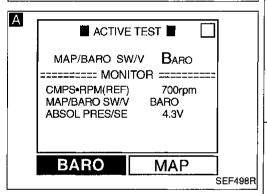


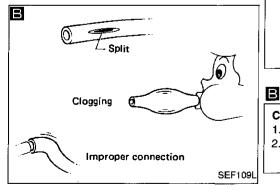


EC-329 485









Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

Procedure B

CHECK VACUUM SOURCE AND CIR-**CUIT TO MAP/BARO SWITCH SOLE-**NOID VALVE.

INSPECTION START

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Connect MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and absolute pressure sensor with a rubber tube that has vacuum



- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Select "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 6. Start engine and let it idle.
- 7. Touch "MAP" and "BARO" afternately and check for vacuum.

MAP/BARO SW/V	Vacuum
BARO	Should not exist
MAP	Should exist



- OR 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Start engine and check for vacuum.

For 5 seconds after starting engine:

Vacuum should not exist. More than 5 seconds after starting engine:

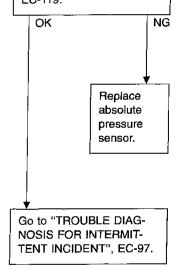
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Vacuum should exist.

QΚ CHECK COMPONENT (Absolute pressure sen-

- 1. Check for disconnection of vacuum hose connected to the sensor.
- 2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105", EC-119.

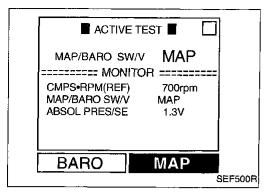


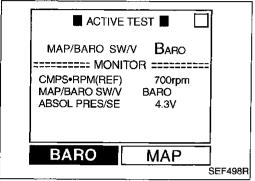
NG CHECK HOSE. Clean, repair or reconnect 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". the hose. 2. Check hose for clogging, cracks, disconnection or improper connection. OK

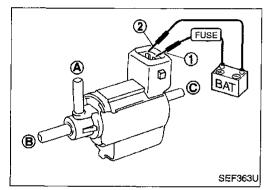
Go to A of Procedure A on previous page.

if NG, check vacuum port for clogging. OK

CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM. Check the intake system for air leaks.







Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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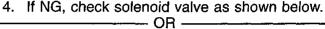
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- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)
BARO	More than 2.6V
MAP Less than the voltage at BA	
 Time for voltage 	to change
MAP/BARO SW/V	Required time to switch
BARO to MAP	
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second
4 1/10 1 1	



Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
 Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

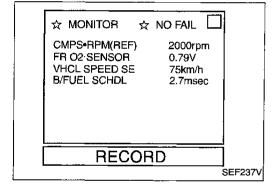
EC-331 487

Closed Loop Control

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

★ The closed loop control has the one trip detection logic.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1148 0307	The closed loop control function does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	 The front heated oxygen sensor circuit is open or shorted. Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 1).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm.
- 4) While holding engine speed at 2,000 rpm, check the following.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go above 0.7V at least once.

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•	"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go below 0.21V at
	least once.
	If the cheek recult is NC merform "DIACNOCIC

- If the check result is NG, perform "DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE", EC-176.
- If the check result is OK, perform the following step.
- 5) Let engine idle at least 3 minutes.
- 6) Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

<i></i>	
Closed	Loop Control (Cont'd)
	B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 ms or more
	CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,500 rpm
	Selector lever: Suitable position
	VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH) During this test, P0130 may be displayed on CONSULT screen.

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-334.

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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

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- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and (3) (engine ground).
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage should go above 0.7V at least once.
- The voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-334.

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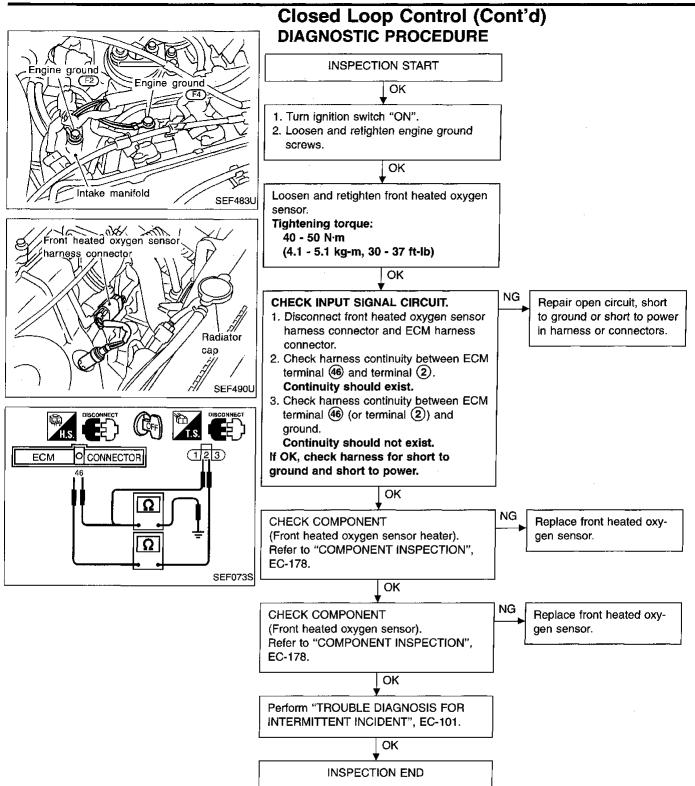
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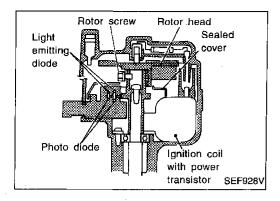
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Ignition Signal COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Ignition coil & power transistor

The ignition coil is built into distributor. The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to the power transistor. The power transistor switches on and off the ignition coil primary circuit. As the primary circuit is turned on and off, the proper high voltage is induced in the coil secondary circuit.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except for the distributor cap and rotor head.

NOTE:

The rotor screw which secures distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be torqued properly.

9: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m (0.34 - 0.40 kg-m, 29.5 - 34.7 in-lb)

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
IGNITION SW	● Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON		$ON \to OFF \to ON$
IGN TIMING	-1:44-	idle	Approx. 12° BTDC
	ditto	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	FA	
		W/B Ignition signal		0.3 - 0.5V	RA	
1 W/B				Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 4 2 0	BR
)			20ms SEF186T	ST	
	W/B			0.7 - 1.0V	RS	
					(V)	116
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	2 11111111	BT	
	·			20ms SEF187T	HA	

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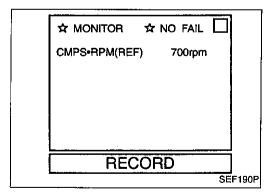
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Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
	OR/B		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	13 - 14V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF188T	
2		Ignition check	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	12 - 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF189T	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1320 0201	The ignition signal in the primary circuit is not sent to ECM during engine cranking or running.	 Harness or connectors (The ignition primary circuit is open or shorted.) Power transistor unit. Resistor Camshaft position sensor Camshaft position sensor circuit



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If both DTC P0340 (0101) and P1320 (0201) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340 first. Refer to EC-249.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-339.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- 3) Select MODE 7 with GST.

Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-339.

- OR -

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)

3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".

- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-339.

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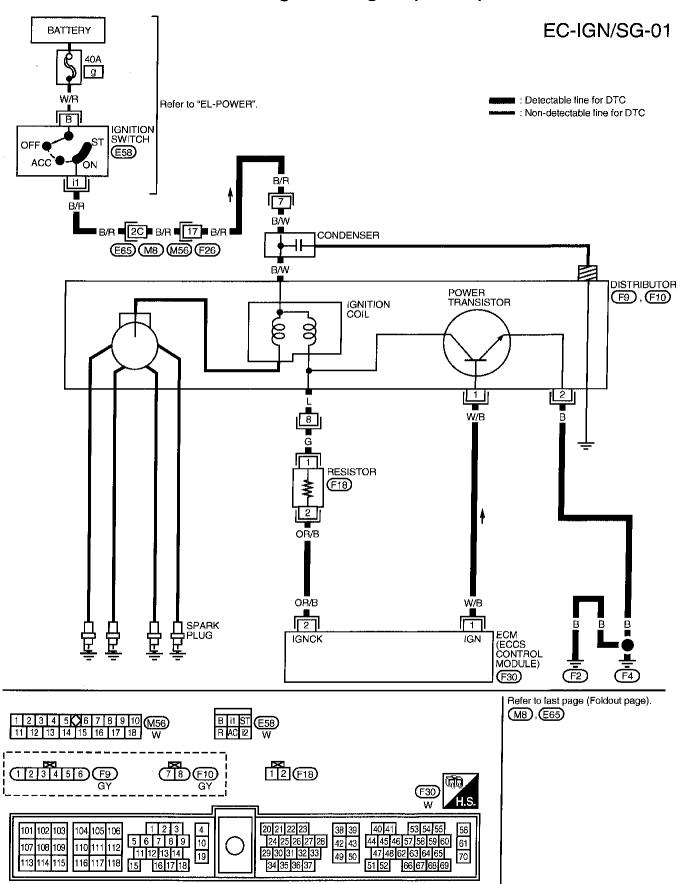
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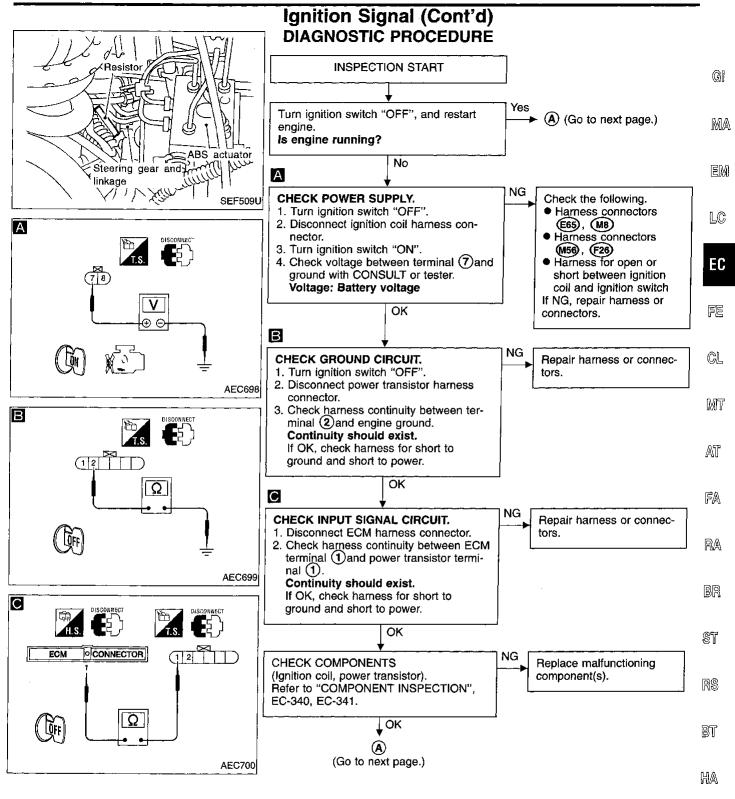
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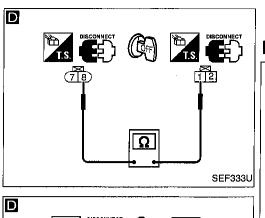
Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

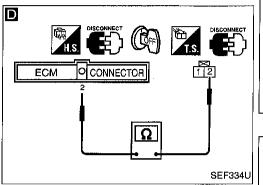


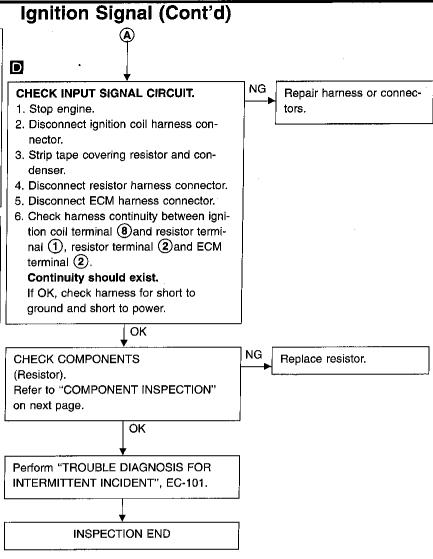


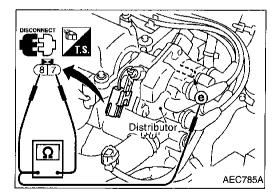
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

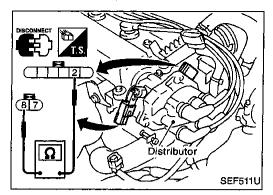
Ignition coil

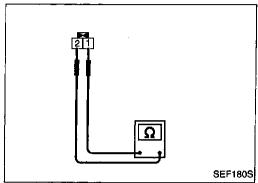
- 1. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal	Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]
7- 8 (Primary coil)	Approximately 1 Ω
7- (e)(Secondary coil)	Approximately 10.0 k Ω

For checking secondary coil, remove distributor cap and measure resistance between coil tower metal tip
and terminal
.

If NG, replace distributor assembly as a unit.





Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

Power transistor

1. Disconnect camshaft position sensor & power transistor harness connector and ignition coil harness connector.

Check power transistor resistance between terminals ② and 图.

Terminals	Resistance	Result
②and ⑧	Except 0Ω	OK
Zanu 😈	0Ω	NG

If NG, replace distributor assembly.

Resistor

- Disconnect resistor harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals ① and ②.
 Resistance: Approximately 2.2 kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace resistor.



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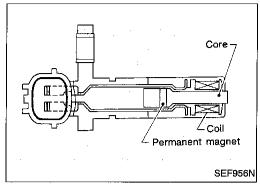
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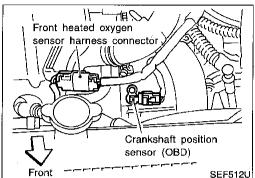
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transmission housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

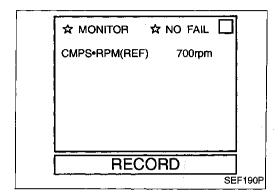
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V
		Crankshaft position consor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF643U
53	BR	Crankshaft position sensor – (OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	'GI Ma
P1336 0905	A chipping of the flywheel or drive plate gear tooth (cog) is detected by the ECM.	Harness or connectors Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	NANY#7
		Drive plate/Flywheel	EM



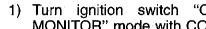


DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

NO TOOLS

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

2) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-345.

- OR -

1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-345.

- OR -

1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-345.

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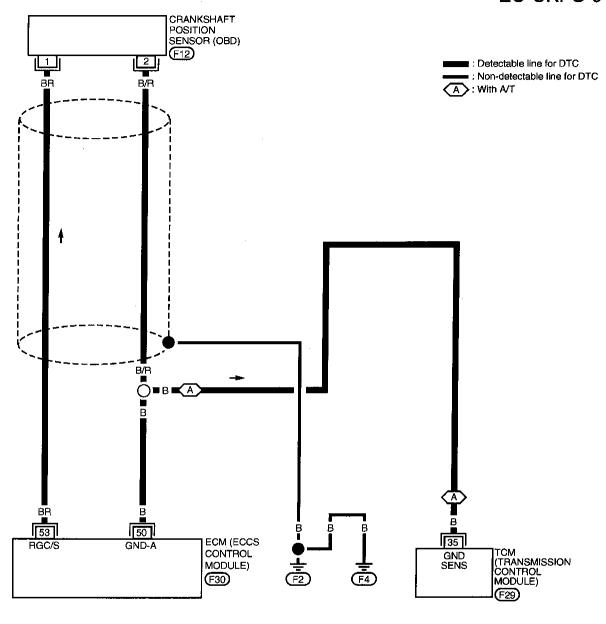
HA

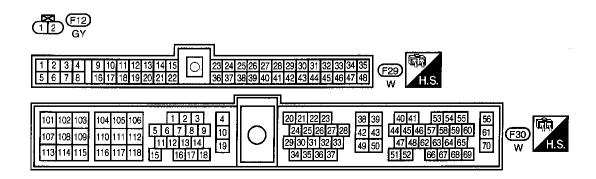
EL

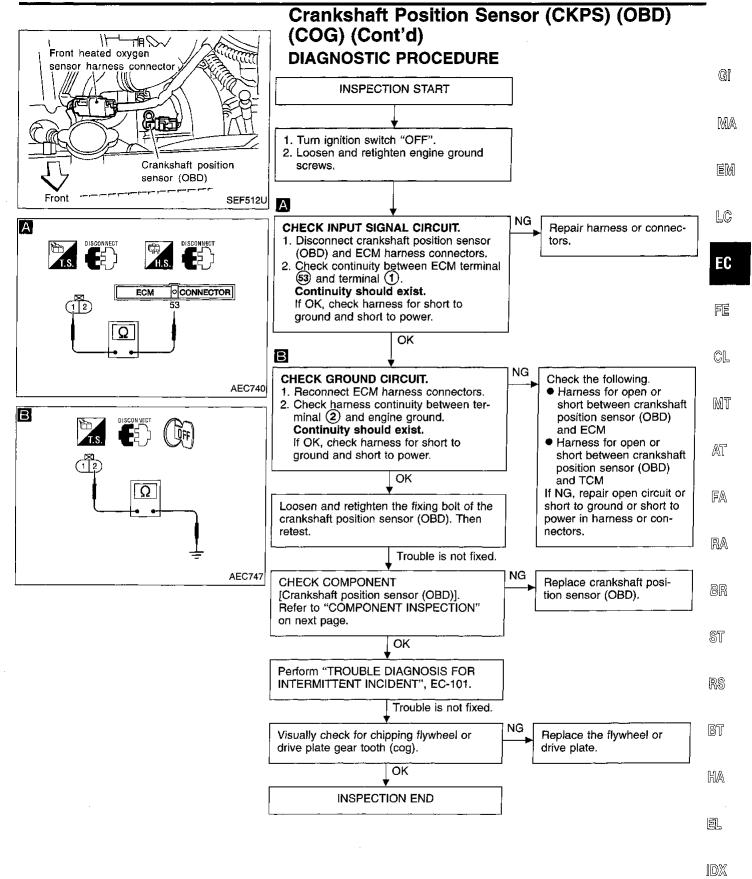
IID)X

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

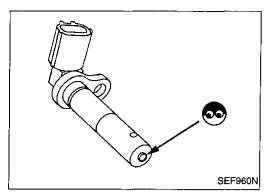
EC-CKPS-01

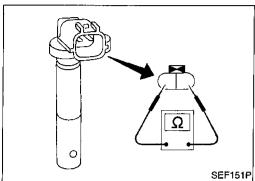






EC-345 501





Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

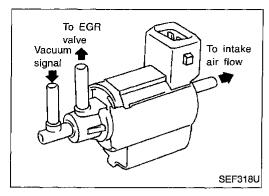
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- 5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

 Resistance: Approximately 432 528Ω

 [at 25°C (77°F)]



EGRC-Solenoid Valve COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve.

MA

LC

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	OFF	
EGRC SOL/V	Shift lever: "N" No-load	Engine speed: Revving from 1,500 to 4,000 rpm quickly	ON	- FE
	<u> </u>			- CL

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (a) (Low ground).						
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	ÅT	
103	103 P	FORC palancid cable	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	FA	
103		EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.7V	RA	

\sim kI		ΛОП		\sim N				\sim 1 \sim
ON	BQ/	4ND	DIA	GΝ	IUSI	IO I	ע∟	GIL

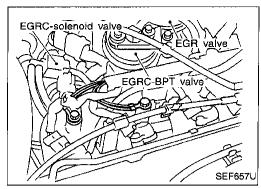
	ON DOMES DIAGROSIO LOGIO			
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	BR ST	
P1400 1005	The improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EGRC-solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors (The EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EGRC-solenoid valve	RS	

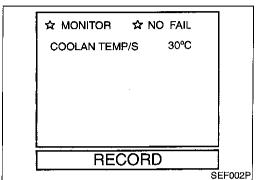
BT

MA

ND)X

EC-347 503





EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-350.



- OR ·



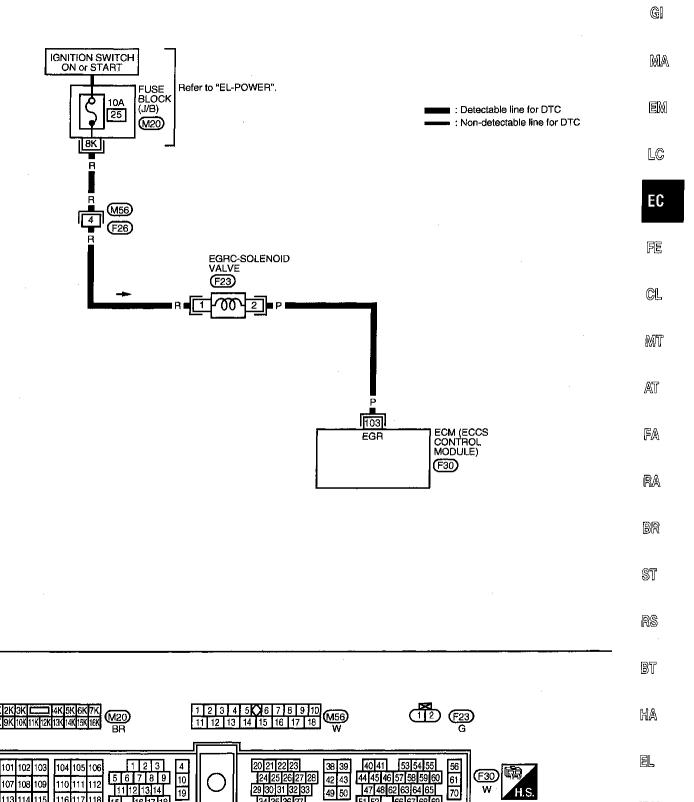
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-350.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-350.

EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

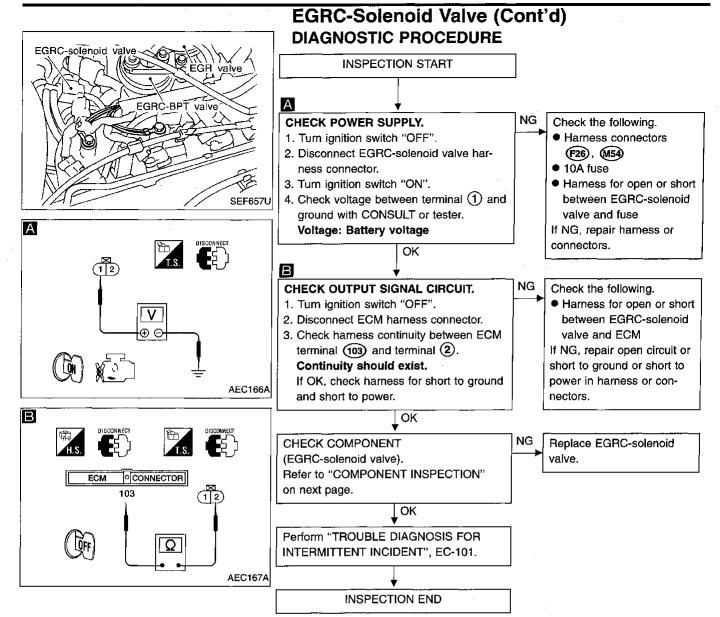
EC-EGRC/V-01

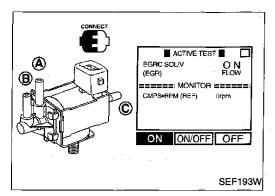


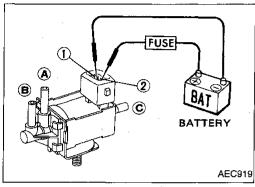
34 35 36 37

51 52 66 67 68 69

IDX







EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLÉNOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR -

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

EC

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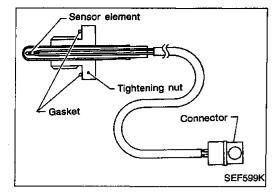
RS

BT

HA

EL

EC-351 507



10,000 1,000 Resistance k Ω 100 10 50 100 150 200 (32)(122)(212)(302)(392)Temperature °C (°F) SEF320U

EGR Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passage way. When the EGR valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passage way changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

<Reference data>

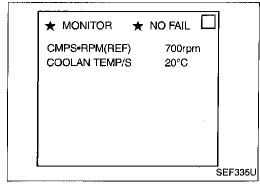
EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (22) (EGR temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECM ground). When EGR system is operating.

Voltage: 0 - 1.5V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1401 0305	A) An excessively low voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is low.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve
	B) An excessively high voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is high.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve



★ NO FAIL **★** MONITOR CMPS*RPM(REF) 1500rpm **COOLAN TEMP/S** 85°C VHCL SPEED SEN 0km/h THRTL POS SEN 1.68V B/FUEL SCHDL 1.0msec SEF336U:

EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

EM

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Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-356.

OR



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "MODE 1" with GST. 2)
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-356.

- OR



Turn ignition switch "ON".

Verify that voltage between ECM terminal (engine) coolant temperature) is more than 2.7V.

If the voltage is below the range, cool the engine down.

- Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-356.

Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

NO TOOLS

1)

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If the check result is NG, go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1402". (See pages EC-256, 265 and 358.)

EC-353

509

EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Read "EGR TEMP SEN" at about 1,500 rpm while holding the EGR valve in full open position by hand. Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V. If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-356.
- If the check result is OK, go to following step.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 7) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 8) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" at closed throttle position and note it.
- 9) Start engine.
- 10) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,400 rpm (A/T)

1,800 - 2,800 rpm (M/T)

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.8 - 3.4 ms (A/T)

2.1 - 2.6 ms (M/T)

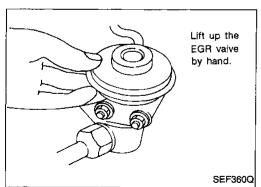
THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 0.45) V

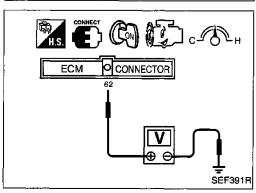
X = Voltage value measured at

step 7)

Selector lever: Suitable position

11) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-356.





OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

Procedure for malfunction B



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If NG, go to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402 (See page EC-358).
- 4) Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground at about 1,500 rpm with EGR valve lifted up to the full position by hand.

Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.

5) If step 4 is OK, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400 and P1400 (See pages EC-256 and 347).

If step 4 is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-356.

EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

ECM (ECCS

CONTROL MODULE) F30

(F8)

В

50

GND-A

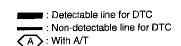
62

EGRTS

W

EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-EGR/TS-01



35

GND SENS TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE)

(F29)

MA

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RA

BR

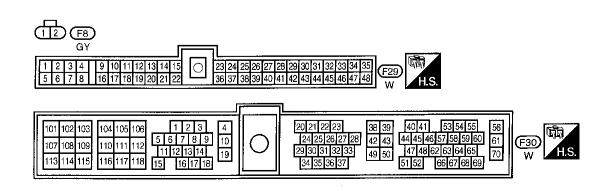
ST

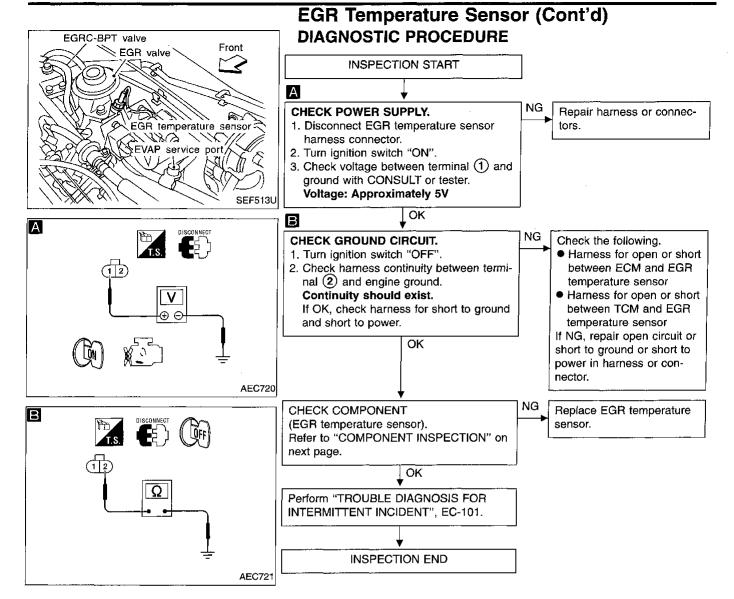
RS

BT

HA

 $\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$





SEF643Q

10,000 ; 1,000 Resistance kΩ 100 10

50

(122)

Temperature

(32)

100

(212)

150

(302)

°C (°F)

200

(392)

SEF320U

EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

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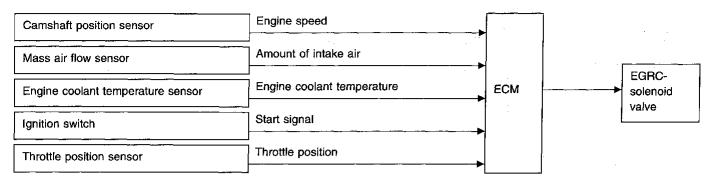
HA

EL

IDX

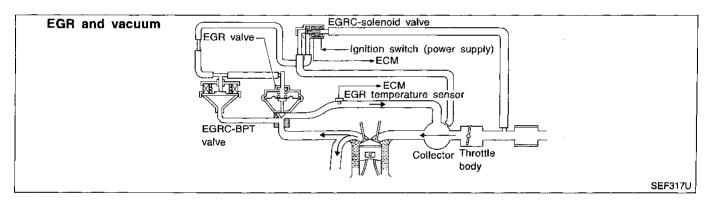
EGR Function (Open)

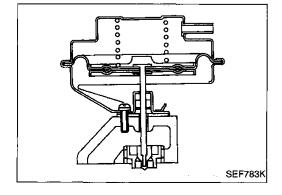
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, it cuts the current for the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low ambient temperature

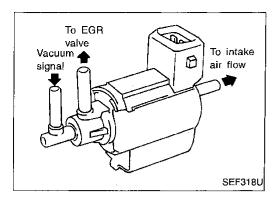




COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.



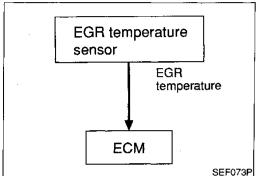
EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) EGRC-solenoid valve

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold to the EGR valve.



MA

EM



call for EGR.

Diagnostic Trouble

Code No.

P1402

0514

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

NOTE:

Malfunction is detected when ...

EGR flow is detected under conditions that do not

Diagnosis for this DTC will end when engine coolant temperature is approx. 50-60°C (120-140°F). Ignition switch must be turned "ON" (engine running) with engine coolant temperature below 40°C (104°F) when starting DTC confirmation procedure.

F	C.	

MT	

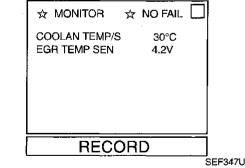
(I cosible order)	
EGRC-solenoid valve	$\mathbb{A}\mathbb{T}$
 ■ EGR valve leaking or stuck open 	
● EGR temperature sensor	
EGRC-BPT valve	

Check Items

(Possible Cause)

BR

RA



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

RS

ST

TESTING CONDITION:

BT

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.

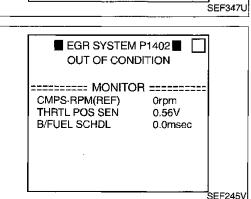
HA

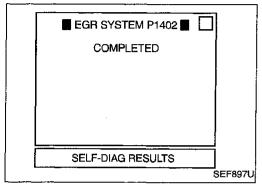
Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.

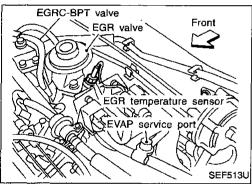
風

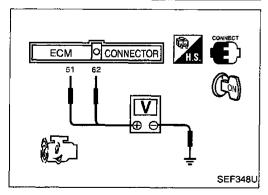
COOLAN TEMP/S: -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F) EGR TEMP SEN: Less than 4.8V

If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the coolant or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.









EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)



- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 5 seconds.
 Then turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "EGR SYSTEM P1402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Follow the instruction of CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CON-SULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take 70 seconds or more.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, turn ignition "OFF" and cool the engine coolant temperature to the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F). Retry from step 1).

5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-362.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "MODE 1" with GST.

OR

- 2) Check that engine coolant temperature is within the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F).
- 3) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ (EGR temperature) and ground is less than 4.8V.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 5) Stop engine.
- 6) Perform from step 1) to 4).
- 7) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 8) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-362.

OR

NO TOOLS

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check the following voltages.

ECM terminal (a) (engine coolant temperature) and ground:

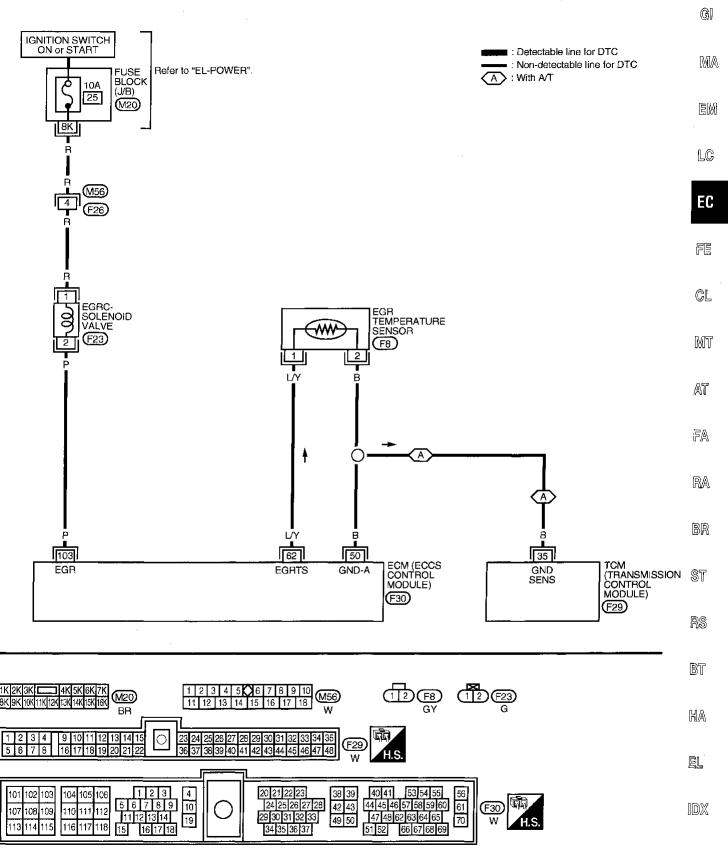
2.7 - 4.4V

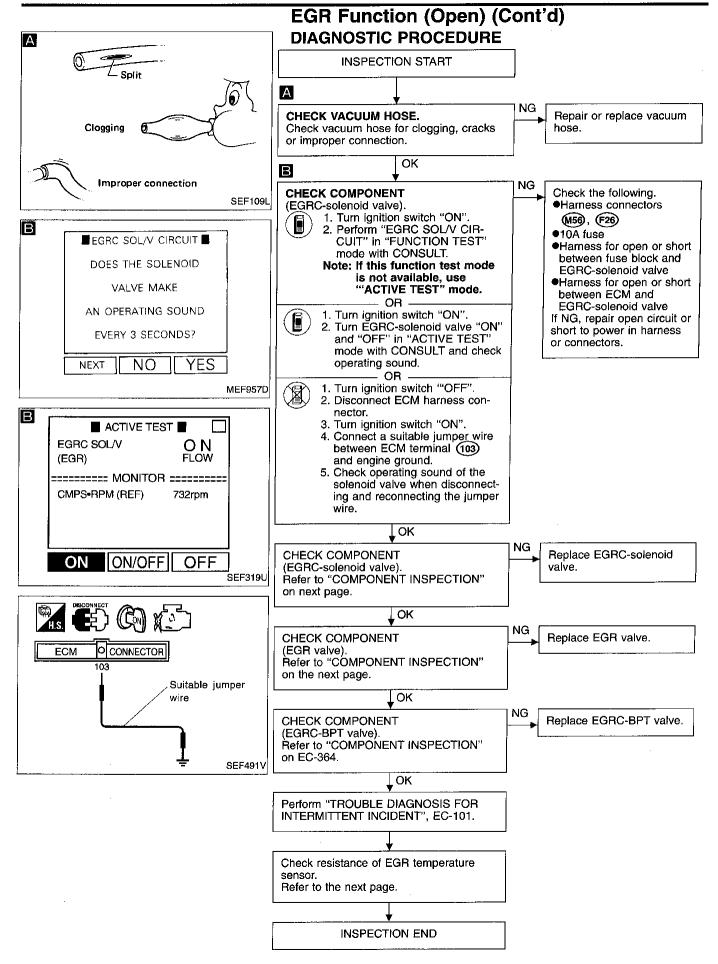
ECM terminal @ (EGR temperature) and ground: Less than 4.8V

- Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-362.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

EC-EGRC1-01





EGR valve MEF137D

EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

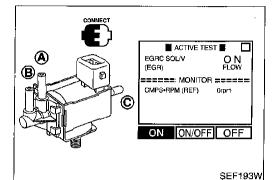
Check for sticking

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



EM

LC



EGRC-solenoid valve

Condition

12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

EC

Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR

Air passage

continuity

between (A) and (B)

Yes

No

CL

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2

No supply

AT Air passage continuity between (A) and (C) No

Yes

FA

RA

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRCsolenoid valve.

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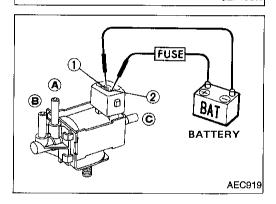
RS

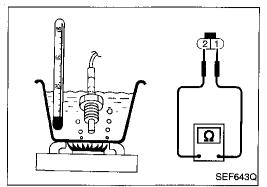
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EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

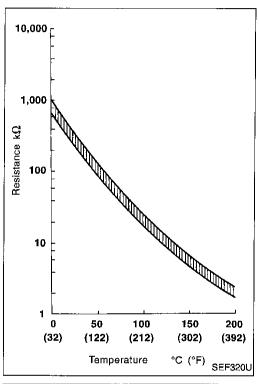
EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

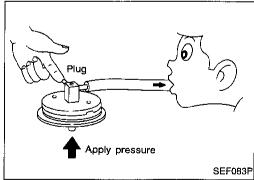
	EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance M Ω
_	0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
_	50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
_	100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



EGRC-BPT valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- 2. Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- 3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure)

Note: If DTC P1440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-368.)

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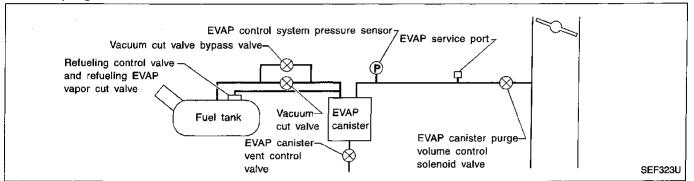
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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using of vapor pressure in the fuel tank.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve will then be opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP control system pressure sensor can now monitor the pressure inside the fuel tank.

If pressure increases, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	f
P1440 0213	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. 	-
		 Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. 	Ē
		 EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system 	99
		pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	F
		 Absolute pressure sensor Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch 	00
		 solenoid valve O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator 	ŀ
		 EVAP canister is saturated with water. Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve 	00

CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

EC

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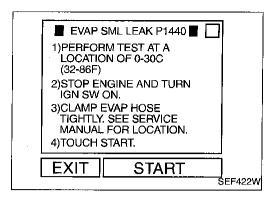
CL.

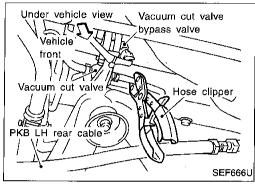
MT

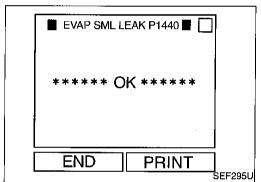
AT

If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.

EC-365







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Never use compressed air or high pressure pump. Otherwise, EVAP system may be damaged.

- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.60 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Always remove service port adapter from service port when applying air up to 0.69 to 1.38 kPa (5.14 to 10.34 mmHg, 0.202 to 0.407 inHg).
- During the test, clamp the EVAP hose tightly as shown at left.
- If DTC P1440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-395.)



- 1) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Clamp EVAP hose as shown on the left.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P1440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - Follow the instruction displayed.
- 5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-368.

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.



- Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-388.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-279.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-368.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

— OR -

NOTE:

- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-44 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-44.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-368.



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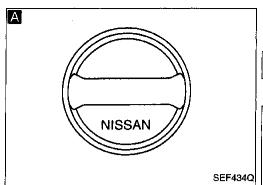
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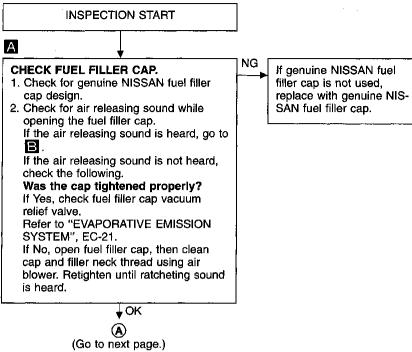
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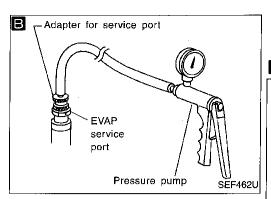
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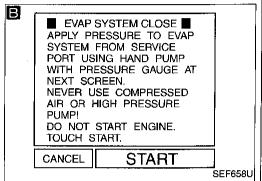
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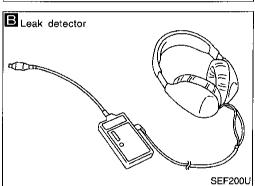


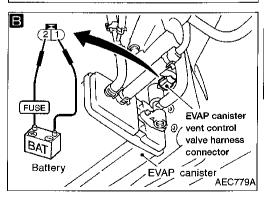
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

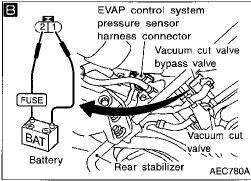




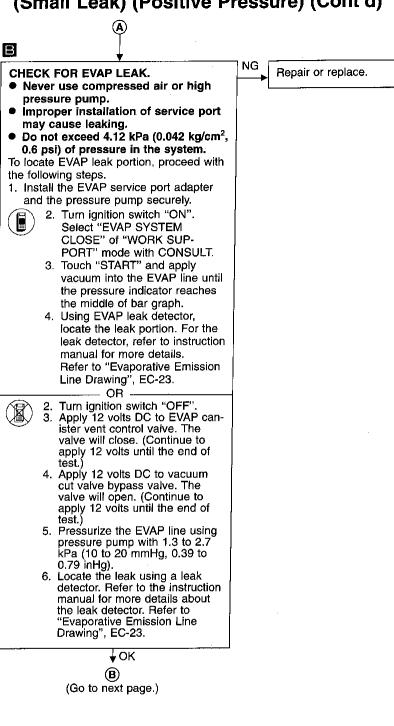








Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)



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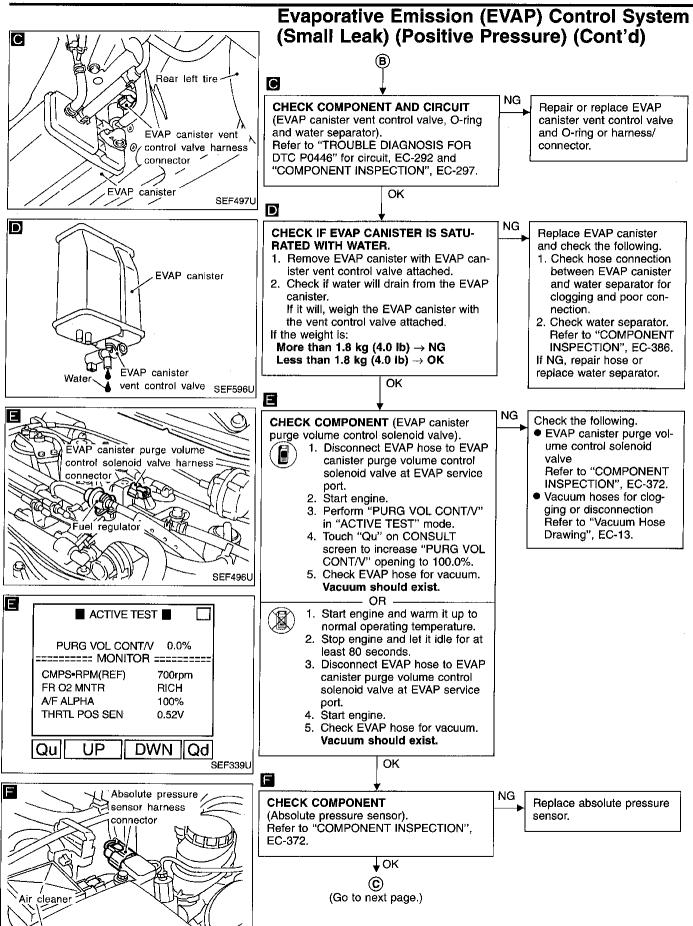
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RS

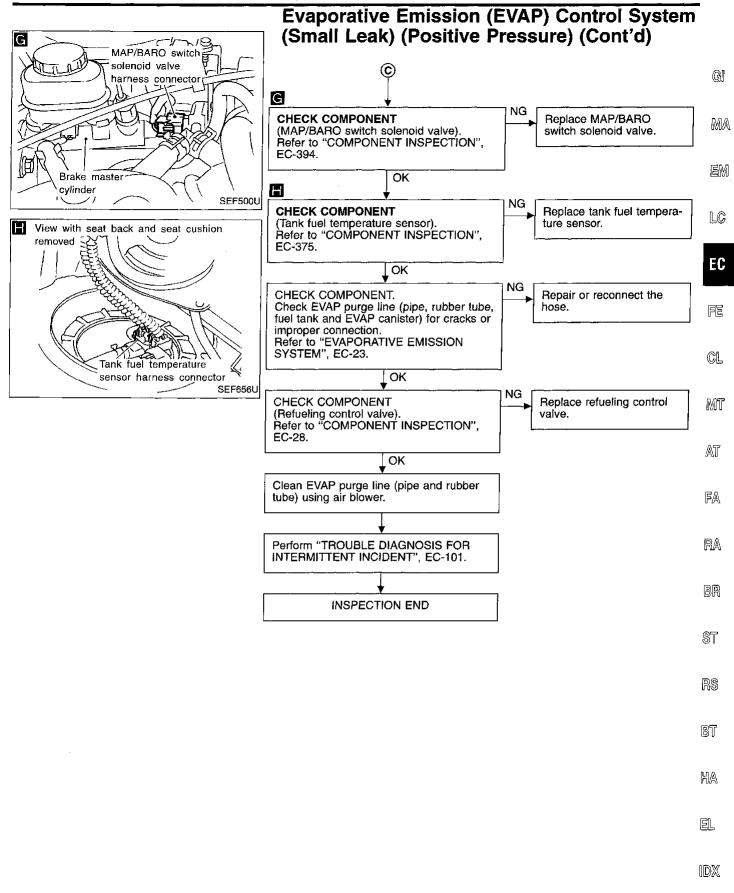
BT

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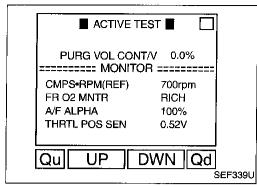
EL

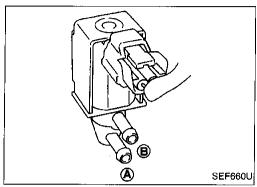


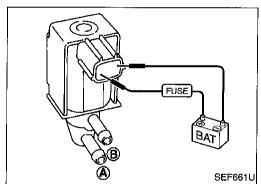
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EC-371 527







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening. If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
- 3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

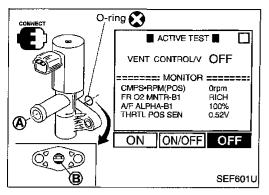
OR

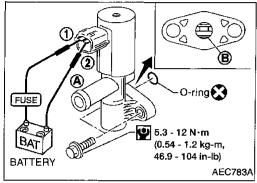


Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between ter- minals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

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Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
Vent control valve ON	No	
Vent control valve OFF	Yes	

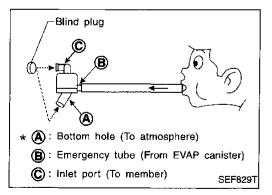
OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

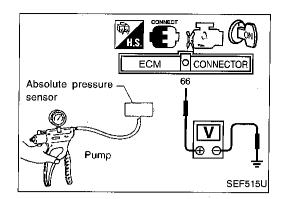
Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

EC-373 529



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.

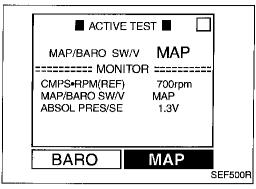
The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

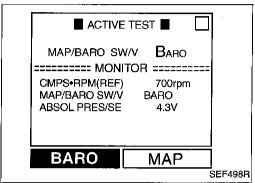
 Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

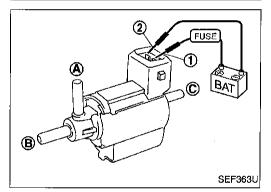
The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply vacuum below –93.3 kPa (–700 mmHg, –27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	LC
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO	
Time for voltage to	change	EC
MAP/BARO SW/S	Required time to switch	
BARO to MAP	Loop than 1 pagend	FE
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second	
4. If NG, replace soleno	id valve.	- CL



- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



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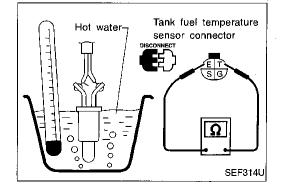
531

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

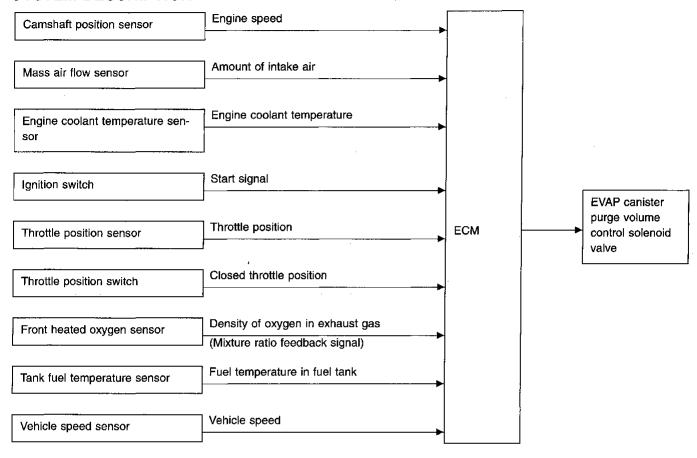
If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.



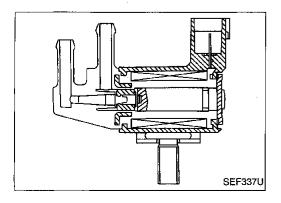
EC-375

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CC	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	
	- Franks After and a	Idle	0%	M
PURG VOL C/V	 Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch "OFF" No-load 	Vehicle running (Shift lever "1") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after start- ing engine)	_	

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 43 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			Engine is running.		- FĒ
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V	CL
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	— MT AT
5	L	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	- Fa
56	W/R	Davids and for FOM	Law it is a social #ONIV	BATTERY VOLTAGE	_
61	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	(11 - 14V)	RA

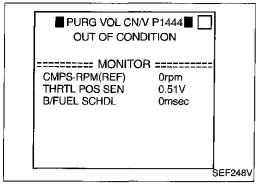
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

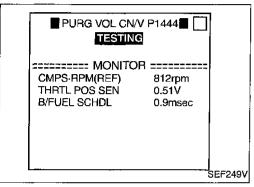
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	_ §
P1444 0214	 The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed. 	 EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.) EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister 	
		Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.)	. 0

EC-377 533

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CON-SULT changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take for at least 10 seconds.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". (If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-380.)



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-380.

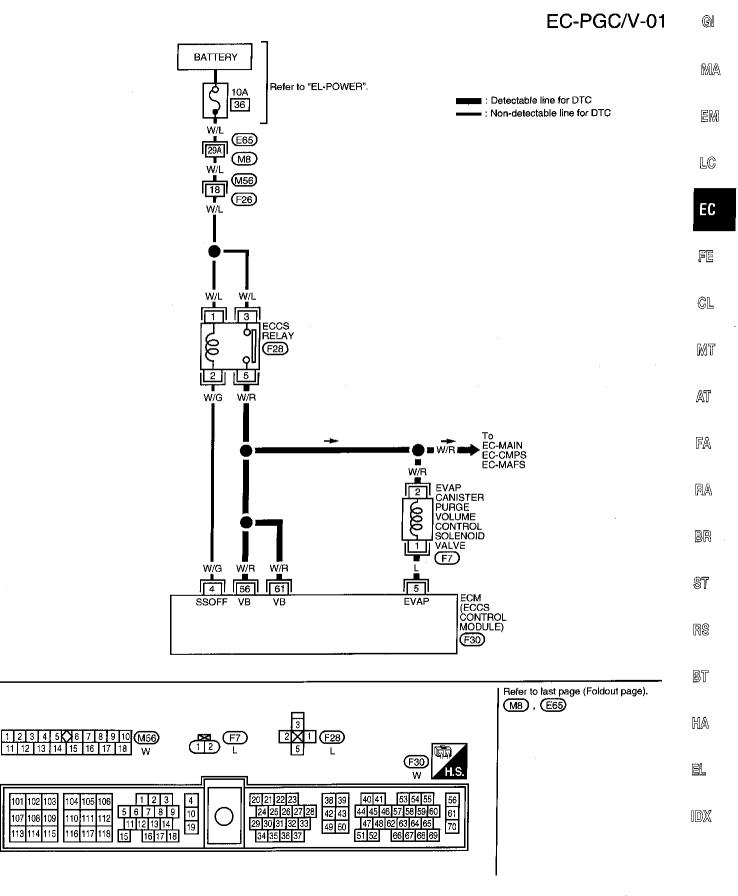


1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR ·

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.ST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-380.

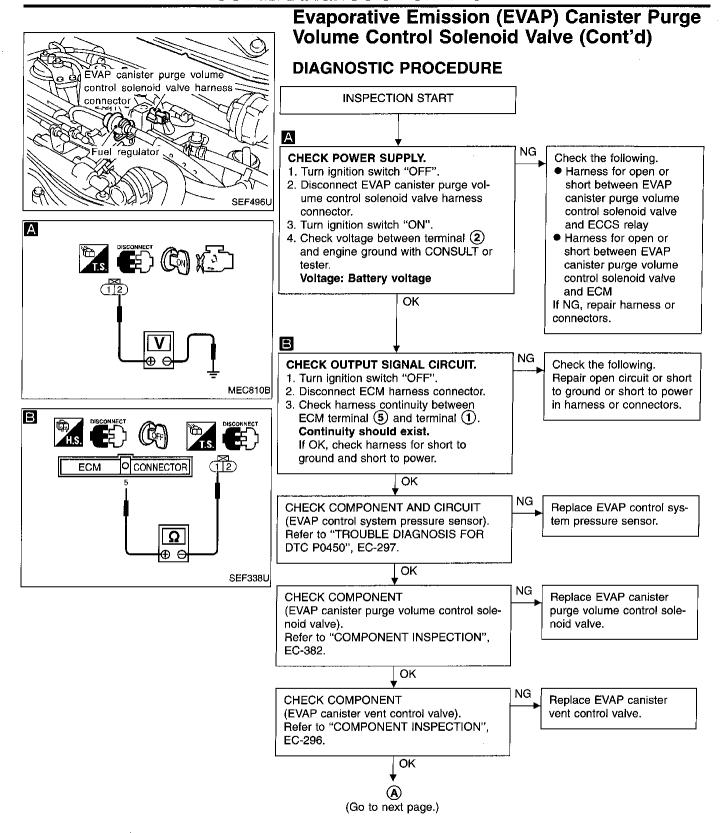
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

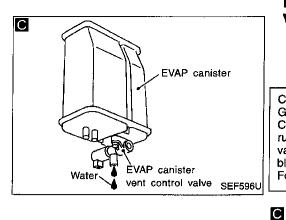


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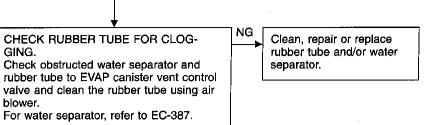
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER IS SATU-Replace EVAP canister RATED WITH WATER.

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached. 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP

OK

canister. If it will, weigh the EVAP canister with the vent control valve attached. If the weight is:

OK

More than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) \rightarrow NG Less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-101.

INSPECTION END

and check the following.

- 1. Check hose connection between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging and poor connection.
- 2. Check water separator. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-386. If NG, repair hose or replace water separator.

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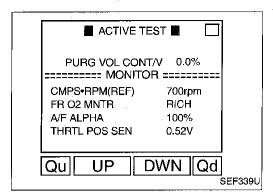
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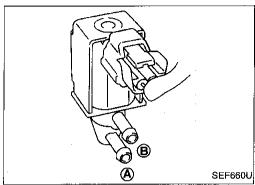
RS

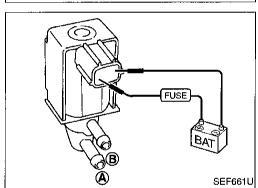
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

 If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
- 3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

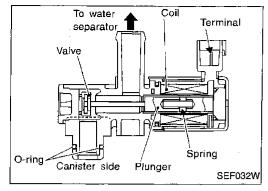
If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

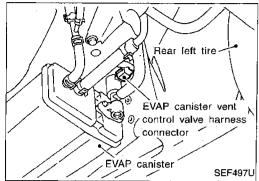


Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM		CONDITION	•	SPECIFICATION	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON			OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

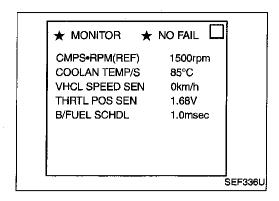
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	BR
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ST

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1446 0215	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water.

EC-383 539



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-385.

NOTE:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may be displayed quicker.

--- OR ·

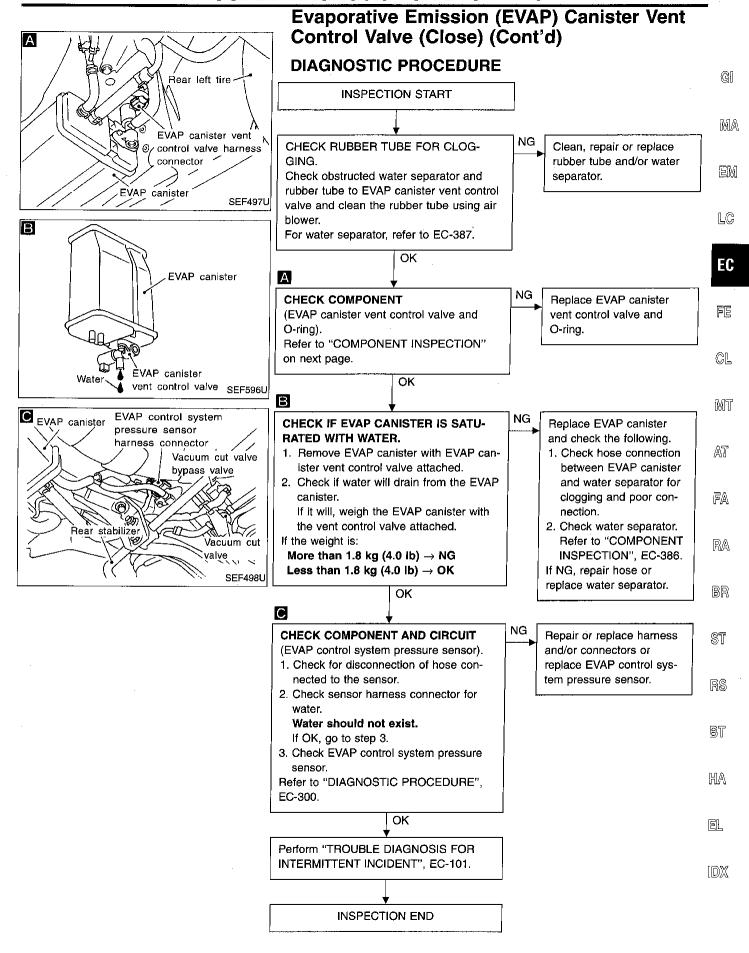


- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-385.

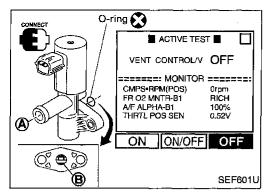
--- OR -

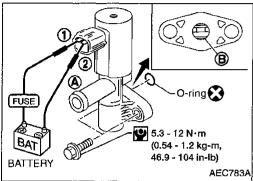


- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-385.



EC-385





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR ·

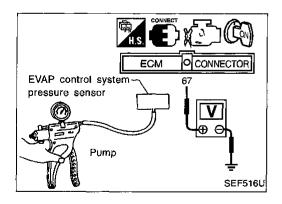


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal

 and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

* (A): Bottom hole (To atmosphere) (B): Emergency tube (From EVAP canister) (C): Inlet port (To member) SEF829T

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

Water separator

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.

2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.

3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.

4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.

5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.

Do not disassemble water separator.

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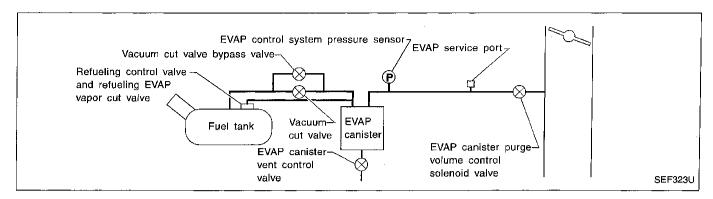
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring

Note: If DTC P1447 is displayed with P0510, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-313.)



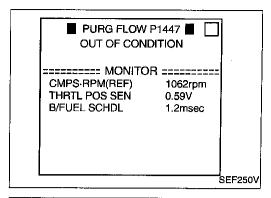
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

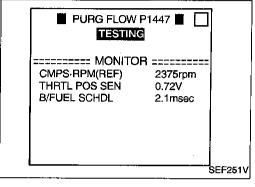
In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

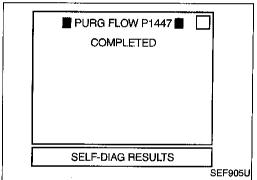
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a fault is determined.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1447 0111	EVAP control system does not operate properly. EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor.	 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube Blocked rubber tube Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Cracked EVAP canister EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit Closed throttle position switch Blocked purge port EVAP canister vent control valve







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

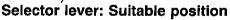
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.4) Select "PURG FLOW P1447" of "EVAPORATIVE
- SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)



Vehicle speed: 32 - 120 km/h (20 - 62 MPH)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 500 - 3,000 rpm

Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 -

212°F)

If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer RS to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-391.

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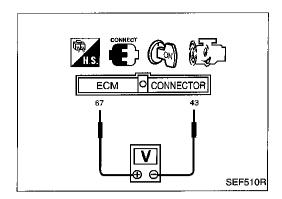
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EC-389 545



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

- OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5) Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals @ (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and @ (ground).
- 6) Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed.
- 7) Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch: ON Steering wheel: Fully turned

Headlamp switch: ON

Rear window defogger switch: ON Engine speed: Approx. 3,000 rpm

Gear position: M/T models

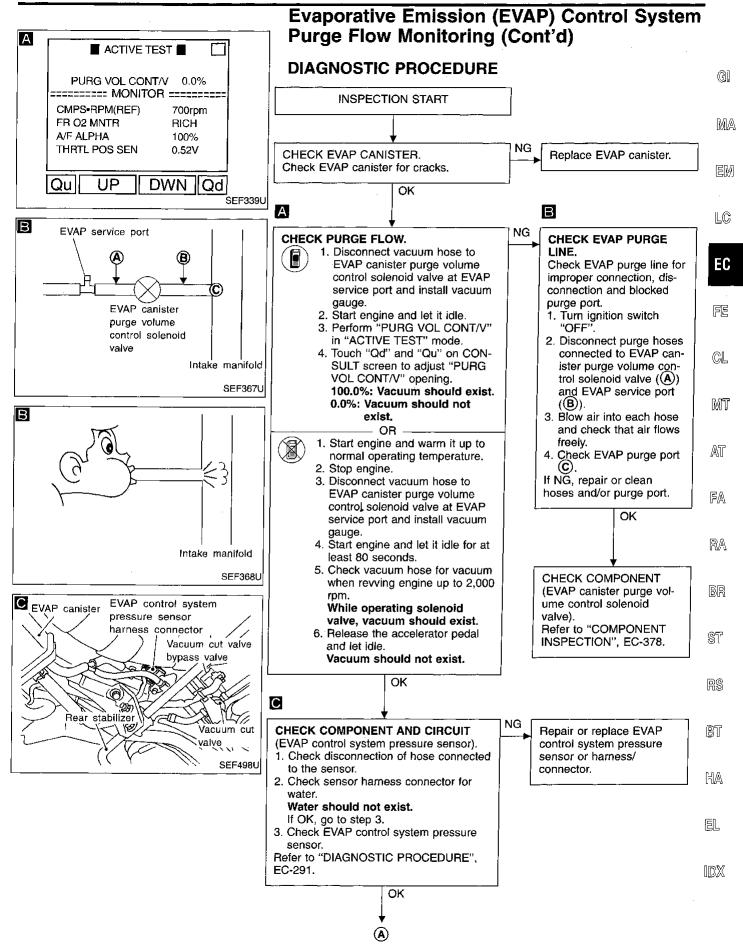
Any position other than "Neutral" or "Reverse"

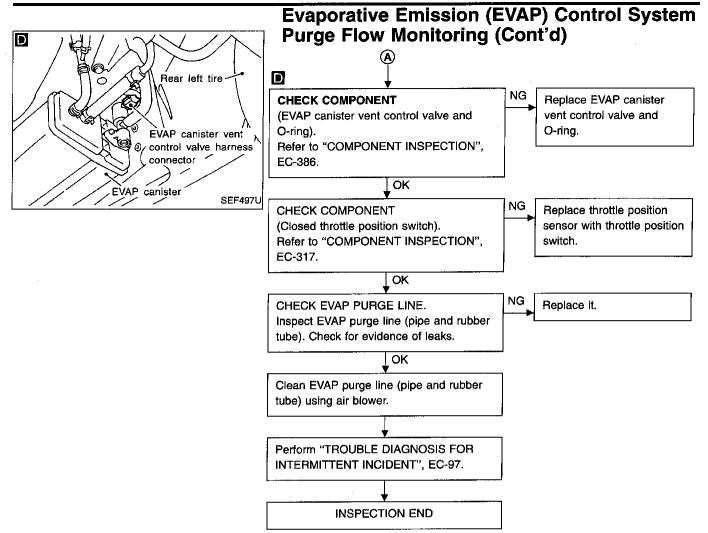
A/T models

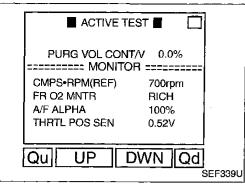
Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"

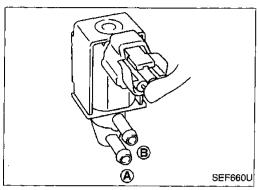
Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed for at least 1 second.

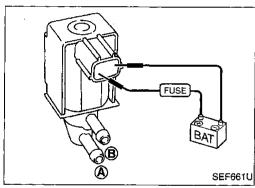
8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-391.

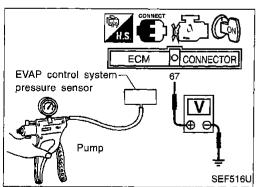












Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
 If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.

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3. Check air passage continuity.

Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
100.0%	Yes	
0.0%	No	

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

OR



Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	
No supply	No	

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal

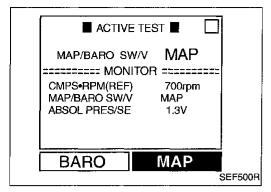
 and engine ground.

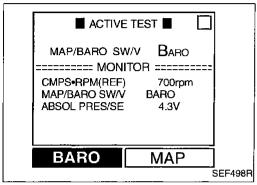
Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

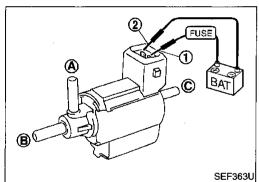
CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg) or vacuum below –20.0 kPa (–150 mmHg, –5.91 inHg).
- If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

EC-393 549







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

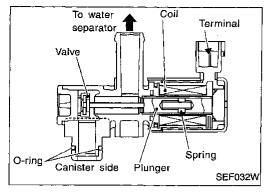
MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)			
BARO	More than 2.6V			
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO			
Time for voltage to change				
MAP/BARO SW/S	Time to switch			
BARO to MAP				
MAP to BARO	1 second, max.			
4. If NG, replace solenoid valve.				

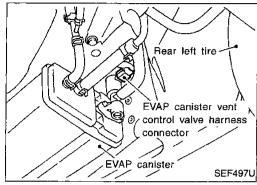


- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG, replace solenoid valve.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

If DTC P0440 or P1440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECCS ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	BR
108	PU	EVAP canister vent con- trol valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ST

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	- RS - BT
P1448 0309	EVAP canister vent control valve remains opened under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor and circuit Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. Vacuum cut valve 	HA La

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If DTC P0440 or P1440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 32°C (41 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 5 60°C (41 140°F)
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK PÒ440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

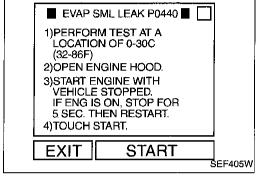
NOTE:

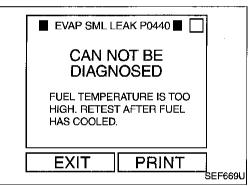
- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest. (Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)
- The engine idle portion of this test (See illustration at left.) will take approximately 5 minutes.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.
 If "NG" is displayed, go to the following step.

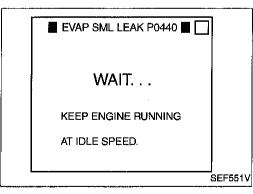
NOTE:

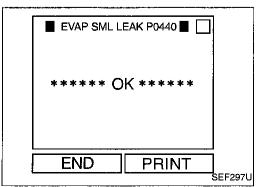
Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

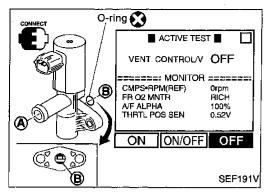
- 7) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 8) Disconnect hose from water separator.

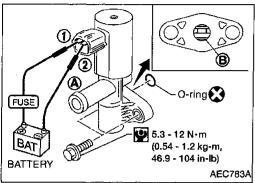












Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

 Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

10) Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.

11) Make sure of the following.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-279.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

1) Disconnect hose from water separator.

2) Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.

3) Verify the following.

		– AT
Condition	Air passage continuity	
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No	- Fa
No supply	Yes	_

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE", EC-399.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-279.

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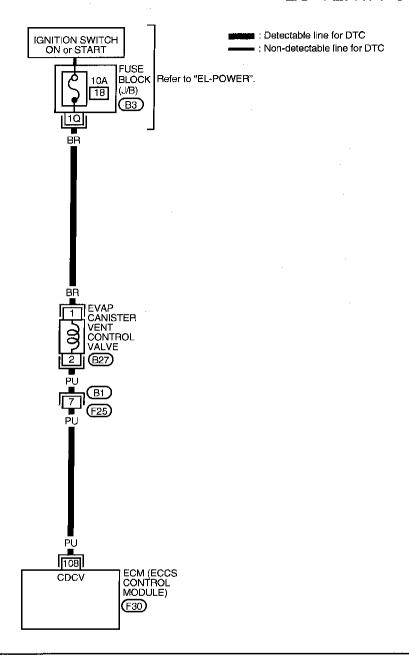
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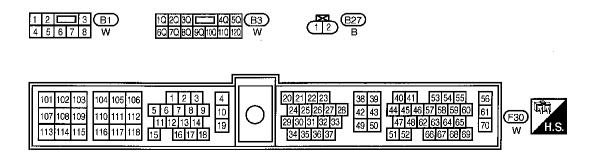
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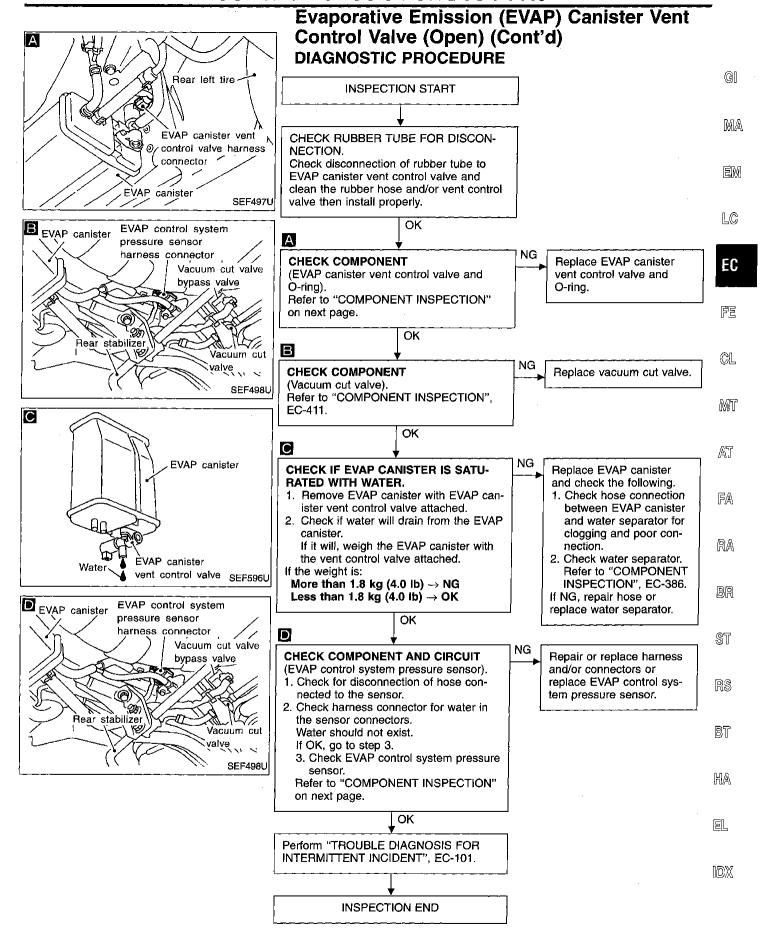
EC-397 553

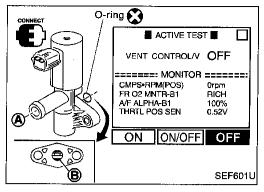
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

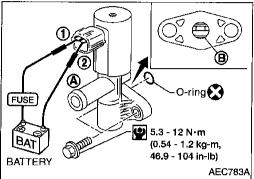
EC-VENT/V-01

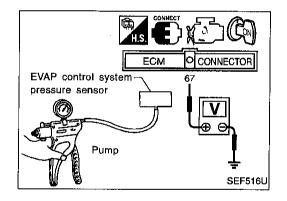












Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

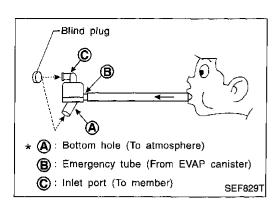
EVAP control system pressure sensor

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from B with A, and then © plugged.
- In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

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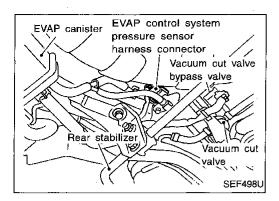
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit)

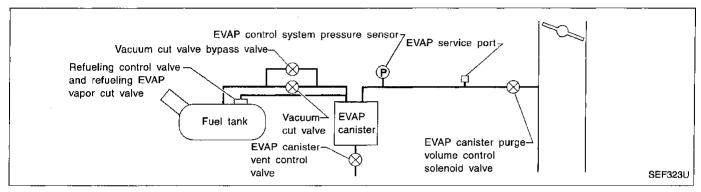
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and @ (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1490 0801	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	Harness or connectors (The vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit is open or shorted.) Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

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NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

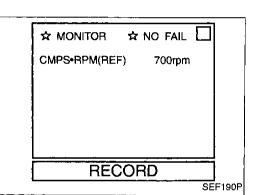
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1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.

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1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

- OR -

2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.

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- OR -



Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.

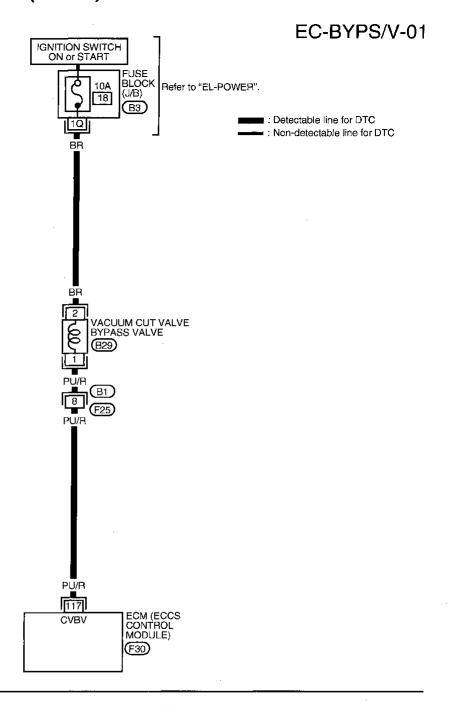
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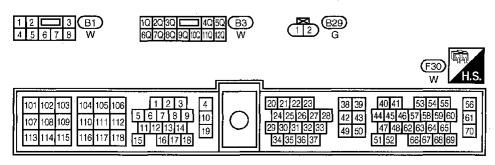
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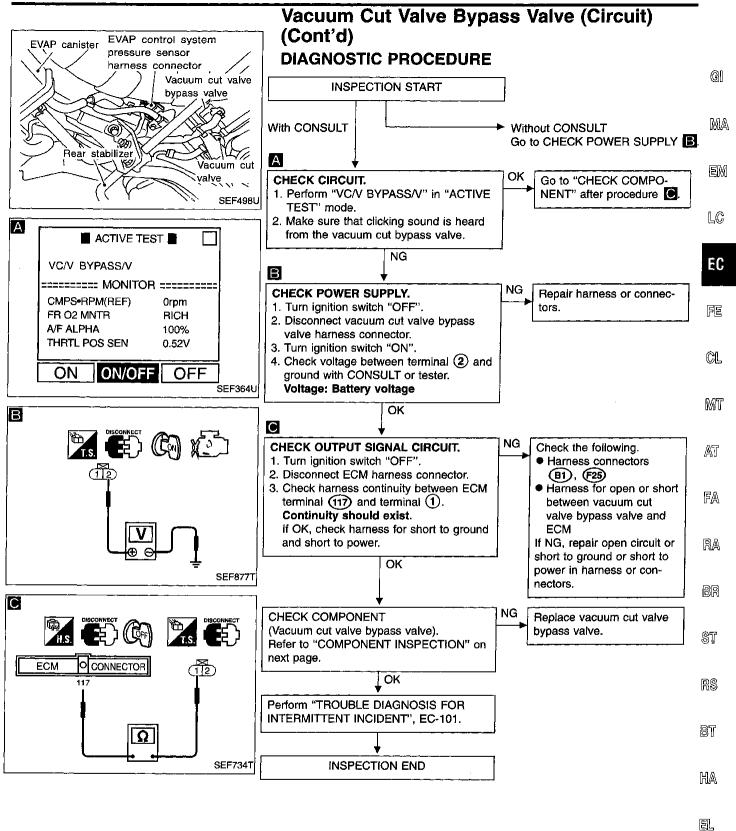
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

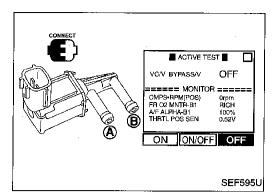


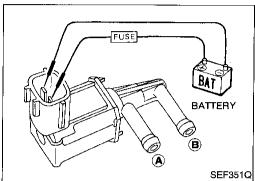




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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

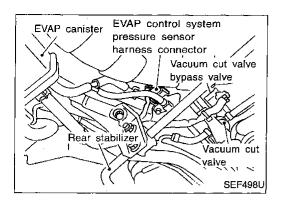
Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	Yes	
OFF	No	
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	
No supply	No	

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.



Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

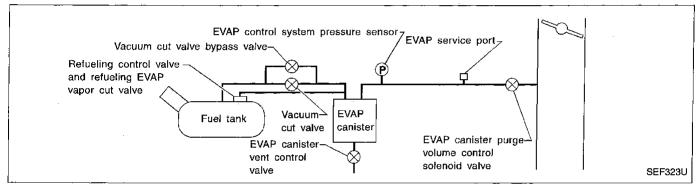
The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	R
VC/V BYPASS/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	ST RS
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ILJØ)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	HA
P1491 0311	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve does not operate properly.	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve Vacuum cut valve Bypass hoses for clogging EVAP control system pressure sensor and circuit EVAP canister vent control valve Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged EVAP canister	

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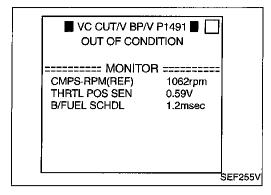
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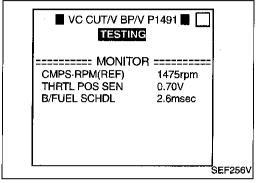
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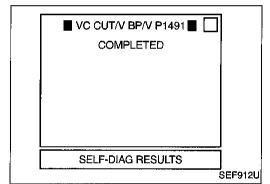
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F).
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehice.

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5) Select "VC CUT/V BP/V P1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,000 - 3,000 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.4 - 4.5 msec

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.

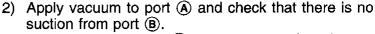
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK



1) Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.



- 3) Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
- 4) Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).

5) Supply battery voltage to the terminal.

6) Blow air in port (A) and check that air flows freely out (LC) of port (B).

7) Blow air in port (B) and check that air flows freely out of port (A).

8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.



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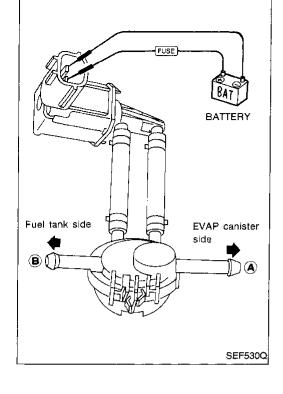
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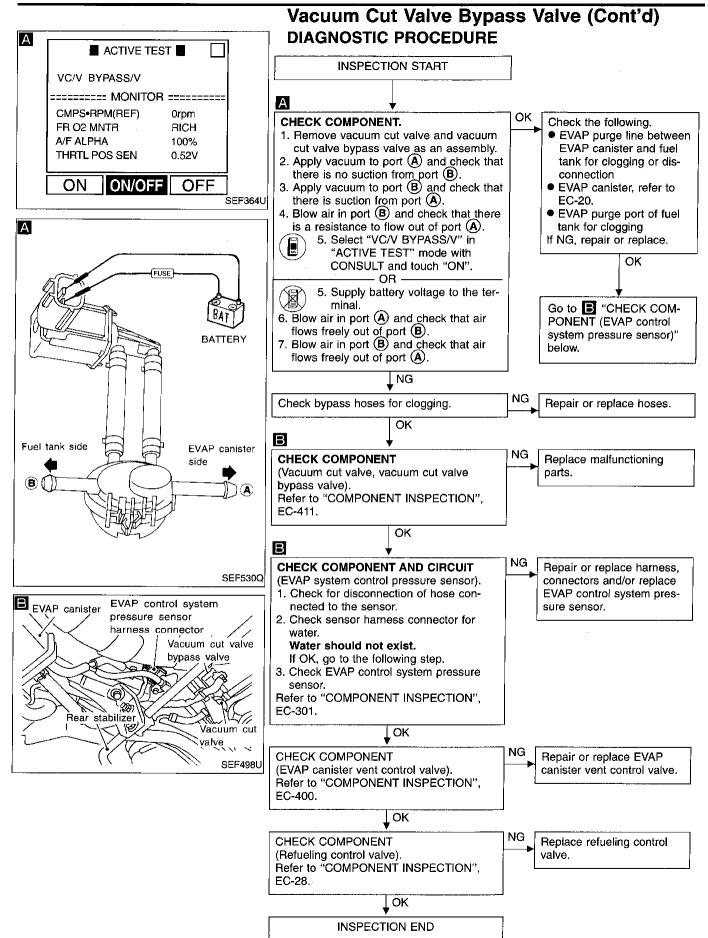
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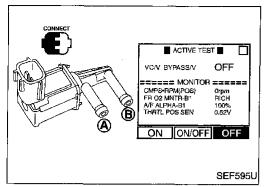
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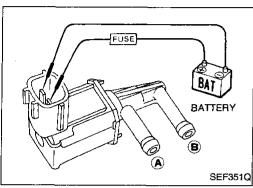
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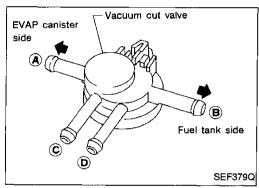
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Air passage continuity Condition between (A) and (B) ON Yes OFF No

OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

Vacuum cut vaive

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

Plug port © and D with fingers.

Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).

Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).

Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).

5. Open port (C) and (D).

Blow air in port (A) check that air flows freely out of port (C). 6.

Blow air in port (B) check that air flows freely out of port (D).

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A/T Diagnosis Communication Line

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The malfunction information related to A/T (Automatic Transmission) is transferred through the line (circuit) from TCM (Transmission control module) to ECM. Therefore, be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only in TCM but also ECM after the A/T related repair.

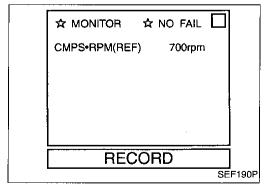
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
7	PU	A/T check signal	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 4.0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1605 0804	An incorrect signal from TCM (Transmission control module) is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The communication line circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.) Dead (Weak) battery TCM



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V.



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- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-415.



OR Turn ignition switch "ON".

Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds. 2)

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-415.



Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.

OR

EC-412

A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd)

- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-415.

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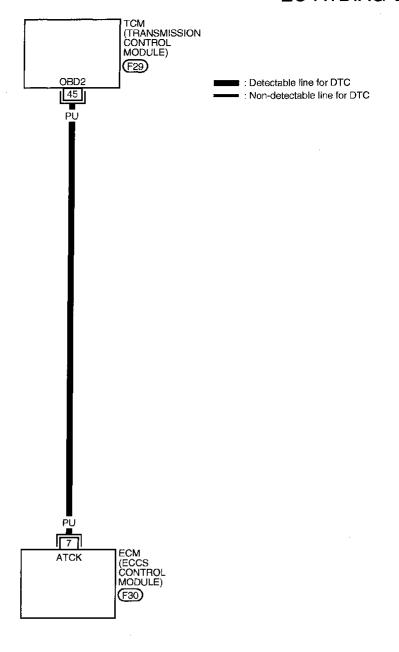
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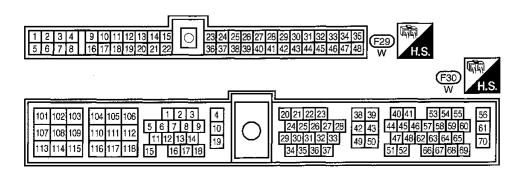
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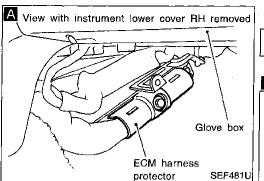
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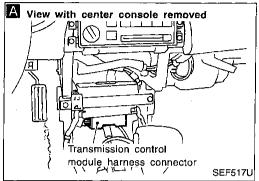
A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd)

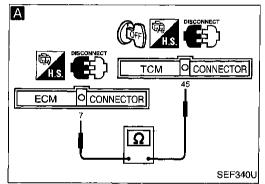
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A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

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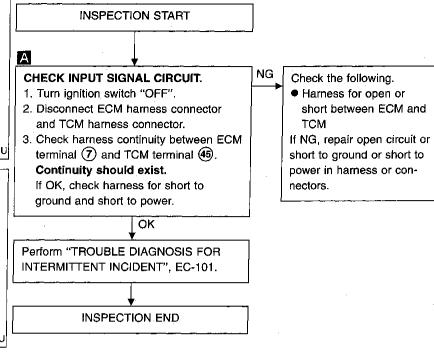
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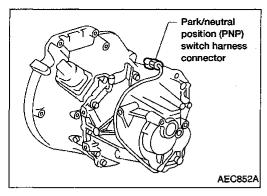
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EC-415 571



Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the gear position is "P" (A/T models only) or "N", Park/neutral position (PNP) switch is "ON".

ECM detects the park/neutral position when continuity with ground exists.

For A/T models, the PNP switch assembly also includes a transmission range switch to detect selector lever position.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	■ Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
		Except above	OFF

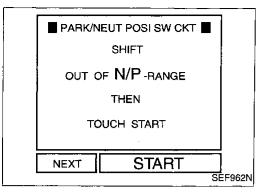
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

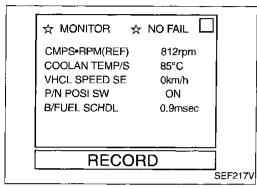
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

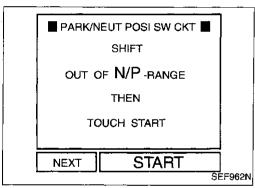
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
22 G/OR	G/OB	Park/neutral position	Ignition switch "ON" Gear position is "N" or "P"	Approximately 0V
	(PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	Approximately 5V	

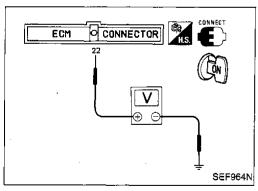
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1706 1003		Harness or connectors a. (The PNP switch or PNP switch circuit is open or shorted.) b. (The circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.) PNP switch TCM (Transmission control module)









Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

 Perform "PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT" in "FUNC-TION TEST" mode with CONSULT. GI:

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If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-419. If OK, go to following step.

2) Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known good signal	
"N" and "P" (A/T only) position	ON	
Except the above position	OFF	

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-419. If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,500 rpm COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms

VHCL SPEED SE: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-419.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/ neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR -



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

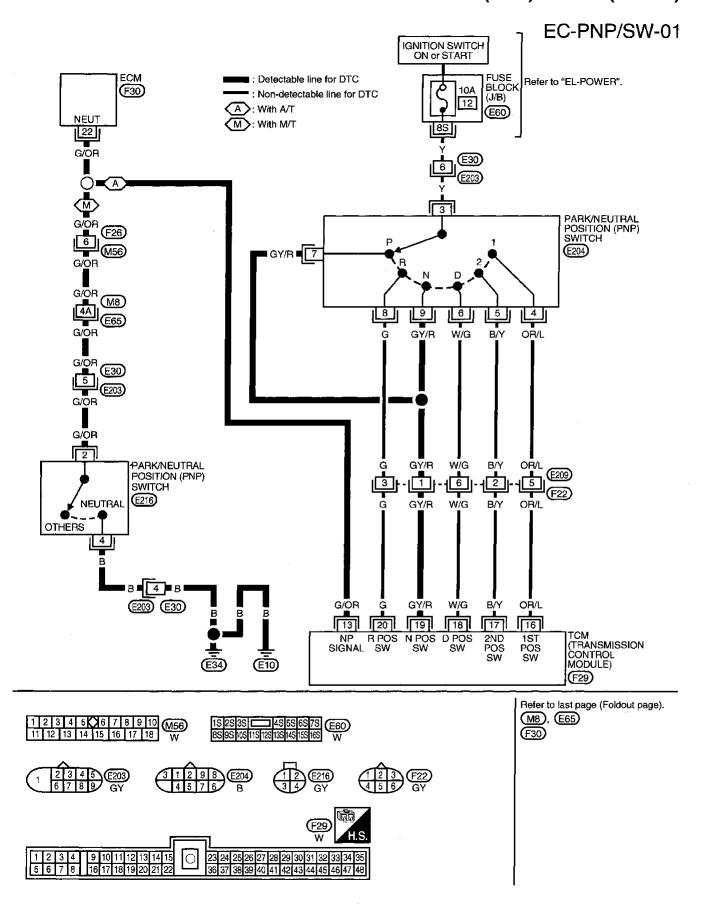
2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and body ground under the following conditions.

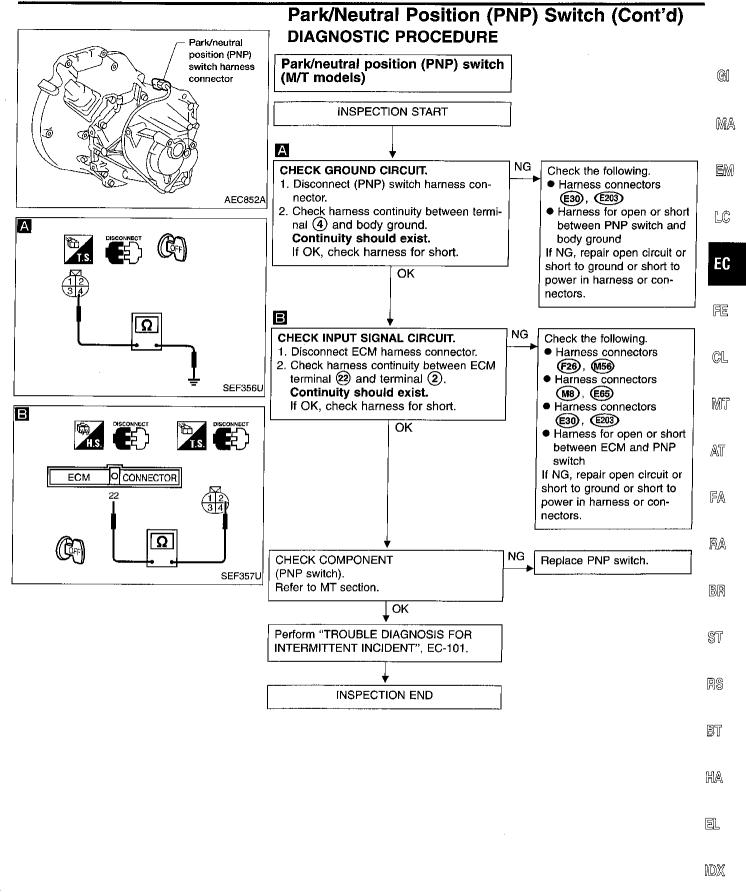
Condition (Gear position)	Voltage (V) (Known good data)
"P" (A/T only) and "N" position	Approx. 0
Except the above position	Approx. 5

3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-419.

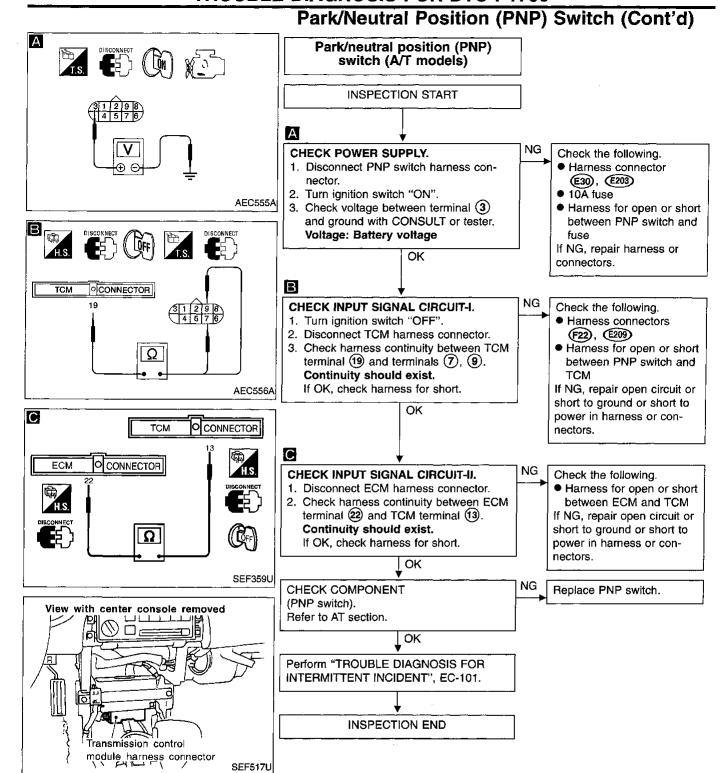
EC-417 573

Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd)





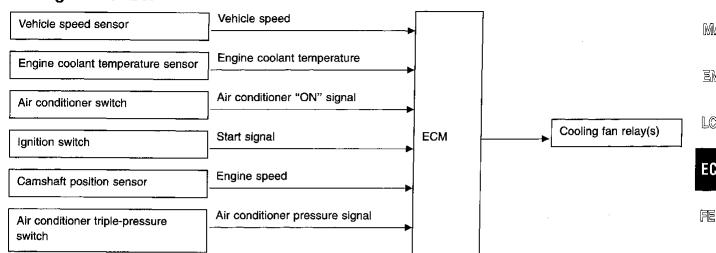
EC-419 575



Overheat

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

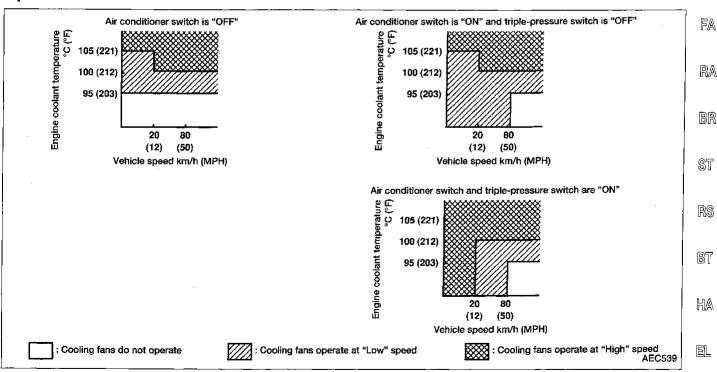
Cooling fan control



The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, air conditioner system pressure and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/ LOW/OFF].

With the ignition key in the OFF position the cooling fans will operate for a maximum of 120 seconds if the engine coolant temperature reaches 96°C (205°F) or above.

Operation



EC-421 577

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Overheat (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
COOLING FAN	Engine: Idling, after warming up Air conditioner switch "OFF" Vehicle speed	Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less.	OFF
		Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 104°C (219°F).	LOW
		Engine coolant temperature is 95°C (203°F) or more.	н

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values, and are measured between each terminal and (5) (ECM ground) with a voltmeter.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
13	LG	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0 - 0.4V
14	LG/R	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. Cooling fan (Low) is operating.	0 - 0.3V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, the engine coolant temperature will rise.

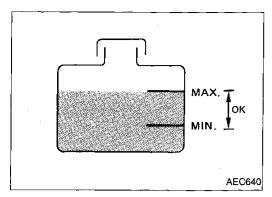
When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

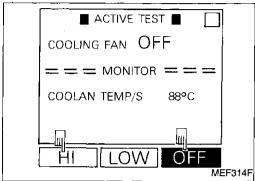
Diagnostic trouble code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
OVERHEAT 0208	Engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature.	 Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.) Cooling fan Radiator hose Radiator Radiator cap Water pump Thermostat For more information, refer to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING", EC-431.

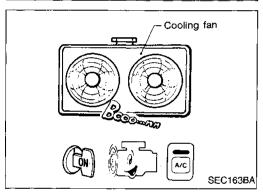
CAUTION:

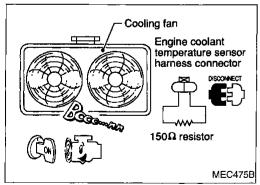
When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA section ("Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE"). Also, replace the engine oil.

- a. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute like pouring coolant by kettle. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA section ("Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").
- b. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.









Overheat (Cont'd)

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a guarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

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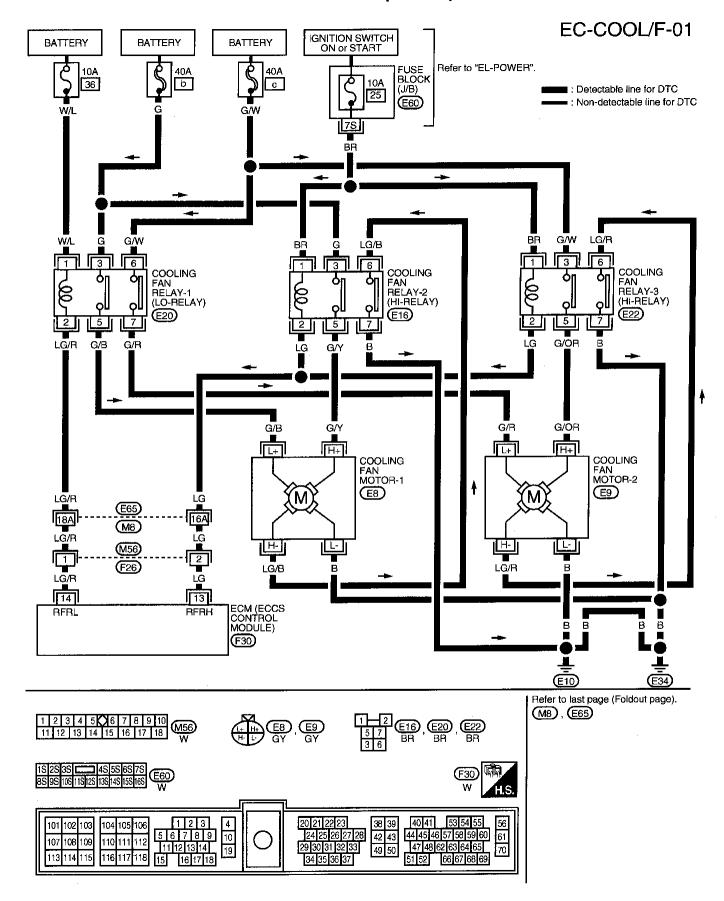
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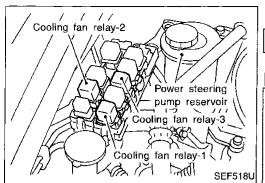
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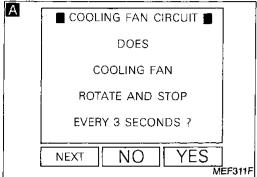
- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-425.
- 2) Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-425.
- Turn ignition switch "ON". Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode
 - with CONSULT (LOW speed and HI speed).
 - If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-425. – OR -
 - Start engine. Be careful not to overheat engine. Set temperature control lever to full cold position. 5) Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
 - Turn blower fan switch "ON". 7) Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating.
 - Be careful not to overheat engine. 8) Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed.
 - 9) Turn ignition switch "OFF". 10) Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".
 - 11) Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
 - 12) Connect 150 Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
 - ST 13) Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.
 - Be careful not to overheat engine. 14) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-425.

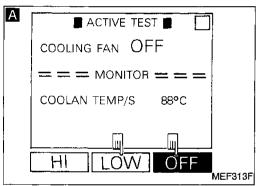
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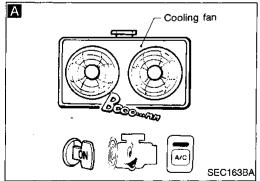
Overheat (Cont'd)



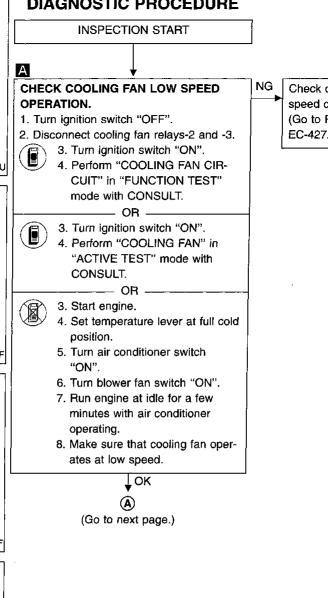








Overheat (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



Check cooling fan low speed control circuit. (Go to PROCEDURE A, EC-427.)

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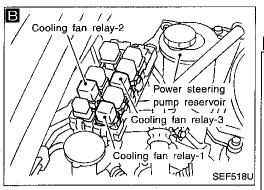
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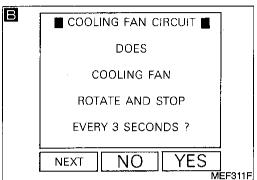
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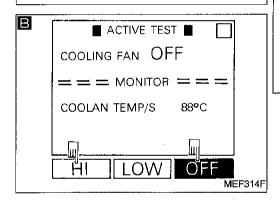
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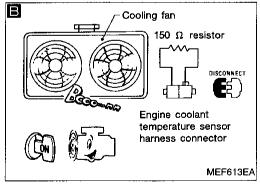
EC-425 581

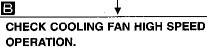
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT Overheat (Cont'd)





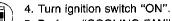






- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Reconnect cooling fan relays-2 and -3.
- 3. Disconnect cooling fan relay-1.
 - 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - 5. Perform "COOLING FAN CIR-CUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

– OR -



Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

- OR

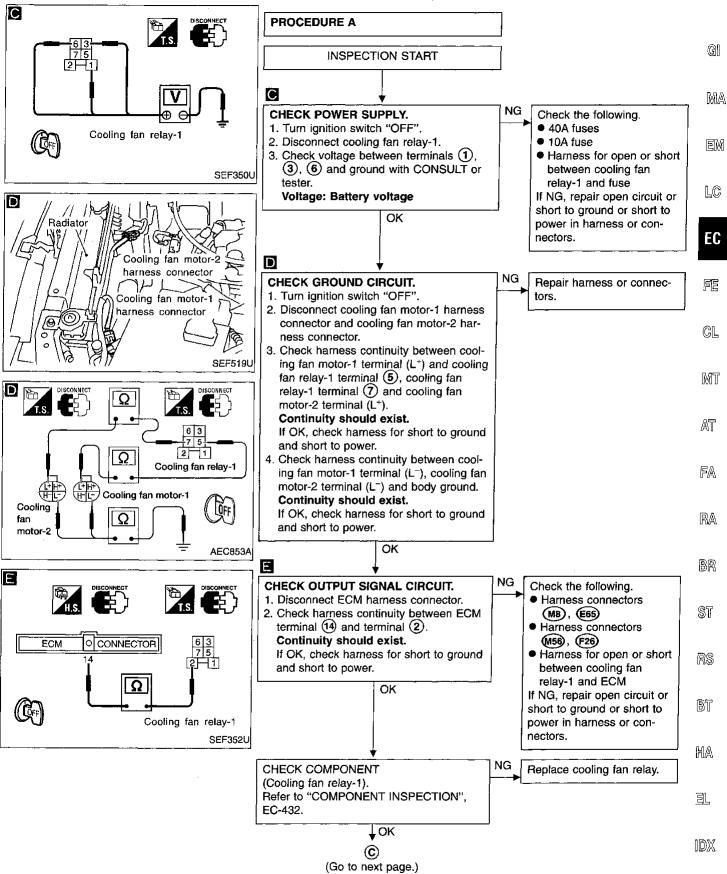
- 4. Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".
- Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Connect 150Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.

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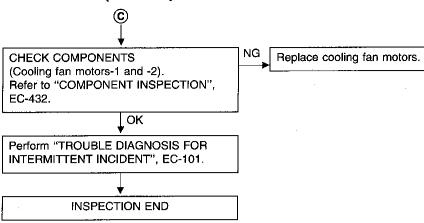
(Go to EC-430.)

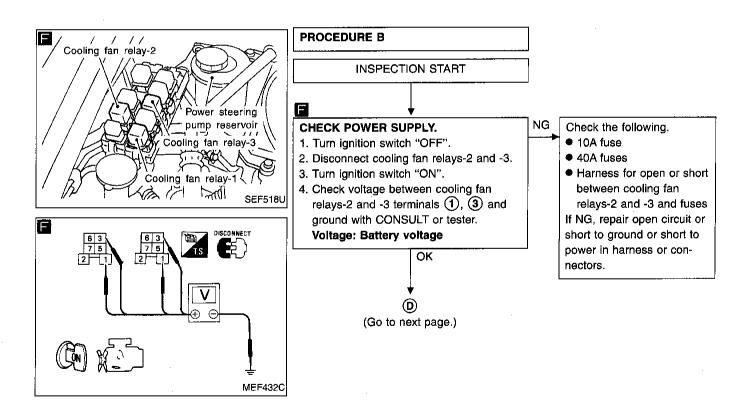
Check cooling fan high speed control circuit. (Go to PROCEDURE B, EC-428.)

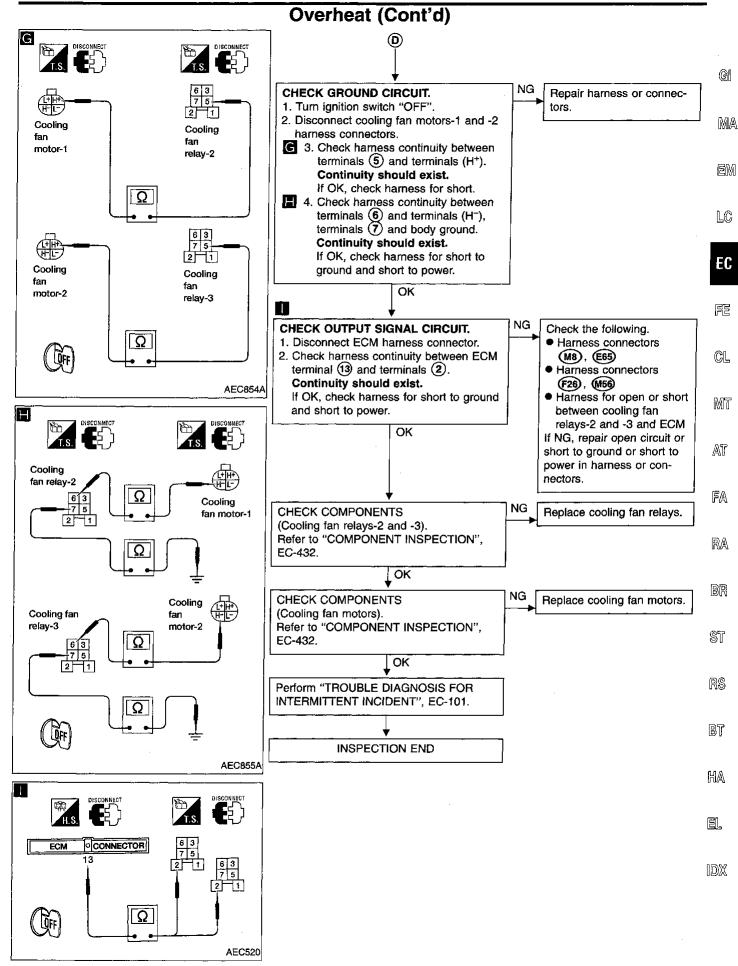
Overheat (Cont'd)



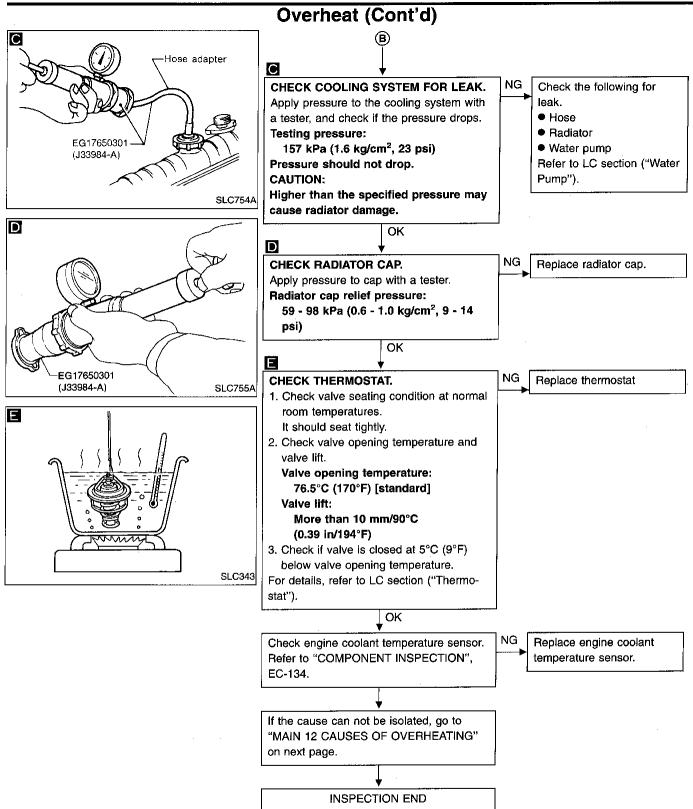
Overheat (Cont'd)







EC-429



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

Overheat (Cont'd)

MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	; 1	Blocked radiator Blocked condenser Blocked radiator grille Blocked bumper	● Visual	No blocking	_
	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	See "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRI-CANTS" in MA section.
	3	Coolant level	● Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.
,	4	Radiator cap	Pressure tester	78 - 98 kPa (0.8 - 1.0 kg/cm², 11 - 14 psi) 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON*2	5	Coolant leaks	• Visual	No leaks	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON*2	6	● Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See "Thermostat" and "Radiator", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON*1	7	Cooling fan	• CONSULT	Operating	See "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DE- TECTABLE ITEMS (Cooling Fan)" (EC-421).
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_
ON*3	9	 Coolant temperature gauge 	● Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.
OFF*4	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radiator	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See "ENGINE MAINTE- NANCE" in MA section.
OFF	11	Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER HEAD" in EM section.
	12	Cylinder block and pistons	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER BLOCK" in EM section.

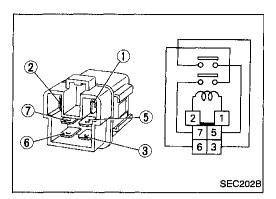
EC-431 587

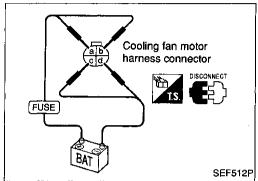
DX

^{*1:} Turn the ignition switch ON.
*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.
*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.
*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" in LC section.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT





Overheat (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Cooling fan relays-1, -2 and -3

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5, 6 and 7.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

if NG, replace relay.

Cooling fan motors-1 and -2

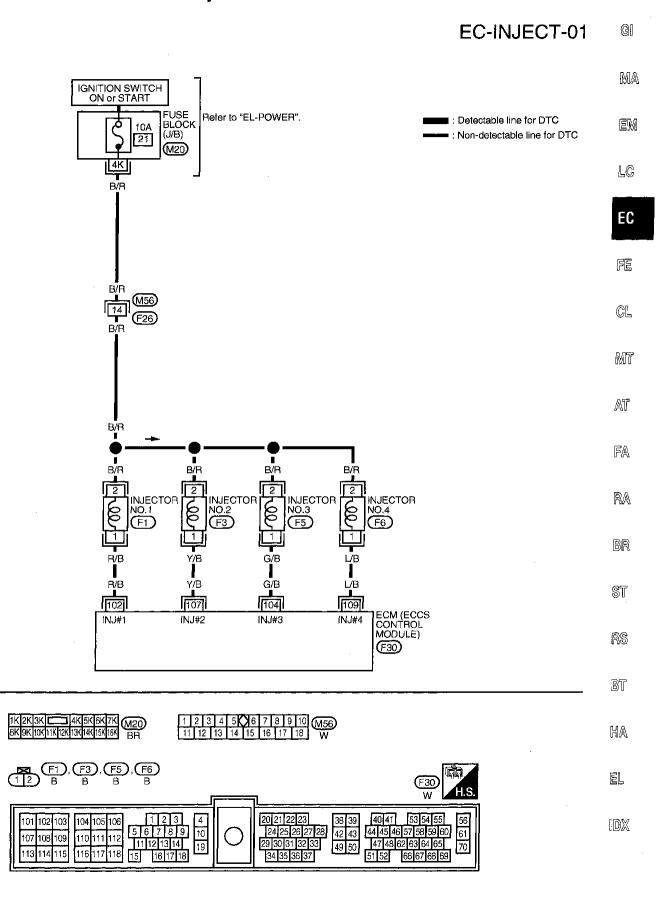
- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

	Speed -	Terminals		
		(⊕)	(⊝)	
Cooling fan	Low	a	d	
motor	High	(a), (b)	©, @	

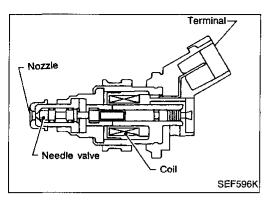
Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.

Injector



AEC377A



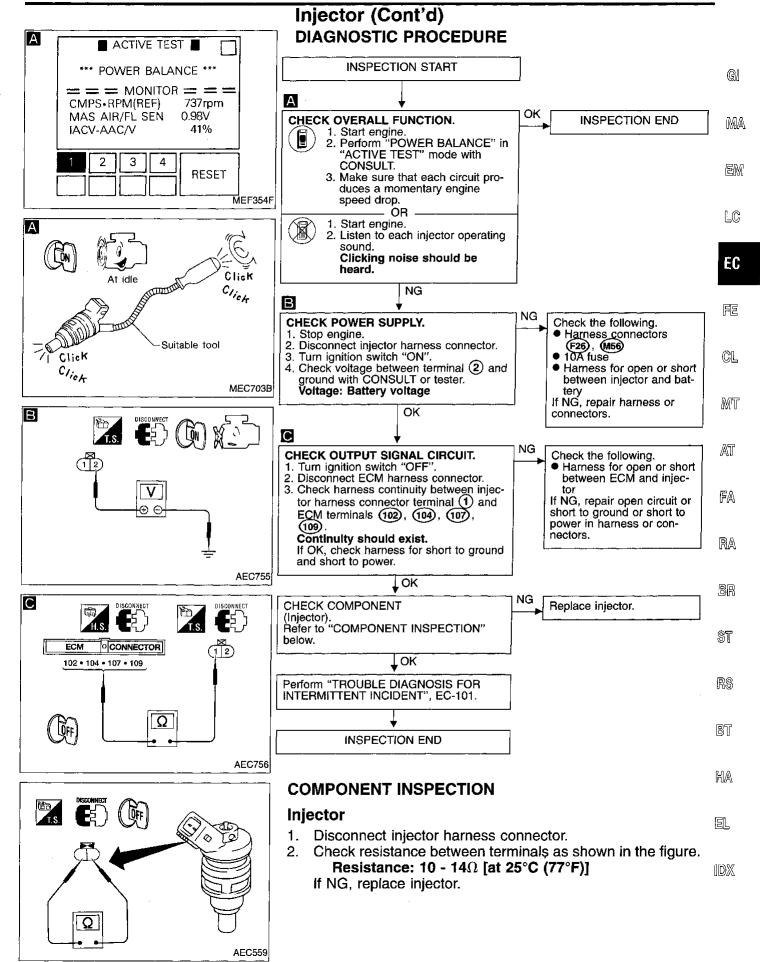
Injector (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

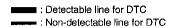
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	R/B	Injector No. 1	I	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20
104	G/B	Injector No. 3		20ms SEF204T
107	Y/B	Injector No. 2	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
109	L/B	Injector No. 4		20 0 20ms SEF205T

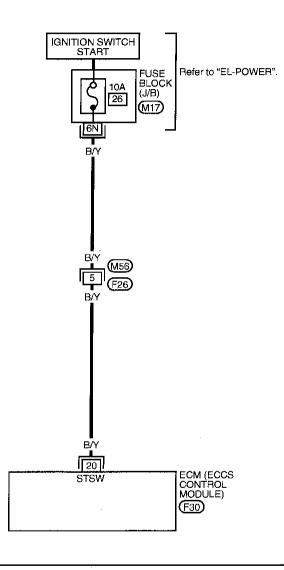


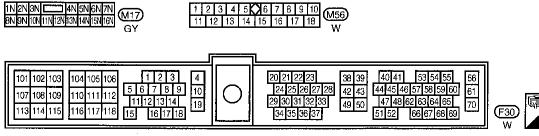
EC-435

Start Signal

EC-S/SIG-01









Start Signal (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	$OFF \to ON \to OFF$

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
20	B/Y		Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



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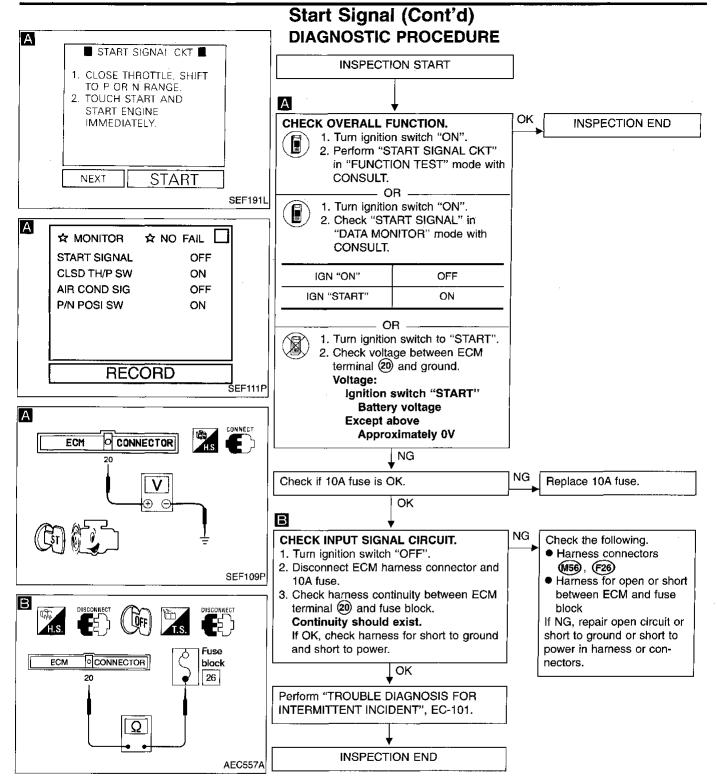
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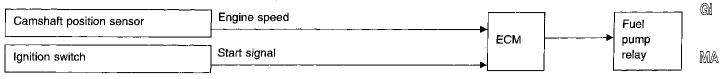
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Fuel Pump

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a 180° signal from the camshaft position sensor, it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to perform. If the 180° signal is not received when the ignition switch is on, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds
Engine running and cranking	Operates
Except as shown above	Stops



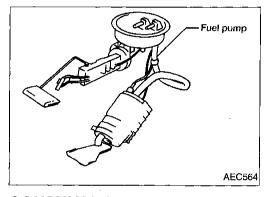
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COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel pump with a fuel damper is an in-tank type (the pump and damper are located in the fuel tank).

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
	Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds)	ON	ST
	Except as shown above	OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

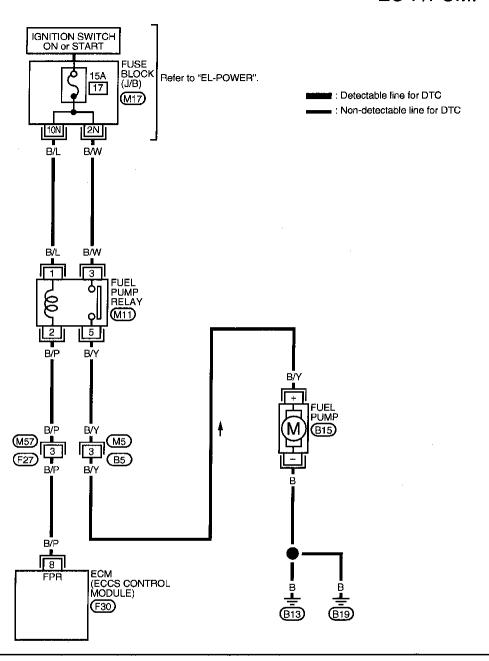
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and (3) (ECM ground).

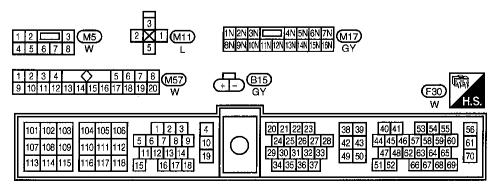
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	Ta T
8	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 1V	- Ha El
			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	- IDX

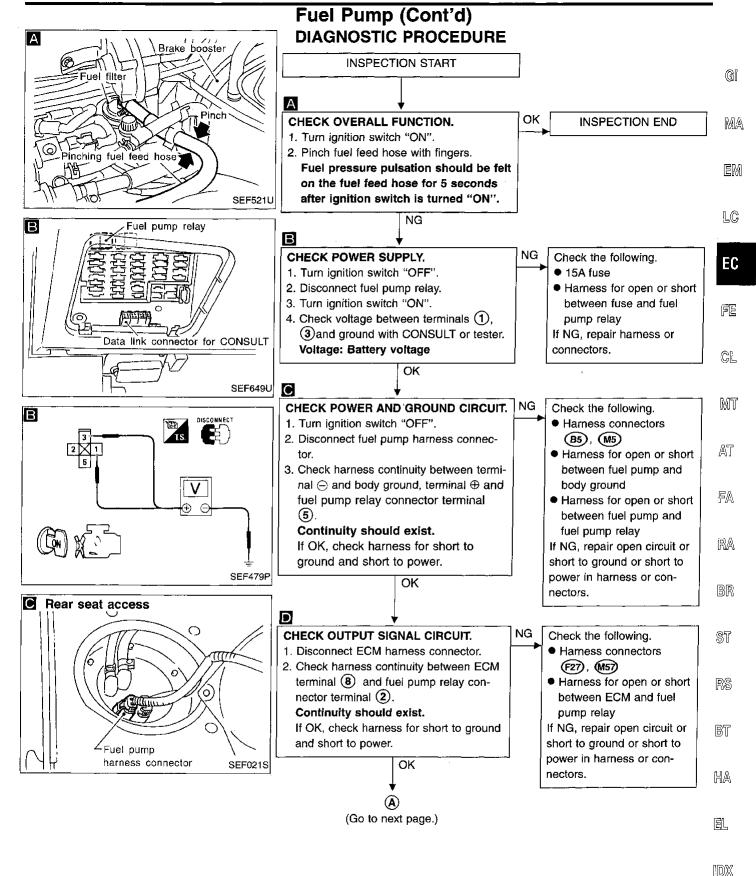
EC-439 595

Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

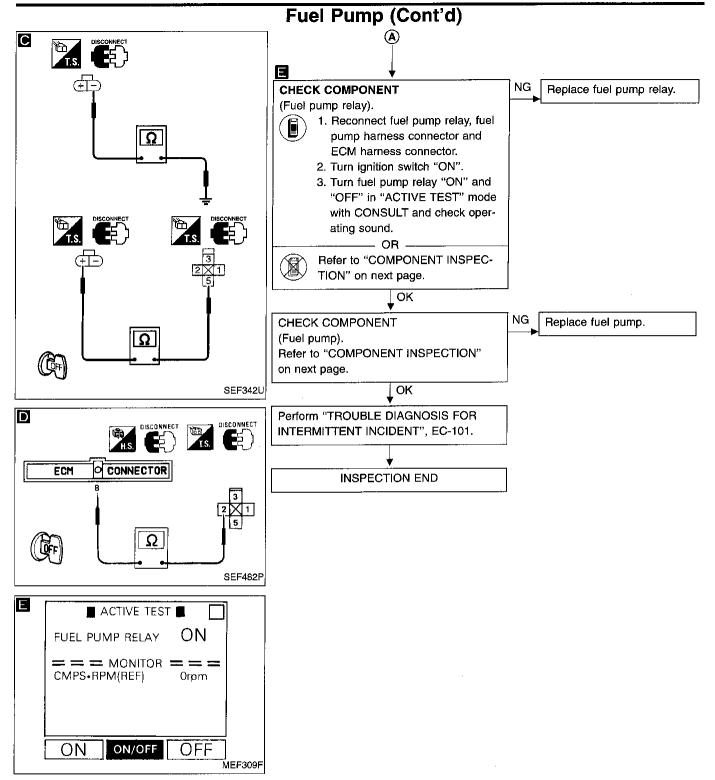
EC-F/PUMP-01

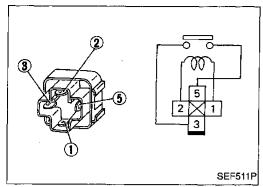


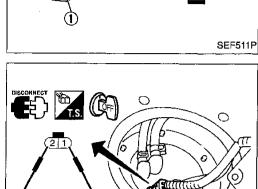




EC-441 597







Fuel Pump (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Fuel pump relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

Continuity	
Yes	
No	

If NG, replace relay.

Fuel pump

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1. Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.

Check resistance between terminals ①and ②.
 Resistance: 0.2 - 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace fuel pump.

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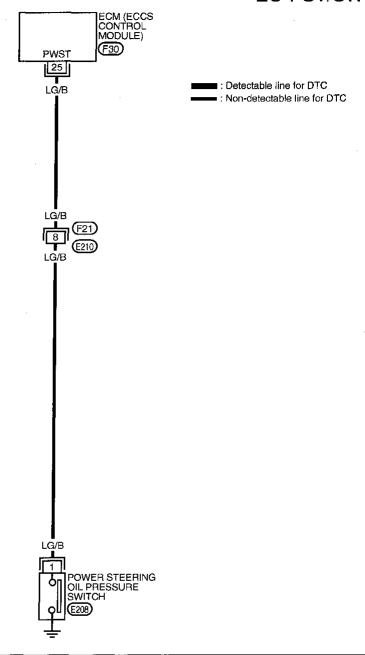
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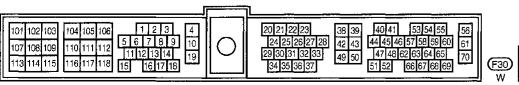
EC-443 599

Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch

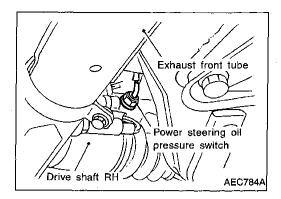
EC-PST/SW-01











Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The power steering oil pressure switch is attached to the power steering pump and detects a power steering load. When a power steering load is detected, it signals the ECM. The ECM adjusts the IACV-AAC valve to increase the idle speed and adjust for the increased load.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION		
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF	
	the engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON	

CL

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	MT AT
25	LG/B	Power steering oil pres- Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully being turned		Approximately 0V	FA
	LG/B	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not being turned	Approximately 5V	ra

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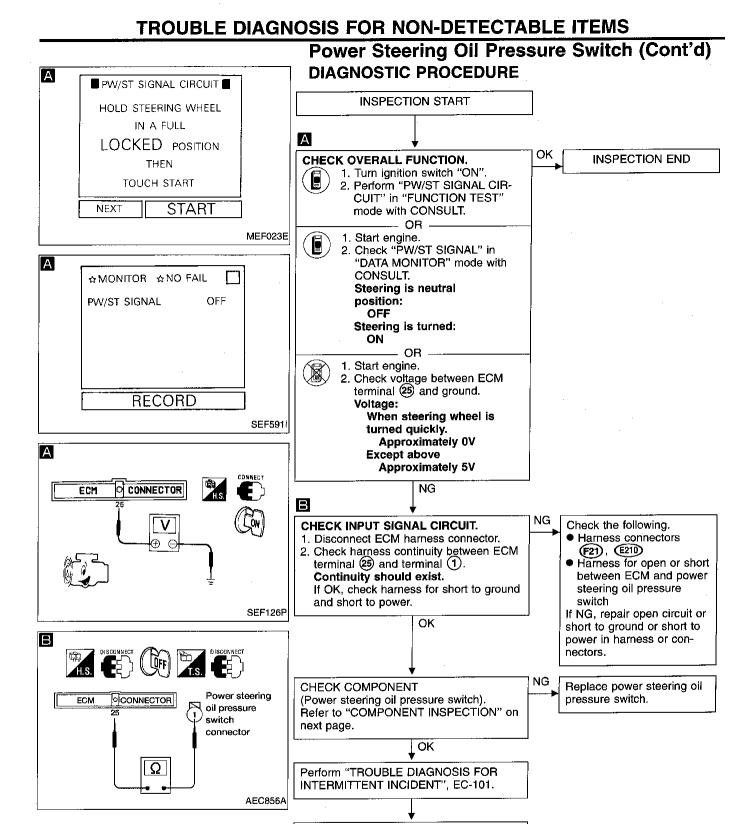
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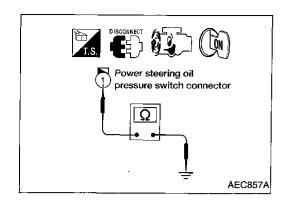
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INSPECTION END



Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Power steering oil pressure switch

1. Disconnect power steering oil pressure switch harness connector then start engine.

2. Check continuity between terminal ① and ground.

Conditions	Continuity
Steering wheel is fully being turned	Yes
Steering wheel is not being turned	No

If NG, replace power steering oil pressure switch.

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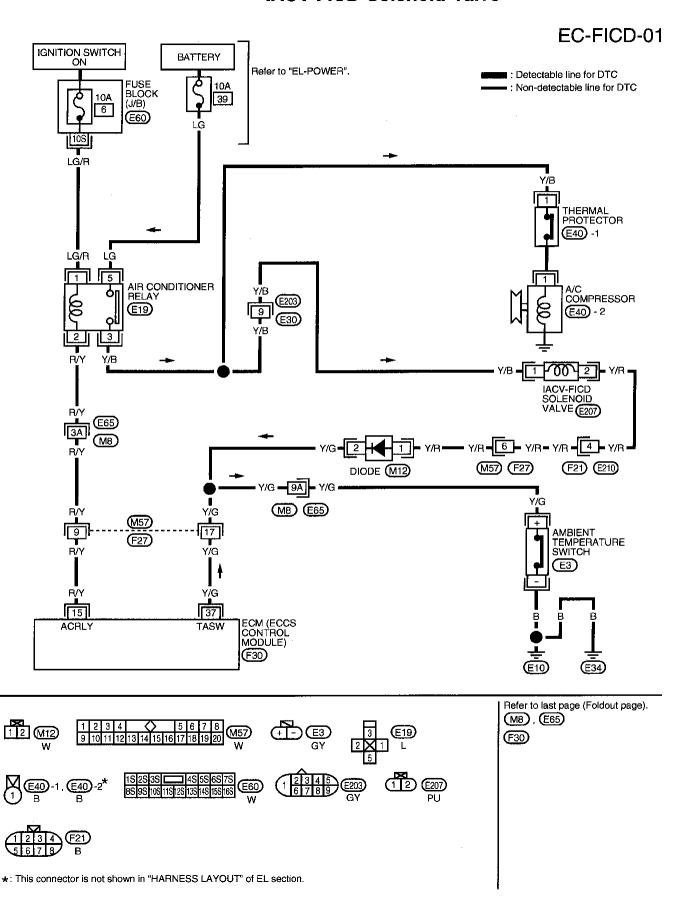
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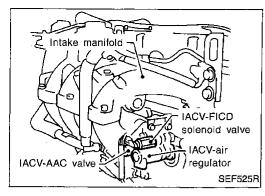
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IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve





IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the air conditioner is on, the IACV-FICD solenoid valve supplies additional air to adjust to the increased load.

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ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and 49 (ECM ground).

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC FE
15	R/Y	Air conditionar relay	Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	Approximately 0V	– 75 – GL
15 R/Y Air conditioner relay		All conditioner relay	Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	_ MT
21	L/OR	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates)	Approximately 0V	AT
			Engine is running. Air conditioner switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	FA
37 Y/G Ambient air temperature		Ambient air temperature	Engine is running. Idle speed	ov	RA
37	1/0	switch	Engine is running. [Ambient air temperature is 20°C (68°F)]	Approximately 8V	BR

^{*:} Ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F) and in any mode except "OFF".

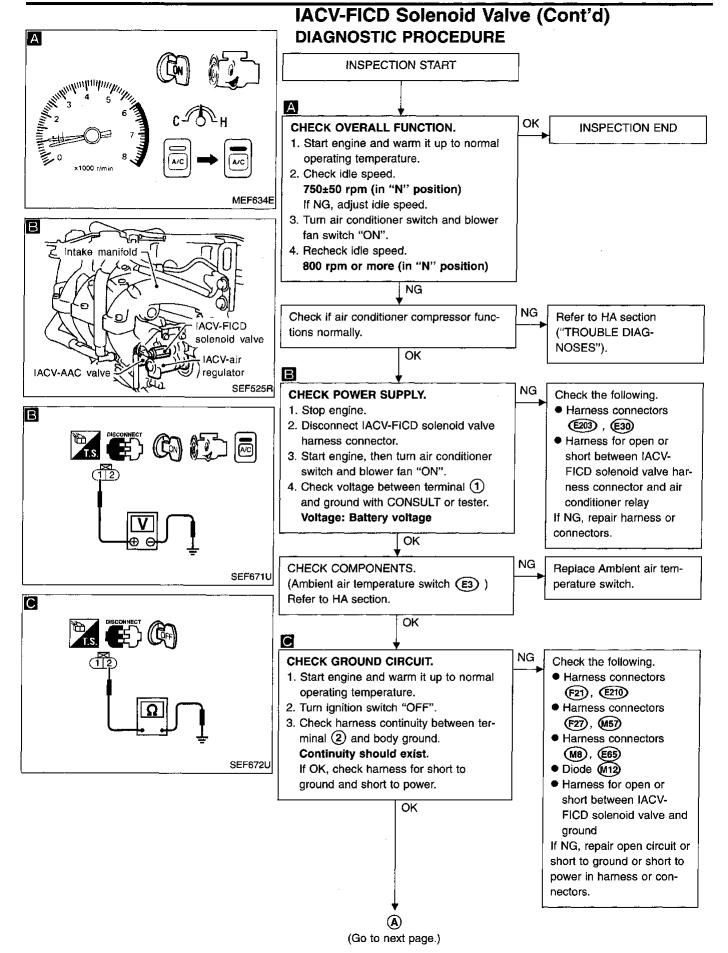
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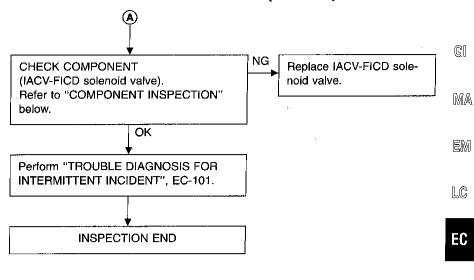
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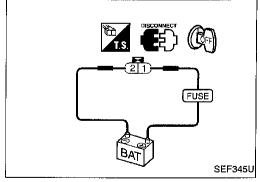
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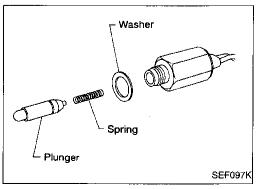
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IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)







COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-FICD solenoid valve

Disconnect IACV-FICD solenoid valve harness connector.

 Check for clicking sound when applying 12V direct current to terminals.

Check plunger for seizing or sticking.

Check for broken spring.

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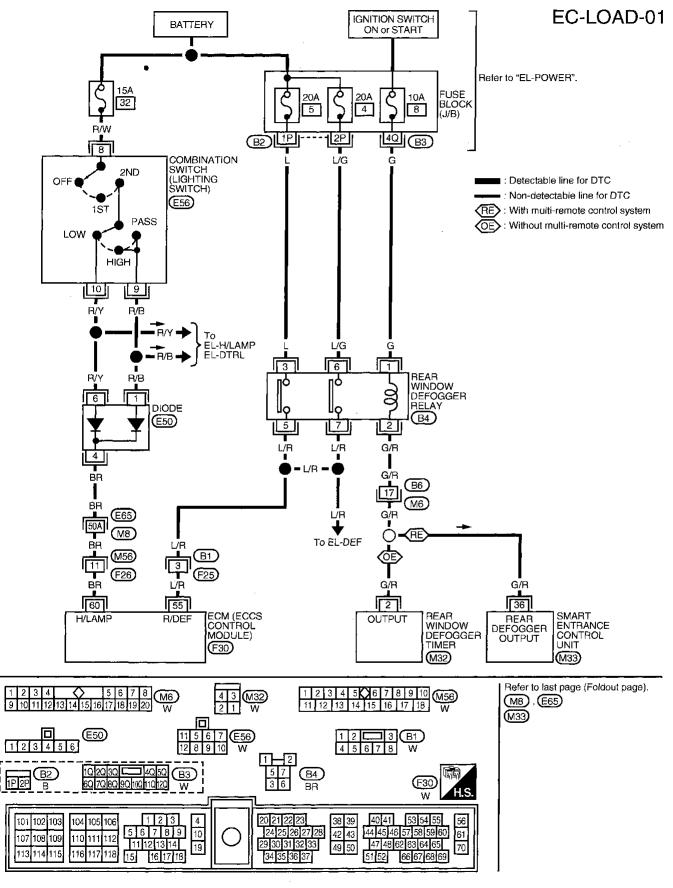
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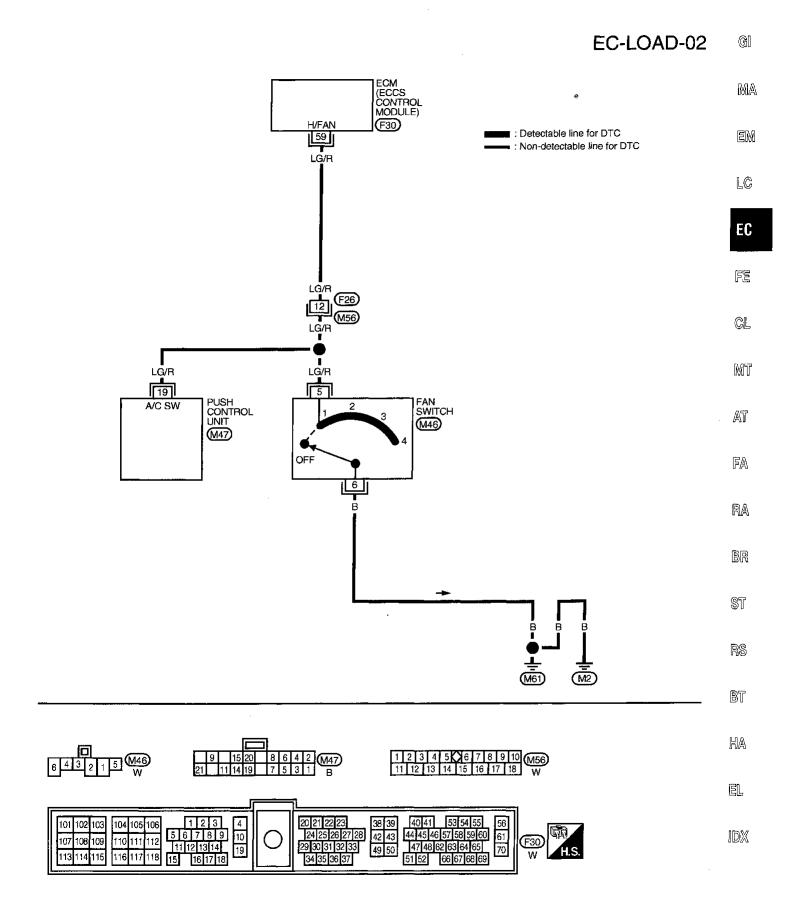
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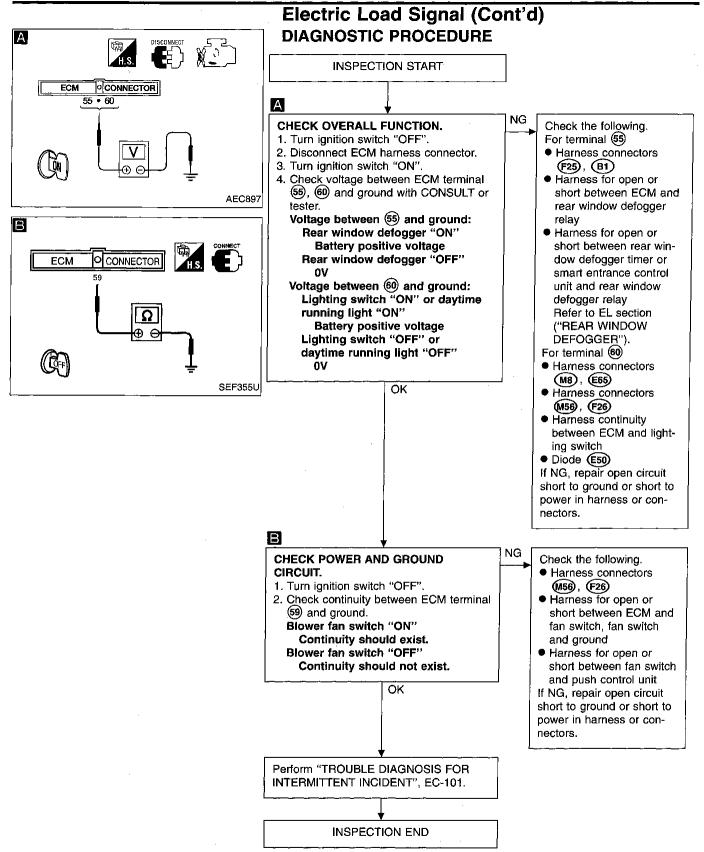
EC-451

Electric Load Signal

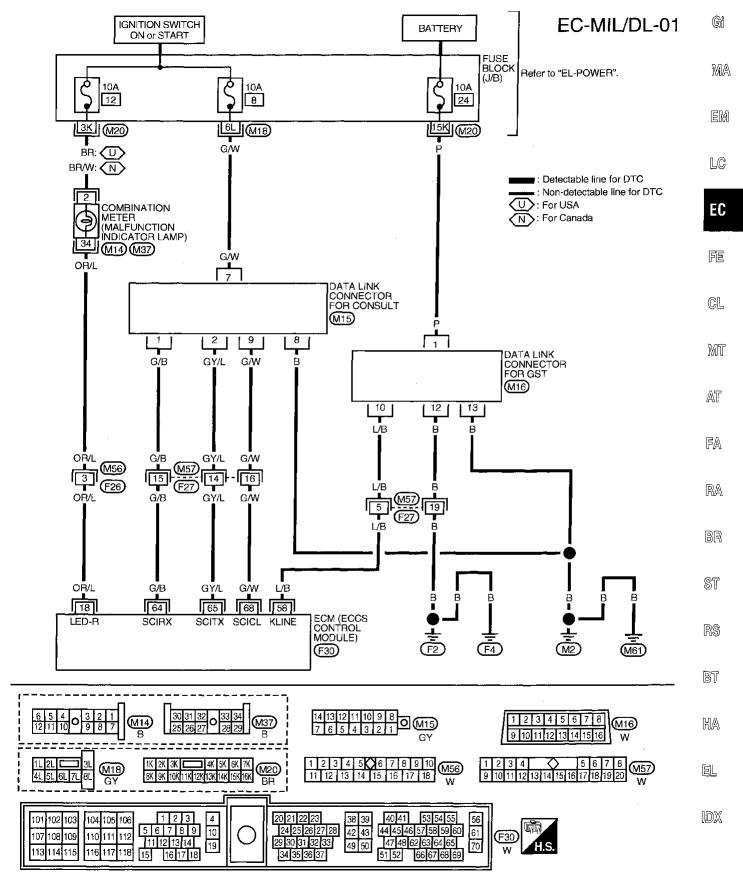


Electric Load Signal (Cont'd)





MIL & Data Link Connectors



General Specifications

FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm², psi)	
Vacuum hose is connected	Approximately 235 (2.4, 34)
Vacuum hose is disconnected	Approximately 294 (3.0, 43)

Inspection and Adjustment

Target idle speed*1	rpm	
No-load*2	(in "N" position)	700±50
Base idle speed*3	rpm	
No-load*2	(in "N" position)	650±50
Air conditioner:	ON (in "N" position)	850 or more
Ignition timing		20°±2° BTDC*3

^{*1:} Throttle position sensor harness connector connected

- Air conditioner switch: OFF
 Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear defogger)
- Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

IGNITION COIL

Primary voltage	V	12
Primary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	Approximately 1.0
Secondary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 10

MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Supply voltage	٧	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Output voltage at idle	V	1.3 - 1.7*
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT or GST) g·m/sec		Approximately 3.24 at idle* Approximately 12.2 at 2,500 rpm*

^{*:} Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no-load.

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $\mathbf{M}\Omega$
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3	

FUEL PUMP

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Ω	0.2 - 5.0
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IACV-AAC VALVE

Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	Approximately 10

INJECTOR

			-
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	10 - 14	

RESISTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	$k\Omega$	Approximately 2.2

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Throttle valve conditions	Resistance kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]
Completely closed	Approximately 0.5
Partially open	0.5 - 4.0
Completely open	Approximately 4.0

^{*2:} Under the following conditions:

^{*3:} Throttle position sensor harness connector disconnected or using CONSULT "WORK SUPPORT"

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

CALCULATED LOAD VALUE

Temperature °C (°F)

20 (68)

80 (176)

	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT or GST)
At idle	Approx. 19%
At 2,500 rpm	Approx. 18%

REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3

CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)

G

INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Ω 432 - 528

Resistance $\mathbf{k}\Omega$

2.1 - 2.9

0.27 - 0.38





EC



CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

NDX