ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105......121

SECTION EC

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When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
 Read EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit.

When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC

ALI HADE HOAL		I OIL DI	9	
DTC*5				
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	ECM*1	CONSULT GST*2	Reference page	
Unable to access ECM		-	EC-88	
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	EC-155	
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	EC-121	
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	EC-130	
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	EC-261	
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	EC-353	
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CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	EC-246	
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	EC-246	
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EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	EC-412	
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	EC-386	
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	EC-287	
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	EC-310	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	EC-161	
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	EC-197	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	EC-182	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	EC-175	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	EC-168	
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	EC-190	
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	EC-231	
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	EC-237	
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	EC-242	
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	EC-321	
		1		

		DTC*5	
Items (CONSULT screen terms)	ECM*1	CONSULT GST*2	Reference page
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	EC-355
INT/V TIMING CONT	P1110	0805	EC-345
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	EC-251
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	P0100	0102	EC-112
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	EC-336
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NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	P0000	0505	
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	No DTC	Flashing*4	EC-54
OVER HEAT	l —	0208	EC-468
PN-POS SW/CIRC	P1706	1003	EC-453
PURG CONT/V & S/V	P1493	0312	EC-444
PURG CONT/V S/V	P1492	0807	EC-438
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	EC-399
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	EC-299
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	EC-208
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	EC-201
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	EC-222
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	EC-215
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	EC-227
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	P0120	0403	EC-141
TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	P1775	0904	EC-458
TOR CONVICTOR S/V	P1776	0513	EC-463
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	EC-283
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	EC-432
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	EC-427
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	EC-316
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	EC-407
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	EC-421
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	EC-305

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).
These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

^{*2:} These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.

^{*4:} While engine is running.

^{*5: 1}st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC (Cont'd)

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EC-321 EC-328 EC-334

EC-336 EC-345

EC-353 EC-355 EC-362

EC-367 EC-372 EC-379

EC-386 EC-399 EC-407

EC-412 EC-421

EC-427 EC-432 EC-438

EC-444 EC-453 EC-458

EC-463 EC-468 GI

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P NO. INDEX FOR DTC

DTC*	5	lto	Reference		TC*5	Items	Refere
CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	Items (CONSULT screen terms)	page	CONSUI GST*2		1	page
	_	Unable to access ECM	EC-88	P0443	1008	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-29
No DTC	Flash-	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC	EC-54	P0446	0903	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-30
NODIO	ing*4	FAILURE INDICATED	LO-34	P0450	0704	EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	EC-31
P0000	0505	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	_	P0500	0104	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	EC-31
P0100	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	EC-112	P0505	0205	IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	EC-32
P0105	0803	ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	EC-121	P0510	0203	CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	EC-32
P0110	0401	AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-121	P0605	0301	ECM	EC-33
P0115	0103	COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	EC-136	P1105	1302	MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	EC-33
P0120	0403	THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	EC-130	P1110	0805	INT/V TIMING CONT	EC-34
			EC-141	P1148	0307	CLOSED LOOP	EC-35
P0125	0908	*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	EC-155 EC-161	P1320	0201	IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	EC-35
P0130	0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-161	P1336	0905	CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	EC-36
P0131	0411	FRONT O2 SENSOR		P1400	1005	EGRC SOLENOID/V	EC-36
P0132	0410	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-175	P1401	0305	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-37
P0133	0409	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-182	P1402	0514	EGR SYSTEM	EC-37
P0134	0412	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-190	P1440	0213	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-38
P0135	0901	FR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-197	P1444	0214	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-39
P0137	0511	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-201	P1446	0215	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-40
P0138	0510	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-208	P1447	0111	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	EC-41:
P0139	0707	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-215	P1448	0309	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-42
P0140	0512	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-222	P1490	0801	VC/V BYPASS/V	EC-42
P0141	0902	RR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-227	P1491	0311	VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	EC-43
P0171	0115	FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	EC-231	P1492	0807	PURG CONT/V S/V	EC-43
P0172	0114	FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	EC-237	P1493	0312	PURG CONT/V & S/V	EC-44
P0180	0402	FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-242	P1706	1003	P-N POS SW/CIRC	EC-45
P0300	0701	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	EC-246	P1775	0904	TOR CONVICTOR S/V	EC-458
P0301	0608	CYL 1 MISFIRE	EC-246	P1776	0513	TOR CONVICTOR S/V	EC-460
P0302	0607	CYL 2 MISFIRE	EC-246		0208	OVERHEAT	EC-468
P0303	0606	CYL 3 MISFIRE	EC-246	*1. In Dice	noctic Tool	Mode II (Self-diagnostic r	oculto)
P0304	0605	CYL 4 MISFIRE	EC-246	These	numbers a	re controlled by NISSAN.	esulis).
P0325	0304	KNOSK SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-251			re prescribed by SAE J20	12.
P0335	0802	CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	EC-256		the fail-safe	operation occurs, the MII	_ illumi-
P0340	0101	CAM POS SEN/CIR	EC-261	nates. *4: While 4	engine is ru	nning	
P0400	0302	EGR SYSTEM	EC-269			s the same as DTC No.	
P0402	0306	EGRC-BPT VALVE	EC-278				
P0420	0702	TW CATALYST SYSTEM	EC-283				
P0440	0705	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-287				

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PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10117100 (J36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	NT379	Loosening or tightening front heated oxygen sensor with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening rear heated oxygen sensor
	NT636	a: 22 mm (0.87 in)

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description	
Fuel filler cap adapter		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve open- ing pressure
	NT653	
Leak detector (J41416)		Locating the EVAP leak.
	NT703	
EVAP service port adapter (J41413-OBD)		Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port.
	N1704	
Hose clipper —)		Clamping the EVAP purge hose between the fuel tank and EVAP canister applied to DTC P1440 [EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure)].
	Approx. 20 mm (0.79 in) NT720	

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

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The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual. **WARNING:**

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or on the complete harness, for easy identification.

Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch "OFF" and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, mainly those related to OBD, may use a new style slidelocking type harness connector.
 For description and how to disconnect, refer to EL section, "Description", "HARNESS CON-NECTOR".
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission Control Module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

EC-5

Engine Fuel & Emission Control System

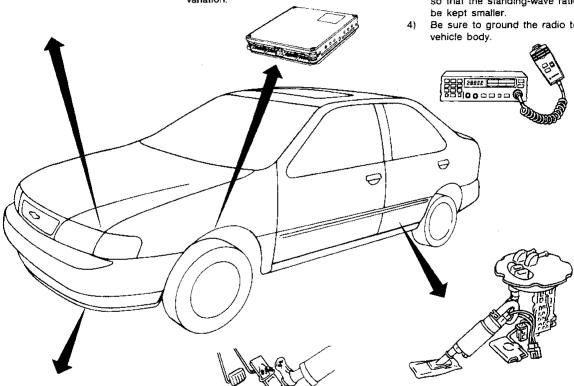
- Do not disassemble ECM (ECCS control module).
- Do not turn on-board diagnostic test mode selector forcibly.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value. The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a

Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

WIRELESS EQUIPMENT

- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on its installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible away from the electronic control
- Keep the antenna feeder line more the 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.

Be sure to ground the radio to



ECCS PARTS HANDLING

BATTERY

power source.

running.

Always use a 12 volt battery as

Do not attempt to disconnect

battery cables while engine is

- · Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble IAC valve-AAC valve.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious problems.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor.

WHEN STARTING

- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

FUEL PUMP

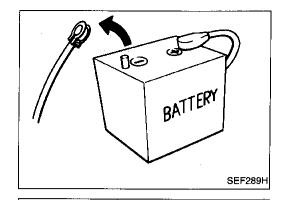
- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.

ECM HARNESS HANDLING

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
 - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develor in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep ECM harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harnesses, to prevent an ECM system malfunction due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep ECM parts and harnesses dry.
- Before removing parts, turn off ignition switch and then disconnect battery ground cable.

AEC802

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



Tightened

Indicator

Loosened

SEF308C

SEF291H

Precautions

Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.

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When connecting ECM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the gap between orange indicators disappears.



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When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminals, when connecting pin connectors.



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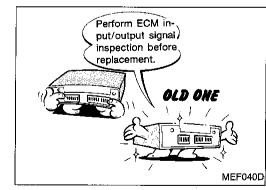
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Before replacing ECM, perform Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions



Bend

properly. Refer to EC-97.

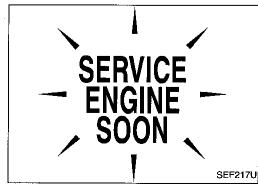


HA

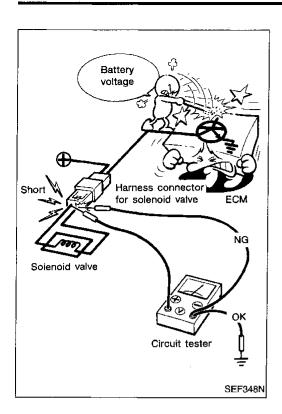
IDX

After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" or "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE".

The DTC should not be displayed in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed. The "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" should be a good result if the repair is completed.

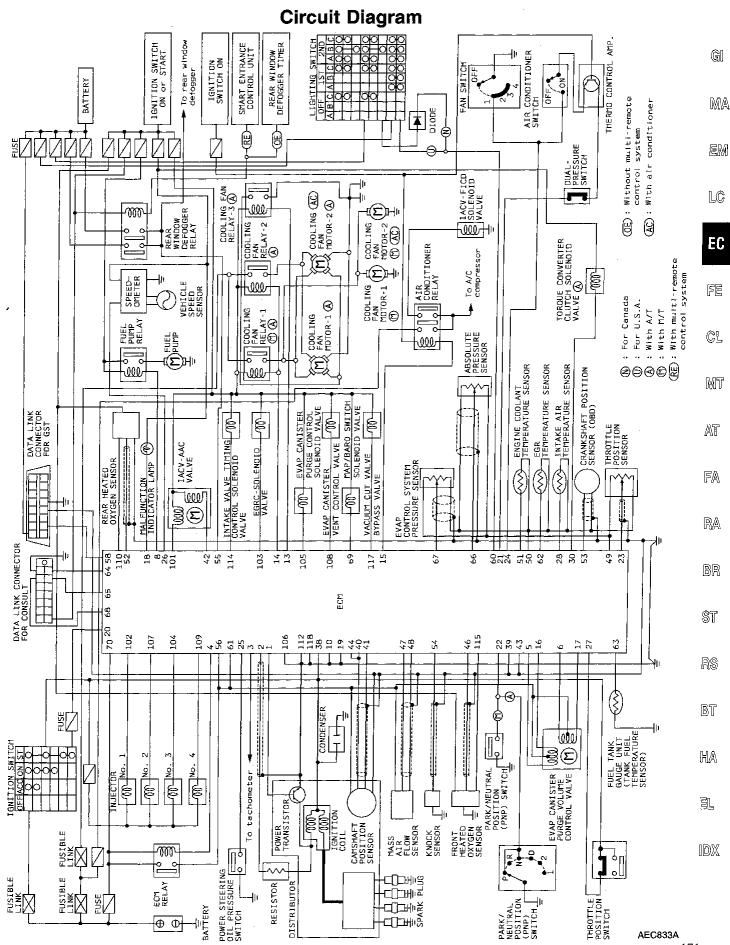


PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



Precautions (Cont'd)

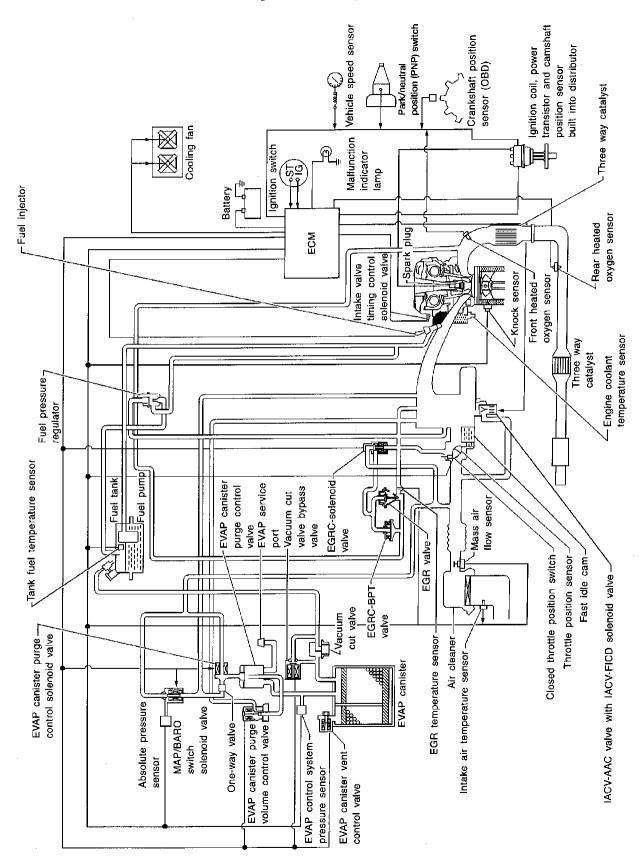
 When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact each other.
 Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.



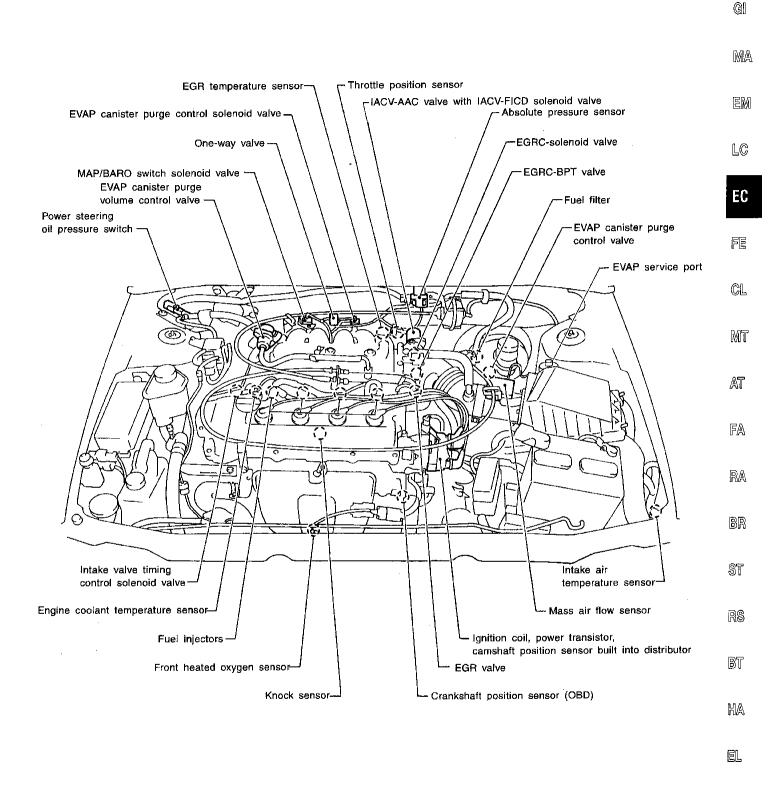
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System Diagram



Engine Control Component Parts Location



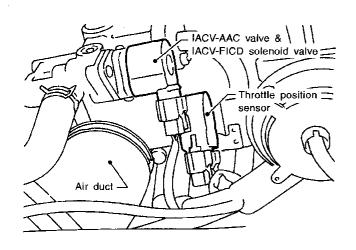
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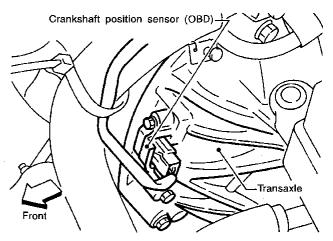
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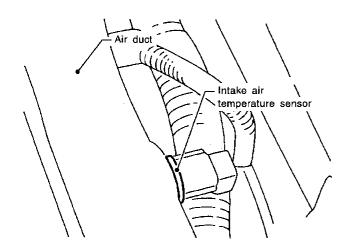
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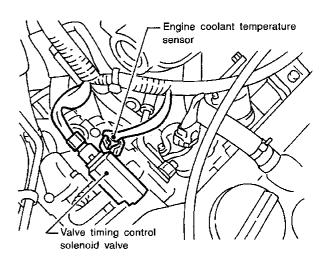
ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

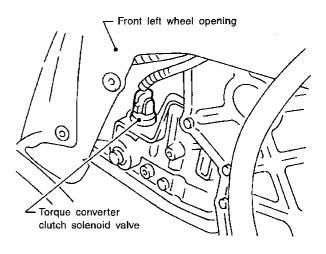
Engine Control Component Parts Location (Cont'd)





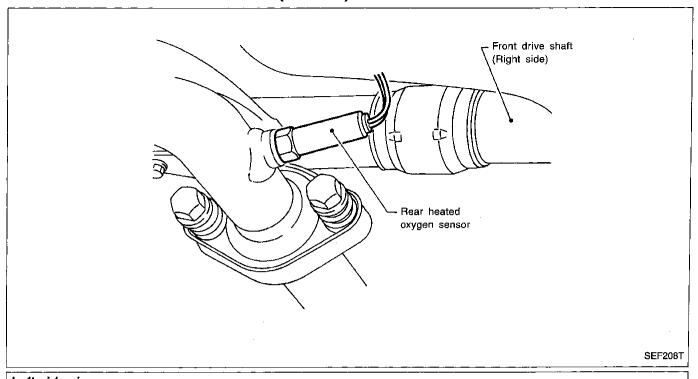


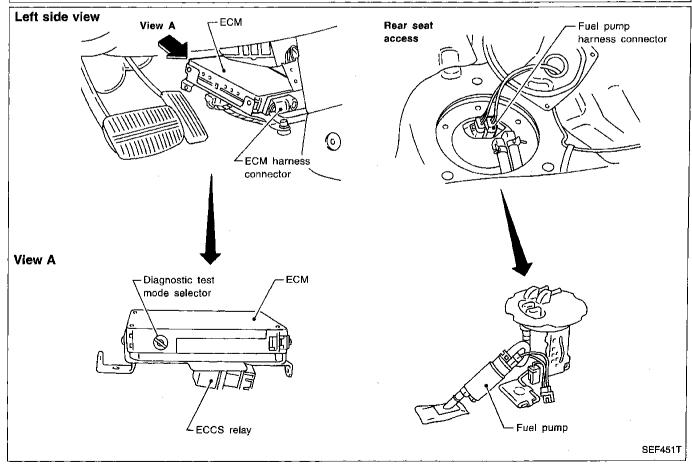




ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

Engine Control Component Parts Location (Cont'd)





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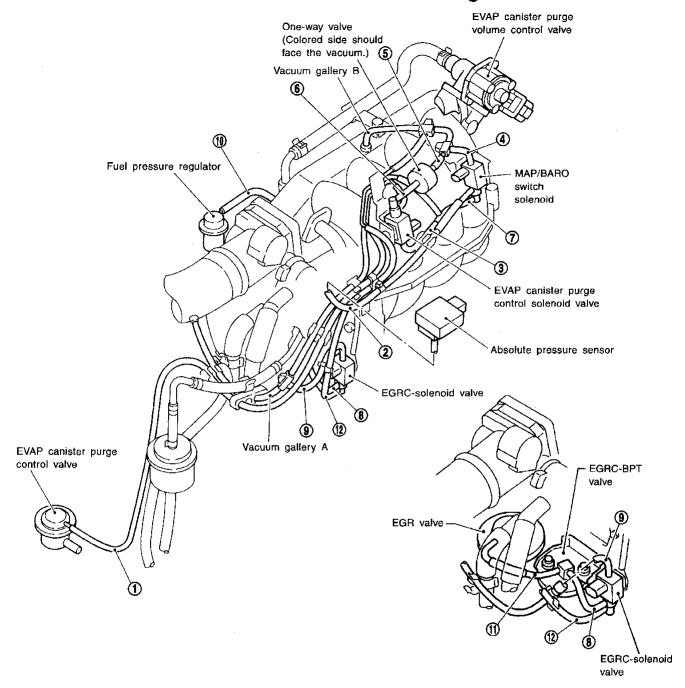
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Vacuum Hose Drawing



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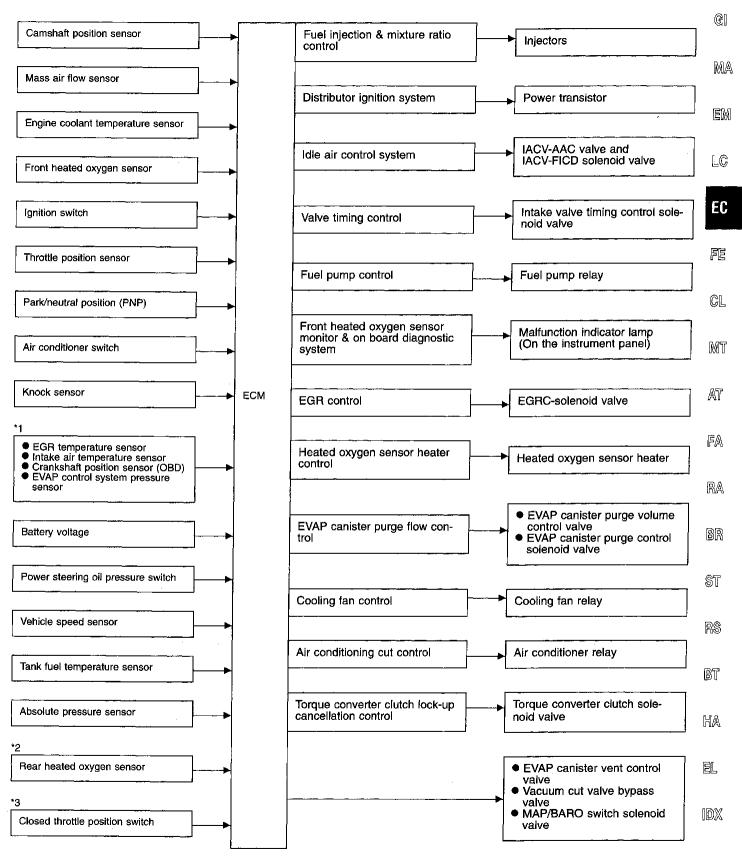
- EVAP canister purge control valve to EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
- Absolute pressure sensor to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve
- ③ EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery A
- 4 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery B
- One-way valve to Vacuum gallery B
- 6 One-way valve to EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve
- MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery A
- 8 EGRC-solenoid valve to EGRC-BPT valve
- EGRC-solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery A
- Fuel pressure regulator to Intake manifold collector
- (11) EGR valve to EGRC-BPT valve
- EGRC-solenoid valve to Vacuum gallery B

Refer to "System Diagram" in ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM for vacuum control system.

Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

System Chart



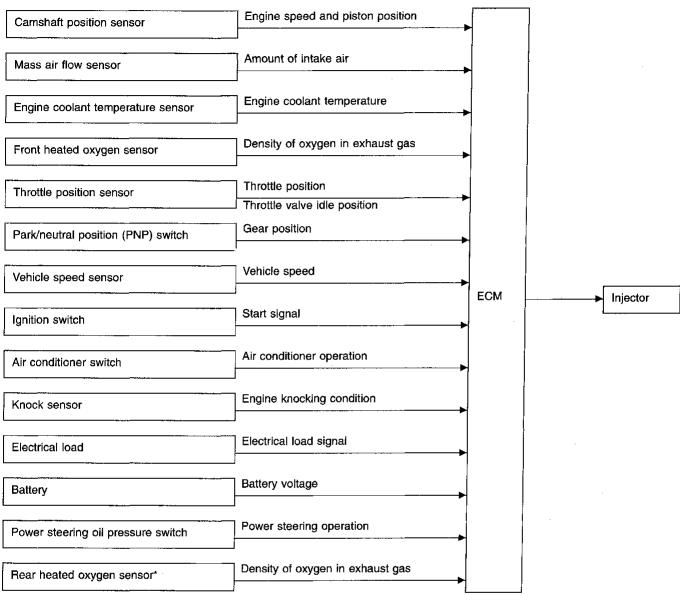
^{*1:} These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.

^{*2:} Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.

^{*3:} This switch will operate in place of the throttle position sensor to control EVAP parts if the sensor malfunctions.

Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



^{*} Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.

BASIC MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the camshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

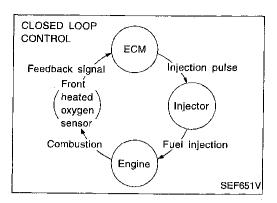
<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from "N" to "D" (A/T models only)
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)

The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses a front heated oxygen sensor in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about the front heated oxygen sensor, refer to EC-161. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition. Rear heated oxygen sensor is located downstream of the three-way catalyst. Even if the switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

OPEN LOOP CONTROL

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of front heated oxygen sensor at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine

MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from the front heated oxygen sensor. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio. Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from the front heated oxygen sensor indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

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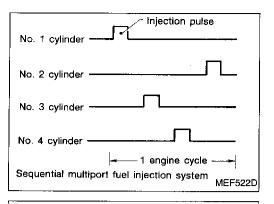
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ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



No. 1 cylinder J

No. 2 cylinder ____

No. 3 cylinder JL

No. 4 cylinder

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Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) FUEL INJECTION TIMING

Two types of systems are used.

Sequential multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system Fuel is injected simultaneously into all four cylinders t

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all four cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The four injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

FUEL SHUT-OFF

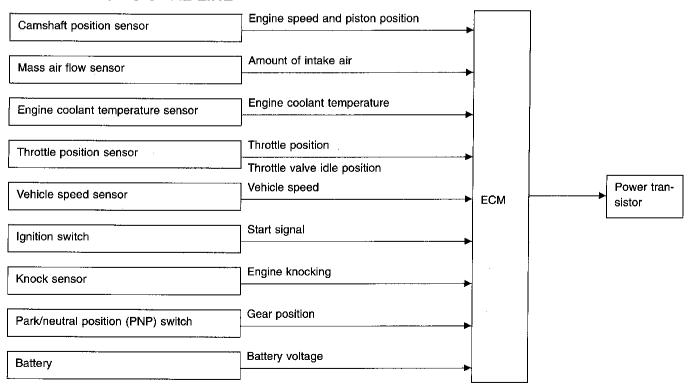
Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

Distributor Ignition (DI) System

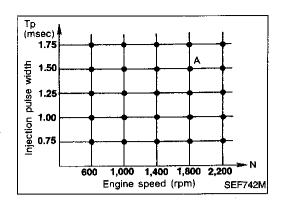
INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE

--- 1 engine cycle

Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system



ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



Distributor Ignition (DI) System (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine.

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The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec A°BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

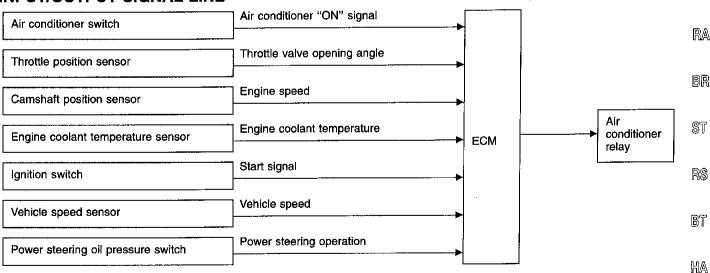
- At starting
 During worm ur
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions.

If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

Air Conditioning Cut Control

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

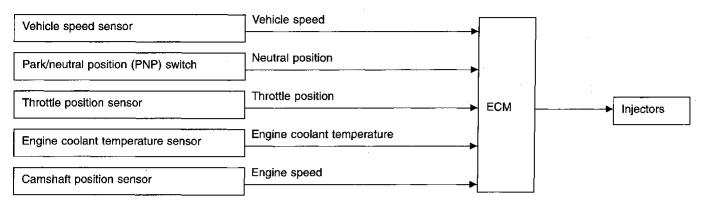
- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.

- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.

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Fuel Cut Control (at no load & high engine speed)

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



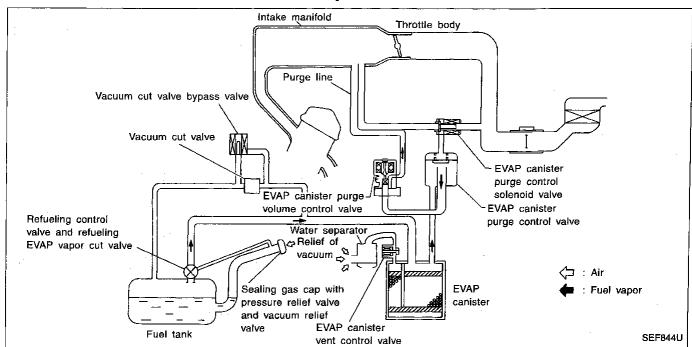
If the engine speed is above 4,000 rpm with no load, (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 4,000 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 2,000 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-16.

Description



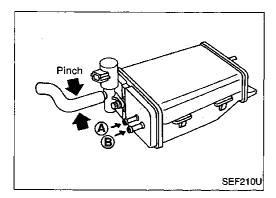
The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by

EVAP canister purge volume control valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge control valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.



Inspection

EVAP CANISTER

Check EVAP canister as follows:

- Pinch the fresh air hose.
- Blow air into port (A) and check that air flows freely through port (B).

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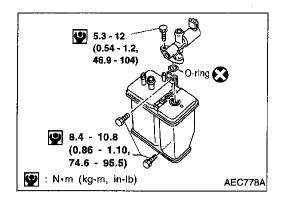
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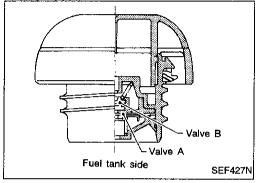
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM



Inspection (Cont'd) TIGHTENING TORQUE

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP vent control valve.





- 1. Wipe clean valve housing.
- 2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

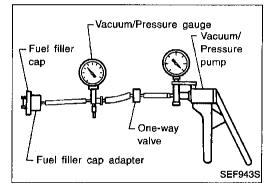
Pressure:

16.0 - 20.0 kPa (0.163 - 0.204 kg/cm², 2.32 - 2.90 psi)

Vacuum:

-6.0 to -3.5 kPa (-0.061 to -0.036 kg/cm², -0.87 to -0.51 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly. **CAUTION:**



Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-444.

VACUUM CUT VALVE AND VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE

Refer to EC-432.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-399.

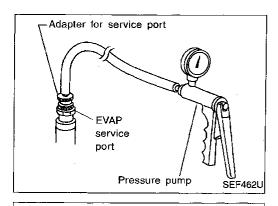
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-444.

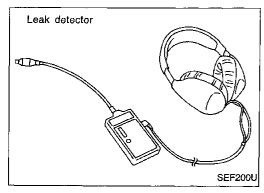
TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

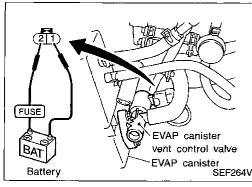
Refer to EC-242.

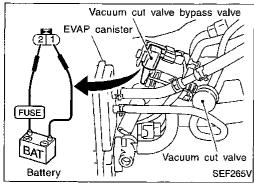
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM



EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START: CANCEL START SEF658U







Inspection (Cont'd) **EVAP SERVICE PORT**

Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the evaporator service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.



How to detect fuel vapor leakage **CAUTION:**

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

Improper installation of adapter to the service port may cause a leak.

Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP SERVICE 1.

2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose.

Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT.

5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.

6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

7. Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump.

8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", on next page.

OR

Attach the adapter securely to the EVAP service port and pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port.

Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system.

To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 - 2.76 kPa (0.014 - 0.028 kg/cm², 0.2 - 0.4 psi).

Remove adapter and hose with pressure pump. 4.

Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", on next page.

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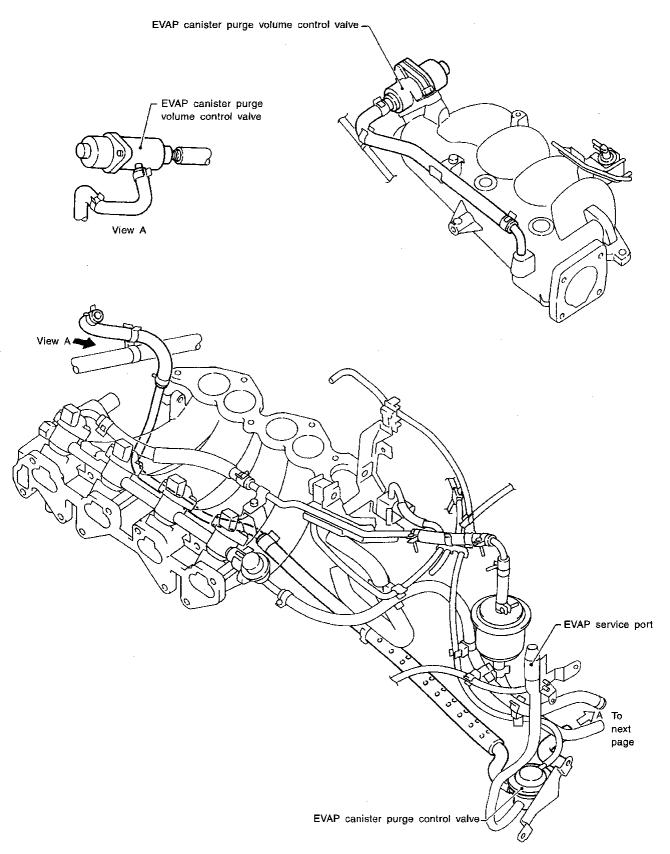
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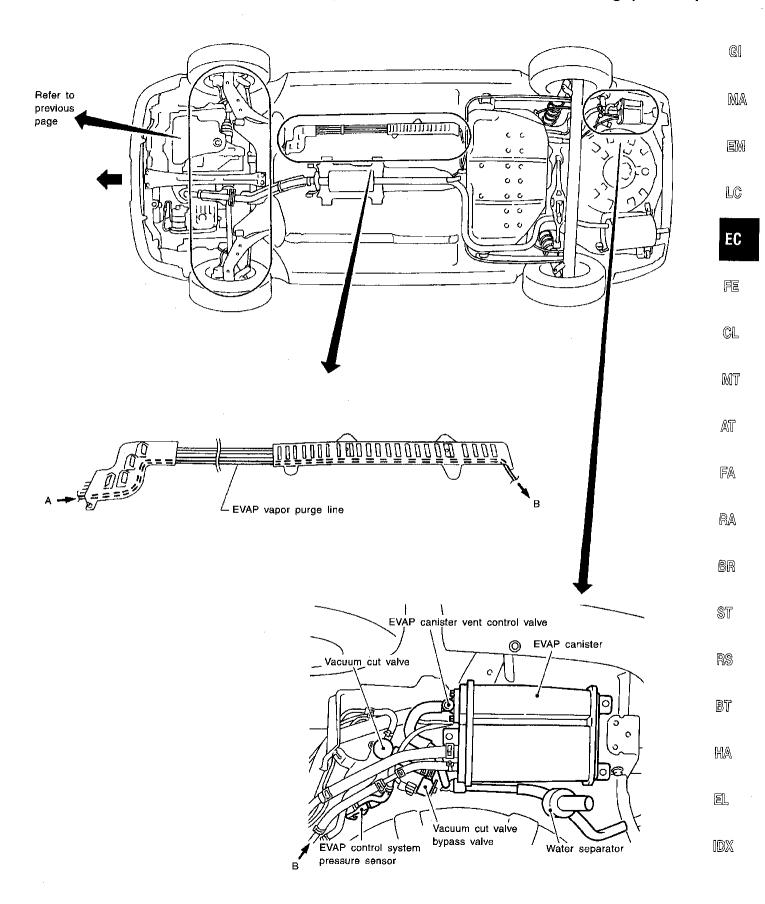
Evaporative Emission Line Drawing



Note: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

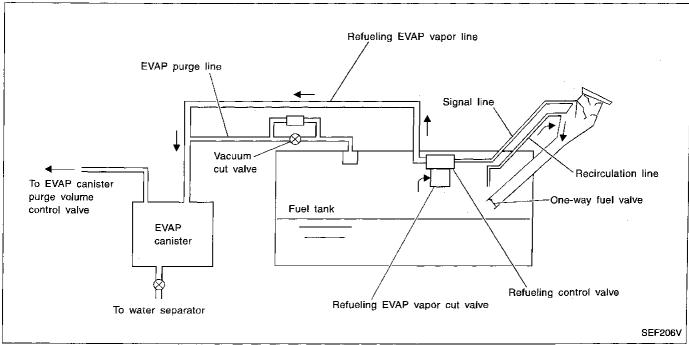
EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (Cont'd)



On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



From the beginning of refueling, the fuel tank pressure goes up. When the pressure reaches the setting value of the refueling control valve (RCV) opening pressure, the RCV is opened. After RCV opens, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, RCV and refueling vapor line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

The RCV is always closed during driving and the evaporative emission control system is operated the same as conventional system.

WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

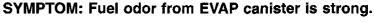
CAUTION:

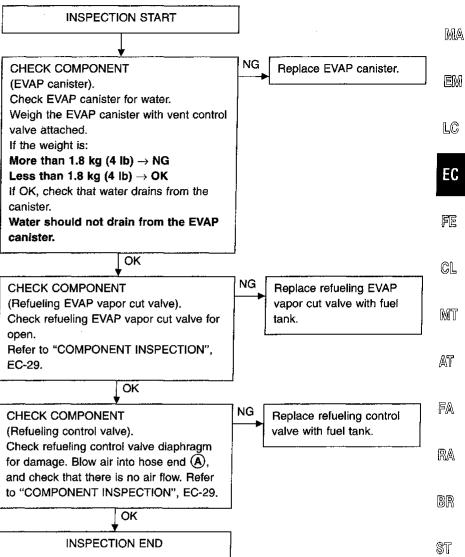
- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- a. Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- b. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to "Fuel Pressure Release", EC-32.
- c. Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.
- Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





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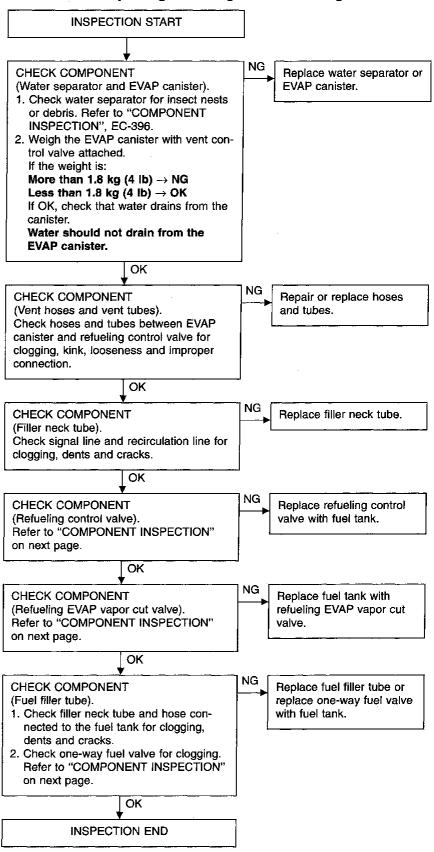
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On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM: Cannot refuel/Fuel odor from the fuel filler opening is strong while refueling.



EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

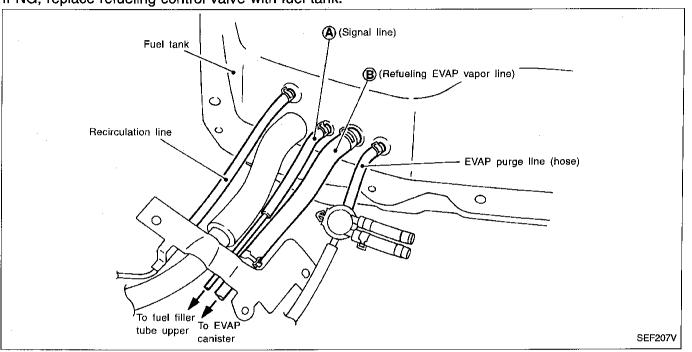
COMPONENT INSPECTION

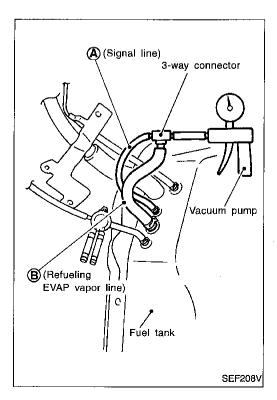
Refueling control valve

Check refueling control valve as follows:

- 1. Remove fuel filler cap.
- 2. Check air continuity between hose ends (A) and (B). Blow air into the hose end (B). Air should flow freely into the fuel tank.
- 3. Blow air into hose end (A) and check there is no leakage.
- 4. Apply pressure to both hose ends (A) and (B) [20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg)] using a pressure pump and a suitable 3-way connector. And check there is no leakage.

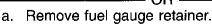
If NG, replace refueling control valve with fuel tank.





Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve

- Remove fuel tank. Refer to "FUEL SYSTEM" in FE section. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer.
 - b. Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
 - c. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.



- b. Drain fuel from the tank using a hand pump into a fuel container.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.

- OR

- Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from hose end (B)), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- Check EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as fol-
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose ends (A) and (B) using a suitable 3-way connector.
- Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

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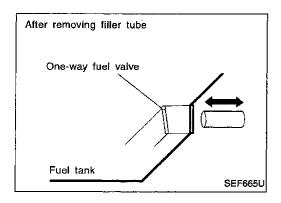
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EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

Always replace O-ring with new one.

- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to both hose ends (A) and (B) [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable. If NG, replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.



One-way fuel valve

- Drain fuel from the tank. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" of refueling EVAP vapor cut valve on previous page.
- 2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
- 3. Check one-way fuel valve for operation as follows.

 When a stick is inserted, the valve should open; when removing stick, it should close.

Do not drop any material into the tank.

If NG, replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

Description

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake collector.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air.

The ventilating air is then drawn from the air duct

into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the intake collector under all conditions.

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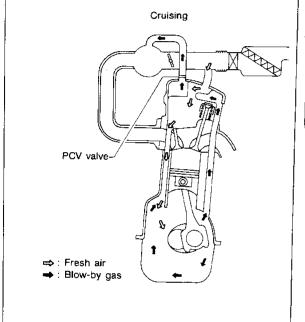
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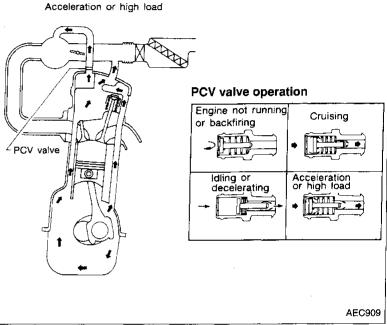
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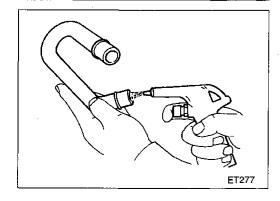




SEC137A

PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from breather separator. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over the valve inlet.



VENTILATION HOSE

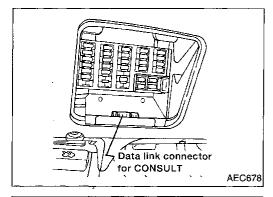
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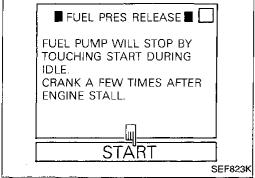
Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.

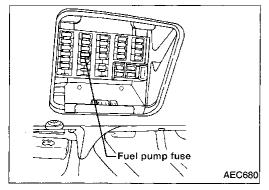
Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.

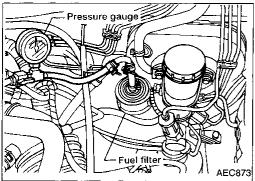
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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE









Fuel Pressure Release

Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.



- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.



- Remove fuse for fuel pump.
 Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch off and reconnect fuel pump fuse.

Fuel Pressure Check

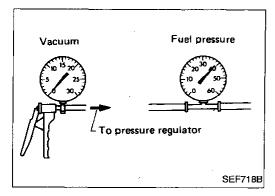
- When reconnecting fuel line, always use new clamps.
- Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent parts.
- Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
- Use Pressure Gauge to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.
- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
- 2. Disconnect fuel hose between fuel filter and fuel tube (engine side).
- 3. Install pressure gauge between fuel filter and fuel tube.
- Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 5. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

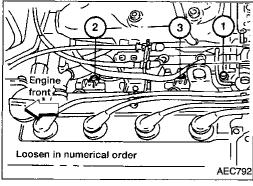
At idling:

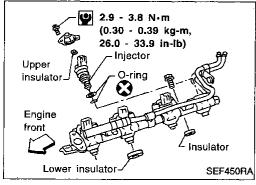
With vacuum hose connected
Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm², 34 psi)
With vacuum hose disconnected

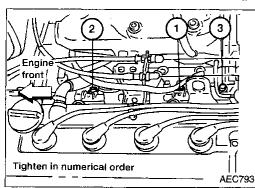
Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm², 43 psi) If results are unsatisfactory, perform Fuel Pressure Regulator Check.

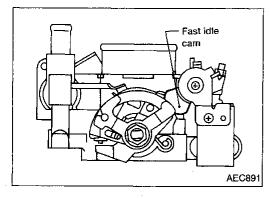
BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE











Fuel Pressure Regulator Check

- 1. Stop engine and disconnect fuel pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.
- Plug intake manifold with a rubber cap.
- Connect variable vacuum source to fuel pressure regulator.
- Start engine and read indication of fuel pressure gauge as vacuum is changed.

Fuel pressure should decrease as vacuum increases. If results are unsatisfactory, replace fuel pressure regulator.

Injector Removal and Installation

- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
- Remove injector tube assembly with injectors from intake manifold.
- Remove injectors from injector tube assembly.
 - Push injector tail piece.
 - Do not pull on the connector.
- 4. Install injectors.
 - Clean exterior of injector tail piece.
 - Use new O-rings.
 - Face metal plate of upper insulator to injector.

CAUTION

After properly connecting injectors to fuel tube assembly, check connections for fuel leakage.

- Assemble injectors to injector tube assembly.
- 6. Install injector tube assembly to intake manifold.

Tighten fuel tube bolts to 9.32 to 10.8 N·m (0.95 to 1.10 kg-m, 6.9 to 8.0 ft-lb) as shown in the figure. Then tighten the bolts to 20.6 to 26.5 N·m (2.10 to 2.70 kg-m, 15 to 20 ft-lb).

Fast Idle Cam (FIC)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The FIC is installed on the throttle body to maintain adequate engine speed while the engine is cold. It is operated by a volumetric change in wax located inside the thermo-element. The thermo-element is operated by engine coolant temperature.

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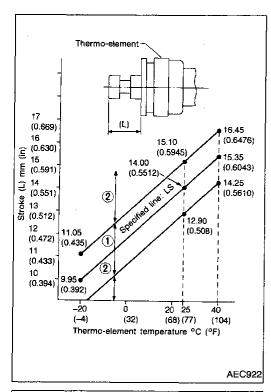
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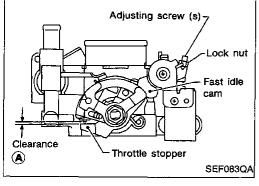
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BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE



Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

- If engine is not completely cold, remove throttle body from engine. Then, wait for at least 3 hours.
 (This step is necessary to bring the temperature of the thermo-element to the room temperature.
- 2. Measure thermo-element stroke (L) and room temperature.
- 3. Check thermo-element stroke (L) as shown in the figure. If the stroke is not within the range ①, replace thermo-element with new one. Then return to step 1 again.



Adjust clearance
 Abetween throttle stopper and throttle adjusting screw to specification by turning adjusting screw (S).

Models	Clearance (A) mm (in)
M/T	0.72 - 1.18 (0.0283 - 0.0465)
A/T	0.95 - 1.43 (0.0374 - 0.0563)

Rotate adjusting screw (S) clockwise or counterclockwise by Z turns according to the following equation, then tighten the adjusting screw lock nut.

$$Z = \frac{L - LS^*}{Y}$$

- *: Value of the specified line (Ls) at the temperature of thermoelement actually measured.
 - Y = 0.8 mm (0.031 in)
- Direction of adjusting screw (S) rotation
- (1) Positive (+) Z: Counterclockwise
- (2) Negative (-) Z: Clockwise

Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd) For example:

	Case I	Case II
Thermo-element temperature °C (°F)	25 (77)	40 (104)
Thermo-element specified stroke (Ls) mm (in)	14.0 (0.551)	15.35 (0.6043)
Thermo-element stroke (L) mm (in)	14.8 (0.583)	14.15 (0.5571)
	Z = 14.8 - 14.0 = 1.0 /	Z = 14.15 - 15.35 = -1.5 /
Revolutions of	0.8	0.8
adjusting screw (Z) mm/in	0.583 - 0.551	0.5571 - 0.6043
	0.031	0.031
Direction of revolution	Counterclockwise	Clockwise

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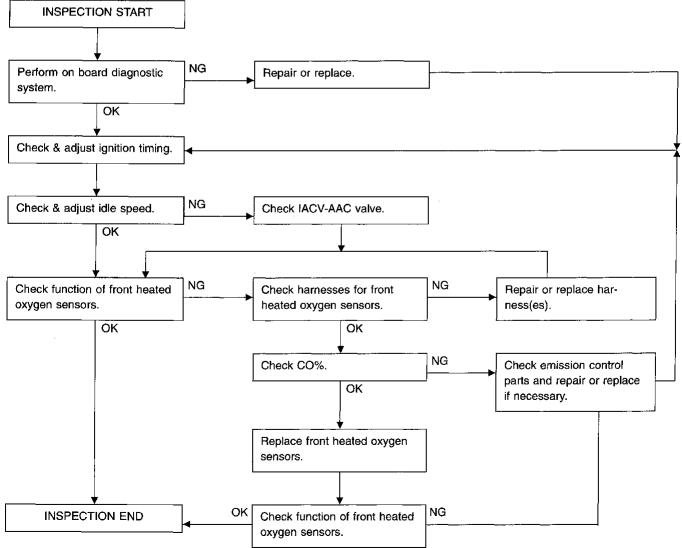
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment

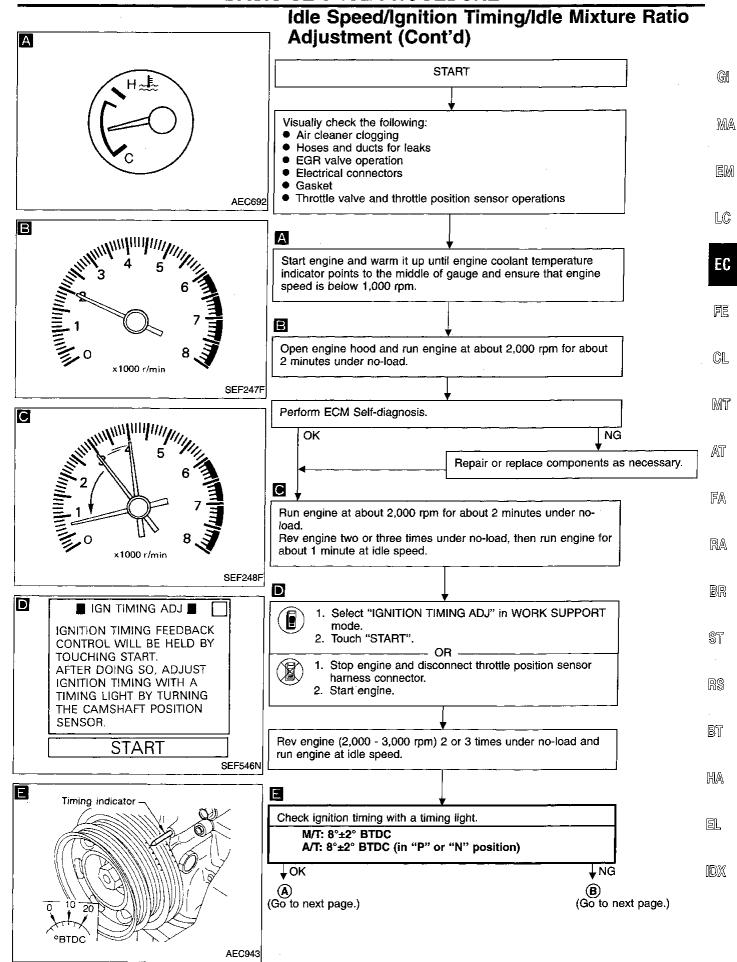
PREPARATION

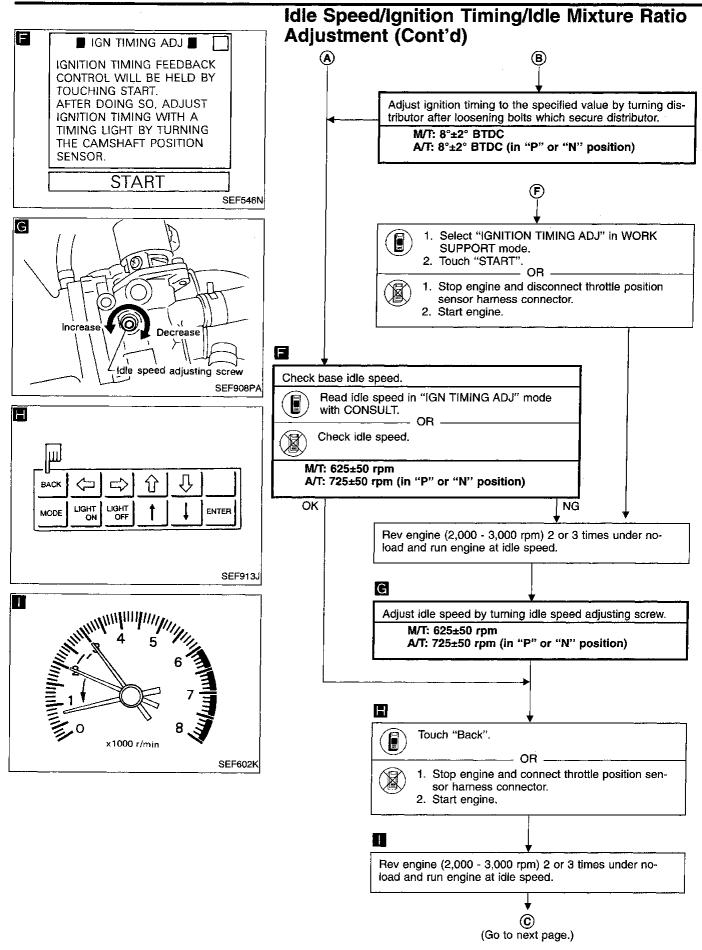
- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- (1) Battery
- (2) Ignition system
- (3) Engine oil and coolant levels
- (4) Fuses
- (5) ECM harness connector
- (6) Vacuum hoses
- (7) Air intake system (Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- (8) Fuel pressure
- (9) Engine compression
- (10) EGR valve operation
- (11) Throttle valve
- (12) EVAP system

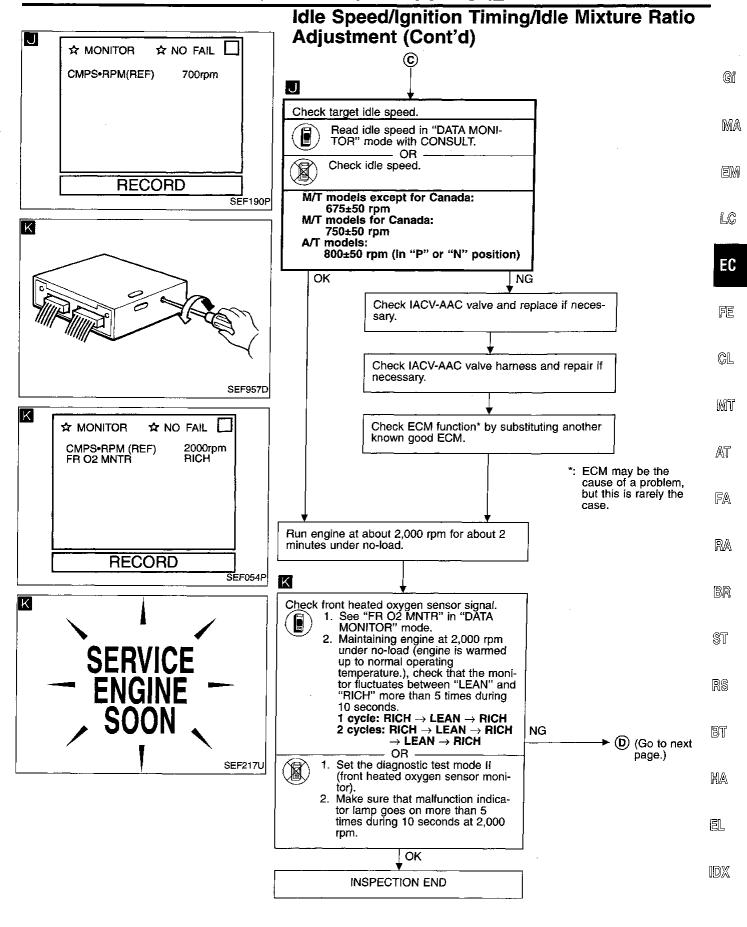
- On models equipped with air conditioner, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- On models equipped with automatic transaxle, when checking idle speed, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- Turn off headlamps, heater blower, rear window defogger.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.
- Make the check after the cooling fan has stopped.

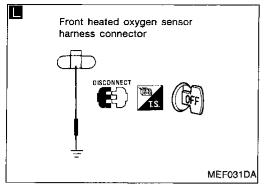
Overall inspection sequence

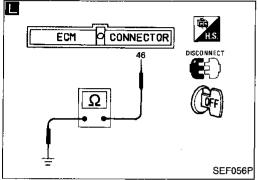












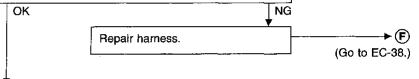
Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)

(D)

Check front heated oxygen sensor harness:

- Turn off engine and disconnect battery ground cable.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector from ECM.
- Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and connect terminal for front heated oxygen sensor to ground with a jumper wire.
- Check for continuity between terminal No. 46 of ECM harness connector and ground metal on vehicle body.

Continuity exists ... OK Continuity does not exist ... NG



Connect ECM harness connector to ECM.



- Select "ENG COOLANT TEMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Set "COOLANT TEMP" at 5°C (41°F).



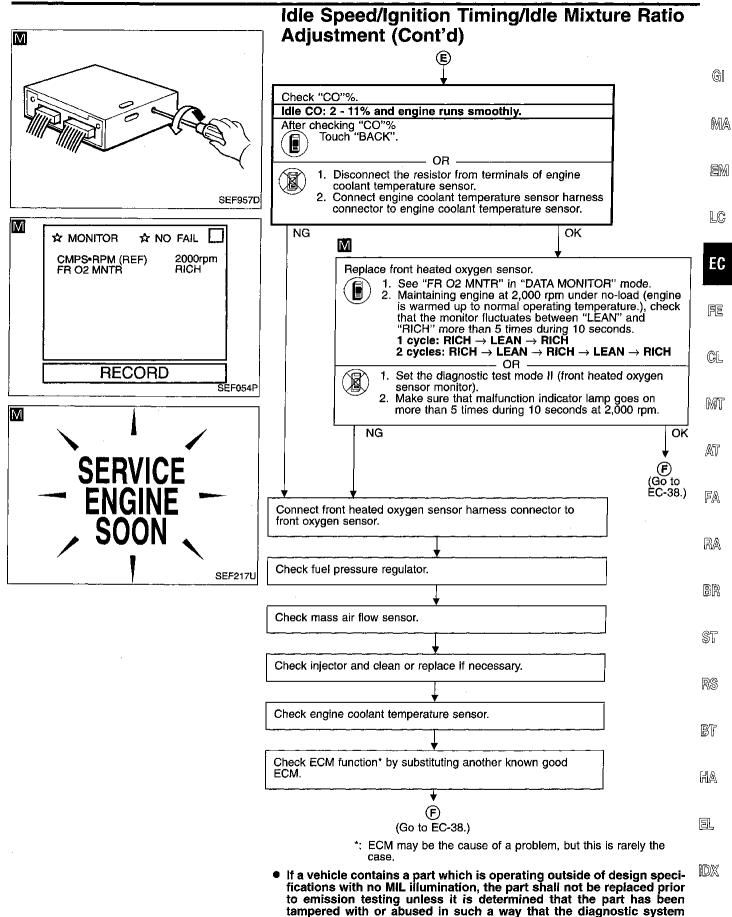
- 1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Connect a resistor (4.4 kΩ) between terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.

Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge. (Be careful to start engine after setting "COOLANT TEMP" or installing a 4.4 k Ω resistor.)

Rev engine two or three times under no-load then run engine at idle speed.

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(Go to next page.)



cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

- Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)
 Freeze Frame data
 Mode 3 of SAE J1979
 Mode 2 of SAE J1979
- System Readiness Test (SRT) code
 Mode 1 of SAE J1979
- 1st Trip Freeze Frame data

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

X: Applicable

—: Not applicable

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
Diagnostic test mode II (Self- diagnostic results)	×	X*1	_	_	_	_
CONSULT	X	×	×	X	Х	<u> </u>
GST	Х	X*2	х		х	Х

^{*1:} When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode (Refer to EC-88.).

Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

X: Applicable —: Not applicable

	MIL			DTC		1st trip DTC	
Items	1st trip		2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip
	Blinking	Lighting up	lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	displaying
Misfire (Possible three-way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) is being detected	Х		_	х	_	×	_
Misfire (Possible three-way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) has been detected	_	x	_	X	<u> </u>	×	
Closed loop control — DTC: P1148 (0307)		х		х		Х	
Fail-safe items (Refer to EC-88.)	-	Х	_	X*1	_	X*1	_
Except above		_	х	_	Х	Х	Х

^{*1:} Except "ECM".

^{*2: 1}st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information

DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed. If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-52.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-50. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a problem. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to page EC-80. Then perform "Diagnostic trouble code confirmation procedure" or "Overall function check" to try to duplicate the problem. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

 $\binom{NO}{NOOS}$ 1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 0101, 0201, 1003, 1104, etc. These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

CONSULT or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1320, P0705, P0750, etc. These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, Mode II and GST do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT (if available) is recommended.

■ SELF-DIAG RESULTS ■ □ **FAILURE DETECTED** TIME IACV-AAC VLV/CIRC 0 [P0505] ERASE PRINT FFdata SEF225U A sample of CONSULT display for DTC is shown at left. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0". IDX

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed and absolute pressure sensor at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-65.

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	ltems					
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171 (0115), P0172 (0114)				
2	Except the above items					
3	1st trip freeze frame data					

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-52.

SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979. It indicates whether the self-diagnostic tests for non-continuously monitored items have been completed or not.

Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests of the on board diagnostic (OBD) II system may become the legal requirements in some states/areas. All SRT codes must be set in this case. Unless all SRT codes are set, conducting the I/M test may not be allowed.

SRT codes are set after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. This occurs regardless of whether the diagnosis is in "OK" or "NG", and whether or not the diagnosis is performed in consecutive trips. The following table lists the five SRT items (18 test items) for the ECM used in B14 models.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

SRT items	Self-diagnostic test items	GI
Catalyst monitoring	Three-way catalyst function P0420 (0702)	
	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Negative pressure) P0440 (0705)	
EVAP system monitoring	● EVAP control system (Small leak — Positive pressure) P1440 (0213)	MA
	● EVAP control system purge flow monitoring P1447 (0111)	
-	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Circuit) P0130 (0303)	
	● Front heated oxygen sensor (Lean shift monitoring) P0131 (0411)	em
	• Front heated oxygen sensor (Rich shift monitoring) P0132 (0410)	
	 ● Front heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0133 (0409) 	
Oxygen sensor monitoring	● Front heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0134 (0412)	LC
	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Min. voltage monitoring) P0137 (0511) 	
	■ Rear heated oxygen sensor (Max. voltage monitoring) P0138 (0510)	
•	 Rear heated oxygen sensor (Response monitoring) P0139 (0707) 	EC
	● Rear heated oxygen sensor (High voltage) P0140 (0512)	
Overgon concer bester monitoring	Front heated oxygen sensor heater P0135 (0901)	
Oxygen sensor heater monitoring	● Rear heated oxygen sensor heater P0141 (0902)	FE
	● EGR function (Close) P0400 (0302)	
EGR system monitoring	● EGRC-BPT valve function P0402 (0306)	<u> </u>
	● EGR function (Open) P1402 (0514)	CL

Together with the DTC, the SRT code is cleared from the ECM memory using the method described later (Refer to EC-52). In addition, after Engine Control components/system are repaired or if the battery terminals remain disconnected for more than 24 hours, all SRT codes may be cleared from the ECM memory.

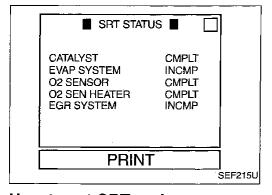
How to display SRT code



Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
 For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.



2. Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).



A sample of CONSULT display for SRT code is shown at left. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

How to set SRT code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions. The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

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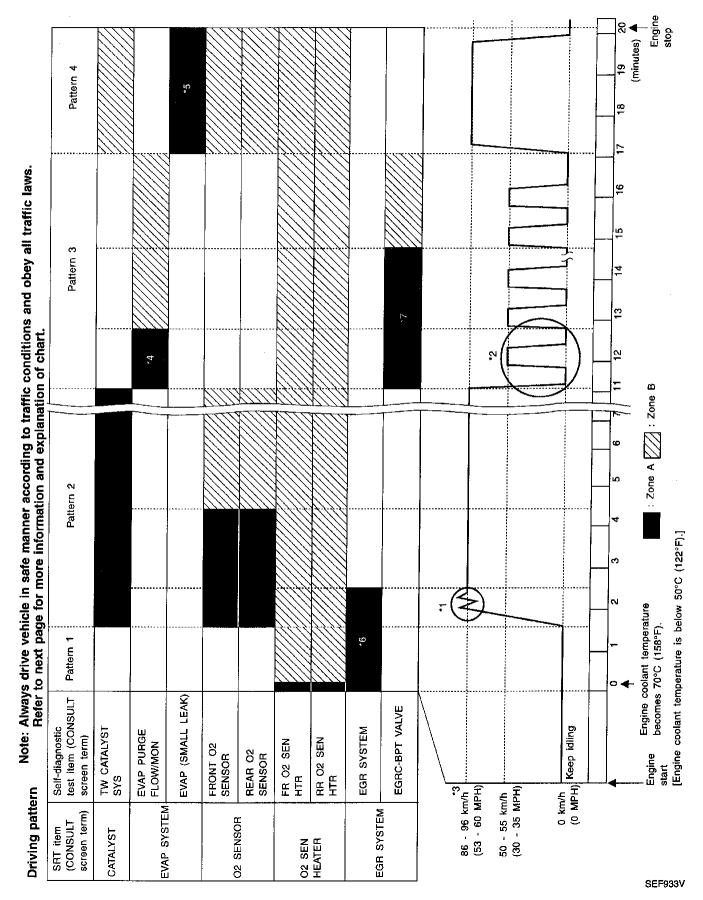
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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Driving pattern



Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

 The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

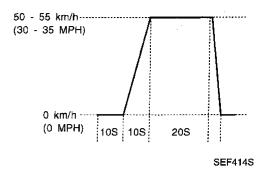
Zone A refers to the range where the time required, for the diagnosis under normal conditions*, is the shortest. Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

- *: Normal conditions refer to the following:
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.

Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

- Pattern 1: The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals 🛐 and 🚳 is 3.0 4.3V).
 - The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminals (51) and (50) is lower than 1.4V).
 - The engine is started at the tank fuel temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 63 and ground is less than 4.1V).
- Pattern 2: When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.
- Pattern 3: The driving pattern outlined in *2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

 On M/T models, shift gears following "suggested upshift speeds" schedule on the following page.
- Pattern 4: Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
 - The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
 - If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.
- *1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.
- *2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
 - 1) Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h and let engine idle.
 - Repeat driving pattern shown below at least 10 times.
 - During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible. (The THROTL POS SEN value of CONSULT should be between 0.8 to 1.2V.)
 - Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the EGR system SRT is set.



- *3: Checking the vehicle speed with CONSULT or GST is advised.
- *4: The driving pattern may be omitted when "PURG FLOW P1447" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *5: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- *6: The driving pattern may be omitted when all the following are performed using the "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - "EGR SYSTEM P0400"
 - "EGR SYSTEM P1402"
- *7: The driving pattern may be omitted when "EGRC-BPT/ VLV P0402" is performed using the "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.

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Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

Suggested transmission gear position for A/T models

Set the selector lever in the "D" position with "OD" ON.

Suggested upshift speeds for M/T models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

For normal acceleration in low altitude areas [less than 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)
3rd to 4th	65 (40)
4th to 5th	70 (43)

For quick acceleration in low altitude areas and high altitude areas [over 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	25 (16)
2nd to 3rd	55 (34)
3rd to 4th	75 (47)
4th to 5th	80 (50)

Suggested maximum speed in each gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate. Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure safe operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	50 (30)
2nd	90 (56)

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST only — not applicable to CONSULT)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is "OK" or "NG" while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored. Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (9 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

> X: Applicable Not applicable

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ODT #	Self-diagnostic test	Test value	(GST display)	Terror Later Control	Application	
SRT item	item	TID	CID	Test limit	Application	
O 4741 VOT	Three-way catalyst	01H	01H	Max.	Х	
CATALYST	function	02H	81H	Min.	×	
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03H	Мах.	х	
EVAP STSTEW	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	Х	[
		09H	04H	Max.	×	
		0AH	84H	Min.	х	- /
	Front heated — oxygen sensor —	овн	04H	Max.	X	
	oxygon sonsor	0CH	04H	Max.	Х	_
O2 SENSOR		0DH	04H	Max.	х	_
Rear heated oxygen sensor		19H	86H	Min.	Х	
	Rear heated	1AH	86H	Min.	X	
	oxygen sensor	1BH	06H	Max.	X	_ [
		1CH	06H	Max.	X	_
	Front heated	29H	08Н	Max.	X	_ (
O2 SENSOR	oxygen sensor heater	2AH	88H	Min.	×	_ `
HEATER	Rear heated	2DH	ОАН	Max.	X	_ _ [
	oxygen sensor heater	2EH	8AH	Min.	×	_
		31H	8CH	Min.	X	_
		32H	8CH	Min.	X	_
	EGR function	33H	8CH	Min.	X	_ _
EGR SYSTEM		34H	8CH	Min.	X	_
		35H	0CH	Max.	Х	- - [
	EGRC-BPT valve	36H	0CH	Max.	X	- <u>[</u>
	function	37H	8CH	Min.	X	- -][

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

X: Applicable

Items	DTC*4		_]	Test value/		
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC*4	Reference page
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAIL- URE INDICATED	P0000	0505	_	_	_	
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0100	0102	_		X	EC-112
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	_		Х	EC-121
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401			х	EC-130
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103		-	х	EC-136
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC	P0120	0403	_	_	х	EC-141
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	_	_	х	EC-155
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	х	х	X*3	EC-161
FRONT 02 SENSOR	P0131	0411	х	x	X*3	EC-168
FRONT 02 SENSOR	P0132	0410	х	х	X*3	EC-175
FRONT 02 SENSOR	P0133	0409	х	х	X*3	EC-182
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	x	X	X*3	EC-190
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	х	×	X*3	EC-197
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	Х	x	X*3	EC-201
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	X	x	X*3	EC-208
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	х	x	X*3	EC-215
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	X	X	X*3	EC-222
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	X	X	X*3	EC-227
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	_		х	EC-231
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	_	_	х	EC-237
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402		<u> </u>	x	EC-242
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	_	_	х	EC-246
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	_	_	х	EC-246
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	_	_	x	EC-246
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	_	_	х	EC-246
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	_		X	EC-246
(NOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	_	_	X	EC-251
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802		_	X	EC-256
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	-		X	EC-261
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	Х	X	X*3	EC-269
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	X	Х	X*3	EC-278
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	Х	Х	X*3	EC-283
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	х	х	X*3	EC-287
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	_	_	Х	EC-299
'ENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	_	·	х	EC-305
VAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	_		х	EC-310

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

X: Applicable

--: Not applicable

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Items	D1	ГС*4		Test value/		
(CONSULT screen terms)	CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC*4	Reference page
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	_	_	X	EC-316
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	_	_	X	EC-321
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	_	_	X	EC-328
ECM	P0605	0301	_	_	Х	EC-334
MAP/BAR SW SOL/CIR	P1105	1302	_	_	х	EC-336
INT/V TIMING CONT	P1110	0805	_	_	x	EC-345
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307		_	X	EC-353
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	_	_	х	EC-355
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905			х	EC-362
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	_	-	Х	EC-367
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	_		Х	EC-372
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	х	х	X*3	EC-379
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P1440	0213	х	х	X*3	EC-386
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	_		Х	EC-399
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	_	_	х	EC-407
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	Х	Х	X*3	EC-412
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309		_	х	EC-421
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	<u>-</u>	-	х	EC-427
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	_		х	EC-432
PURG CONT/V S/V	P1492	0807	_		х	EC-438
PURG CONT/V & S/V	P1493	0312	_		х	EC-444
PNP SW/CIRC	P1706	1003	_	_	х	EC-453
TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	P1775	0904	_	_	Х	EC-458
TOR CONV CLTCH S/V	P1776	0513	_	_	x	EC-463

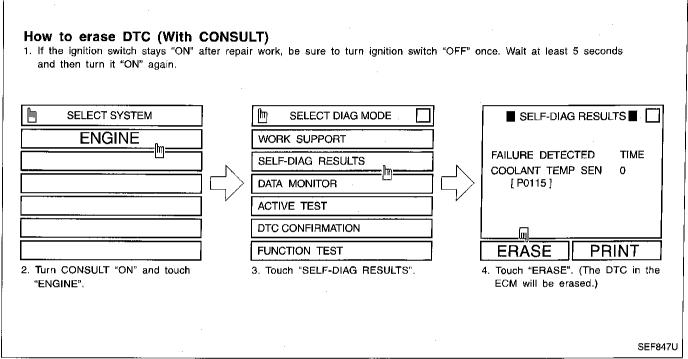
^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.
*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.
*3: These are not displayed with GST.
*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

How to erase DTC (With CONSULT)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT "ON".
- 3. Touch "ENGINE".
- 4. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 5. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)



The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT.

How to erase DTC (With GST)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

(NO Tools)

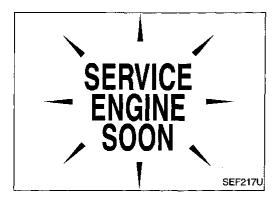
- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" again.
- Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (See EC-55.)

Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by changing the diagnostic test mode from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (Refer to EC-55.)

- NOTE:
- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost after approx. 24 hours.
- Erasing the emission-related diagnostic information using CONSULT or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- 1. Diagnostic trouble codes
- 2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- 3. Freeze frame data
- 4. 1st trip freeze frame data
- 5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
- 6. Test values
- 7. Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.



Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

The MIL is located on the instrument panel.

- 1. The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
- If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS") or see EC-503.
- 2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.
 - If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode I

- 1. BULB CHECK
- : This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.). If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit and ECM test mode selector. (See next page.)
- 2. MALFUNCTION WARNING
- : This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.
 - "Misfire (Possible three-way catalyst damage)"
 - "Closed loop control"
 - Fail-safe mode

Diagnostic Test Mode II

- 3. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
- : This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.
- 4. FRONT HEATED OXY- :
 GEN SENSOR MONITOR
- This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by front heated oxygen sensor, to be read.

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Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

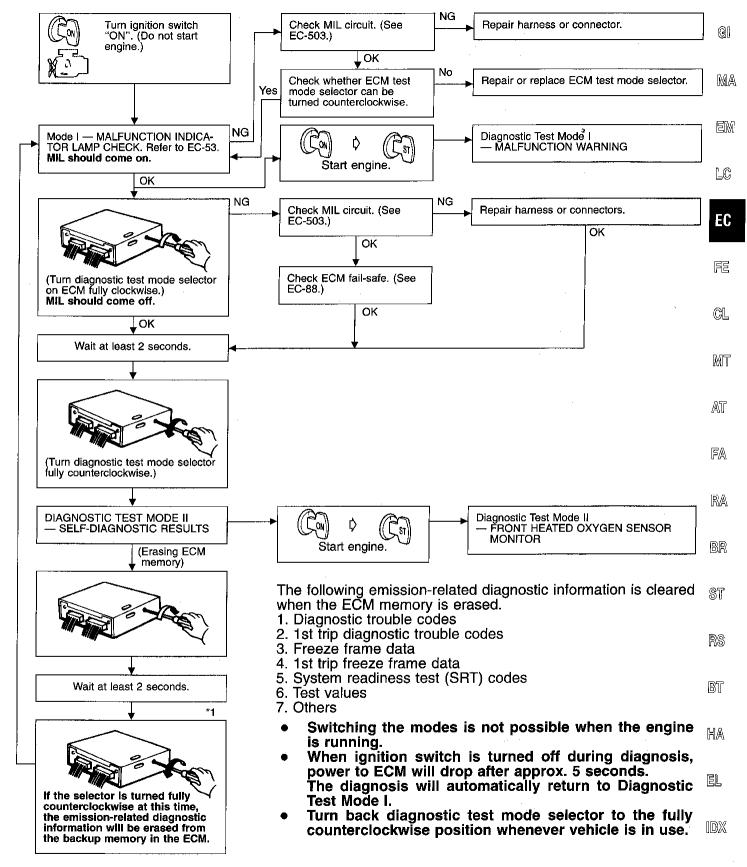
MIL flashing without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM test mode selector following "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES" on next page. How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. (Refer to EC-55.)

Co	ndition	Diagnostic Test Mode I	Diagnostic Test Mode II
Ignition switch	Engine stopped	BULB CHECK	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
tion	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES



EC-55 217

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I-BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EL section ("WARNING LAMPS") or see EC-503.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—MALFUNCTION WARNING

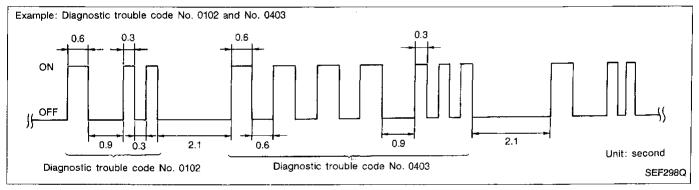
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Condition
ON	When the malfunction is detected or the ECM's CPU is malfunctioning.
OFF	No malfunction.

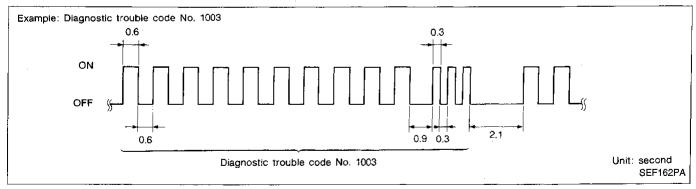
These Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS).

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II--SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode I (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTC's. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTC's or 1st trip DTC's. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the consult or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.





Long (0.6 second) blinking indicates the two LH digits of number and short (0.3 second) blinking indicates the two RH digits of number. For example, the malfunction indicator lamp blinks 10 times for 6 seconds (0.6 sec x 10 times) and then it blinks three times for about 1 second (0.3 sec x 3 times). This indicates the DTC "1003" and refers to the malfunction of the neutral position switch.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their diagnostic trouble code numbers. The DTC "0505" refers to no malfunction. (See DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) INDEX, EC-2.)

Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

How to erase diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased from the backup memory in the ECM when the diagnostic test mode is changed from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I. (Refer to "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES".)

If the battery is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost from the backup memory after approx. 24 hours.

Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the front heated oxygen sensor.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition	
ON	Lean		
OFF	Rich	Closed loop system	
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system	

^{*:} Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the front heated oxygen sensor function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

OBD System Operation Chart

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to "Two Trip Detection Logic" on EC-42.
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern ST A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOS-TIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)

Details about patterns "B" and "C" for "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire" are on EC-59. Details about patterns "A" and "B" for "Other" are on EC-61.

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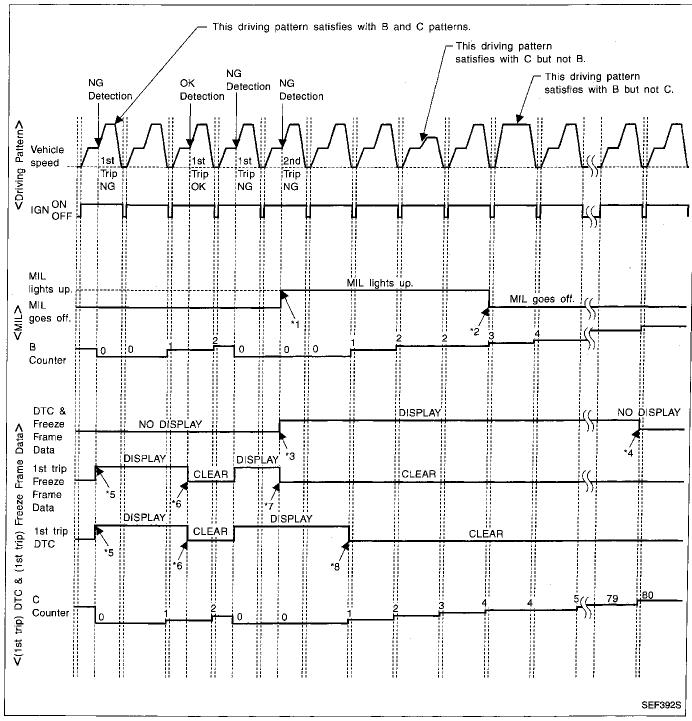
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^{*1:} Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

^{*2:} Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- *8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

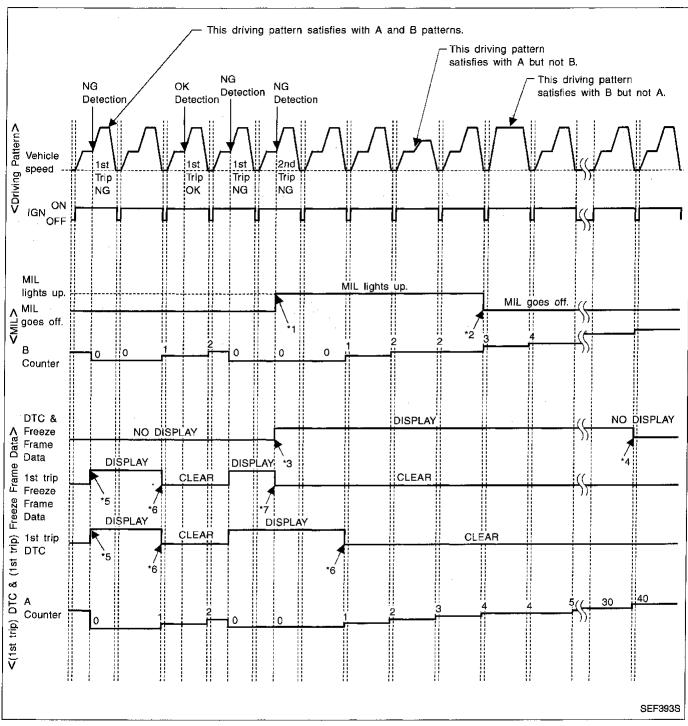
OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY **DETERIORATION>". "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"**

DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"	
<pre><driving b="" pattern=""></driving></pre>	GI
 Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows: All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system. The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern. 	· M/
 The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction. The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART") Corriving pattern C> 	EM
Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows: (1) The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:	LC
Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%] Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:	EC
 When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F). When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F). Example: 	FE
If the stored freeze frame data is as follows: Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)	CL
To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions: Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)	MT
 The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1). The C counter will be counted up when (1) is satisfied without the same malfunction. The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80. 	AT
 The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM. 	FA
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OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

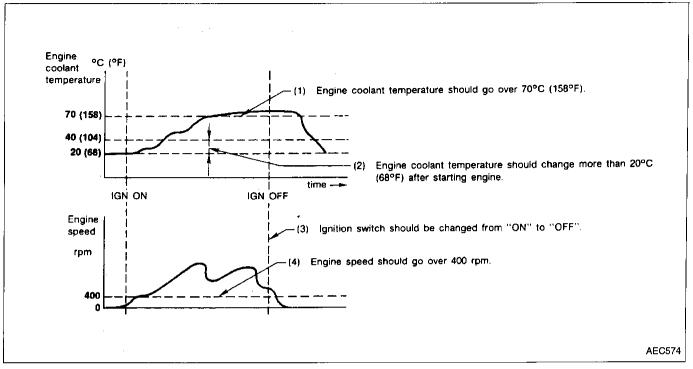


- *1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- *2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- *3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- *5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- *6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.
- *7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

<Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

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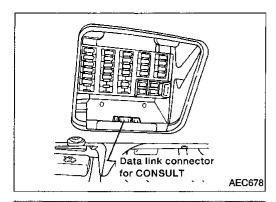
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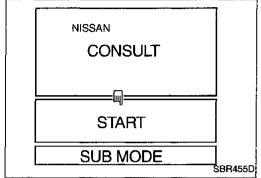
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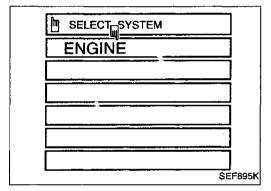
CONSULT

CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

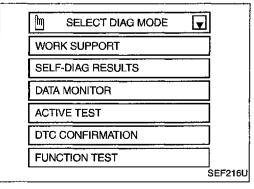
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Connect "CONSULT" to data link connector for CONSULT. (Data link connector for CONSULT is located behind the fuse box cover.)



- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Touch "START".



5. Touch "ENGINE".



Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT Operation

This sample shows the display when using the UE990 program card. Screen differs in accordance with the program card used.

<u>[h</u>	SELECT DIAG MODE	
ECM P	ART NUMBER	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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CONSULT (Cont'd)

ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
item		WORK	SELF-DI RESU	AGNOSTIC LTS*1			FUNC-	CONFIR	FC MATION
		SUP- PORT		FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	TION	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Camshaft position sensor		X	Х	Х	i			
	Mass air flow sensor		Х		Х				
	Engine coolant temperature sensor		Х	X	Х	Х			
	Front heated oxygen sensor		Х		X	٠	X	Х	Х
	Rear heated oxygen sensor		Х		Х		-	Х	Х
	Vehicle speed sensor		Х	X	X		Х		
ļ	Throttle position sensor	X	Х	Ì	Х		X		
	Tank fuel temperature sensor		Х]	Х	Х			
	EVAP control system pressure sensor		Х		Х				
	Absolute pressure sensor	· · · · · ·	Х		Х				
1	EGR temperature sensor	_	Х		X				
INPUT	Intake air temperature sensor		Х		Х				
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		Х						
	Knock sensor		Х						
	Ignition switch (start signal)				Х		Х		
	Closed throttle position switch		Х		X				
	Closed throttle position switch (throttle position sensor signal)				Х		Х		
	Air conditioner switch				Х				
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		Х		Х		х		
	Power steering oil pressure switch			_	Х		Х		
	Air conditioner pressure switch				Х	<u> </u>			
1	Battery voltage				Х				
	Ambient air temperature switch				X	-	-		
// -	Injectors				X	X	X		
	Power transistor (Ignition timing)	х	X (Ignition signal)		х	х	х		
1	IACV-AAC valve	Х	X		Х	X	х		
	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		х		х	х	х		
	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve		х		х				Х
	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve		х		x	х			х
OUTPUT	EVAP canister purge volume control valve		х		X	х			х
}	Air conditioner relay	 +			X				
	Fuel pump relay	X		-	X	X	X		
	EGRC-solenoid valve		X		X	Х	X*3		
	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	1	X		X			X	
	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater		X		X			Х	
	Cooling fan		Х		X	Х	_ X		
	EVAP canister vent control valve		Х		X	Х			
	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve		х		X	Х			Х
	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve		Х		Х	Х			
	Calculated load value			X	X]	ŀ

X: Applicable *1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

^{*2:} This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-44.

*3: If this function test mode is not available, use "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*1
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self- diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	Conducted by CONSULT instead of a technician to determine whether each system is "OK" or "NG".
ECM part numbers	ECM part numbers can be read.

The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

1. Diagnostic trouble codes
2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
3. Freeze frame data
4. 1st trip freeze frame data
5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
6. Test values
7. Others

WORK SUPPORT MODE

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE	
THRTL POS SEN ADJ	CHECK THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL. ADJUST IT TO THE SPECIFIED VALUE BY ROTATING THE SENSOR BODY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENG NOT RUNNING ACC PEDAL NOT PRESSED	When adjusting throttle position ser sor initial position	
IGNITION TIMING ADJ	 IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING "START". AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CRANK- SHAFT POSITION SENSOR. 	When adjusting initial ignition timing and idle speed	
IACV-AAC VALVE ADJ	SET ENGINE SPEED AT THE SPECIFIED VALUE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. • ENGINE WARMED UP • NO-LOAD	When adjusting idle speed	
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	● FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DURING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line	
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. IGN SW "ON" ENGINE NOT RUNNING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F). NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F). WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" When trying to execute "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" under conditions other than above, CONSULT will discontinue it and display appropriate instruction. NOTE: When starting engine, CONSULT may display "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", even if using charged battery.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system	

CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC MODE

DTC and 1st trip DTC

Regarding items of "DTC and 1st trip DTC", refer to "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX" (See EC-2.).

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Freeze frame data and 1st trip freeze frame data

Freeze frame data item*	Description	- EM
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	• Engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as "PXXXX". [Refer to "Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC" (EC-2).]	- LC
FUEL SYS DATA	 "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. One mode in the following is displayed. "MODE 2": Open loop due to detected system malfunction "MODE 3": Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enrichment) "MODE 4": Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control "MODE 5": Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop 	EC
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- _ C _
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- 66
S-FUEL TRIM [%]	 "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule. 	MT
L-FUEL TRIM [%]	 "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim. 	- at . Fa
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	- n r-z
VHCL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	RA
ABSOL PRESS [kPa] or [kg/cm²] or [psi]	The absolute pressure at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.	BR

^{*:} The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.



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CONSULT (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE

	–			
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
CMPS-RPM (REF) [rpm]	0	0	Indicates the engine speed computed from the REF signal (180° signal) of the camshaft position sensor.	 Accuracy becomes poor if engine speed drops below the idle rpm. If the signal is interrupted while the engine is running, an abnormal value may be indicated.
MAS AIR/FL SE [V]	0	0	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	 When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	0	0	 The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed 	
FR O2 SENSOR [V]	0	0	 The signal voltage of the front heated oxygen sensor is displayed. 	
RR O2 SENSOR [V]	0	0	 The signal voltage of the rear heated oxygen sensor is displayed. 	
FR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0	0	 Display of front heated oxygen sensor signal during air-fuel ratio feedback con- trol: RICH means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture. LEAN means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture. 	 After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mixture ratio feedback control begins. When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.
RR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	0		 Display of rear heated oxygen sensor signal: RICH means the amount of oxygen after three-way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN means the amount of oxygen after three-way catalyst is relatively large. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	0	0	The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed.	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	0	0	 The power supply voltage of ECM is dis- played. 	
THRTL POS SEN [V]	0	0	 The throttle position sensor signal volt- age is displayed. 	
TANK F/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The fuel temperature judged from the tank fuel temperature sensor signal volt- age is displayed. 	
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	0		 The signal voltage of the EGR tempera- ture sensor is displayed. 	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	0		 The intake air temperature determined by the signal voltage of the intake air tem- perature sensor is indicated. 	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal. 	 After starting the engine, [OFF] is dis- played regardless of the starter signal.

NOTE:
Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

CONSULT (Cont'd)

			CONSULT (COIR d)		
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	- G1
CLSD THL/P SW [ON/OFF]			 Indicates mechanical contact [ON/OFF] condition of the closed throttle position switch. 		 Ma
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the throttle position sensor signal. 		EM
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioning signal. 		LC -
PNP SW/CIRC [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position (PNP) switch signal. 		EC
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering oil pressure switch deter- mined by the power steering oil pressure switch signal. 		FE
LOAD SIGNAL	0	0	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the rear defogger signal. 		- CL
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	0		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch. 		_ MT
HEATER FAN SE [ON/OFF]	0		 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the heater fan switch. 		- - AT
INJ PULSE [msec]		0	 Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input signals. 	When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated.	- <i>i</i> ai _ FA
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		0	 "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board cor- rection. 		RA
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		0	 Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals. 		BR
IACV-AAC/V [%]		0	 Indicates the IACV-AAC valve control value computed by ECM according to the input signals. 		ST
PURG VOL C/V [step]			 Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals. The opening becomes larger as the 		RS BT
A/F ALPHA [%]		0	 value increases. Indicates the mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle. 	 When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control. 	· Ha
EVAP SYS PRES [V]			The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed.		
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]			 Indicates the air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signal). 		IDX
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]			 Indicates the fuel pump relay control con- dition determined by ECM according to the input signals. 	· -	

EC-67

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
INT/V TIM SOL [ON/OFF]			The control condition of the valve timing solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Intake valve timing control operating OFF Intake valve timing control not operating	
COOLING FAN [HI/LOW/OFF]			 Indicates the control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signal). HI High speed operation LOW Low speed operation OFF Stop 	
EGRC SOLV [ON/OFF]			 Indicates the control condition of the EGRC-solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal). ON EGR valve is operational OFF EGR valve is cut-off 	
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Closed OFF Open 	
TCC SOL/V			 The control condition of the torque converter clutch solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Lock-up is cancelled OFF Lock-up is operational 	
FR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of front heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. 	
RR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of rear heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. 	
VC/V BYPASS/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the vacuum cut valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. ON Open OFF Closed 	
PURG CONT S/V [ON/OFF]			 The control condition of the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve (computed by the ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. ON Canister purge is operational OFF Canister purge operation is cutoff 	
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow.	

CONSULT (Cont'd)

Monitored item ECM Main Input signals		 Description	Remarks	
BSOL TH-P/S [%] • "Absolute throttle position sensor" incates the throttle opening computed ECM according to the signal voltage the throttle position sensor.				
MASS AIRFLOW [gm/s]		 Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor. 		-
MAP/BARO SW/V [MAP/BARO]		The control condition of the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (determined by		_
		ECM according to the input signal) is indicated. MAP Intake manifold absolute pressure BARO Ambient barometric pressure		
ABSOL PRES/SE [V]		 The signal voltage of the absolute pressure sensor is displayed.		. [
VOLTAGE [V]		Voltage measured by the voltage probe.		(
PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]		Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle measured by the pulse probe.	 Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured. 	R Æ

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

ACTIVE TEST MODE

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)				
FUEL INJECTION	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector Fuel injectors Front heated oxygen sensor				
IACV-AAC/V OPENING	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. Change the IACV-AAC valve opening percent using CON- SULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve				
ENG COOLANT TEMP	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Change the engine coolant tem- perature indication using CON- SULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Harness and connector Engine coolant temperature sensor Fuel injectors				
IGNITION TIMING	 Engine: Return to the original trouble condition Timing light: Set Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT. 	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Adjust initial ignition timing				
POWER BAL- ANCE	 Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. Air conditioner switch "OFF" Shift lever "N" Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT. 	Engine runs rough or dies.	 Harness and connector Compression Injectors Power transistor Spark plugs Ignition coils 				
COOLING FAN	 Ignition switch: ON Turn the cooling fan "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT. 	Cooling fan moves and stops.	Harness and connector Cooling fan motor				
FUEL PUMP RELAY	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connector Fuel pump relay				
EGRC SOLE- NOID VALVE	 Ignition switch: ON Turn EGRC-solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	EGRC-solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connectorEGRC-solenoid valve				
VALVE TIMING SOL	 Ignition switch: ON Turn intake valve timing control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Intake valve timing control solenoid valve				
SELF-LEARNING CONT	 In this test, the coefficient of self-learning control mixture ratio returns to the original coefficient by touching "CLEAR" on the screen. 						
PURG VOL CONT/V	 Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm. Change the EVAP canister purge volume control valve opening step using CONSULT. 	Engine speed changes according to the opening step.	 Harness and connector EVAP canister purge volume control valve 				

	CC	NSULT (Cont'd)		
TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)	
VENT CONTROL/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve	— Gi Ma
VC/V BYPASS/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. 	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector Solenoid valve	em — lc
PURG CONT S/V	 Start engine. Turn the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and lis- ten for operating sound. 	EVAP canister purge control sole- noid valve makes an operating sound. Check vacuum signal for EVAP canister purge control valve. VC ON Vacuum exists. VC OFF Vacuum does not exist.	Harness and connector EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Vacuum hose	EC
MAP/BARO SW/V	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Turn the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve between "MAP" and "BARO" using CONSULT and 	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connector MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	CL MT

DTC CONFIRMATION MODE

SRT STATUS mode

TANK F/TEMP

SEN

For details, refer to "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE", EC-44.

• Change the tank fuel temperature using CONSULT.

listen for operating sound.

DTC WORK SUPPORT MODE

TEST MODE	TEST ITEM	CONDITION	REFERENCE PAGE	[
	PURGE FLOW P1447		EC-412		
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-432	 §	
EVAPORATIVE	PURG CN/V & S/V P1493		EC-444	 8	
SYSTEM	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-399		
	EVAP SML LEAK P0440		EC-287	 	
	EVAP SML LEAK P1440		EC-386		
	FR O2 SENSOR P0130		EC-161		
FR O2 SENSOR	FR O2 SENSOR P0131		EC-168	B	
PH UZ SENSUH	FR O2 SENSOR P0132	Refer to corresponding trouble diagnosis for DTC.	EC-175		
	FR O2 SENSOR P0133	10, 0.0.	EC-182		
	RR O2 SENSOR P0137		EC-201	—— H <i>A</i>	
RR O2 SENSOR	RR O2 SENSOR P0138		EC-208		
	RR O2 SENSOR P0139		EC-215		
	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-269		
EGR SYSTEM	EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402		EC-278		
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-379		
A/T (TCC S/V)	TCC S/V FNCTN P1776		EC-463		

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST MODE

FUNCTION TEST	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT		CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)				
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Displays the results of onboard diagnostic system.	_		Objective system				
CLOSED THROTTLE	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Closed throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and	Throttle valve: opened	Harness and connector Throttle position sensor (Closed throttle position) Throttle position sensor					
POSI	closed fully. ("IDLE POSI- TION" is the test item name for the vehicles in which idle is selected by throttle posi- tion sensor.)	Throttle valve: closed	ON	(Closed throttle position) adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode.				
THROTTLE POSI SEN CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Throttle position sensor circuit is tested when throttle is opened and closed fully. 	Range (Throttle valve fully opened — Throttle valve fully closed)	More than 3.0V	 Harness and connector Throttle position sensor Throttle position sensor adjustment Throttle linkage Verify operation in DATA MONITOR mode. 				
PNP SW/CIRC	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is tested when 	Out of N/P positions In N/P positions	OFF	 Harness and connector Park/neutral position (PNP) switch Linkage or Park/neutral position (PNP) switch 				
FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT	 shift lever is manipulated. Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Fuel pump circuit is tested by checking the pulsation in fuel pressure when fuel tube is pinched. 	There is pressure pulsation on feed hose.		adjustment Harness and connector Fuel pump Fuel pump relay Fuel filter clogging Fuel level				
EGRC SOL/V CIR- CUIT*	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating noise. 	The EGRC-solenoid valve make ating sound every 3 seconds.	The EGRC-solenoid valve makes an operating sound every 3 seconds.					
VALVE TIMING S/V CKT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is tested by checking solenoid valve operating sound 	 Harness and connector Intake valve timing control solenoid valve 						
COOLING FAN CIR- CUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) Cooling fan circuit is tested when cooling fan is rotated. 	The cooling fan rotates and stop seconds.	ne cooling fan rotates and stops every 3 econds.					

^{*:} If this function test mode is not available, use "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT		CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)			
START SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON → START Start signal circuit is tested when engine is started by operating the starter. Before cranking, battery voltage and engine coolant temperature are displayed. During cranking, average battery voltage, mass air flow sensor output voltage and cranking speed are displayed. 	transtant signal circuit is tested when engine is started by perating the starter. Before ranking, battery voltage and engine coolant temperature are displayed. During cranking, average battery voltage, mass air flow ensor output voltage and ranking speed are dis-					
PW/ST SIGNAL CIRCUIT	 Ignition switch: ON (Engine running) Power steering circuit is tested when steering wheel 	Locked position	ON	Harness and connector Power steering oil pressure switch	F		
	is rotated fully and then set to a straight line running position.	to a straight line running Neutral position OFF					
VEHICLE SPEED SEN CKT	 Vehicle speed sensor circuit is tested when vehicle is running at a speed of 10 km/h (6 MPH) or higher. 	Vehicle speed sensor input signa greater than 4 km/h (2 MPH)	Harness and connector Vehicle speed sensor Electric speedometer	- R . A			
IGN TIMING ADJ	 After warming up, idle the engine. Ignition timing adjustment is checked by reading ignition timing with a timing light and checking whether it agrees with specifications. 	The timing light indicates the san on the screen.	The timing light indicates the same value on the screen.				
	Air-fuel ratio feedback circuit		 INJECTION SYS (Injector, fuel pressure regulator, har- ness or connector) IGNITION SYS (Spark plug, 	B			
MIXTURE RATIO FEST	(injection system, ignition system, vacuum system, etc.) is tested by examining the front heated oxygen sensor output at 2,000 rpm	Front heated oxygen sensor COU than 5 times during 10 seconds	power transistor, ignition coil, harness or connector) VACUUM SYS (Intake air leaks) Front heated oxygen sensor circuit	S R			
	under non-loaded state.		 Front heated oxygen sensor operation Fuel pressure high or low Mass air flow sensor 				

EL

IDX

CONSULT (Cont'd)

FUNCTION TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
POWER BALANCE	 After warming up, idle the engine. Injector operation of each cylinder is stopped one after another, and resultant change in engine rotation is examined to evaluate combustion of each cylinder. (This is only displayed for models where a sequential multiport fuel injection system is used.) 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 25 rpm before and after cutting off the injector of each cylinder.	 Injector circuit (Injector, harness or connector) Ignition circuit (Spark plug, power transistor, ignition coil, harness or connector) Compression Valve timing
IACV-AAC/V SYSTEM	 After warming up, idle the engine. IACV-AAC valve system is tested by detecting change in engine speed when IACV-AAC valve opening is changed to 0%, 20% and 80%. 	Difference in engine speed is greater than 150 rpm between when valve opening is at 80% and at 20%.	 Harness and connector IACV-AAC valve Air passage restriction between air inlet and IACV-AAC valve IAS (Idle adjusting screw) adjustment

CONSULT (Cont'd)

REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (Recording vehicle data)

CONSULT has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

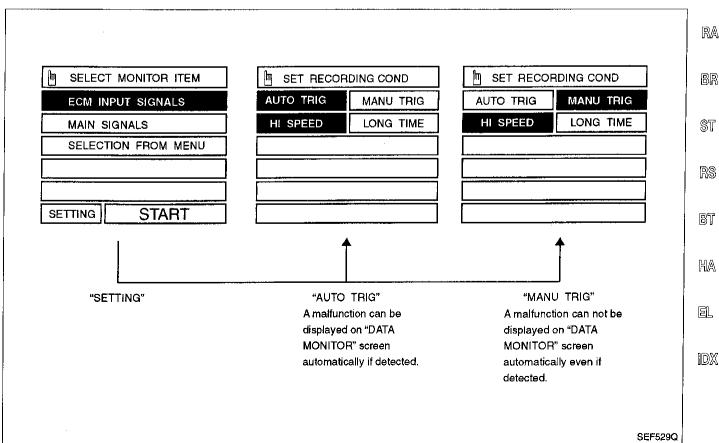
- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
 - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT screen in real time.
 In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed at the moment the malfunction is detected by ECM.

DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously until a malfunction is detected. However, DATA MONITOR cannot continue any longer after the malfunction detection.

- 2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
 - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
 DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

Use these triggers as follows:

- 1. "AUTO TRIG"
 - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
 - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
 When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to GI section, "Incident Simulation Tests" in "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
 - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.



GI

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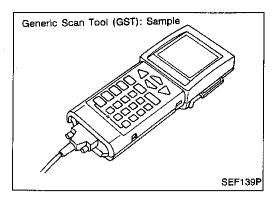
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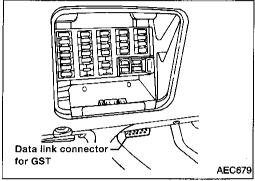


Generic Scan Tool (GST)

DESCRIPTION

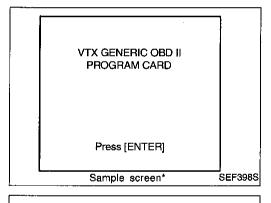
Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 7 different functions explained on the next page. ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Connect "GST" to data link connector for GST. (Data link connector for GST is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.)



3. Turn ignition switch ON.

4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.

(*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)

OBD II FUNCTIONS

F0: DATA LIST
F1: FREEZE DATA
F2: DTCS
F3: SNAPSHOT
F4: CLEAR DIAG INFO
F5: O2 TEST RESULTS
F6: READINESS TESTS
F7: ON BOARD TESTS
F8: EXPAND DIAG PROT
F9: UNIT CONVERSION

Sample screen*

SEF416S

Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

Generic Scan Tool (GST) (Cont'd)

FUNCTION

ļ	Diagnostic test mode	Function	
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.	- (-
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. [For details, refer to "Freeze Frame Data" (EC-65).]	_ _
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.	Ē
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1) Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3) Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1) Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2) Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1) Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)	
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.	- [F
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.	- ©
		This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, following parts can be opened or closed. EVAP canister vent control open Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed In the following conditions, this mode cannot function.	
MODE 8	_	 Low ambient temperature Low battery voltage Engine running Ignition switch "OFF" Low fuel temperature 	F
		Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system	F

BR

ST

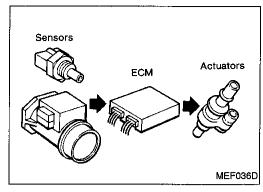
RS

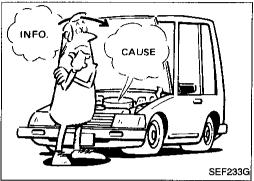
BT

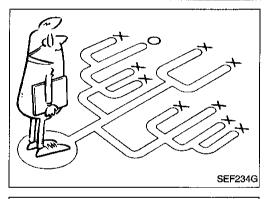
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction







KEY POINTS

WHAT Vehicle & engine model WHEN Date, Frequencies

WHERE Road conditions

..... Operating conditions, Weather conditions,

Symptoms

SEF907L

Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no problems such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other problems with the engine.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on EC-80.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on next page should be used. Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

Diagnostic Worksheet

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make trouble-shooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting. Some conditions may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere [for the models with EVAP (SMALL LEAK) diagnosis].

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

WORKSHEET SAMPLE

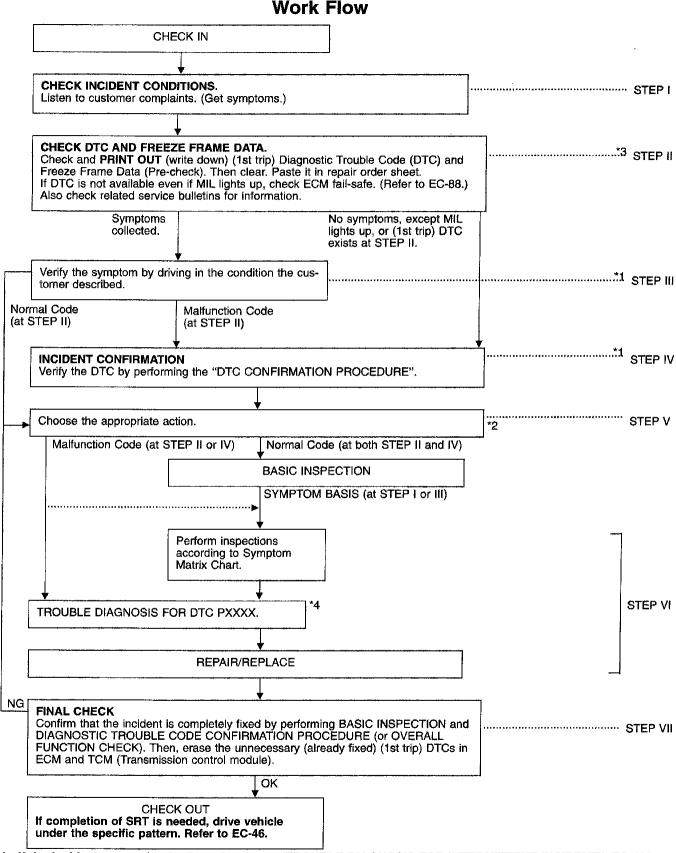
Customer nai	me MR/MS	Model & Year VIN											
Engine #	•	Trans. Mileage	G										
Incident Date	· ·	Manuf. Date In Service Date											
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	☐ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire ☐ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on.											
	☐ Startability	 ☐ Impossible to start ☐ No combustion ☐ Partial combustion affected by throttle position ☐ Partial combustion NOT affected by throttle position ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Others [] 	EM LC										
Symptoms	☐ Idling	□ No fast idle □ Unstable □ High idle □ Low idle □ Others [
5 ,p.c0	☐ Driveability	□ Stumble □ Surge □ Knock □ Lack of power □ Intake backfire □ Exhaust backfire □ Others []											
	☐ Engine stall	□ At the time of start □ While idling □ While accelerating □ Just after stopping □ While loading											
Incident occur	rrence	☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night ☐ In the daytime											
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain conditions ☐ Sometimes											
Weather cond	ditions	□ Not affected											
·	Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing ☐ Others []	AT										
	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐ Cold ☐ Humid °F											
Engine condit	ions	□ Cold □ During warm-up □ After warm-up Engine speed 1	FA RA										
Road condition	ns	☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ Highway ☐ Off road (up/down)	INVA!										
Driving conditions		□ Not affected □ At starting □ While idling □ At racing □ While accelerating □ While cruising □ While decelerating □ While turning (RH/LH) Vehicle speed □ 10 20 30 40 50 60 MPH	BR ST										
Malfunction in	dicator lamp	☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on	RS										

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^{*1:} If the incident cannot be duplicated, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106.

^{*2:} If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY", EC-107.

^{*3:} If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "1t", refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106.

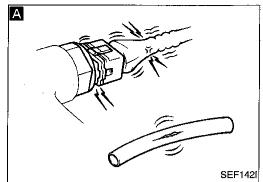
^{*4:} If the malfunctioning part cannot be found, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106.

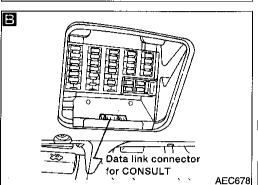
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

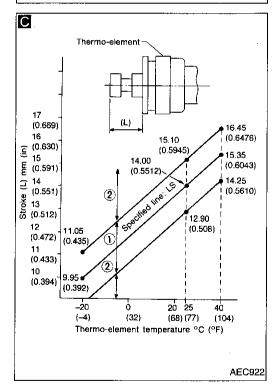
Description for Work Flow

STEP	DESCRIPTION	
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", EC-79.	_
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool) the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the code and the data. (Refer to EC-52.) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer.	_
	(The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-89.) Also check related service bulletins for information.	_
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.	
	Try to detect the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code by driving in (or performing) the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT or Generic Scan Tool.	-
STEP IV	During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI section.) In case the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" is not available, perform the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative. The "NG" result of the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.	ı
	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX.	
STEP V	If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-82.) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-89.)	[
	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT set in "DATA MONITOR"	[
STEP VI	(AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CON-SULT. Refer to EC-97.	
	The "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE. For details, refer to GI section ("HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT", "Circuit Inspection").	(disp
·— <u></u>	Repair or replace the malfunction parts. Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions	Ī
STEP VII	and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" and confirm the normal code [Diagnostic trouble code No. P0000 or 0505] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a different method from the previous one.	
	Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM. (Refer to EC-52.)	ŀ

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Basic Inspection

Precaution:

Perform Basic Inspection without electrical or mechanical loads applied;

- Headlamp switch is OFF,
- Air conditioner switch is OFF,
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF,
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.

Α

BEFORE STARTING

- Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related problem, or the current need for scheduled maintenance.
- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks, or improper connections
- Wiring for improper connections, pinches, or cuts

В

CONNECT CONSULT TO THE VEHICLE.

Connect "CONSULT" to the data link connector for CONSULT and select "ENGINE" from the menu. Refer to EC-62.

C

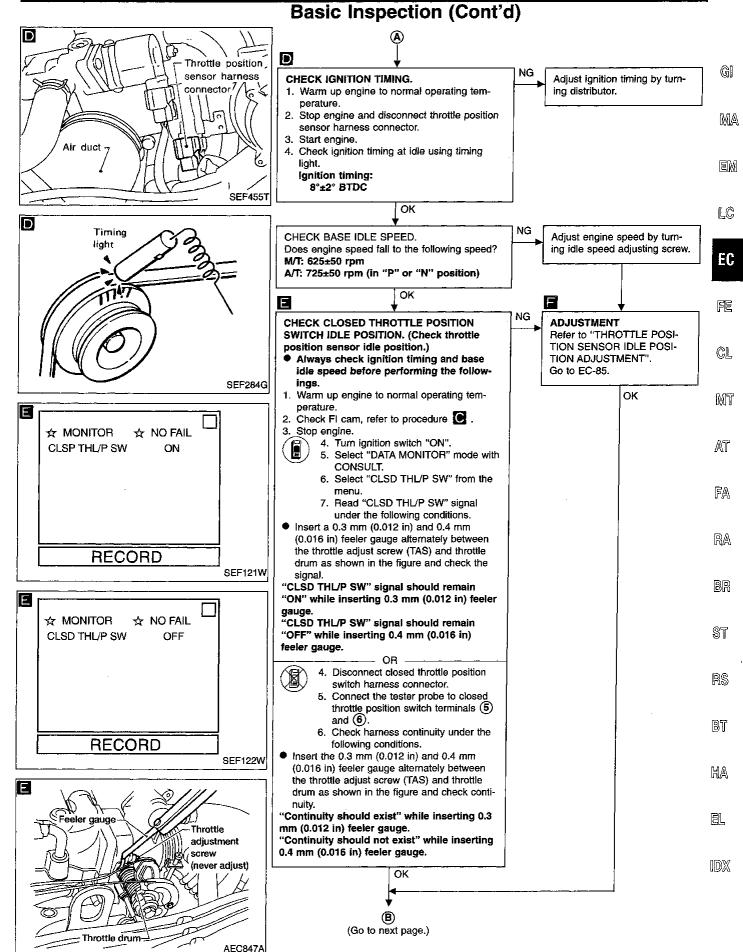
CHECK FI CAM FUNCTION

- If engine is not completely cold, remove throttle body from engine. Then, wait for at least 3 hours. (This step is necessary to bring the temperature of the thermo-element to the room temperature.
- 2. Measure thermo-element stroke (L) and room temperature.
- 3. Check thermo-element stroke (L) as shown in the figure.

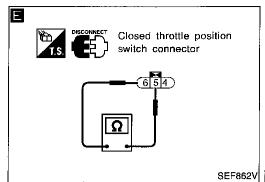
(Go to next page.)

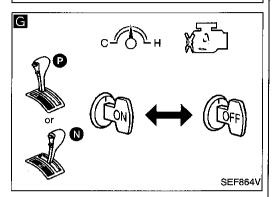
Check FI cam, refer to "Fast Idle Cam (FIC) in BASIC SER-VICE PROCEDURE, EC-32.

NG



Basic Inspection (Cont'd)







- Reconnect throttle position sensor harness connector and closed throttle position switch harness connector.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) 2 or 3 times under no-load and then run engine at idle speed.

G

RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

Note: Always warm up engine to normal operating temperature. If engine is cool, the throttle position sensor idle position memory will not be reset cor-

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.



- 3. Select "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode (Manual trigger) with CONSULT.
- 4. Stop engine. (Turn ignition switch "OFF".)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.



7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 until "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT changes to



OR 7. Repeat steps 5 and 6, 20 times.

CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED.



Read the engine idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

NG

EC-36.

Adjust idle speed. Refer to

M/T models except for Canada: 675±50 rpm

M/T models for Canada: 750±50 rpm

A/T models:

800±50 rpm

(in "P" or "N" position) - OR



Check idle speed.

M/T models except for Canada:

675±50 rpm

M/T models for Canada: 750±50 rpm

A/T models:

800±50 rpm

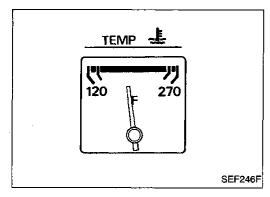
(in "P" or "N" position)

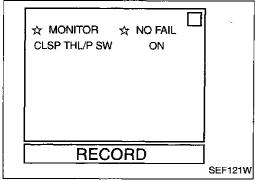
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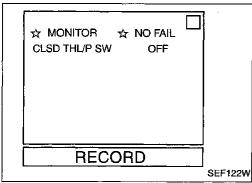
After this inspection, unnecessary diagnostic trouble code No. might be displayed. Erase the stored memory in ECM. Refer to "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION" (EC-42) and "HOW TO ERASE DTC" in AT section.

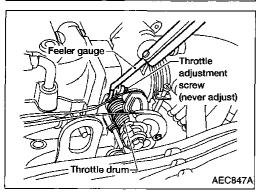
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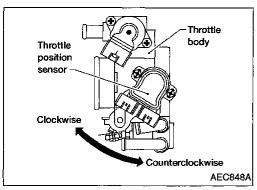
INSPECTION END











Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

G THROTTLE POSITION **SENSOR** IDLE **POSITION ADJUSTMENT**

Note:

Never adjust throttle adjust screw (TAS).

- Do not touch throttle drum when checking "CLSD THL/P SW" signal or "continuity", doing so may cause an incorrect adjustment.
- 1. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check FI cam. Refer to procedure C.
- 3. Stop engine.
- 4. Loosen throttle position sensor fixing bolts.



- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - Select "CLSD THL/P SW" from the menu.
- 8. Read "CLSD THL/P SW" signal under the following conditions.
- Insert 0.3 mm (0.012 in) feeler gauge between throttle adjust screw and throttle drum as shown in the figure and check the following.
- Open throttle valve and then close.
- "CLSD THL/P SW" signal should remain "OFF" when the throttle valve is closed. (If signal is "ON", turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until the signal switches to "OFF".)
- 9. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
- Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when "CLSD THL/P SW" signal switches from "OFF" to "ON", then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.
- 10. Make sure the signal is "ON" when the throttle valve is closed and "OFF" when it is opened. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
- 11. Remove 0.3 mm (0.012 in) feeler gauge then insert 0.4 mm (0.016 in) feeler gauge and check the follow-
 - Make sure the signal remains "OFF" when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
- 12. Tighten throttle position sensor. Check that the "CLSD THL/SW" signal remains "OFF" while closing throttle valve. If NG, repeat from the step 4.
 - After this adjustment, go to procedure G RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.



- OR -5. Disconnect closed throttle position sensor harness connector.
- 6. Connect tester prove to the closed throttle position switch terminals (5) and (6) and check continuity under the following conditions.
- Insert the 0.3 mm (0.012 in) feeler gauge between the throttle adjust screw and throttle drum as shown in the figure and check the following.
- Open throttle valve then close.

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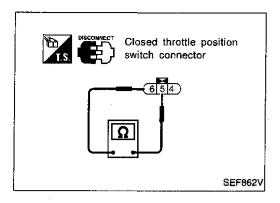
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Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

- The continuity should not exist while closing the throttle valve. If the continuity exists, turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until the continuity does not exist.
- 7. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
- Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when the continuity comes to exist, then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.
- 8. Make sure the continuity exists when the throttle valve is closed and continuity does not exist when it is opened. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.
- Remove 0.3 mm (0.012 in) feeler gauge then insert 0.4 mm (0.016 in) feeler gauge and check the following.
 Make sure the continuity does not exist when the
- throttle valve is closed. Repeat it 2 or 3 times.

 10. Tighten throttle position sensor.

 Check that the continuity does not exist while closing the throttle valve. If NG, repeat from the step 5.

 After this adjustment, go to procedure RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

	Detected items (DTC)	•	
1	P0100 Mass air flow sensor (0102)		
	P0110 Intake air temperature sensor (0401)		
	P0115, P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor (0103), (0908)		
	● P0120 Throttle position sensor (0403)		
	P0180 Tank fuel temperature sensor (0402)		
	● P0325 Knock sensor (0304)		
	P0340 Camshaft position sensor (0101)		
	P0500 Vehicle speed sensor (0104)	•	ı
	● P0605 ECM (0301)		
	P1320 Ignition signal (0201)	*	
	P1400 EGRC-solenoid valve (1005)		
	P1706 Park/neutral position switch (1003)		
2	P0105 Absolute pressure sensor (0803)		,
	P0130-P0134 Front heated oxygen sensor (0303-0412)		
	P0135 Front heated oxygen sensor heater (0901)		
	P0137-P0140 Rear heated oxygen sensor (0510-0707)		
	● P0141 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater (0902)		
	● P0335, P1336 Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) (0802), (0905)		
	■ P0443, P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control valve (1008), (0214)		
	● P0446, P1446, P1448 EVAP canister vent control valve (0903), (0215), (0309)		
	● P0450 EVAP control system pressure sensor (0704)		
	P0510 Closed throttle position switch (0203)		
	● P1105 MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve (1302)		
	● P1401 EGR temperature sensor (0305)		
	● P1447 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring (0111)		
	● P1490, P1491 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve (0801), (0311)		
	● P1492, P1493 EVAP canister purge control valve/solenoid valve (0807), (0312)		
	● P1775, P1776 T/C clutch solenoid valve (0904), (0513)		
3	● P0171, P0172 Fuel injection system function (0115), (0114)		—
-	• P0304 - P0300 Misfire (0605 - 0701)		
	● P0400, P1402 EGR function (0302), (0514)		
	● P0402 EGRC-BPT valve function (0306)		
	P0420 Three way catalyst function (0702)		7
	● P0440, P1440 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK) (0705), (0213)		
	P0505 IACV-AAC valve (0205) P1110 Intele valve timing control (0905)		Į.
	P1110 Intake valve timing control (0805)		u
ı			
	P1148 Closed loop control (0307)		

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Fail-Safe Chart

The ECM enters fail-safe mode, if any of the following malfunctions is detected due to the open or short circuit. When the ECM enters the fail-safe mode, the MIL illuminates.

DTC	C No.	But at at 2	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode									
CONSULT GST	ECM*1	Detected items	Engin	e operating condi	ition in fail-safe mode							
P0100	0102	Mass air flow sensor cir- cuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.									
P0110	0401	Intake air temperature sensor	The ECM functions on (86°F).	the assumption th	nat the intake air temperature is 30°							
P0115	0103	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	after turning ignition sw	ritch "ON" or "STA	rmined by ECM based on the time ART". emperature decided by ECM.							
			Condi	ition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)							
			Just as ignition switch Start	h is turned ON or	40°C (104°F)							
			More than approx. 4 tion ON or Start	minutes after igni-	80°C (176°F)							
			Except as shown abo	ove	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)							
P0120	0403	Throttle position sensor circuit	Throttle position will be engine speed. Therefore, acceleration		d on the injected fuel amount and th							
			Condit	tion	Driving condition							
			When engine is idling	1	Normal							
			When accelerating		Poor acceleration							
Unable to access ECM	Unable to access Diagnostic Test Mode II	ECM	When the fail-safe syste condition in the CPU of instrument panel lights the However it is not possibengine control with fail. When ECM fail-safe is control to the control with fail.	of the ECM was join activates (i.e., ECM), the MALFI to warn the driver. ole to access ECM il-safe operating, fuel injection activated by the ECM of the E	judged to be malfunctioning. if the ECM detects a malfunction UNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on th I and DTC cannot be confirmed. ection, ignition timing, fuel pump are controlled under certain limita-							
				EC	CM fail-safe operation							
			Engine speed	Engine speed v	vill not rise more than 3,000 rpm							
			Fuel injection	Simultaneous	s multiport fuel injection system							
			Ignition timing	Ignition timi	ng is fixed at the preset value							
			Fuel pump F		ON" when engine is running and "OFF" when engine stalls							
			IACV-AAC valve		Full open							
				ail-safe condition i								

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

Symptom Matrix Chart

							s	YMPT	ОМ			<u> </u>				O.
		Î Î				Š					HGH					GI
				T SPOT	Z	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION				111	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE	MPTION	NOIT	CHARGE)		MA
SYSTEM — Basic e	engine control system	START/RESTART		3ING/FLA	TONATIC	POOR AC	 <u>"</u>	TING		N TO IDL	ER TEMP	CONSUMPTION	ONSUMP	(UNDER C	Reference page	EM
			STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	F POWER	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	EATS/WAT	EXCESSIVE FUEL	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (1	ĻC
		HARD/NO	ENGINE	HESITA	SPARK	LACK 0	HIGH ID	ROUGH	IDLING	SLOW/N	OVERHI	EXCESS	EXCESS	ВАТТЕЯ		EC
Warranty s	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	ÄМ	НА		
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-487	FE
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-33	u 15
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-481	
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-21	CL
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-31	
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment	3	3				1	1	1	1		1			EC-82	
	IACV-AAC valve circuit	1	1_	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-321	D (JEGG
	IACV-FICD solenoid valve circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3			EC-495	MT
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1]	EC-82	
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-355	
EGR	EGRC-solenoid valve circuit		2	2	3	3						3			EC-367	AT
EGR system		2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		3			EC-269	
	r supply and ground circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3		2	EC-107	
Air condition	oner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	I	3		2	HA section	FA

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

							s	YMPT	ОМ						
SYSTEM — Engine Control system		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty syn	<u> </u>	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	АН	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	
Engine Con-		2	2	3	3	3		3	3			3			EC-261
troi	Mass air flow sensor circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-112
	Front heated oxygen sensor circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-161, 168
	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2			EC-136, 155
	Throttle position sensor circuit		1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2			EC-141
	Incorrect throttle position sensor adjust- ment		3	1		1	1	1	1	1		1			EC-82
	Vehicle speed sensor circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-316
	Knock sensor circuit			2								3			EC-251
	ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-334, 88
	Start signal circuit	2													EC-484
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-453
	Power steering oil pressure switch circuit		2					3	3			7			EC-491

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

			,							- 1 -			<u>, </u>			_
							S	YMPT	ОМ						_	
		HA)				NOLLAN					RE HIGH		j	()		GI
SYSTEM		ART (EXCP		-LAT SPOT	NOIT	ACCELER		į		DLE	MPERATU	SUMPTION	MPTION	(UNDER CHARGE)		MA
	echanical & other	ART/REST/		SURGING/F	K/DETON/	WER/POOF	JW IDLE	/HUNTING	MOITA	TURN TO	WATER TE	-UEL CON	OIL CONSL	AD (UNDE	Reference page	em
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD		L©
Warranty syl	motom code	I AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	+	EC
Fuel	Fuel tank	1~	1 40	1 70	אל	^_	101	AG	A11	1 70	AIX	1-7-	CIVI	11/2	FE section	-
1 401	Fuel piping	- 5	Ì	5	5	5	1	5	5	1		5	†		12 000000	-
	Vapor lock	┼	1	۳	Ť	۰		 	۱Ť			<u> </u>			1	FE
	Valve deposit	╁┈	5	 		<u> </u>		 	 	 	 	<u> </u>			i	
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low	5	1	5	5	5	<u> </u>	5	5			5				
	octane)					ļ					1				_	CL
Air	Air duct	1				Ī	-			1	-				1	
	Air cleaner]												ļ	
	Air leakage from air duct		Ì													MT
	(Mass air flow sensor — throttle body)	1	5	5		5		5	5			5				
	Throttle body, Throttle wire	5			5		5			5					FE section	,
	Air leakage from intake manifold/														_	AT
0	Collector/Gasket		_													
Cranking	Battery Alternator circuit	1	1	1		1		1	1					1	EL section	
	Starter circuit	3										1	}		EL SOCION	FA
	Flywheel/Drive plate	6		i			ł				}	'	l		EM section	0 2-4
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	4													AT section	
Engine	Cylinder head	 -											_		Al Socioli	RA
Lighto	Cylinder head gasket	5	5	5	5	5	Į	5	5	ı	4	5	3			U 1M∕−7
	Cylinder block						ŀ				·		<u>-</u>		ı	
	Piston	1											4			BR
	Piston ring	1 1					ļ	ļ			-		·			
	Connecting rod	6	6	6	6	6	i	6	6			6				
	Bearing	1				-			į				ļ		EM section	ST
	Crankshaft	1 .		ļ	- 1		- 1	1					İ	- 1		<u>@۱</u>
Valve	Timing chain			i												
mechanism	Carnshaft	ا ـِ ا	ا ہ	ا ہ	_	_		_	_		İ	5				കര
	Intake valve	5	5	5	5	5	- 1	5	5			٦	3	1		R\$
	Exhaust valve	<u>[]</u>								Ì	1	1	<u> </u>			
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket														FE section	6052
	Three way catalyst													1		BT
Lubrication	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil				ŀ		ĺ								MA, EM and LC	
	gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			sections	100
0	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil	ļ					\longrightarrow		\longrightarrow							HA
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap									<u>_</u>					10	
	Thermostat			- 1				- 1		5		- 1		- 1	LC section	
	Water pump	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5		j		EL
	Water gallery			- 1	. [-					ļ	FO 400	
	Cooling fan		l						-	5				<u> </u>	EC-468	
	Coolant level (low)/Contaminated coolant						[].					MA section	$\mathbb{D}\mathbb{X}$

^{1 - 6:} The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Remarks:

- Specification data are reference values.
- Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
 - * Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
 - (i.e., Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING. Specification data might be displayed even when ignition timing is not adjusted to specification. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the input signals from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.)
- If the real-time diagnosis results are NG, and the on board diagnostic system results are OK, when diagnosing the mass air flow sensor, first check to see if the fuel pump control circuit is normal.

MONITOR ITEM	co	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
CMPS-RPM (REF)	Tachometer: Connect Run engine and compare tachometer	er indication with the CONSULT value.	Almost the same speed as the CON- SULT value.
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	1.0 - 1.7V
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,500 rpm	1.5 - 2.1V
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
FR O2 SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.
RR O2 SENSOR	Project Age	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	■ Engine: After warming up	quickly	LEAN ↔ RICH
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare spectral value	edometer indication with the CONSULT	Almost the same speed as the CONSULT value
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		11 - 14V
	Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve fully closed	0.35 - 0.65V
THRTL POS SEN	(Engine stopped) Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve fully opened	Approx. 4.0V
EGR TEMP SEN	Engine: After warming up		Less than 4.5V
START SIGNAL	 Ignition switch: ON → START → ON 	-	$OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF$
CLSD THL/P SW	Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
CESD THEF SW	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF
	Continue Affect warming and the the	A/C switch "OFF"	OFF
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	A/C switch "ON" (Compressor operates)	ON
PNP SW/CIRC	• Incition assistable CAI	Shift lever "P" or "N"	ON
THE SYMUING	Ignition switch: ON	Except above	OFF

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	COM	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	G
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF	
	engine	The steering wheel is turned	ON	
LOAD SIGNAL	• Ignition awitch: CNI	Rear window defogger is operating and/or lighting switch* is on	ON	
LOAD SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger is not operating and lighting switch is not on	OFF	
IGNITION SW	● Ignition switch: ON → OFF		ON → OFF	LC
HEATER FAN SE	 Heater fan switch: ON → OFF 		$ON \rightarrow OFF$	
INJ PULSE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF Chiff layer (N)	Idle	2.4 - 3.2 msec.	E0
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 3.2 msec.	
B/FUEL SCHDL	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	0.7 - 1.5 msec	FE
On OLE COMBE	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.5 msec	
 IGN TIMING	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	0 - 10° BTDC	— <u> </u>
IGN TIWING	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC	M
IACV AACA	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	20 - 60%	
IACV-AAC/V	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	_	— At
		ldle	0 step	
PURG VOL C/V	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)		FA RA
A/F ALPHA	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	56 - 155%	
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Approx. 3.4V	BR
AIR COND RLY	 Air conditioner switch: OFF → ON 	90 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	OFF → ON	····
FUEL PUMP RLY	 Ignition switch is turned to ON (Opera Engine running and cranking When engine is stopped (stops in 1.0) 		ON	ST
	Except as shown above		OFF	—— R\$
COOLING FAN	After warming up engine, idle the	Engine coolant temperature is 90°C (194°F) or less	OFF	
COOLING FAN	Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature is 91°C (196°F) or more	ON	BT
INITAL TIME COL	- Casino Affan marrian ma	Idle	OFF	HA
INT/V TIM SOL	Engine: After warming up	2,000 rpm	ON	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	<u></u>
	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	ldle	OFF (CUT)	EL
EGRC SOL/V	 Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position 	A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON (FLOW)	(D)X

^{*: 1}st position for USA models, 2nd position for Canada models

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description CONSULT Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	CO	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
		Idle	ON
TCC SOL/V	Engine: After warming up	Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position	OFF
FR O2 HEATER	• Engine speed: Idle		ON
THOS HEATEN	• Engine speed: Above 3,200 rpm		OFF
	Engine speed: Idle {After driving 2 m	inutes at 70 km/h (43 MPH) or more}	ON
RR O2 HEATER	Engine speed: Above 3,200 rpmIgnition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		OFF
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF
	■ Enging: After wermine	idle	OFF
PURG CONT S/V	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: OFF	idle	15.0 - 30.0%
	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	13.0 - 28.0%
ABSOL TH-P/S	● Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve fully closed	0.0%
AD30L 1H-73	(Engine stopped)	Throttle valve fully opened	Approx. 89%
MASS AIRFLOW	Engine: After warming up Air coaditioner switch: OFF	ldle	1.0 - 4.0 g·m/s
	Shift lever: N No-load	2,500 rpm	5.0 - 10.0 g·m/s
	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		MAP
MAP/BARO SW/V		For 5 seconds after starting engine	BARO
	Engine speed: Idle	More than 5 seconds after starting engine	МАР
	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		Approx. 4.4V
ABSOL PRES/SE		For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approx. 4.4V
	Engine speed: Idle	More than 5 seconds after starting engine	Approx. 1.2V
		engine	Approx. 1.29

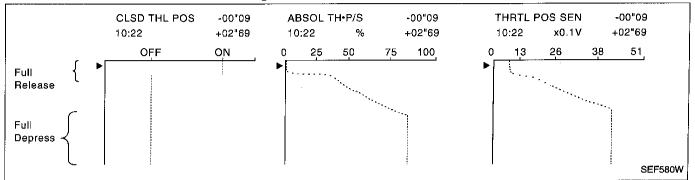
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode. (Select "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT.)

THRTL POS SEN, ABSOL TH-P/S, CLSD THL POS

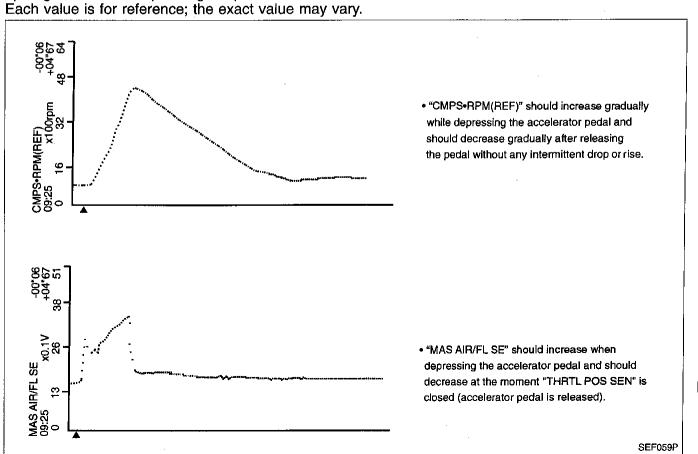
Below is the data for "THRTL POS SEN", "ABSOL TH·P/S" and "CLSD THL POS" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON".

The signal of "THRTL POS ŠEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL POS" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



CMPS·RPM (REF), MAS AIR/FL SE, THRTL POS SEN, RR O2 SEN, FR O2 SEN, INJ PULSE

Below is the data for "CMPS·RPM (REF)", "MAS AIR/FL SE", "THRTL POS SEN", "RR O2 SEN", "FR O2 SEN" and "INJ PULSE" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine to normal operating temperature.



EC-95

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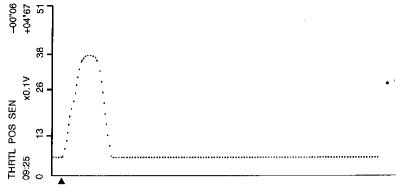
BT

HA

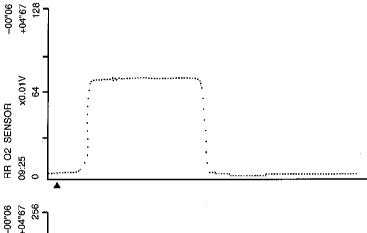
EL

IDX

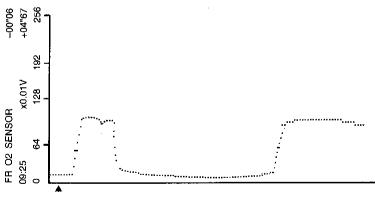
Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)



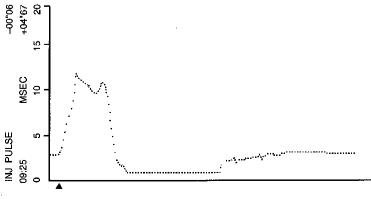
 "THRTL POS SEN" should increase while depressing the accelerator pedal and should decrease while releasing it.



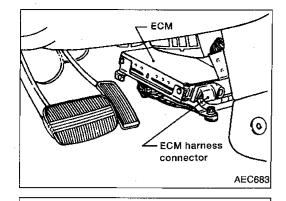
 "RR O2 SENSOR" may increase immediately after depressing the accelerator pedal and may decrease after releasing the pedal.



"FR O2 SENSOR" may increase immediately after depressing the accelerator pedal and may decrease after releasing the pedal.



 "INJ PULSE" should increase when depressing the accelerator pedal and should decrease when the pedal is released.



ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

 ECM is located behind the center console. For this inspection:

• Remove the front passenger center console panel.

EM

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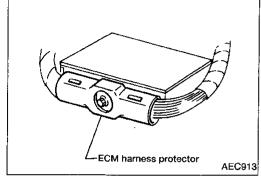
2. Remove ECM harness protector.

LC

EC

CL

MT



Tester probe-

SEF3671

Thin wire

 Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easily.

• Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.

Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.

Data is for comparison and may not be exact.

FA

AT

RA

 $\mathbb{B}\mathbb{R}$

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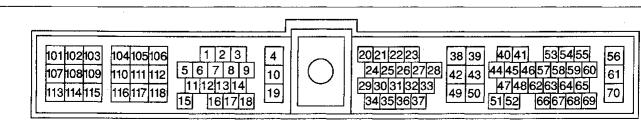
RS

BT

HA

MX

ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



H.S.

SEF064P

ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
1	W/B	Ignition signal	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed	0.2 - 0.6V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF186T
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.7 - 0.9V (V) 4 2 0 20ms SEF187T
2	W		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF188T
2	W	Ignition check	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF189T
3	L/OR Tachometer	Tachometer	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 1V (V) 10 5 0 20ms SEF190T
3		Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.4V (V) 10 5 0 20ms SEF191T	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5 6	L G	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0 - 0.4V
8	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 1V
-			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	В	ECM ground	Engine is running.	Engine ground
13	LG (A/T	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	models)		Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0.07 - 0.10V
14	LG/R	Cooling fan relay	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
		occurry tar rolly	Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating.	0.07 - 0.30V
15	G/Y	A to a constitution of the same	Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON".	0 - 0.3V
15	G/1	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
16	Υ	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE
17	OR	ume control valve	L Idle speed	(11 - 14V)
18	OR/L	Malfunction indicator lamp	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	Approximately 0.1V BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
19	В	ECM ground	└─ Idle speed Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
				Approximately 0V
20	B/Y	Start signal	Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
21	L/W	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates).	Approximately 0V
		Engine is running. Air conditioner switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
	0/05	Park/neutral position	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
22	G/OR	(PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	A/T models: BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) M/T models: Approximately 5V
22		The substitute of the substitu	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal released	0.35 - 0.65V
23	3 Y Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V	
24	LG/B	Blower fan switch	Ignition switch "ON" Blower fan switch is "ON".	Approximately 0V
25	SB	Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully turned.	Approximately 0V
		sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not turned.	Approximately 5V
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. Lift up the vehicle. In 2nd gear position Vehicle speed is 40 km/h (25 MPH).	0 - Approximately 4.2V (V) 10 5 0 Soms SEF194T
27	LG	Throttle position switch (Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal released Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) Approximately 0V
28	R/Y	Intake air temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
30	P/B	Torque converter clutch	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 0V
30	r/B	solenoid valve (A/T models only)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
38	B/R	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE
39	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	(11 - 14V) Engine ground
40 L Camshaft position signal	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T		
44	L Camshaft position signal L (Reference signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T	
42	PU/W		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed J/W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	5 - 9V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF197T
42 FUNV IACVAV		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 40 20 0 SEF198T	
43	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with tester probe when measuring.)

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	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description						
			ECM Terminals and Reference	erminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)			
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)			
41	B/W	Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0			
		(Position signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.4V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF196T			
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T			
47	G	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.0 - 1.7V 1.5 - 2.1V			
48	R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.005 - 0.02V			
49	P/L	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V			
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.001 - 0.02V			
51	BR/Y	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.			
	ı						

52

W

Engine is running.

After warming up to normal operating tem-

perature and engine speed is 3,000 rpm

0 - Approximately 1.0V

Rear heated oxygen sen-

sor

			ECIVITEITIIIII als allu nelelelik	or value (cont u)		
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	_ (G)	
				Approximately 0.03V		
				Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) L Idle speed	4 2 0	M.
			L_ luie speed	0.2ms	E	
53	w	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		Approximately 0.03V	- L(
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(V) 4 2 0 0.2ms	E(
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. L. Idle speed	2.0 - 3.0V	Cl	
		Rear window deforager	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "OFF".	Approximately 0V	Mi	
55	L/R	Rear window defogger relay	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "ON".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	AT	
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	FA	
58	L/B	Data link connector for GST	Engine is running. Lidle speed (GST is connected.)	6 - 10V	RA	
60	R/L	Headlamp switch	Lighting switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	BR	
		·	Lighting switch "OFF"	Approximately 0V	201	
	1,0	F0D:	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Less than 4.5V	st	
62	R/B	EGR temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) EGR system is operating.	0 - 3.0V	RS	
63	LG/R	Tank fuel temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel temperature.	BT	
64	G/B		Engine is running.	Approximately 0V	ппо	
65	GY/L	Data link connector for CONSULT	Idle speed (CONSULT is connected and at	Approximately 4 - 9V	HA	
68	G/W		idle.)	Approximately 3.5V	,r	
66	w	Absolute pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 4.4V	EL IDX	
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) More than 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 1.4V		

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
67	w	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch "ON"]	Approximately 3.4V
69	GY/R	MAP/BARO switch solenoid	For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V
00	um.	valve	Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
101	C D	IACV-AAC valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 10V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF197T
101	101 SB IACV-AAC valve (Open)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF198T	
102 104 107	R/B G/B Y/B	Injector No. 1 Injector No. 3 Injector No. 2	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 SEF204T BATTERY VOLTAGE
109	L/B	Injector No. 4	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	(11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF205T

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
103	P	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). Engine speed is 2,200 rpm. (A/T models) 2,000 rpm. (M/T models)	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
105	PU	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — More than 60 seconds after starting engine — M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). — Engine speed is 2,200 rpm. (A/T models) 2,000 rpm. (M/T models)	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
106	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent con- trol valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. Idle speed after driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 MPH) or more	Approximately 0V
110	R/W	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor heater	Ignition switch "ON" Engine stopped Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
112	В	ECM ground	Ignition switch "ON" Engine stopped Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
114	Y/R	Intake valve timing control	Engine is running. Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	''''	solenoid valve	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V
115	OR	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	Engine is running. Engine speed is below 3,200 rpm.	Approximately 0V
		·	Engine is running. Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

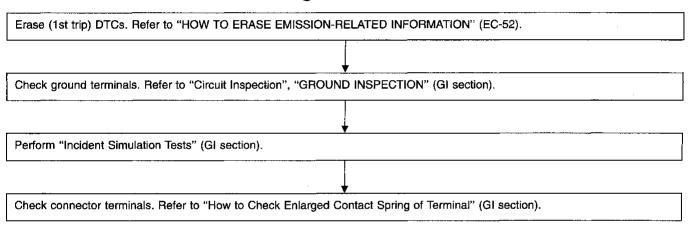
Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the problem resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on DTC (1st trip) visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific problem area.

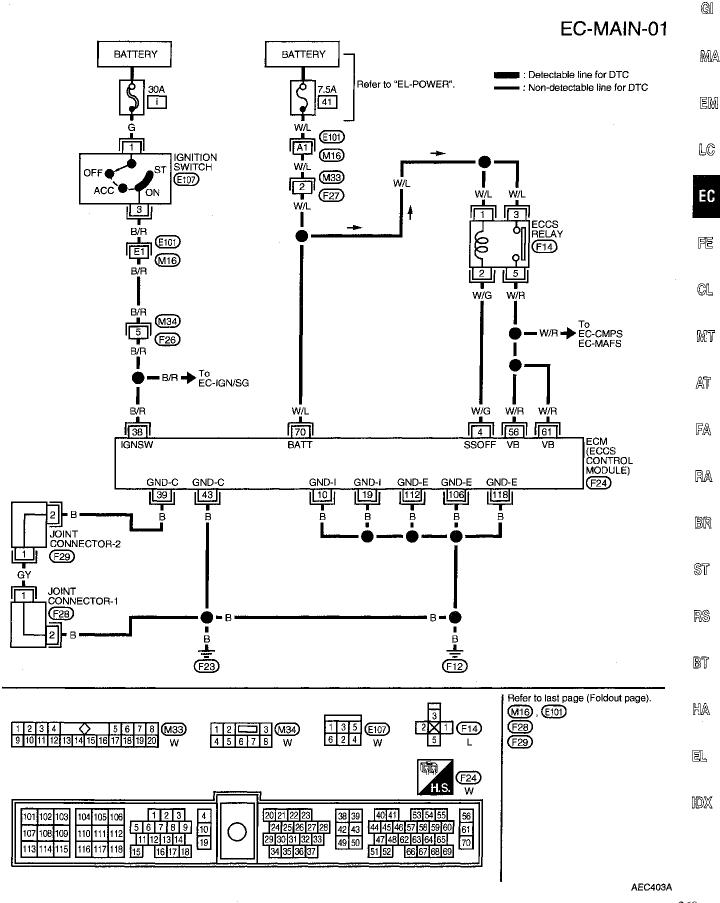
Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
ll II	The CONSULT is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than "0" or "1t".
III	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
IV	(1st trip) DTC data does not appear during the DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.
VI	The TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS for PXXXX does not indicate the problem area.

Diagnostic Procedure



Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit

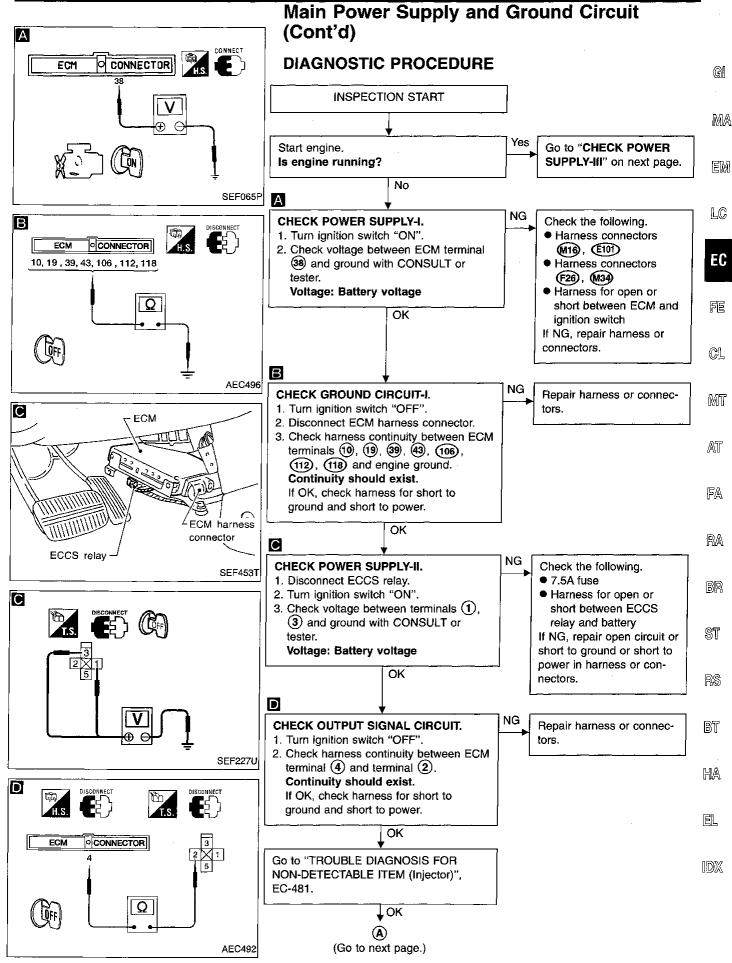


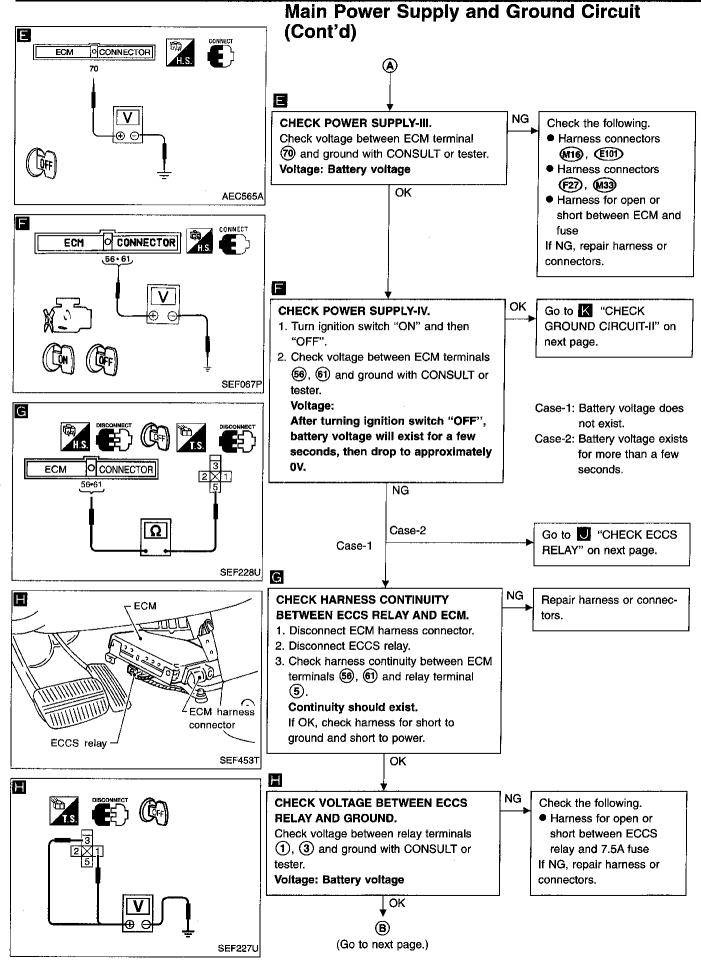
Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

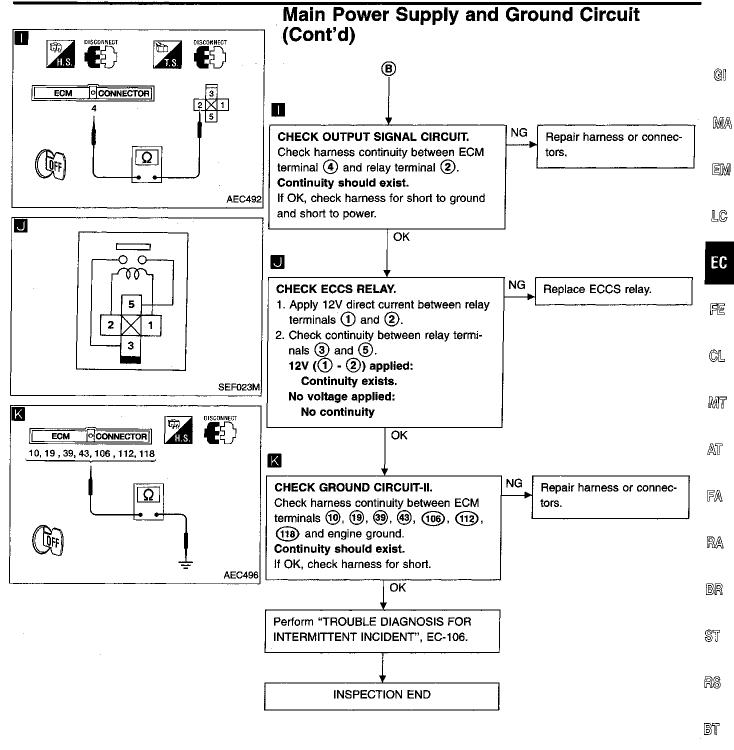
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
4	W/G	ECCS relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
19	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
38	B/R	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "OFF" Ignition switch "ON"	OV BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	В	ECM ground	Engine is running.	Engine ground
43	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. L Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with tester probe when measuring.)
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
106	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
112	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground
118	В	ECM ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	Engine ground





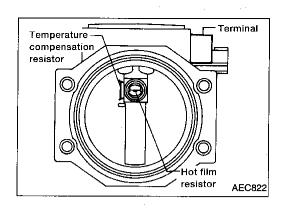


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Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film resistor that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film resistor is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot film resistor is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot film resistor as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAS AIR/FL SE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	ldle	1.0 - 1.7V
	Shift lever: "P" or "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	15.0 - 30.0%
CADED VALUE	Shift lever: "P" or "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	13.0 - 28.0%
MASS AIRFLOW	Engine: After warming upAir conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	1.0 - 4.0 g·m/s
IVIAGG AINFLOW	Shift lever: "P" or "N"No-load	2,500 rpm	5.0 - 10.0 g·m/s

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	G	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	1.0 - 1.7V
47		G Iviass all flow serisor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.	1.5 - 2.1V
48	R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.005 - 0.02V

Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	GI
P0100 0102	A) An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM when engine is not running.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Mass air flow sensor	
	C) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.		EM
	B) An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM* when engine is running. D) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Mass air flow sensor 	LC
	heavy load driving condition.	·	EC

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

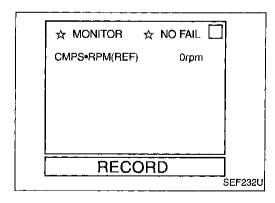
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure for malfunction D".

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



Procedure for malfunction A



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

- OR -

- 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

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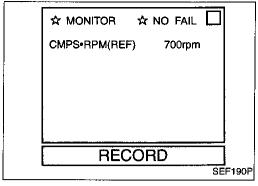
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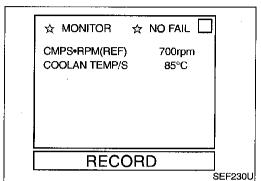
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Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

 OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.

- OR -

- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC confirmed after more than 5 seconds, there may be malfunction C.

Procedure for malfunction C

NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch "ON") instead of running engine at idle speed.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.





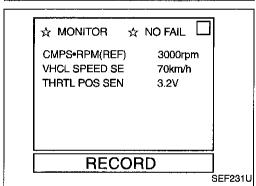
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

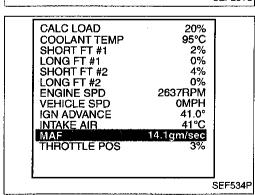


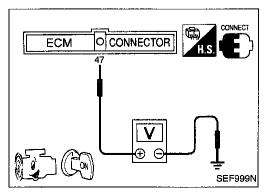


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

OK NG MAS AIR/FL SE +00°21 MAS AIR/FL SE +00°21 15:48 x0.1V +02°45 15:48 x0.1V +02°45 0 13 26 38 51 0 13 26 38 51 SEF998N







Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction D



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

If engine cannot be started, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

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3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

4) Check the voltage of MAS AIR/FL SE with "DATA MONITOR".

5) Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.

 Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.
 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

If OK, go to following step.

7) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm THRTL POS SEN: More than 3V Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

OR

Procedure for malfunction D



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check the mass air flow sensor signal with "MODE 1".
- 5) Check for linear mass air flow rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

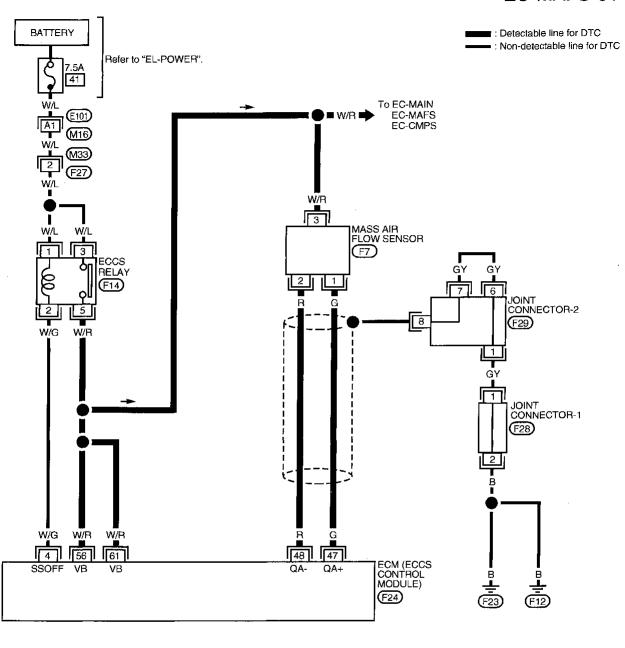


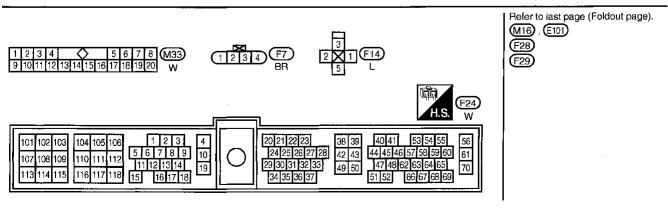
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Check the voltage between ECM terminal 49 and engine ground.
- 4) Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-117.

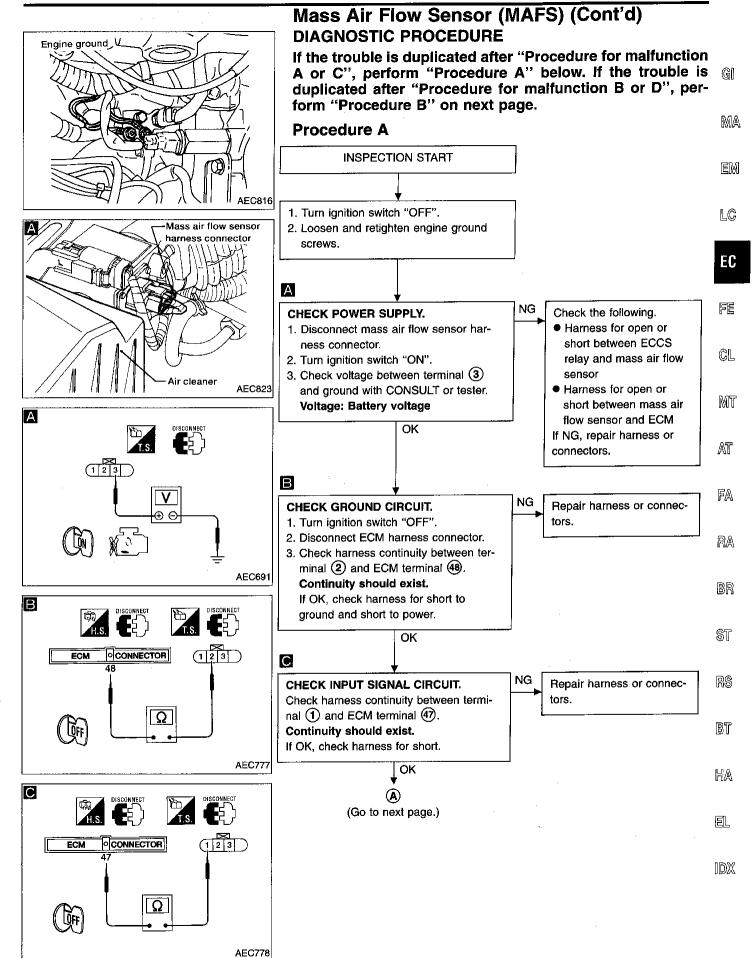
EC-115 277

Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

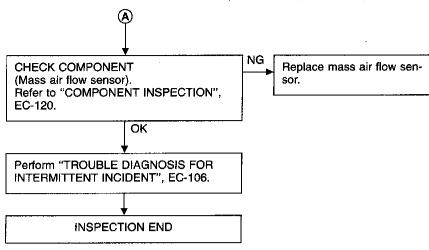
EC-MAFS-01

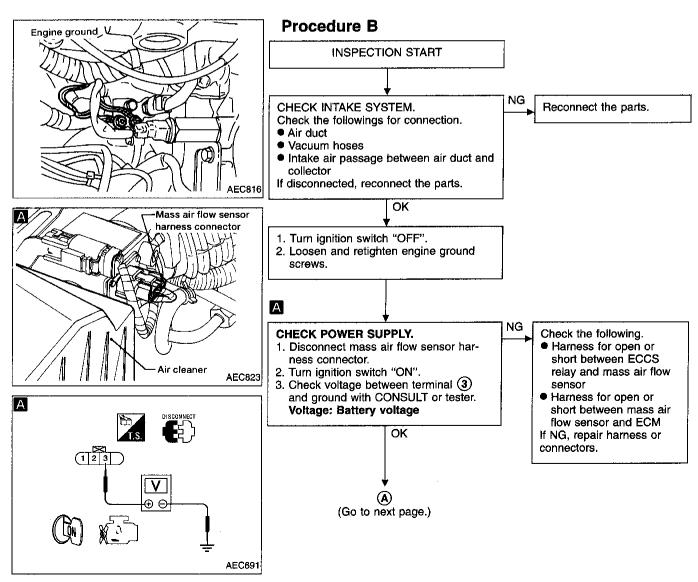


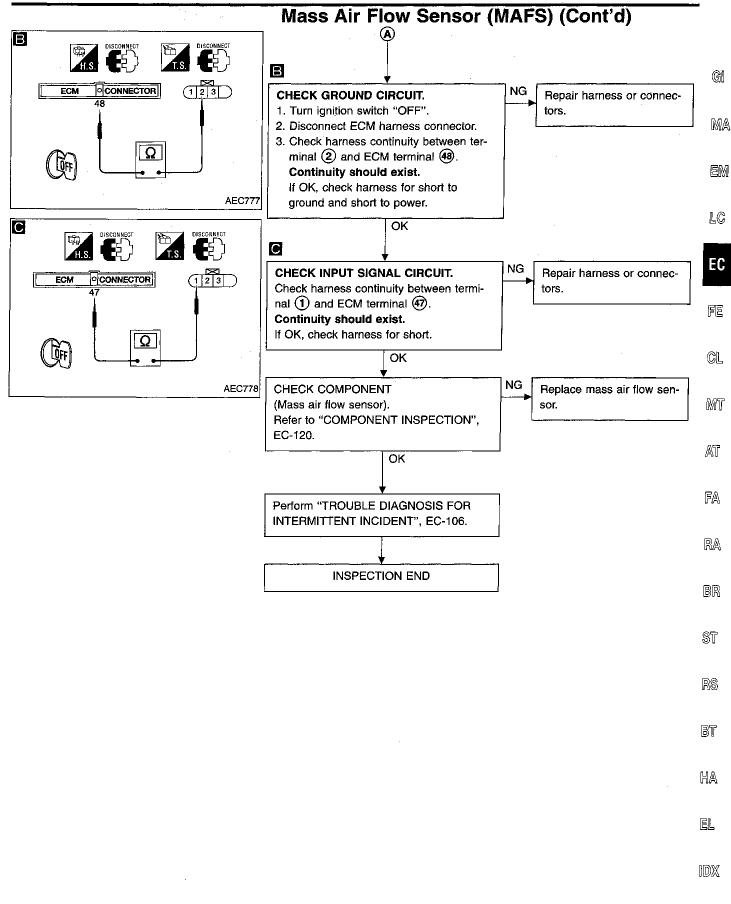


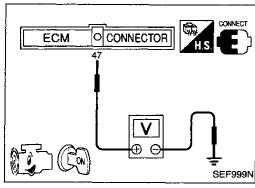


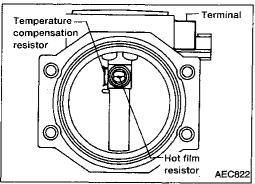
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)











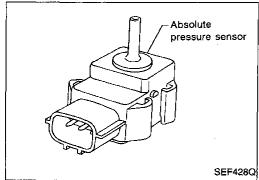
Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

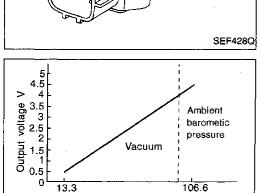
Mass air flow sensor

- 1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Conditions	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Less than 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.7
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.1
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.0 - 1.7 to Approx. 4.0

- *: Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- If the voltage is out of specification, disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and connect it again. Repeat above check.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.





Absolute Pressure Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The absolute pressure sensor is connected to the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve by a hose. The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and intake manifold pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises.

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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg) (Absolute pressure)

(800, 31.50)

SEF946S

(100, 3.94)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	L
P0105 0803	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (Absolute pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Absolute pressure sensor	<u>-</u>
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving conditions.	Hoses (Hoses between the intake manifold and absolute pressure sensor are disconnected or clogged.)	[
		 Intake air leaks MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Absolute pressure sensor 	Ē
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving conditions.	Absolute pressure sensor	8

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

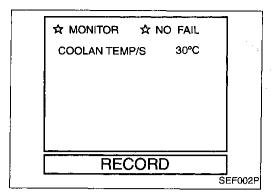
Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If the 1st trip DTC is not confirmed on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

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Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Turn ignition switch "ON"
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 6 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

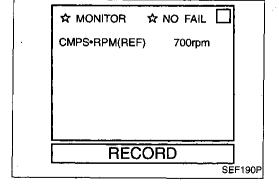


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1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.

· OR ·

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.



Procedure for malfunction B

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle.
- 5) Wait at least 15 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.



- OR -1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine.

Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.

— OR -

- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

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2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

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3) Start engine.

4) Let engine idle and wait at least 15 seconds.5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds

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and then turn "ON".

6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic

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6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

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7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

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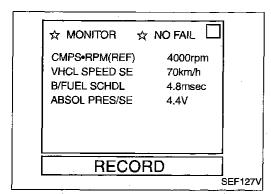
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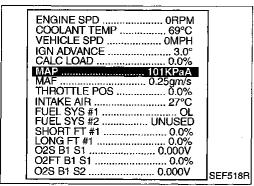
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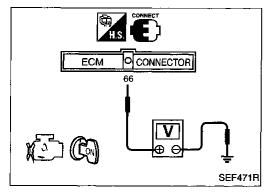
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Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. The voltage of "ABSOL PRES/SE" should be more than 1.74 [V]. If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.
 - If the check result is OK, go to following step.
- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 6) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 7) Drive the vehicle at least 3 consecutive seconds under the following conditions,

B/FUEL SCHDL: More than 4.5 msec CMPS-RPM (REF): 3,000 - 4,800 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR

Procedure for malfunction C

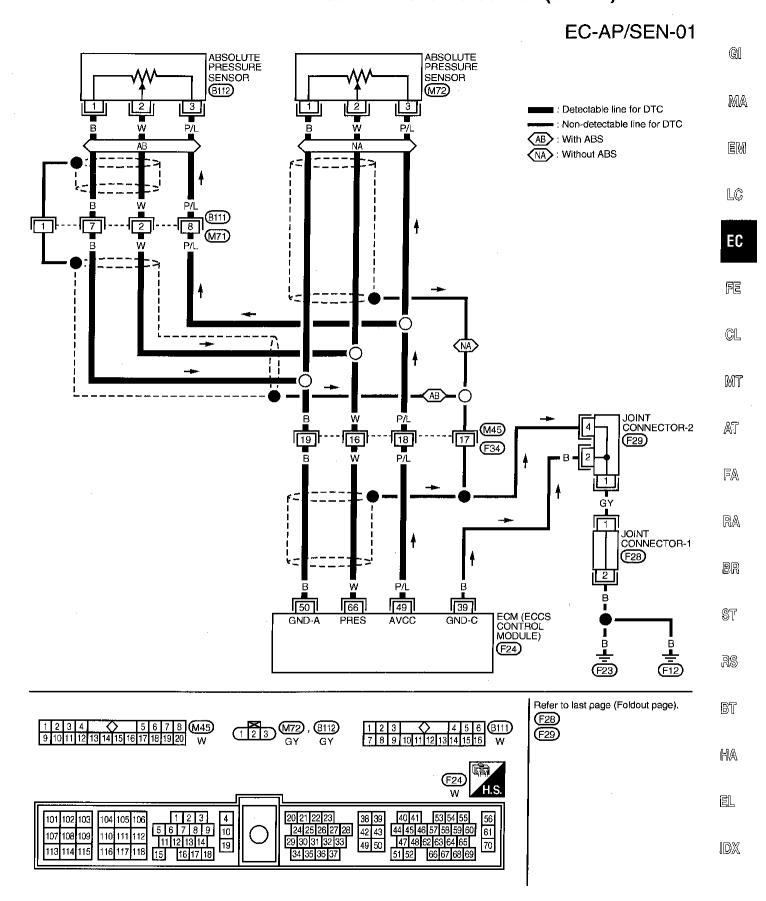


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select absolute pressure sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Make sure that the pressure of absolute pressure sensor signal is more than 46 kPa (0.47 kg/cm², 6.7 psi).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.



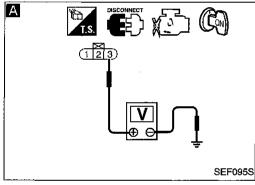
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Make sure that the voltage between ECM terminal 66 and ground is more than 1.74 [V].
- 3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-126.

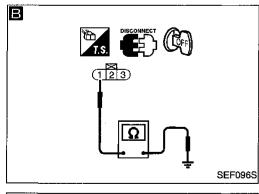
Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

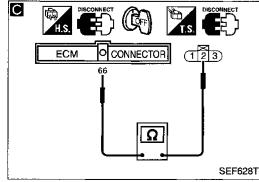


Absolute pressure sensor SEF457T

Engine ground AEC816



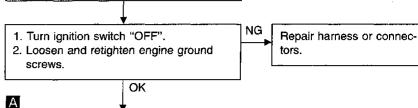




Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A or C", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure B" on next page.

Procedure A



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CHECK POWER SUPPLY.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect absolute pressure sensor harness connector.

INSPECTION START

- Check sensor connector for water.
 Water should not exist.
 If OK, go to step 4. If NG, repair or replace harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check voltage between terminal 3 and engine ground with CONSULT or tester.

OK

OK

Voltage: Approximately 5V

Check the following.

Harness connectors

- With ABS: (811), (M71), (M45), (F34)
 Without ABS: (M45), (F34)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sensor

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

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CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Check harness continuity between terminal 1 and engine ground.
 Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sensor
- Harness connectors
 With ABS: (811), (M71),
 (M45), (F34)
 Without ABS: (M45),
 (F34)

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 66 and terminal 2.
 Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK

(Go to next page.)

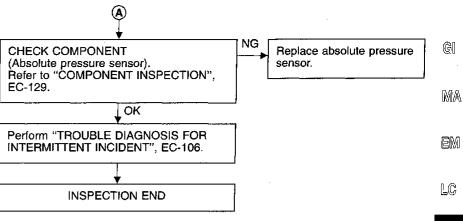
Check the following.

- Harness connectors
 With ABS: (8111), (M71),
 (M45), (F34)
 Without ABS: (M45),
- F34
 Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sen-

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

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Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)



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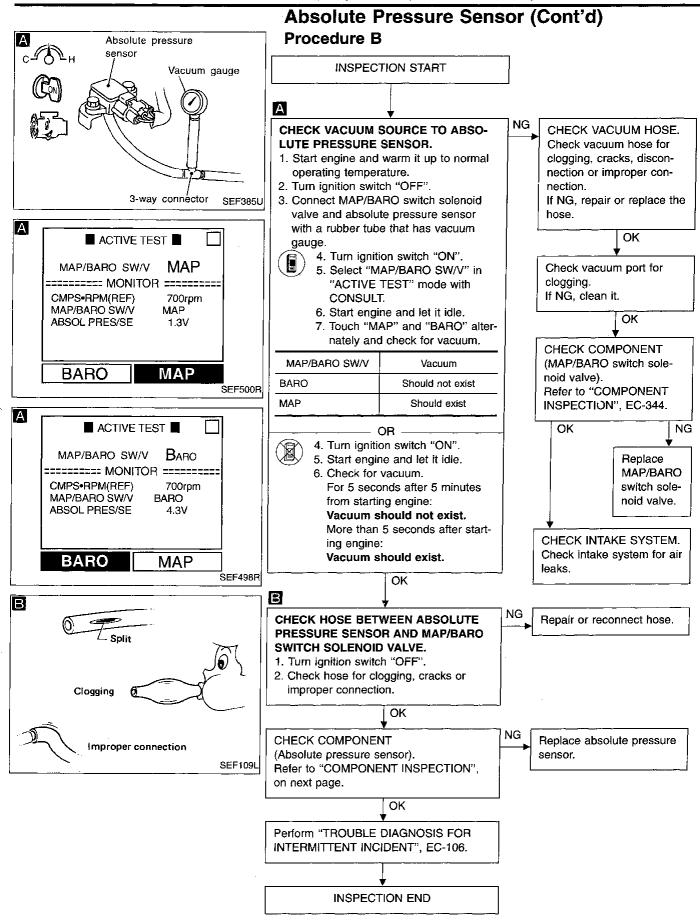
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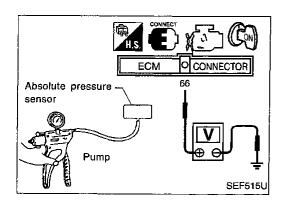
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Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal
 and engine ground.
 The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.
- Use pump to apply vacuum pressure of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.





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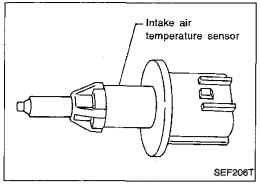
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Intake Air Temperature Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake air temperature sensor is mounted to the air duct housing. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

<Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage*	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	1.23	0.27 - 0.38

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 28 (Intake air temperature sensor) and engine ground.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

SEF012P

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0110 0401	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
	B) Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	Intake air temperature sensor

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM functions on the assumption that the intake air temperature is 30°C (86°F).

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

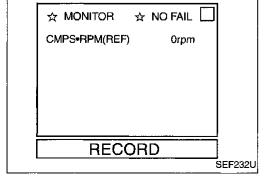
NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.



Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)



 Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.

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- 2) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

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- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

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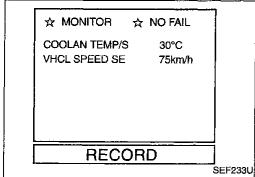
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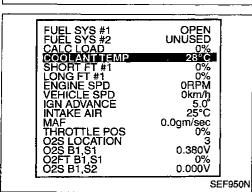
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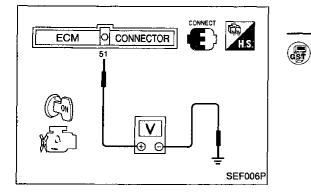
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Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine.
- Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Select MODE 1 with GST.
 - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
 - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Start engine.
- Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

- OR



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
 - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - (b) Check voltage between ECM terminal (6) and engine ground.

Voltage: More than 1.0 (V)

- (c) If the voltage is less than 1.0 (V), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before the voltage is below 1.0V.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

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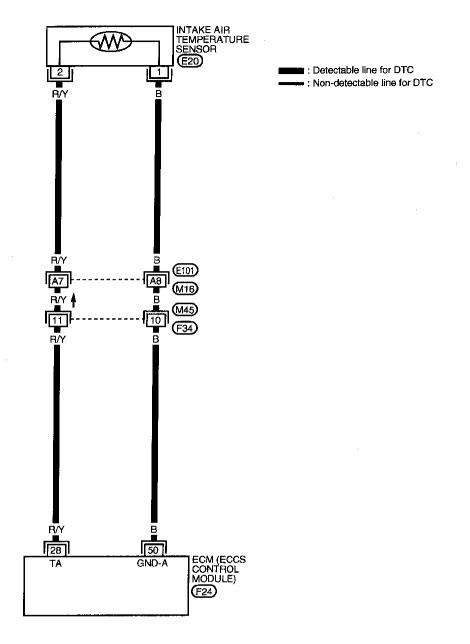
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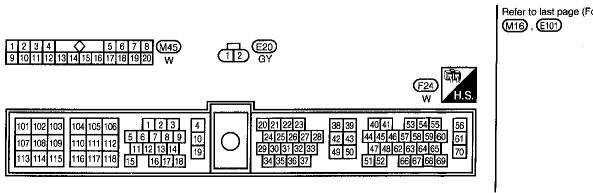
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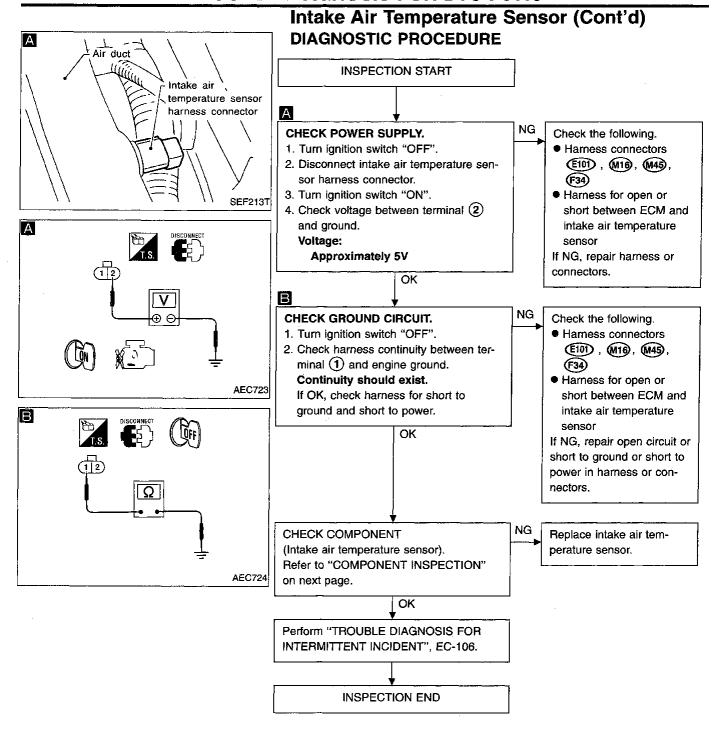
EC-133

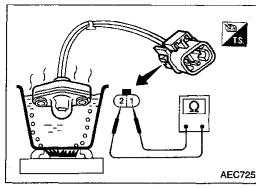
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

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Resistance ko

AEC725

Acceptable

SEF012P

0 20 40 60 80 100 (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212) Temperature °C (°F)

Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Intake air temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

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<Reference data>

Intake air temperature Resistance $k\Omega$ °C (°F) 20 (68) 2.1 - 2.9 80 (176) 0.27 - 0.38

If NG, replace intake air temperature sensor.

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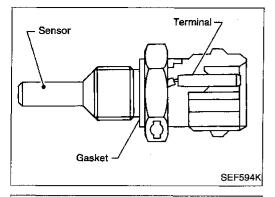
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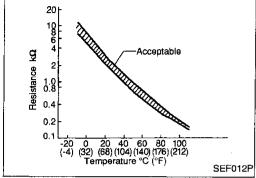
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Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant tempera- ture °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (51) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and engine ground.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

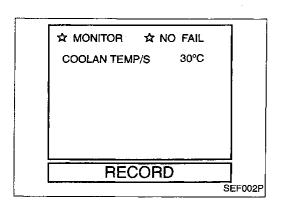
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
COOLAN TEMP/S	_	More than 70°C (158°F)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0115	An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is	Harness or connectors
0103	sent to ECM.*	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
		Engine coolant temperature sensor

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.	
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT display)
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)
	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)



Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

– OR ·

- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.

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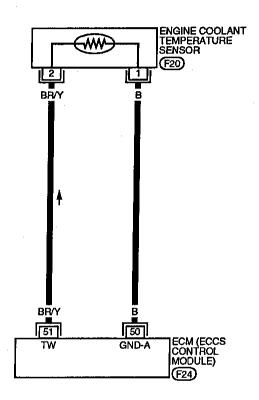
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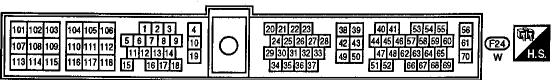
Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd)

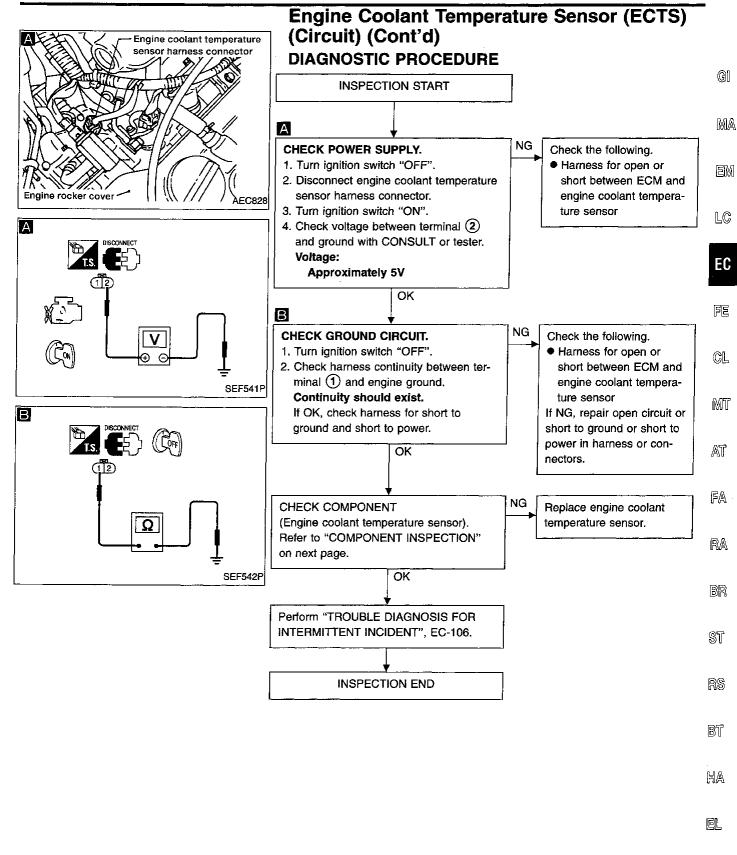
EC-ECTS-01

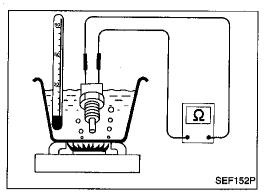
■ : Detectable line for DTC : Non-detectable line for DTC

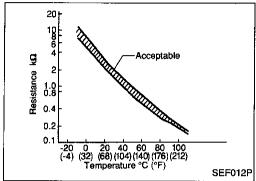












Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

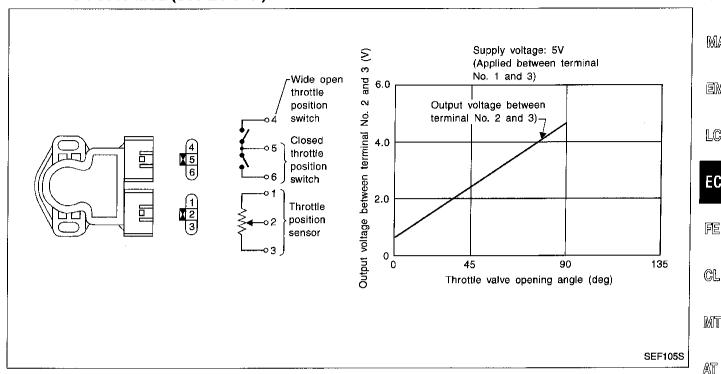
<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

Throttle Position Sensor

Note: If DTC P0120 (0403) is displayed with DTC P0510 (0203), perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-328.)



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The throttle position sensor responds to the accelerator pedal movement. This sensor is a kind of potentiometer which transforms the throttle position into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, the sensor detects the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signal to the ECM.

Idle position of the throttle valve is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the throttle position sensor. This sensor controls engine operation such as fuel cut. On the other hand, the "Wide open and closed throttle position switch", which is built into the throttle position sensor unit, is not used for engine control.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	С	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION	<u>—</u> Bt
THRTL POS SEN	● Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.35 - 0.65V	
THRIL PUS SEN	(Engine stopped) • Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 4.0V	
ADOOL TUDIO	● Ignition switch: ON	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%	
ABSOL TH-P/S	(Engine stopped) ● Engine: After warming up	Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 89%	EL

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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
23	Y	Throttle accition conserv	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	0.35 - 0.65V
23	T I	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
49	P/L	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. Idle speed	0.001 - 0.02V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0120 0403	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*	Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Throttle position sensor
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Throttle position sensor Fuel injector Camshaft position sensor Mass air flow sensor
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	 Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Intake air leaks Throttle position sensor

^{*:} When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MiL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating cor	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
	Throttle position will be determined based on the injected fuel amount and the engine speed. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.		
Throttle position sensor circuit	Condition	Driving condition	
•			
•	When engine is idling	Normal	

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds. VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.



 Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

- OR -

- Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.

- OR -



- Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.
 - Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH) Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.



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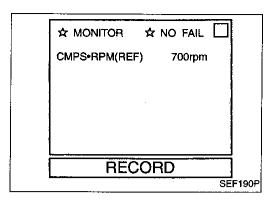
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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. engine rpm low.)
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or

"N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep

engine rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.





1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or

"N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep

engine rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

– OR –

A/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or

"N"

Brake pedal: Depressed

Vehicle speed: 0 km/h (0 MPH)

M/T model

Selector lever: Suitable position except "N"

(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep

engine rpm low.)

Accelerator pedal: Released

Vehicle speed: As slow as possible

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.

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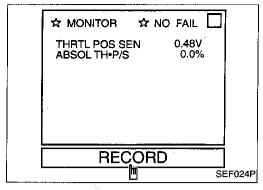
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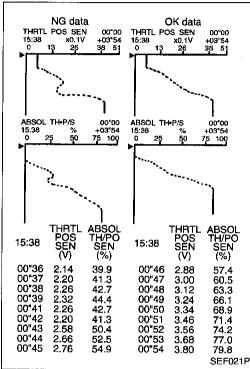
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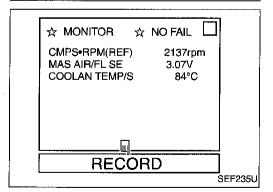
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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction C

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Select "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH-P/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Press RECORD on CONSULT SCREEN at the same time accelerator pedal is depressed.
- 7) Print out the recorded graph and check the following:
- The voltage rise is linear in response to accelerator pedal depression.
- The voltage when accelerator pedal is fully depressed is approximately 4V.
 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.
 If OK, go to following step.
- 8) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm

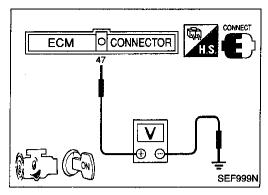
MAS AIR/FL SE: More than 3V

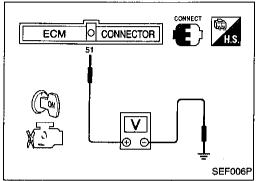
COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

10) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.





Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



NO

1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

Gear position: Suitable position Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

- OR -

Engine coolant temperature: More than 70°C

(158°F)

Voltage between ECM terminal @ and ground: More than 3V

2) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.

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1)

 Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

Gear position: Suitable position
Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm

- OR -

Voltage between ECM terminal 49 and ground:
More than 3V

Voltage between ECM terminal (6) and ground: Less than 1.5V

2) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-149.

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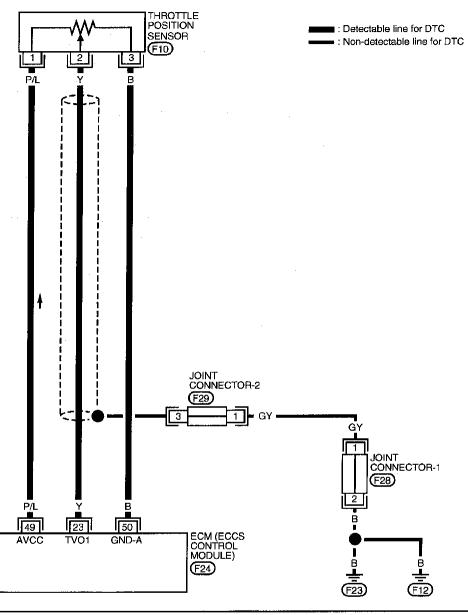
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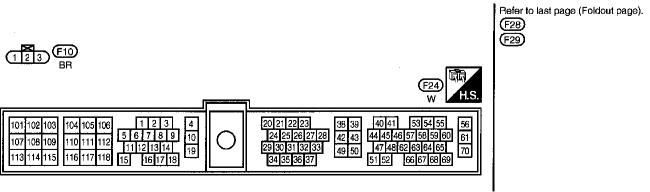
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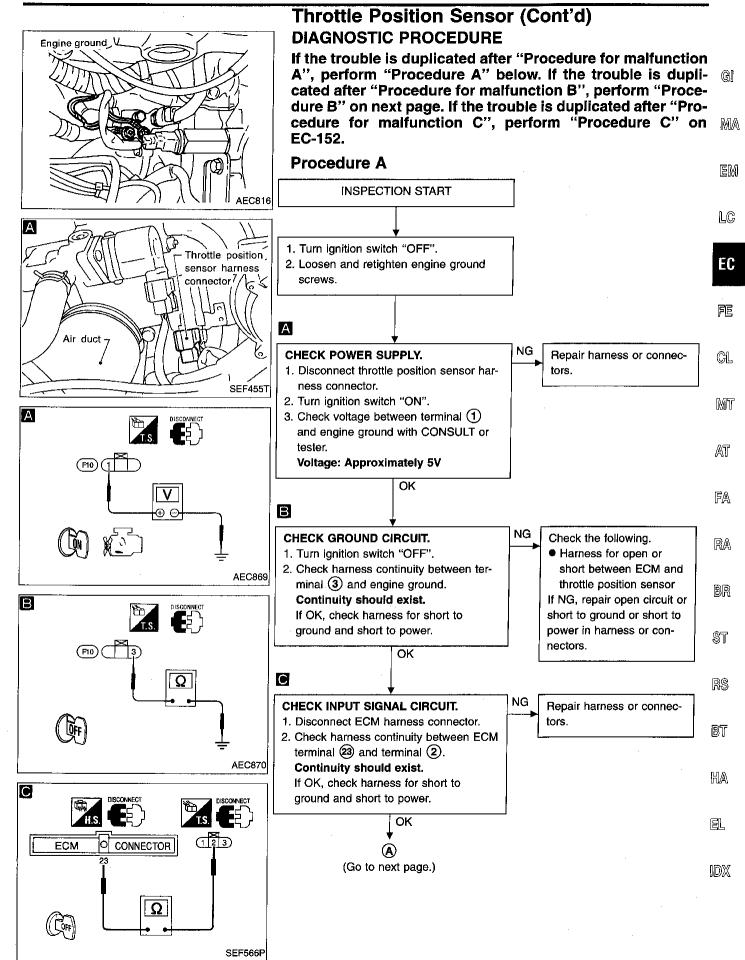
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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

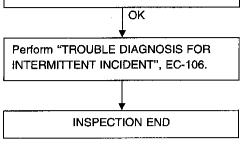
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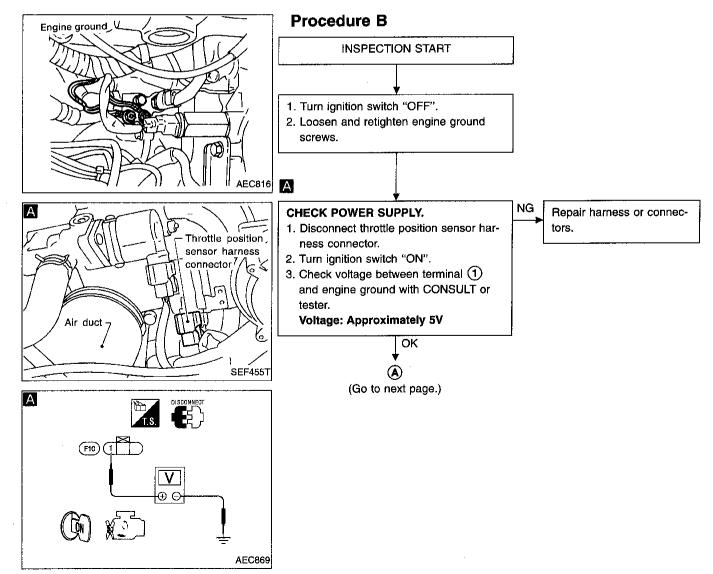


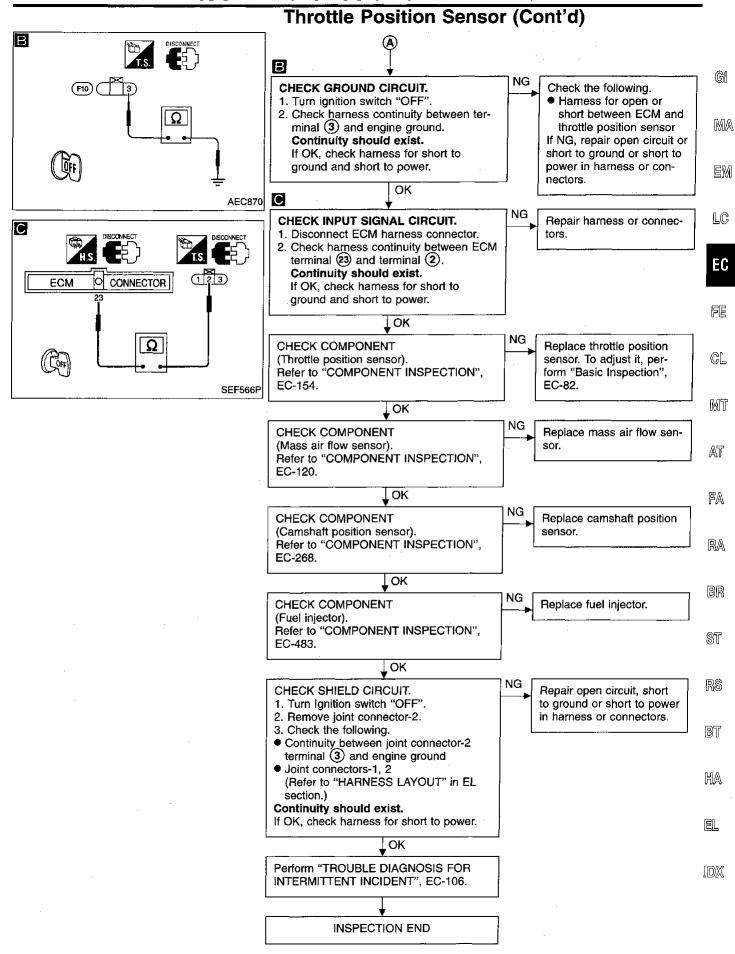


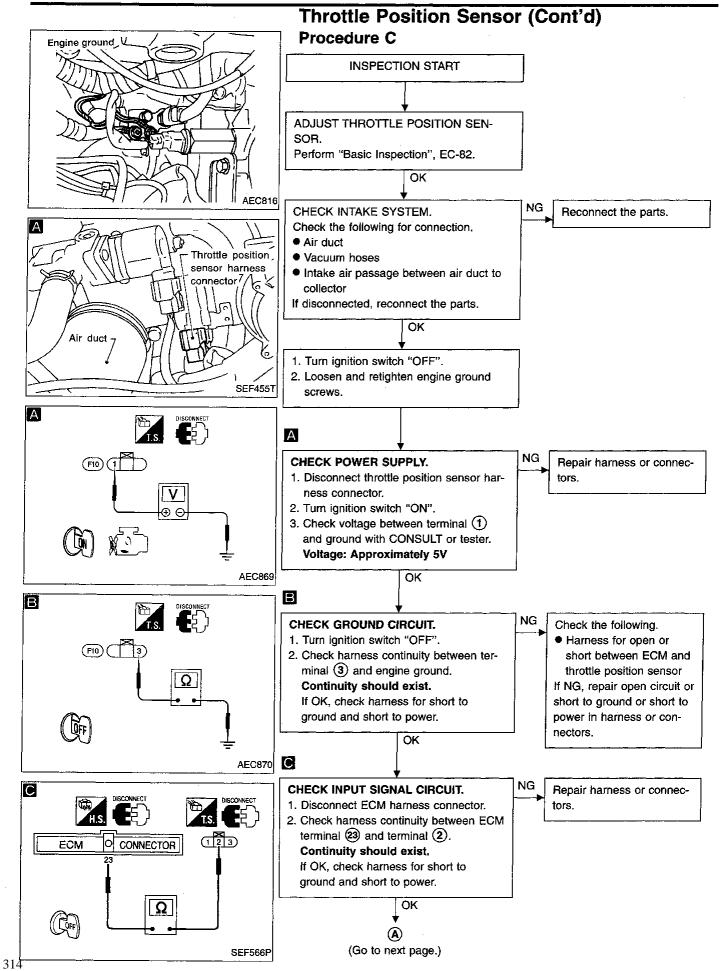


Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) CHECK COMPONENT (Throttle position sensor). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-154. OK Replace throttle position sensor. To adjust it, perform "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

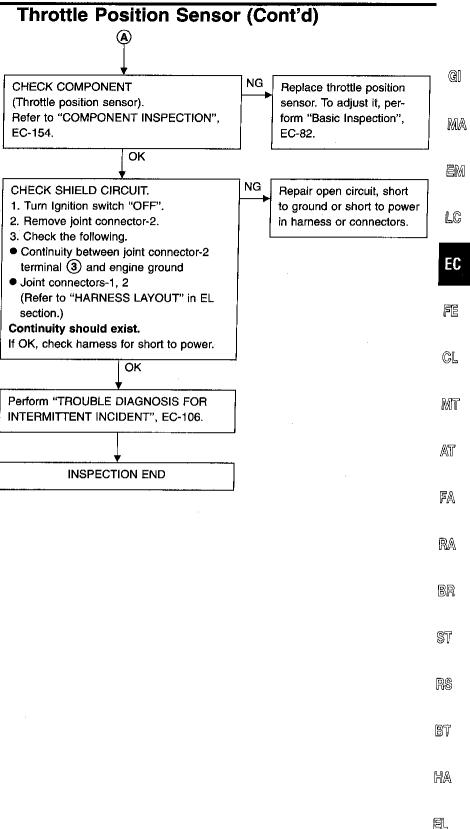




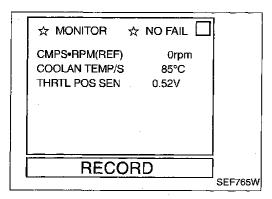


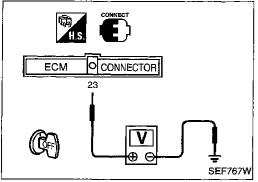


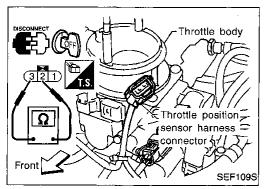
EC-152



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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Throttle Position Sensor



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Check voltage of "THRTL POS SEN".

Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	THRTL POS SEN
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

- OR -

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.



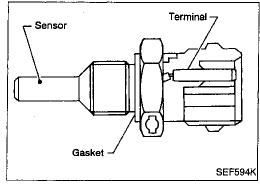
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Throttle position sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)
Completely closed	0.15 - 0.85
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open	3.5 - 4.7

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

 If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.



U 20 40 60 80 100 (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212)

Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	9.2
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (51) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and engine ground.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

SEF012P

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up	More than 70°C (158°F)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0125 0908	 Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control. 	 Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) Engine coolant temperature sensor Thermostat

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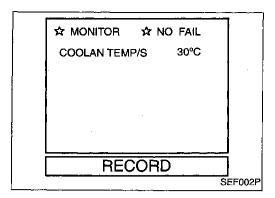
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Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

- If DTC P0125 (0908) is displayed with P0115 (0103), first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115". Refer to EC-136.
- "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F).

if it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.

- 4) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-159.

– OR



1)

- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Check that engine coolant temperature is above 10°C (50°F).

If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.

- Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If engine coolant temperature increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-159. - OR -



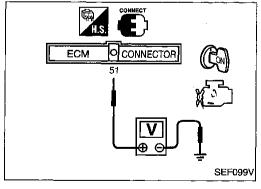
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Check that voltage between ECM terminal (5) and ground is less than 3.8V.

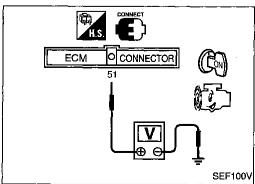
If it is less than 3.8V, the test result will be OK. If it is over 3.8V, go to following step.

3) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. Then measure voltage between ECM terminal (5) and engine ground.

If the voltage decreases to less than 3.8V within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.





Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-159.

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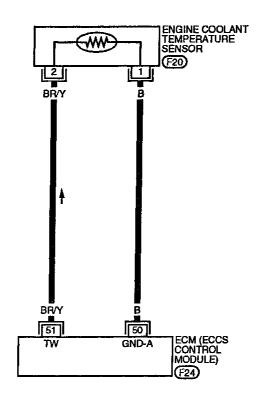
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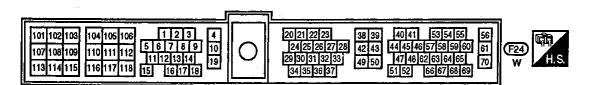
Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

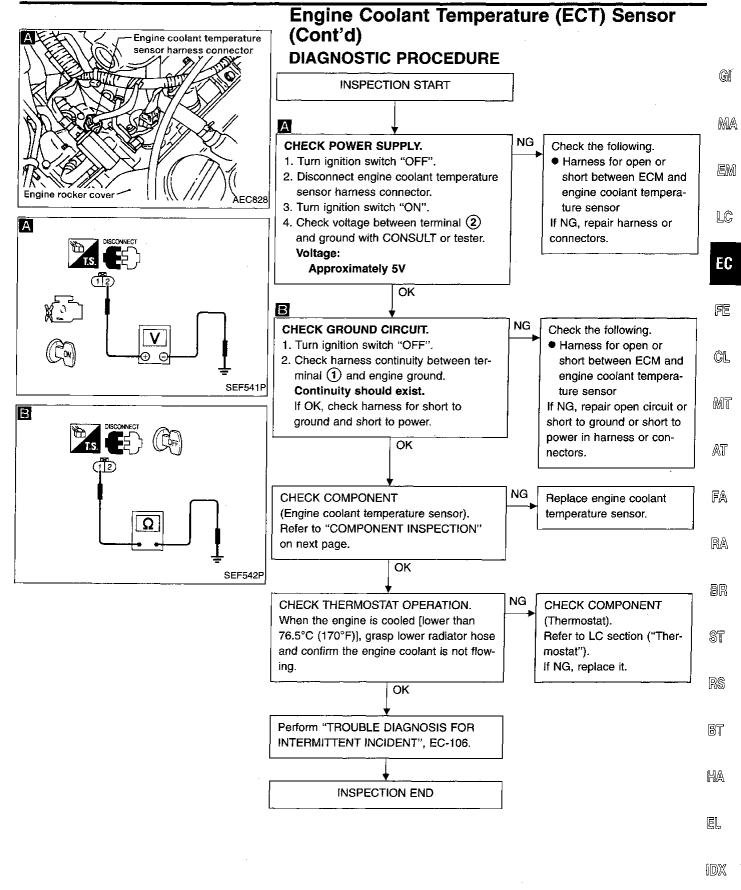
EC-ECTS-01

: Detectable line for DTC
: Non-detectable line for DTC

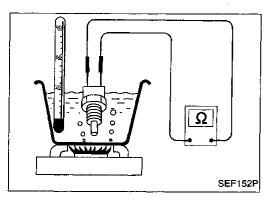








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Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

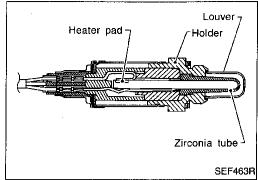
Engine coolant temperature sensor

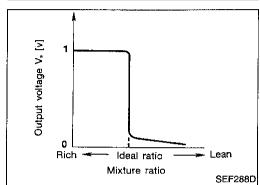
Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

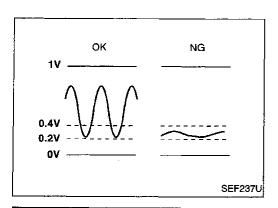
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	ST
			0 - Approximately 1.0V	R§	
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	(V) 2 1 0 1s SEF201T	BT HA

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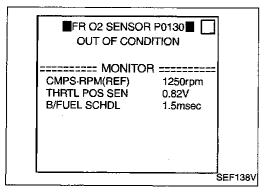


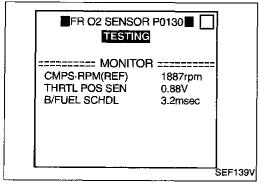
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

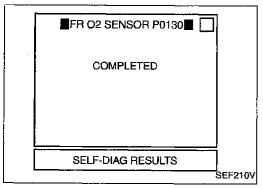
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under the condition in which the front heated oxygen sensor signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0130 0303	The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Front heated oxygen sensor







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "FR O2 SENSOR P0130" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Touch "START".
- 4) Let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 4).

5) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,500 rpm (A/T)

1,800 - 2,500 rpm (M/T)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 5 msec (A/T)

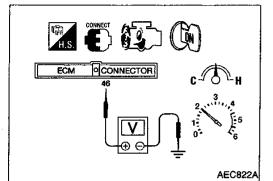
1 - 4 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-165.

During this test, P1148 may be stored in ECM.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 -0.4V.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-165.

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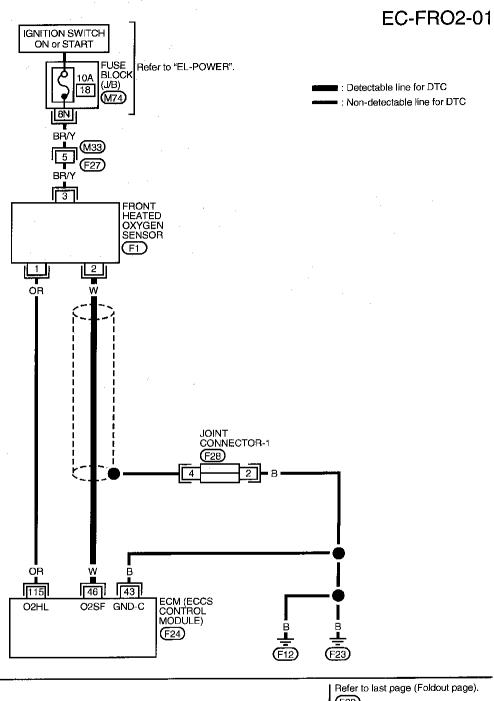
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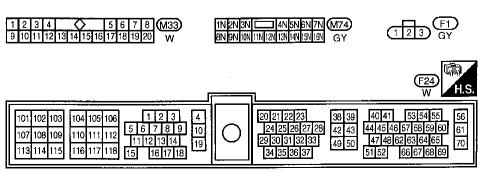
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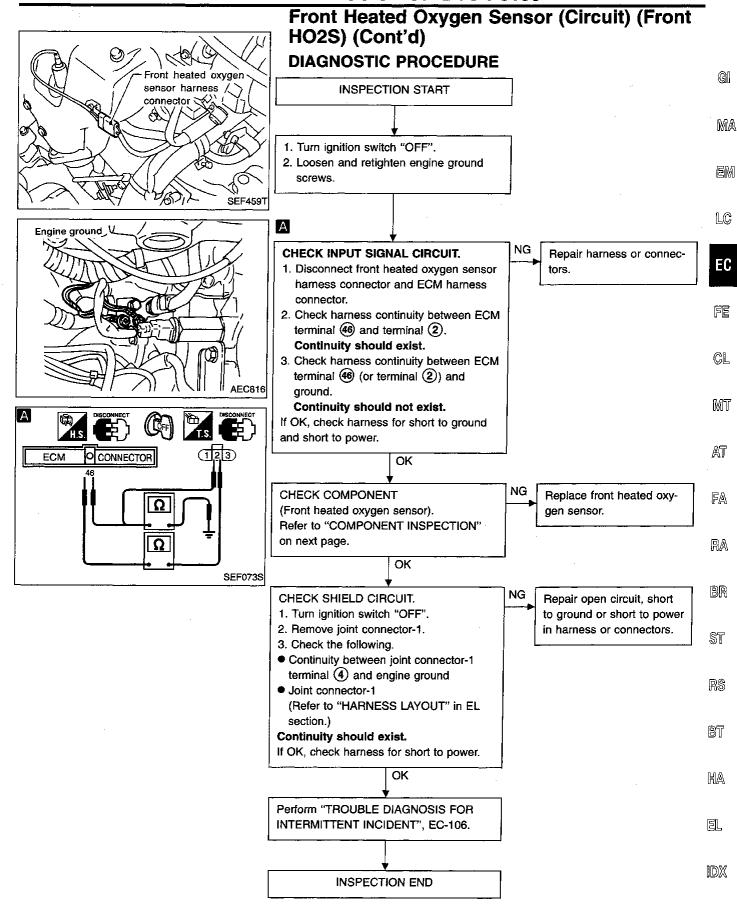
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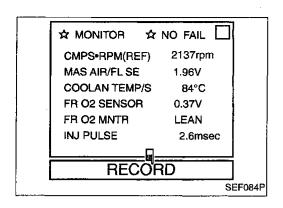
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



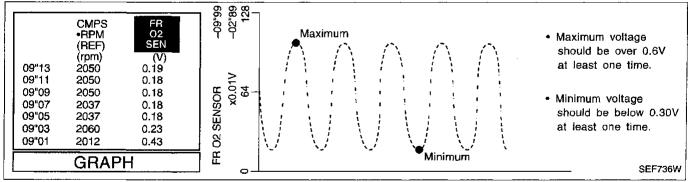
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

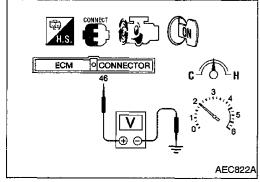
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

– OR –





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

- The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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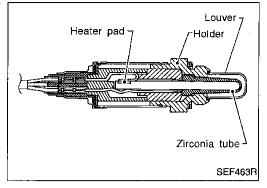
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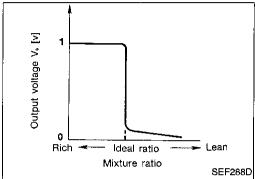
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

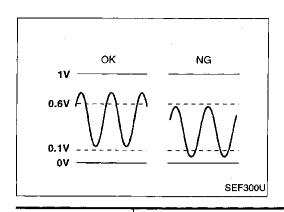
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ED OO SENSOR			0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during
			10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.

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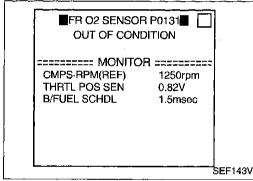
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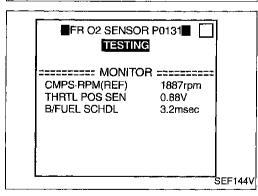
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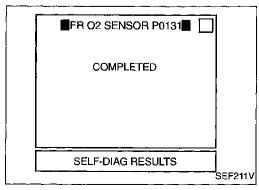
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0131 0411	•	 Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0131" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5).

6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,600 rpm (A/T) 2,000 - 2,750 rpm (M/T)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

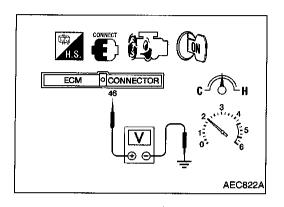
Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 4.5 msec (A/T)

1.9 - 4 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-171.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

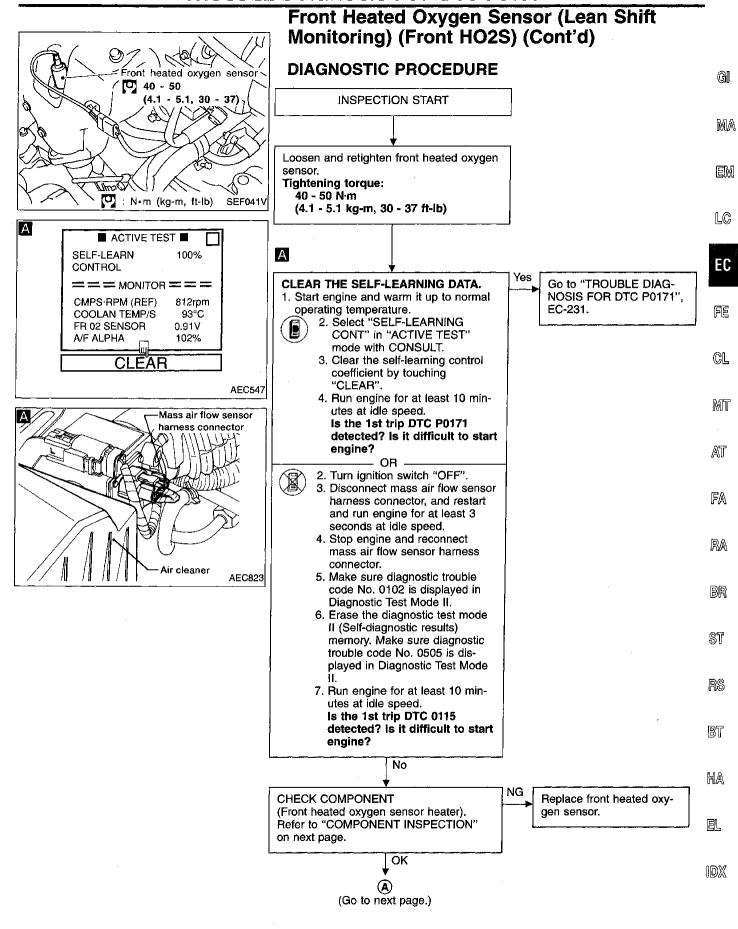
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



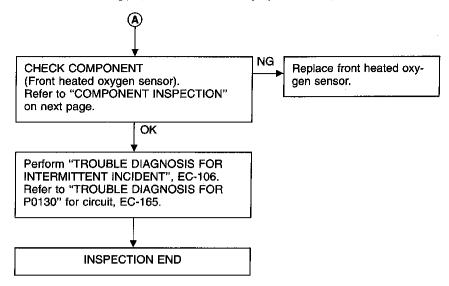
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

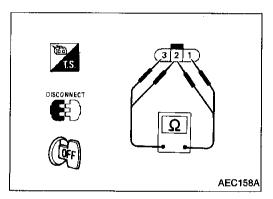
- OR ————

- The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-171.



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

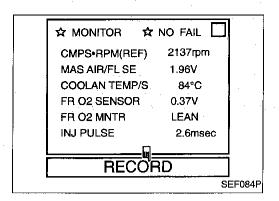
Check continuity between terminals 2 and 1, 3 and 2.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



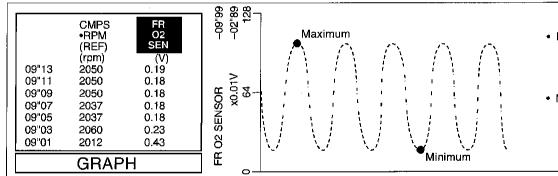
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



- Maximum voltage should be over 0.6V at least one time.
- Minimum voltage should be below 0.30V at least one time.

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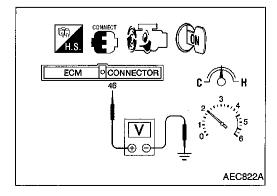
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CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.

EC-173

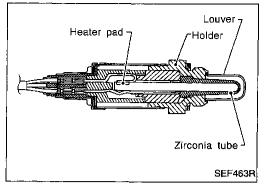
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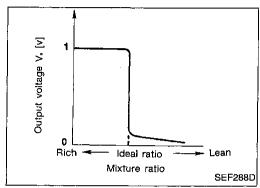
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

• The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

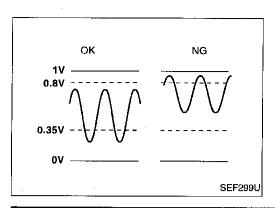
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR		Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR			LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	st
			Engine is running.	0 - Approximately 1.0V	RS
46 W	Front heated oxygen sensor	After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	i vvvvv	BT	
			SEF201T	HA	

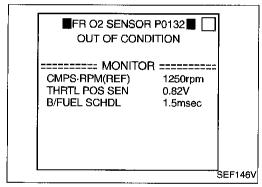
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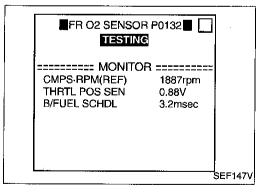


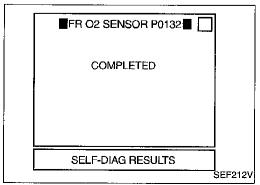
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high. The "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0132 0410	 The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are beyond the specified voltages. 	Front heated oxygen sensorFront heated oxygen sensor heater
		Fuel pressure Injectors







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0132" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE

Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 4).

6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

CMPŠ·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,600 rpm (A/T) 2,000 - 2,750 rpm (M/T)

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift **Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)**

Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 4.5 msec (A/T)

1.9 - 4 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

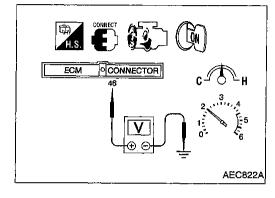
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry

from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-178.

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- OR -**OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front **FC** heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.

3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rom constant under no load.

The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one time.

– OR -

The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.

4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-178.

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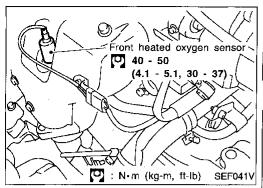
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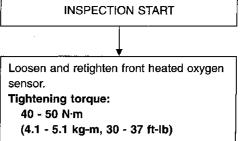
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

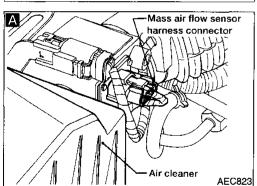


ACTIVE TEST
SELF-LEARN 100%
CONTROL

= = MONITOR = = =

CMPS-RPM (REF) 812rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S 93°C
FR 02 SENSOR 0.91V
A/F ALPHA 102%

CLEAR



CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



Α

- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC P0172
 - Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

OR -



- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC 0114

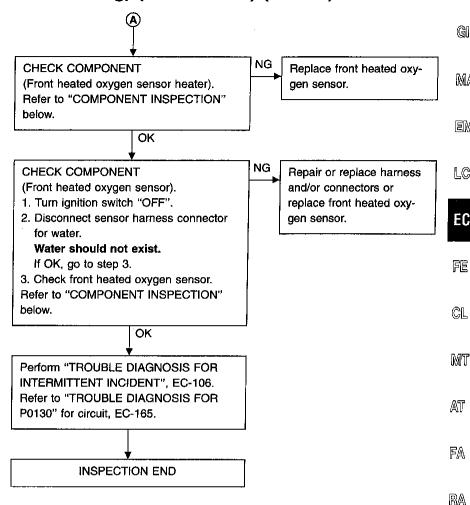
detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

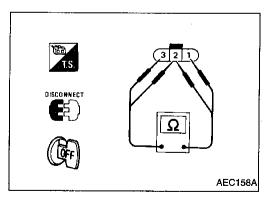
↓ No (A)

(Go to next page.)

Yes Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-237.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals (3) and (1).

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity between terminals (2) and (1), (3) and (2).

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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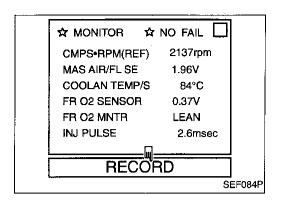
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Front heated oxygen sensor



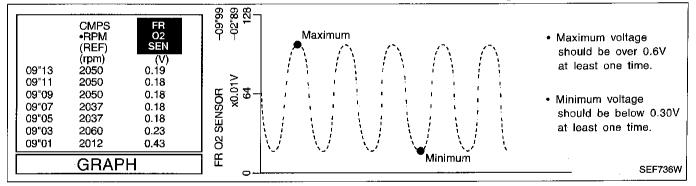
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

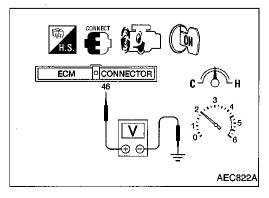
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

- OR --





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
- The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been @ dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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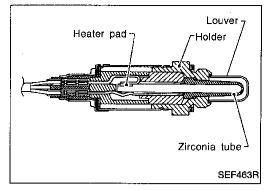
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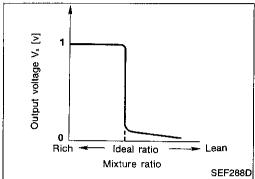
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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

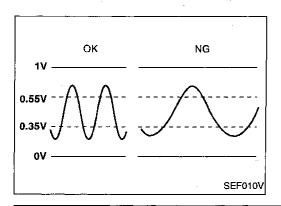
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR FR O2 MNTR	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

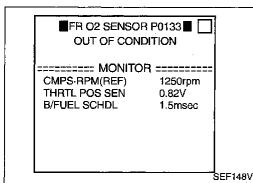
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0

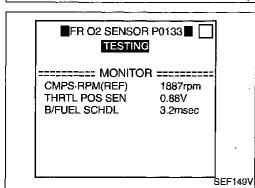


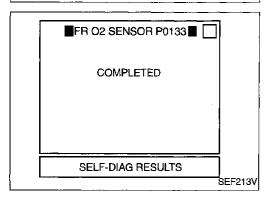
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor, this diagnosis measures response time of front heated oxygen sensor signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and front heated oxygen sensor temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (front heated oxygen sensor cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	
P0133 0409	 The response of the voltage signal from the sensor takes more than the specified time. 	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	EC
		 Front heated oxygen sensor Front heated oxygen sensor heater Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks 	FE
		Exhaust gas leaks PCV Mass air flow sensor	CL







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
 - 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SEN-SOR P0133" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

NOTE:

Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5).

6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,800 - 3,000 rpm (A/T) 2,000 - 3,150 rpm (M/T) **G**

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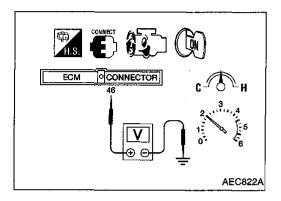
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Vehicle speed: 78 - 120 km/h (48 - 75 MPH) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 - 4.5 msec (A/T)

1.9 - 4 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry
from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-186.



- OR -

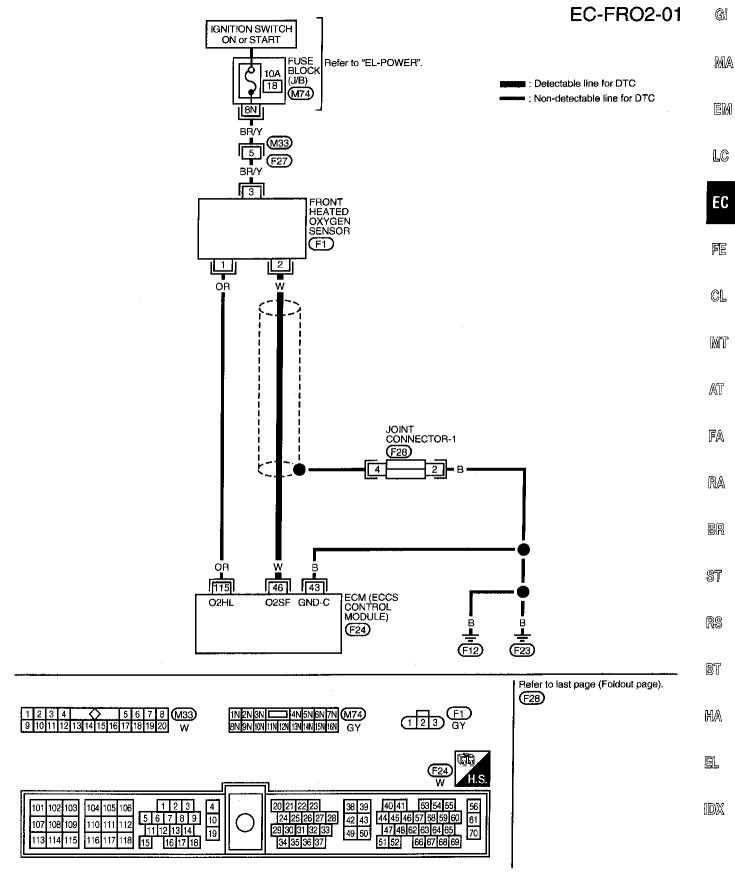
OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

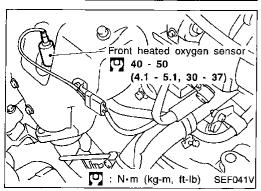


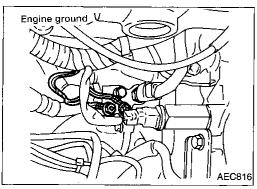
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (4) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-186.

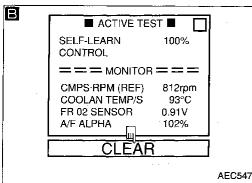
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

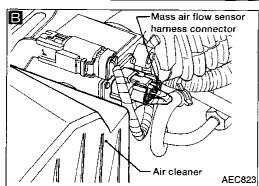


Α SEF099P









Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". Loosen and retighten engine ground

INSPECTION START

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen

Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m

(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-ib)

Α

CHECK EXHAUST AIR LEAK.

Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an exhaust air leak before three way catalyst.

Repair or replace.

OK

OK

CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK.

Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an intake air leak between the mass air flow sensor and the intake manifold.

Repair or replace.

Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-

NOSIS FOR DTC P0171,

P0172", EC-231, 237.

В

CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".

4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine? OR:

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.

Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.

5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.

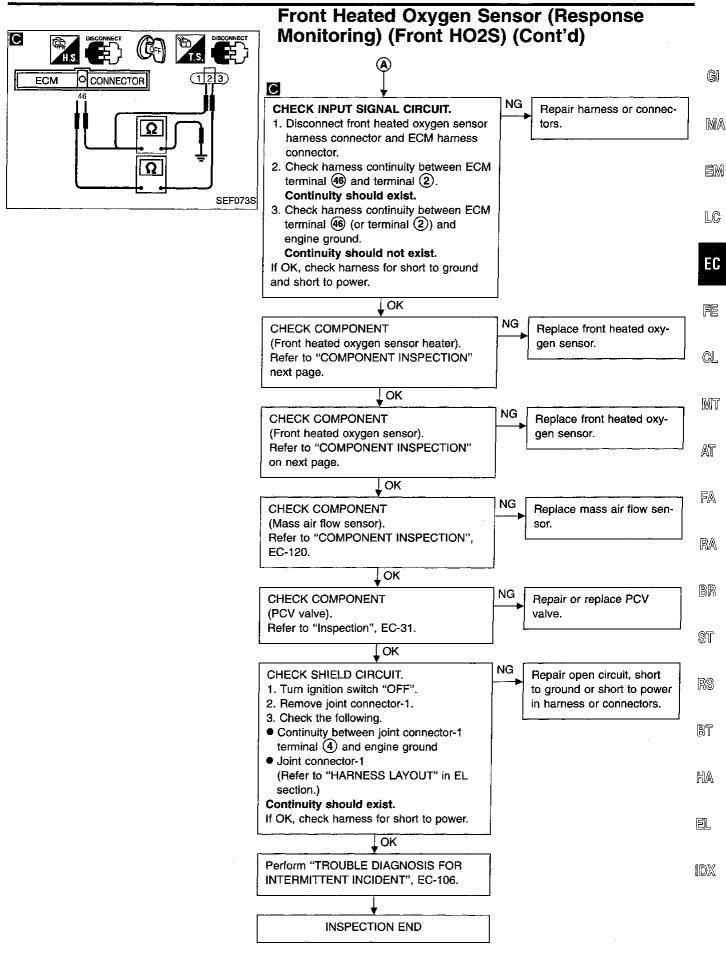
6. Erase the diagnostic test mode if (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.

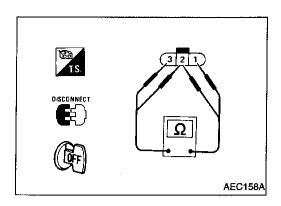
7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 or 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

> (A) (Got to next page.)

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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 Ω at 25°C (77°F)

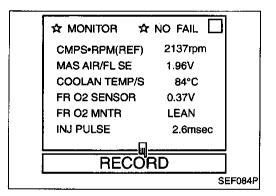
Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Front heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.
- 5) Check the following.
- "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

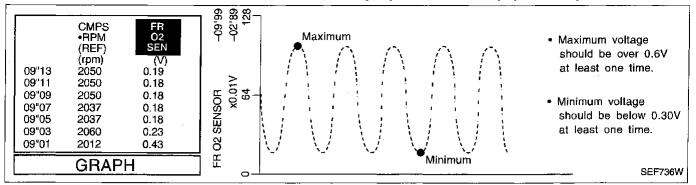
5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



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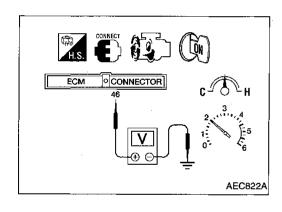
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- OR - Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (6) (sensor signal) and engine ground.

Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.

Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).

The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

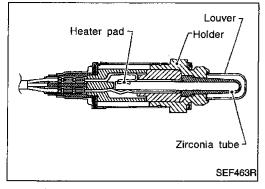
The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.

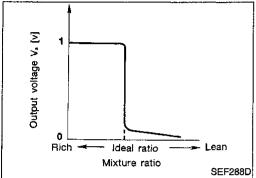
The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.







Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

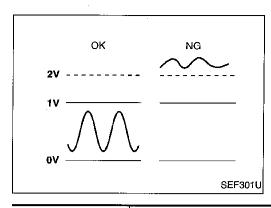
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during
			10 seconds.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
46	w	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V (V) 2 1 0 1s SEF2017



Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the front heated oxygen sensor output is not inordinately high.

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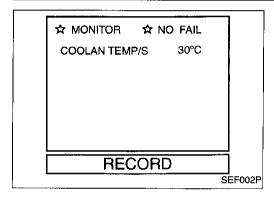
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0134 0412	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
0412		Front heated oxygen sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "Diagnostic Procedure", EC-194.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 6) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If DTC is detected, go to "Diagnostic Procedure", EC-194.

- OR -



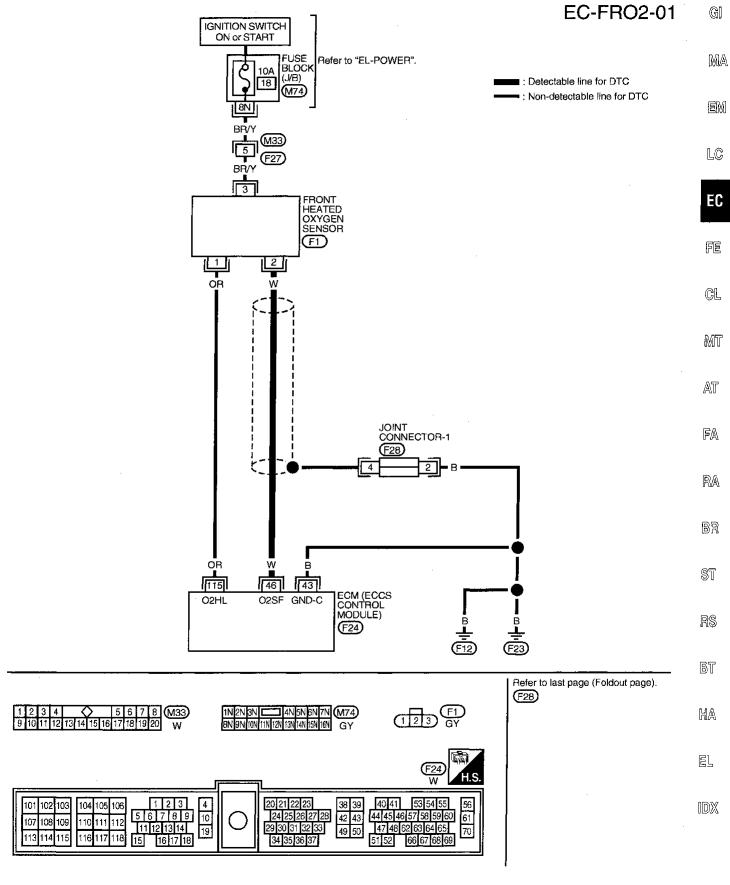
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If DTC is detected, go to "Diagnostic Procedure", EC-194.

EC-191

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

 When using GST, "DTC Confirmation Procedure" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



Front heated oxygen sensor 40 - 50 (4.1 - 5.1, 30 - 37) N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) SEF041V

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

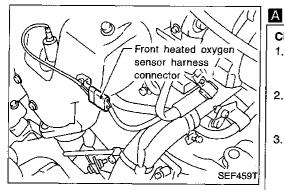
INSPECTION START

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.

Tightening torque:

40 - 50 N·m

(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)



CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

 Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 46 and terminal 2.

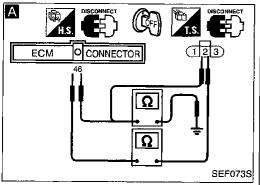
Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Repair harness or connectors.



↓ok

CHECK COMPONENT (Front heated oxygen sensor).

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Check sensor harness connector for water.

Water should not exist.

If OK, go to step 3.

Check front heated oxygen sensor.Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page. Repair or replace harness and/or connectors or replace front heated oxygen sensor.

Repair open circuit, short

in harness or connectors.

to ground or short to power

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CHECK SHIELD CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Remove joint connector-1.
- 3. Check the following.
- Continuity between joint connector-1 terminal 4 and engine ground
- Joint connector-1 (Refer to "HARNESS LAYOUT" in EL section.)

Continuity should exist.

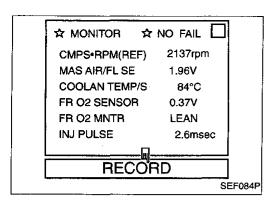
If OK, check harness for short to power.

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Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106.

INSPECTION END

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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front heated oxygen sensor



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

 Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".

 Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.

4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen.

5) Check the following.

"FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

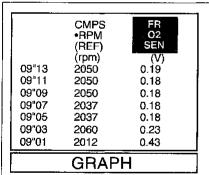
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

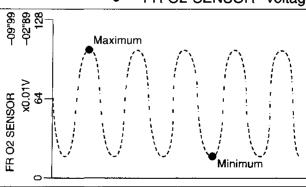
R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH" L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.

 "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.

"FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.





- Maximum voltage should be over 0.6V at least one time.
- Minimum voltage should be below 0.30V at least one time.

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CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



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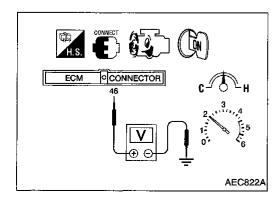
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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.

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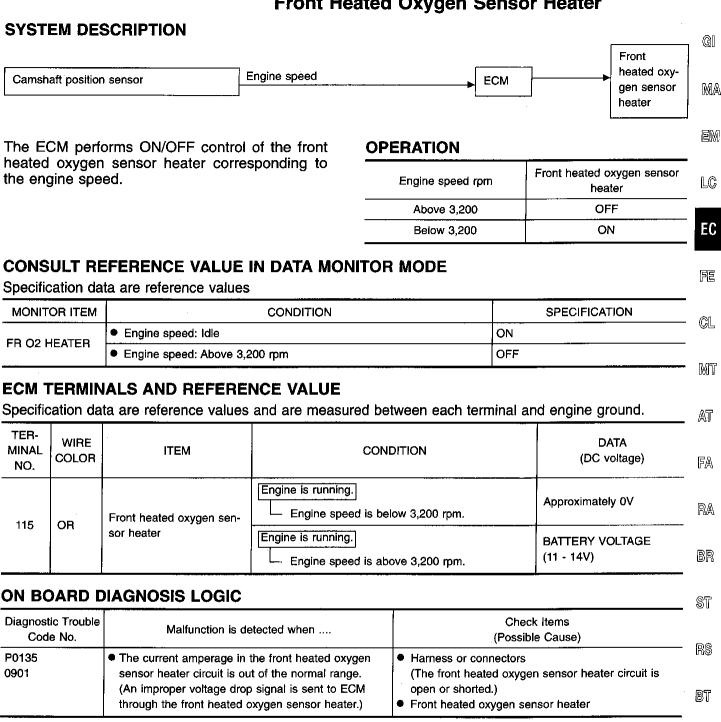
Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

- The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
- The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

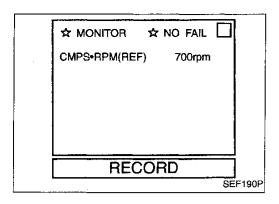


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Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V at idle.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-200.





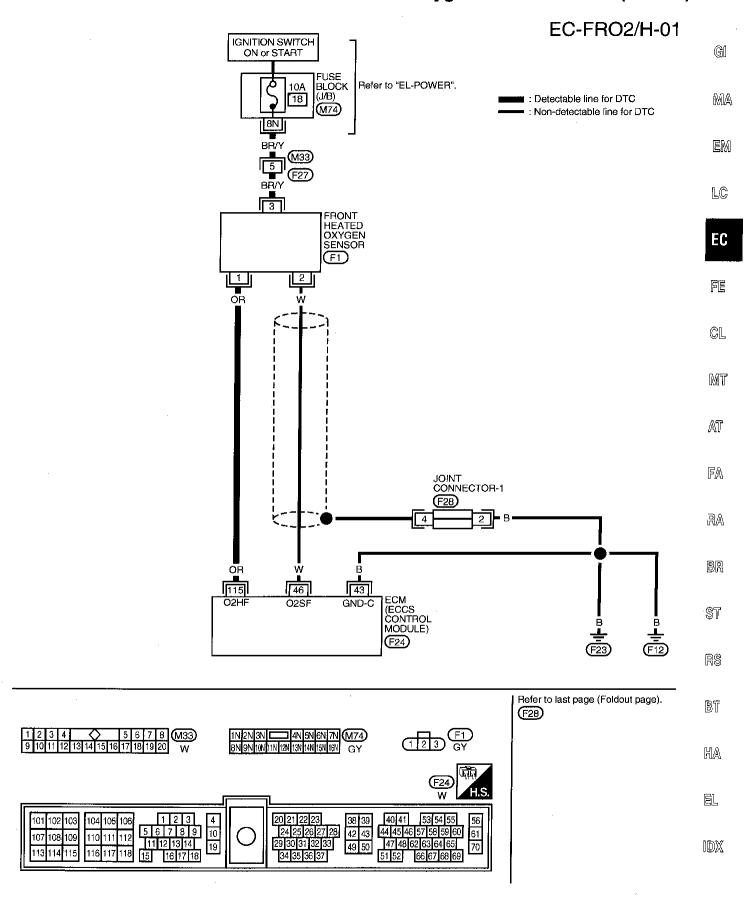
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-200.

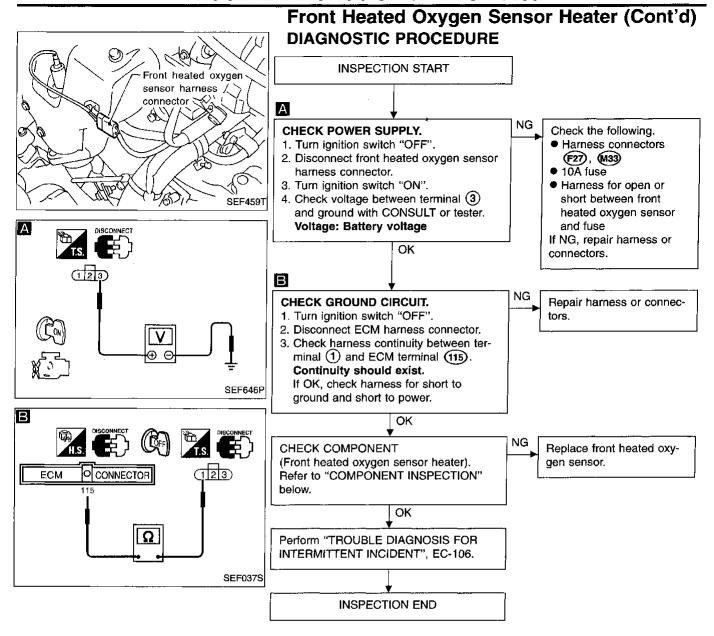


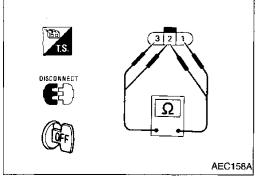


- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-200.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)







COMPONENT INSPECTION Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 1.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

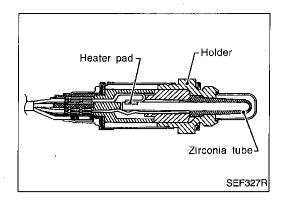
Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three-way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

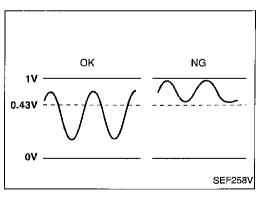
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	• Engine, After warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

				<u> </u>
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V



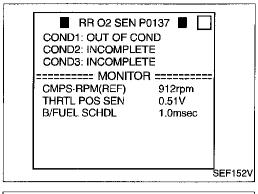
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

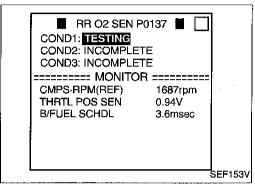
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently low during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

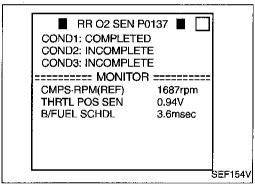
			πl/A
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	EL
P0137 0511	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors 	IDX

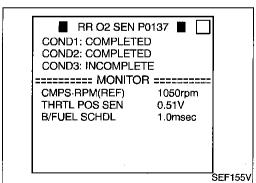
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EC-201









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0137" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm (A/T)

1,650 - 3,150 rpm (M/T) Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.4 msec (A/T)

0.5 - 3.9 msec (M/T)

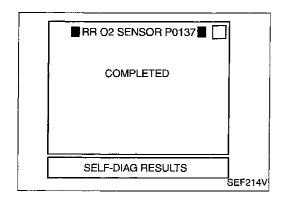
Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "O/D" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)



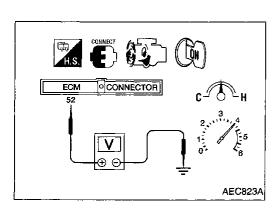
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

 If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

- 10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COM-PLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)
- 11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-205.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal
 (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

possible.)
The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.

- 5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).
 - The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once during this procedure.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-205.

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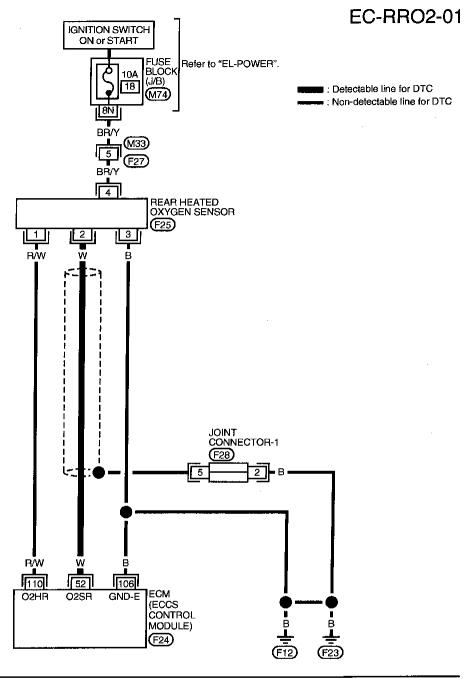
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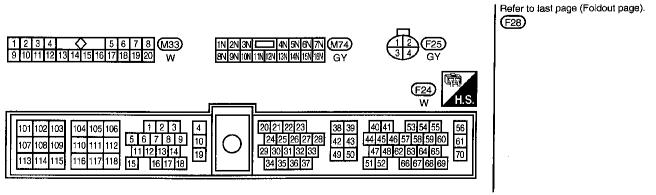
RA

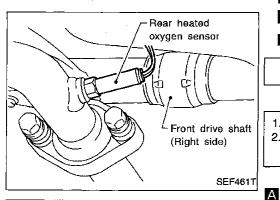
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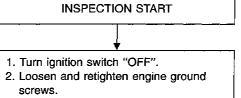
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)







Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

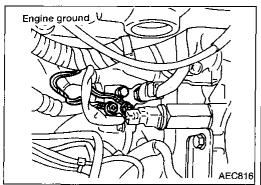


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■ ACTIVE TEST ■

== MONITOR = = =

100%

812rpm

93°C

0.91V

102%

Mass air flow sensor

harness connector

AEC547

SELF-LEARN

CMPS:RPM (REF)

COOLAN TEMP/S

FR 02 SENSOR

A/F ALPHA

CONTROL

Α

CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".

4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is It difficult to start engine?

OR -

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.

 Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.

 Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.

Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II

 Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

↓ No

(Go to next page.)

Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-237.

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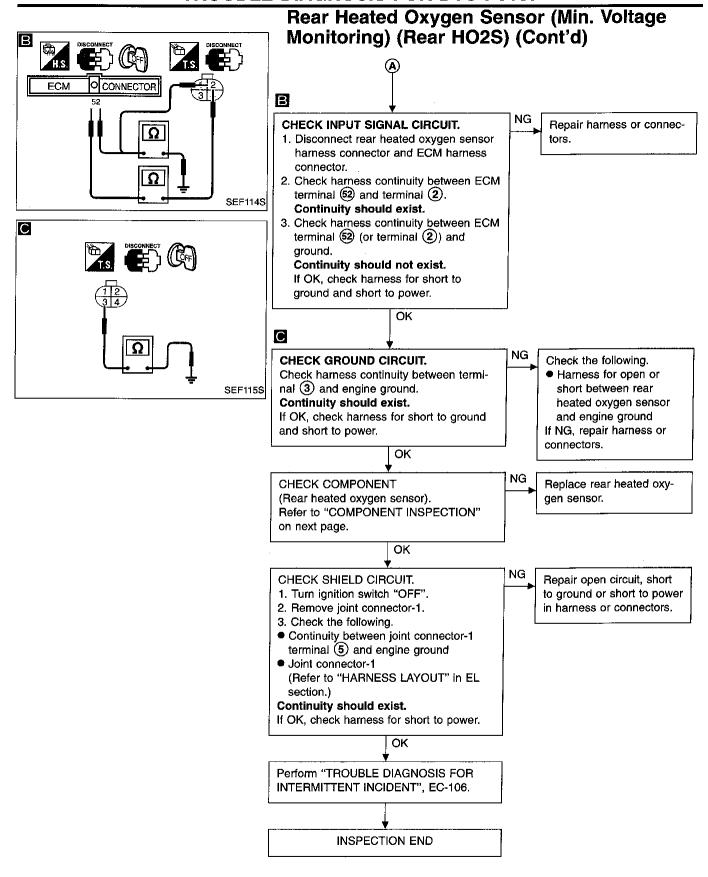
RS

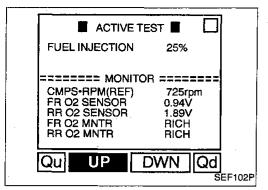
BT

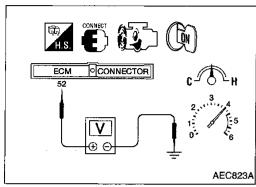
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

Stop vehicle with engine running.

 Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

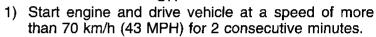
 Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

OR -



2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal
 (sensor signal) and engine ground.

4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

possible.)
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once.
If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 4, step 5 is

not necessary.

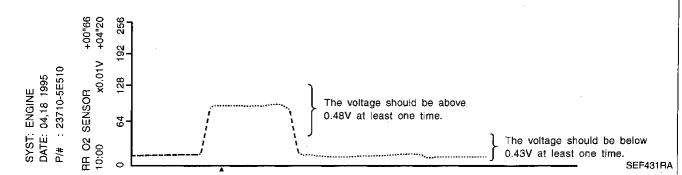
Check the voltage when revoing up to 6 00

5) Check the voltage when revving up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



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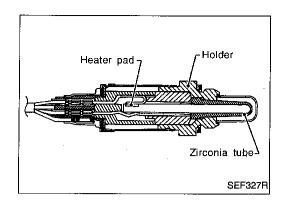
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three-way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

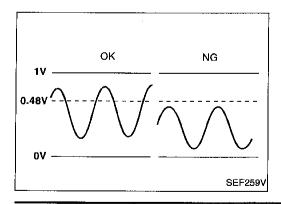
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	● Engine: After warming up	rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

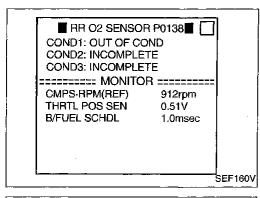
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V

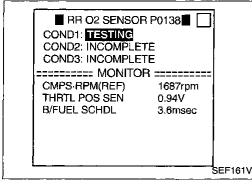


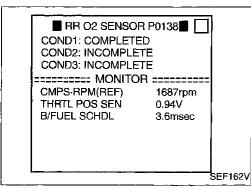
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

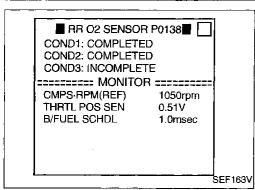
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0138 0510	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0138" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- Drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm (A/T) 1.650 - 3,150 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.4 msec (A/T) 0.5 - 3.9 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "O/D" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.) EC

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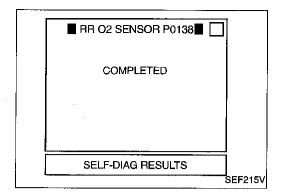
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

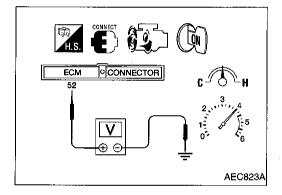
NOTE:

If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

- 10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)
- 11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-212.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal
 (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

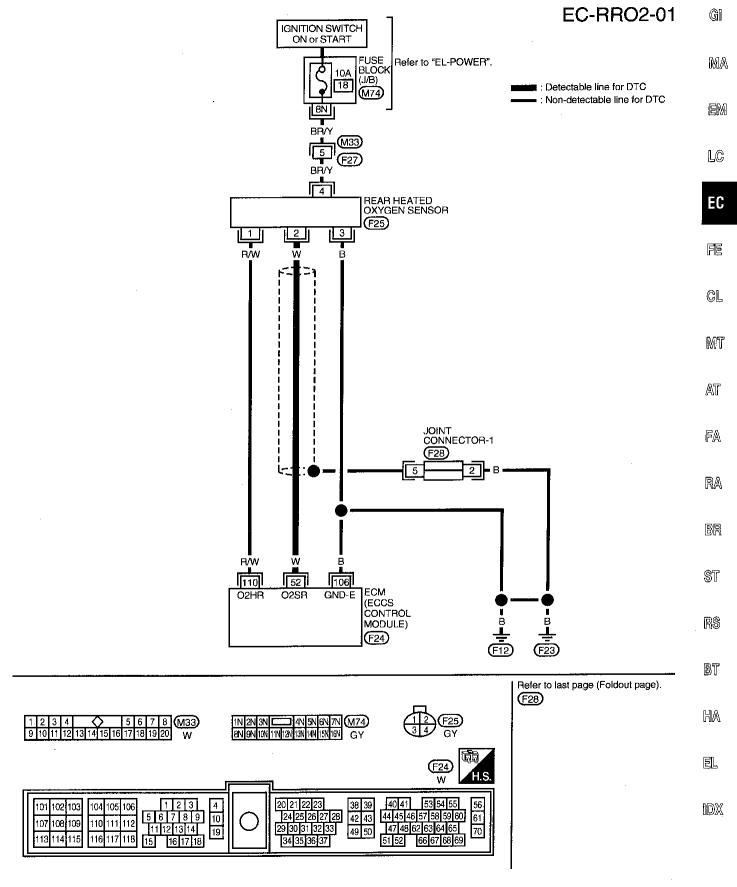
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

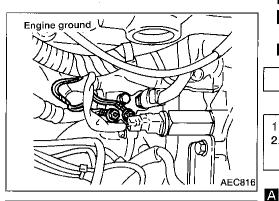
The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-212.

Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

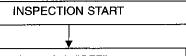


EC-211

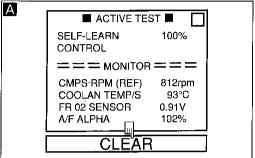


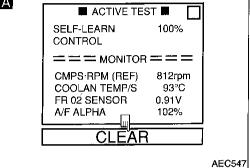
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

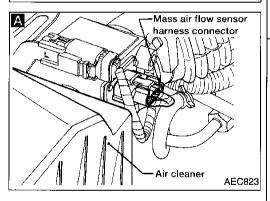
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.







CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.



- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

OR



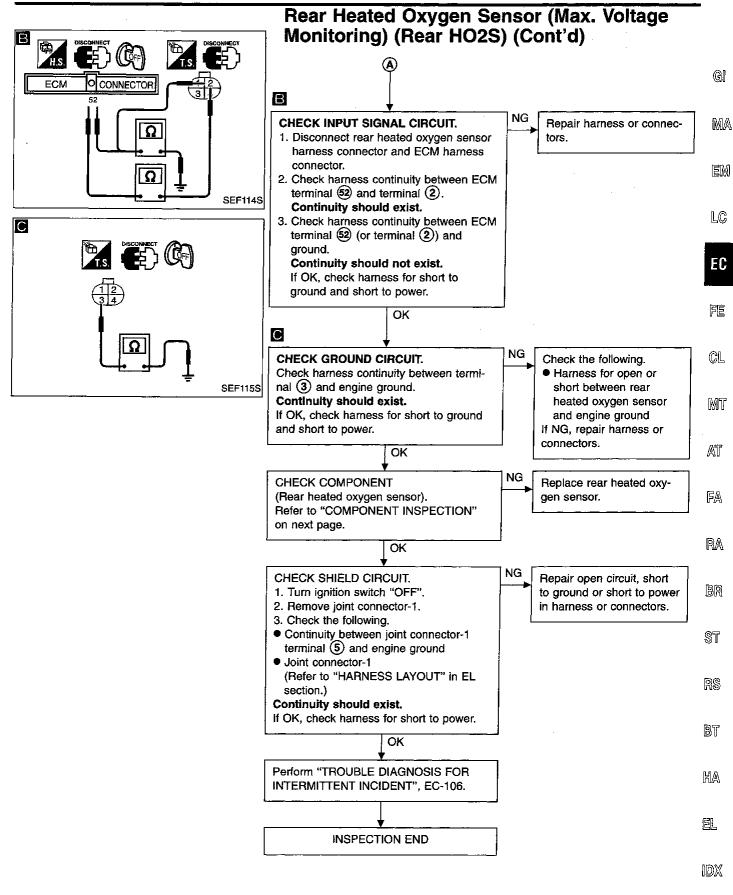
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
- 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode
- 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

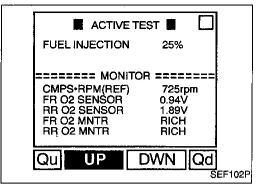
Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

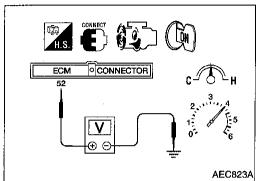
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Go to "TROUBLE DIAG-NOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-231.







Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

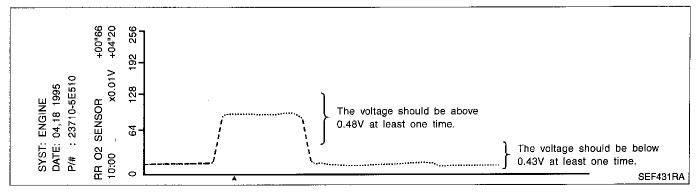
OR -

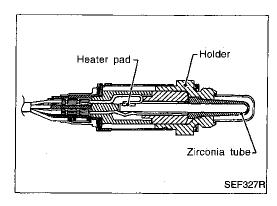


- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (2) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
 - The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.
- 5) Check the voltage when revving up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T). The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three- way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

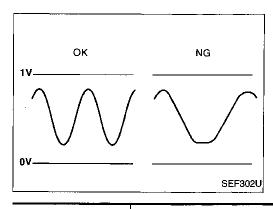
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CC	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION
RR 02 SENSOR		Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR	Engine: After warming up	rpm	LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V



ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor. ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	en
P0139 0707		 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor Fuel pressure Injectors Intake air leaks 	EL IDX

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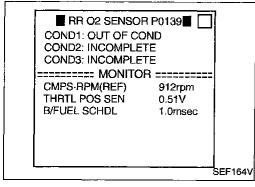
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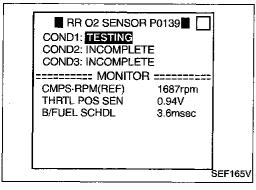
BT

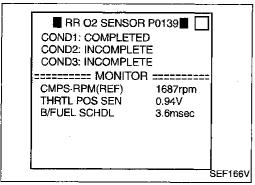
RS

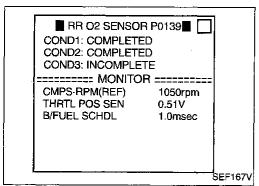
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- "COMPLETED" will appear on CONSULT screen when all tests "COND1", "COND2" and "COND3" are completed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Never stop engine during this test. If the engine is stopped, reperform this test from step 2).



Procedure for COND1

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "RR O2 SEN-SOR P0139" of "REAR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 30 seconds.
- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm 2 or 3 times quickly under no load.
 - If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 11).
 - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.
- 7) Drive vehicle at a speed or more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed at "COND1" on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 60 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,400 - 3,000 rpm (A/T)

1,650 - 3,150 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.4 msec (A/T)

0.5 - 3.9 msec (M/T)

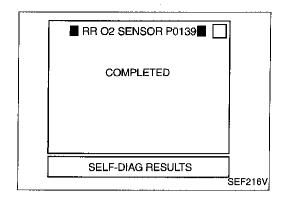
Selector lever: Suitable position

NOTE:

- If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).
- If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND2" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND2" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 9).

Procedure for COND2

9) While driving, release accelerator pedal completely with "O/D" OFF (A/T models only) from the above condition [step 8] until "INCOMPLETE" at "COND2" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 4 seconds.)



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

If "COMPLETED" already appears at "COND3" on CONSULT screen before "Procedure for COND3" is conducted, it is unnecessary to conduct step 10).

Procedure for COND3

10) Stop vehicle and let it idle until "INCOMPLETE" of "COND3" on CONSULT screen has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take a maximum of approximately 6 minutes.)

11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-219.



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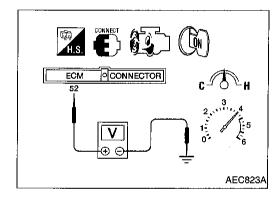
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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal @(sensor signal) and engine ground.

4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

possible.)
The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for

1 second during this procedure.
If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.

5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

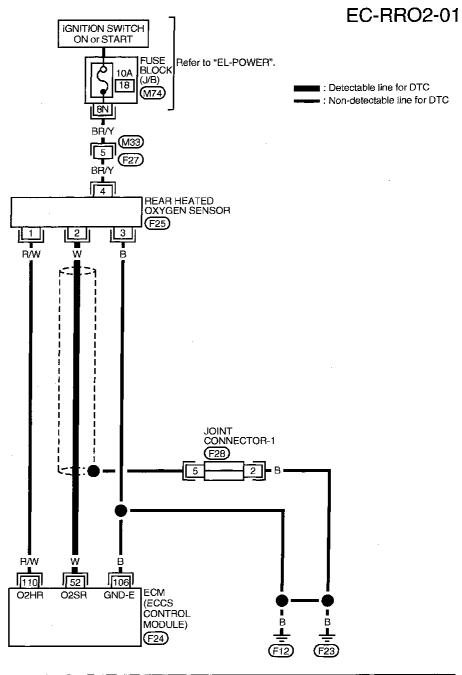
The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

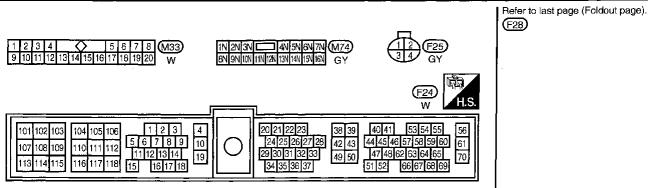
6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTICS PROCEDURES", EC-219.

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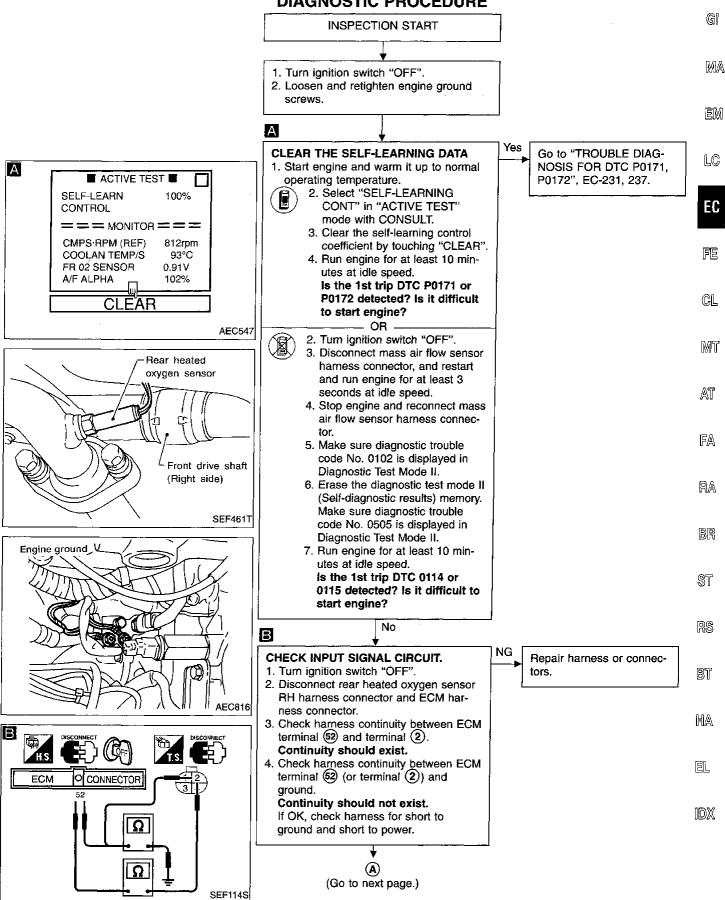
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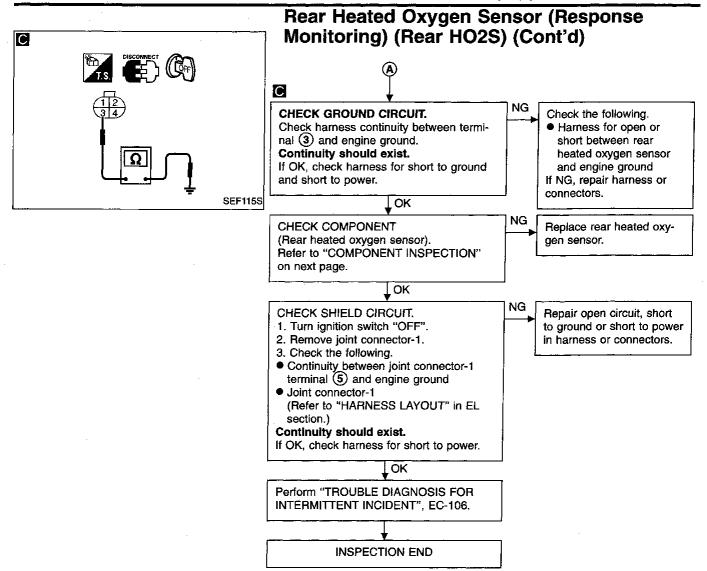
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

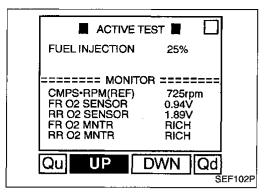


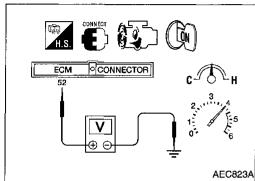


Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE









Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

2) Stop vehicle with engine running.

 Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.

 Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.
"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

- OR -

Stop vehicle with engine running.

 Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (2) (sensor signal) and engine ground.

 Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 4, step 5 is

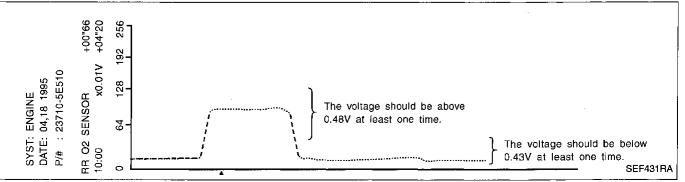
not necessary.

5) Check the voltage when revving up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T).

The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



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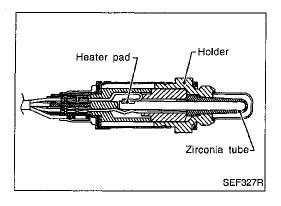
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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three-way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

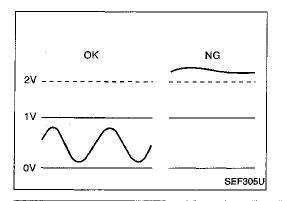
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR	● Engine: After warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR			LEAN ↔ RICH

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

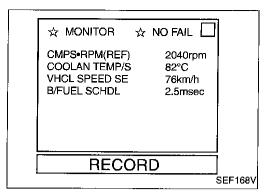
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
52	w	Rear heated oxygen sen- sor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V

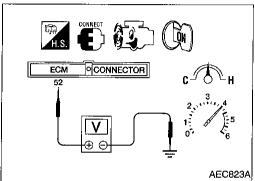


ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether or not the voltage is too high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0140 0512	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rear heated oxygen sensor





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Maintain the following condition for at least 5 consecutive seconds.
 CMPS-RPM (REF): 2,000 2,750 rpm
 VHCL SPEED SE: 64 120 km/h (40 75 MPH)

VHCL SPEED SE: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.75 - 4 msec COOLAN TEMP/S: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F) Selector lever: Suitable position

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-225.

OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

possible.)

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal
 (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage after revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as

The voltage should be below 2V during this procedure.

5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-225.

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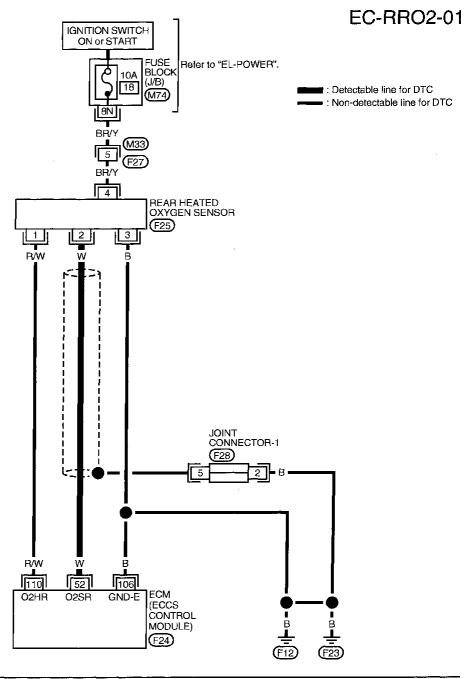
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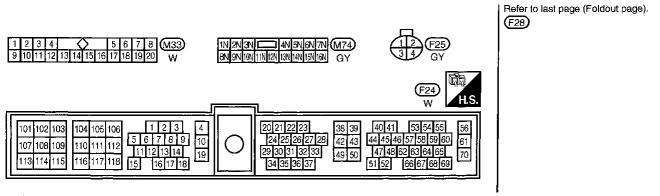
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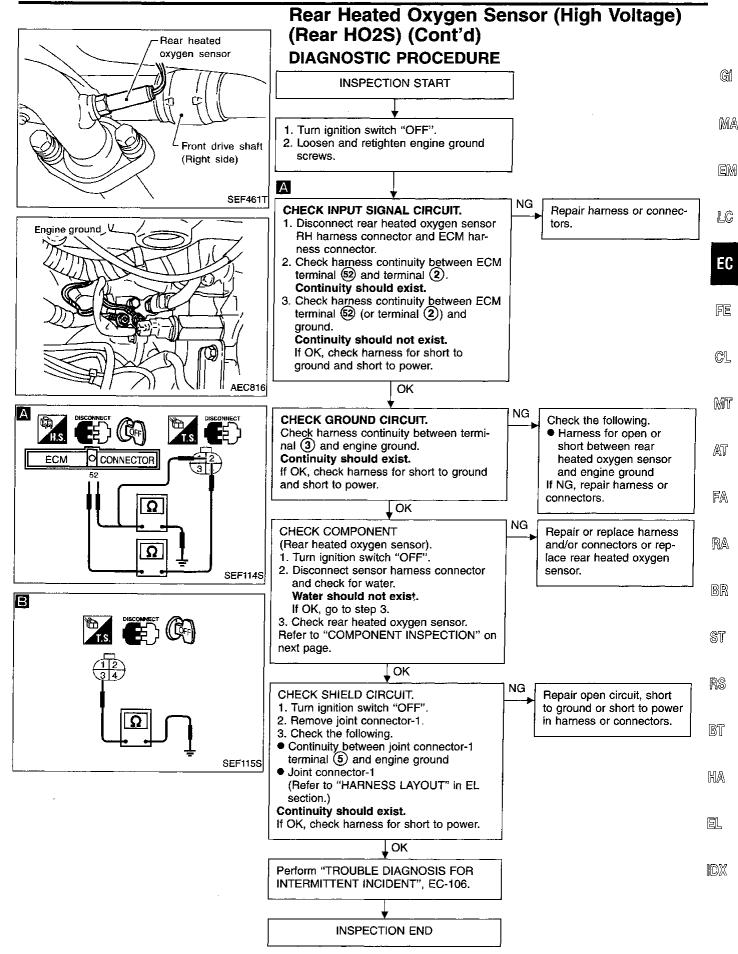
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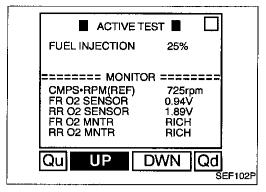
EC-223 385

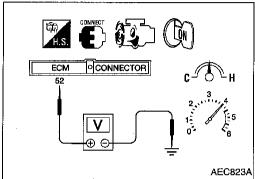
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)











Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.
 - "RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.
 - "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.43V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



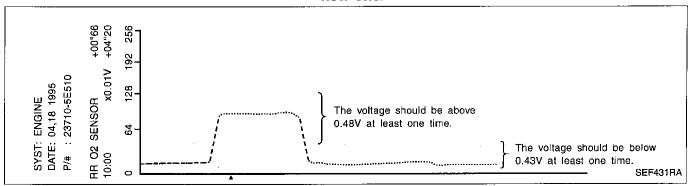
1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

- OR -

- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (2) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)
 - The voltage should be above 0.48V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.48V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.
- 5) Check the voltage when revving up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "O/D" OFF (A/T). The voltage should be below 0.43V at least once.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

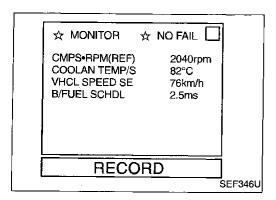
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION G/ Rear heated oxy-Engine speed Camshaft position sensor **ECM** gen sensor MA heater The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the rear **OPERATION** heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to Rear heated oxygen sensor the engine speed. Engine speed rpm heater LC OFF Above 3,200 Below 3,200 ON CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE FE Specification data are reference values MONITOR ITEM **SPECIFICATION** CONDITION Engine speed: Idle ON RR O2 HEATER OFF Engine speed: Above 3,200 rpm MT **ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE** Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground. AT TER-WIRE DATA MINAL ITEM CONDITION COLOR (DC voltage) NO. FA Engine is running. Approximately 0V Engine speed is below 3,200 rpm. $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ Rear heated oxygen sen-110 R/W sor heater Engine is running. **BATTERY VOLTAGE** (11 - 14V)Engine speed is above 3,200 rpm. Re ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC ST Diagnostic Trouble Check Items Malfunction is detected when Code No. (Possible Cause) RS P0141 The current amperage in the rear heated oxygen Harness or connectors 0902 sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (The rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM open or shorted.) BT Rear heated oxygen sensor heater through the rear heated oxygen sensor heater.)

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Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

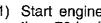
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-230.



1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.

OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-230.

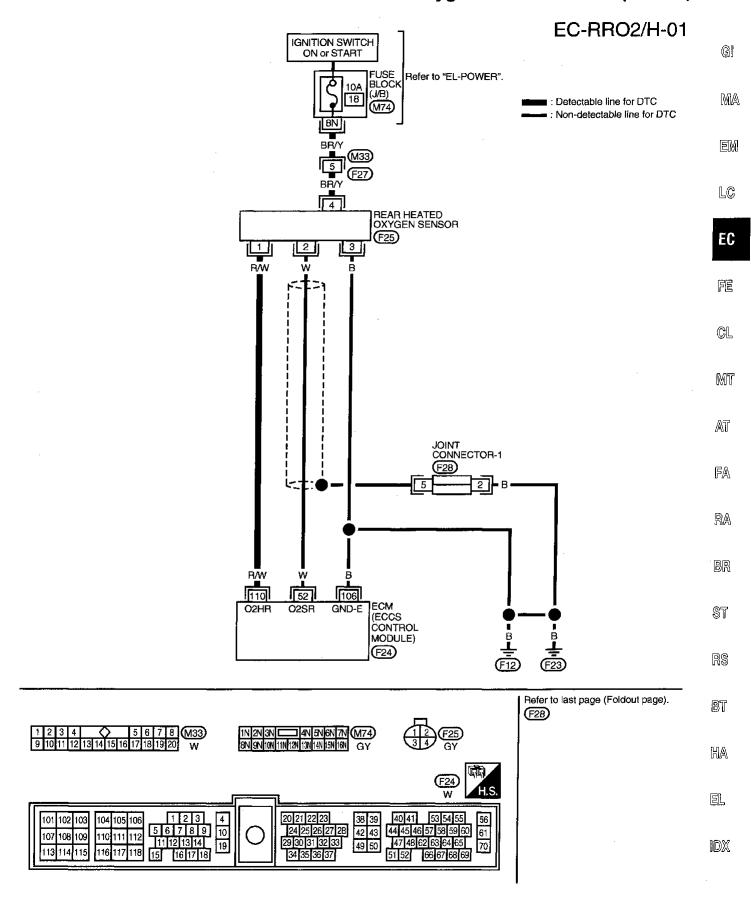
- OR -



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-230.

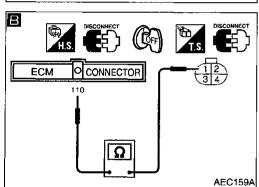
When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIR-MATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

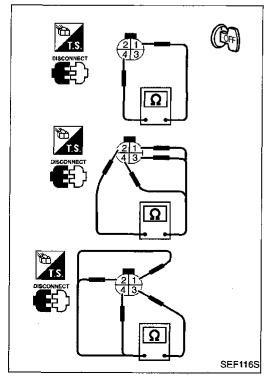
Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)



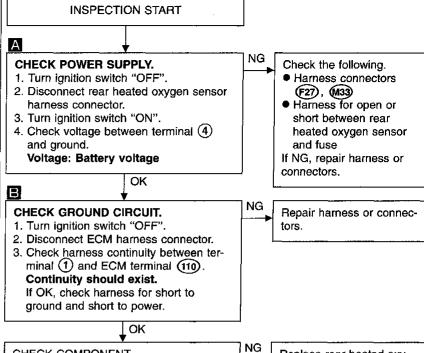
Rear heated oxygen sensor Front drive shaft (Right side) SEF461T

A DISCONNECT T.S. DISCONNECT T.S. SEF220S





Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



Replace rear heated oxy-

gen sensor.

CHECK COMPONENT (Rear heated oxygen se

(Rear heated oxygen sensor heater). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below.

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106.

INSPECTION END

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

Check the following.

Check resistance between terminals ① and ④.
 Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)

Check continuity.

Terminal No.	Continuity
② and ①, ③, ④	No
3 and 1, 2, 4	i No

If NG, replace the rear heated oxygen sensor.

CAUTION:

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)

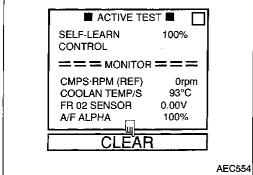
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

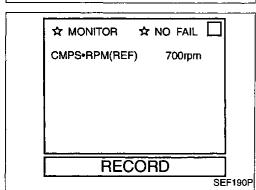
With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Density of oxygen in exhaust gas Injectors Front heated oxygen sensors **ECM** (Mixture ratio feedback signal)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	EC
P0171	Fuel injection system does not operate properly.	• Intake air leaks	
0115	• The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The	Front heated oxygen sensor	FE
	mixture ratio is too lean.)	Injectors	# L5
		Exhaust gas leaks	
		● Incorrect fuel pressure	©L
	·	● Lack of fuel	©
		Mass air flow sensor	
	<u> </u>	<u></u>	MT





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 min-The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this

stage, if a malfunction exists.

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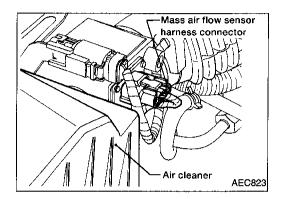
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Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.

8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

- OR -





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.

Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.

11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

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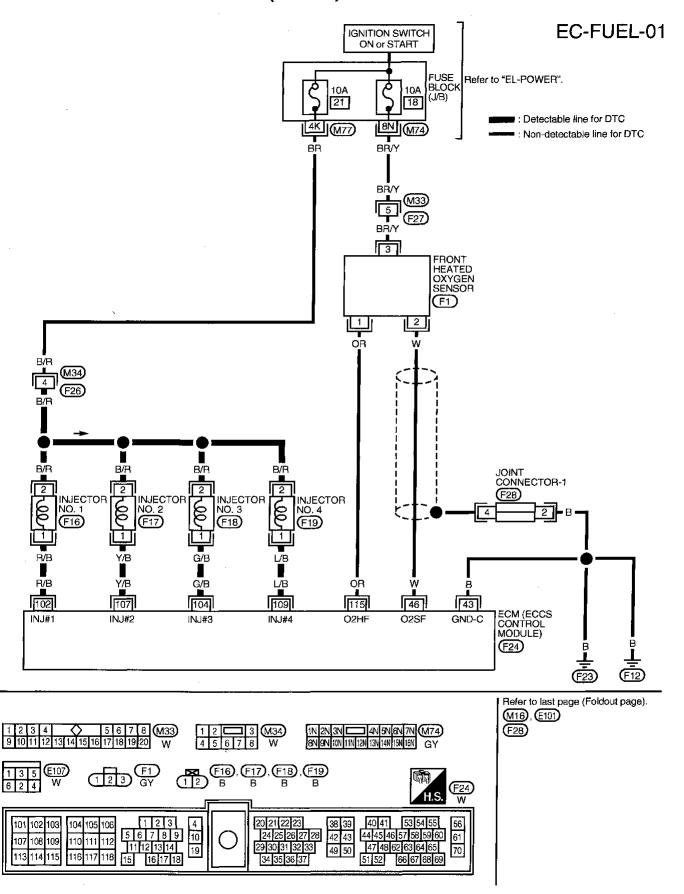
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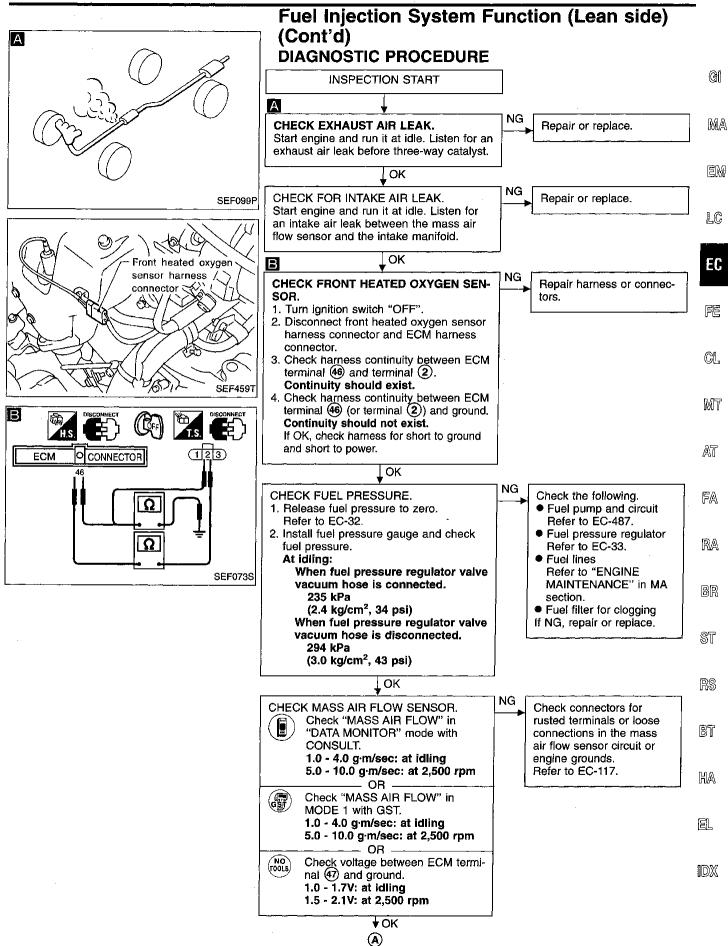
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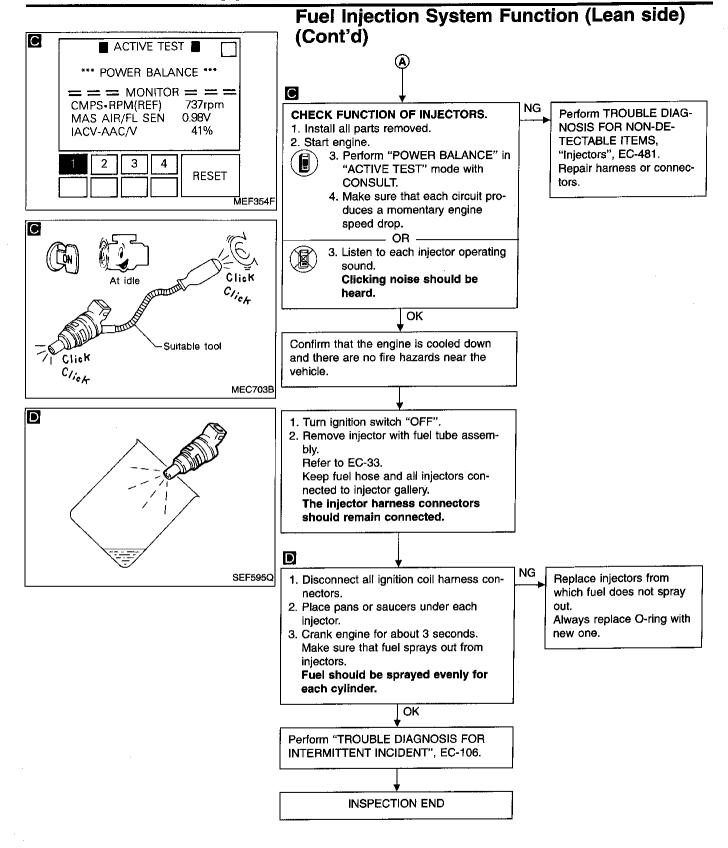
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Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)





(Go to next page.)



Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)

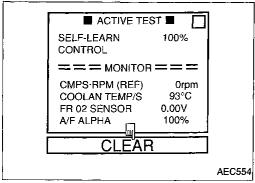
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

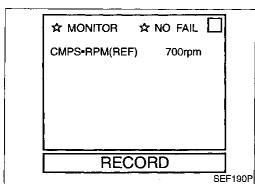
With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Front heated arrange arrange	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas	FOUL	India stance	[
Front heated oxygen sensors	(Mixture ratio feedback signal)	ECM	Injectors	l

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	EC
P0172	Fuel injection system does not operate properly.	Front heated oxygen sensor	
	• The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The	• Injectors	FE
	mixture ratio is too rich.)	Exhaust gas leaks	ڪ ت
	,	Incorrect fuel pressure	
	·	Mass air flow sensor	CL





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
 - The 1st trip DTC P0172 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-240. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

– OR -

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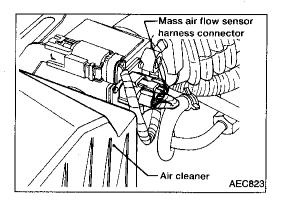
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Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.

 If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

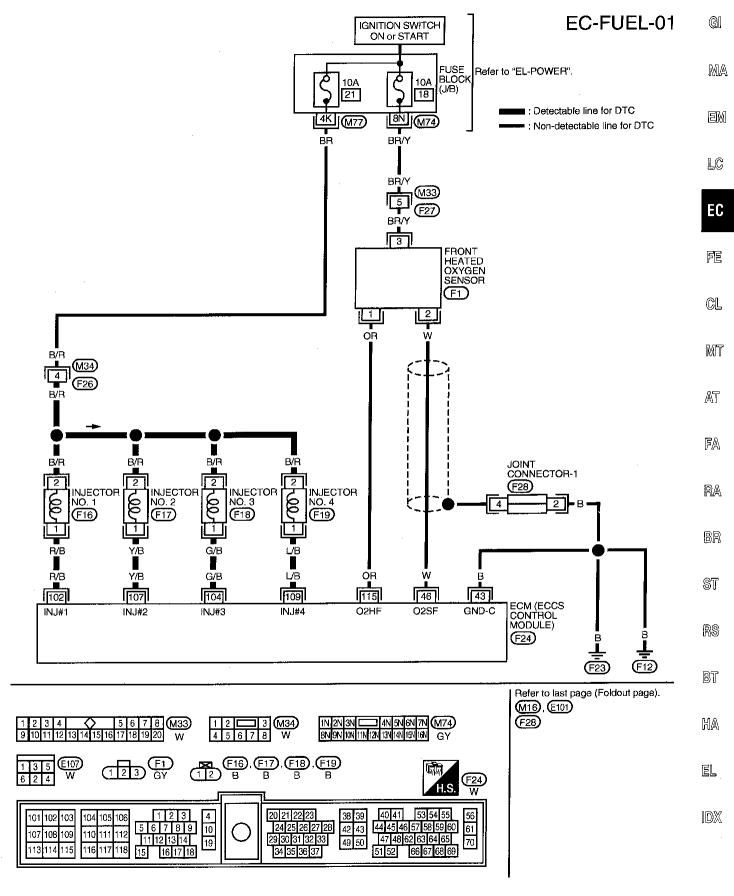


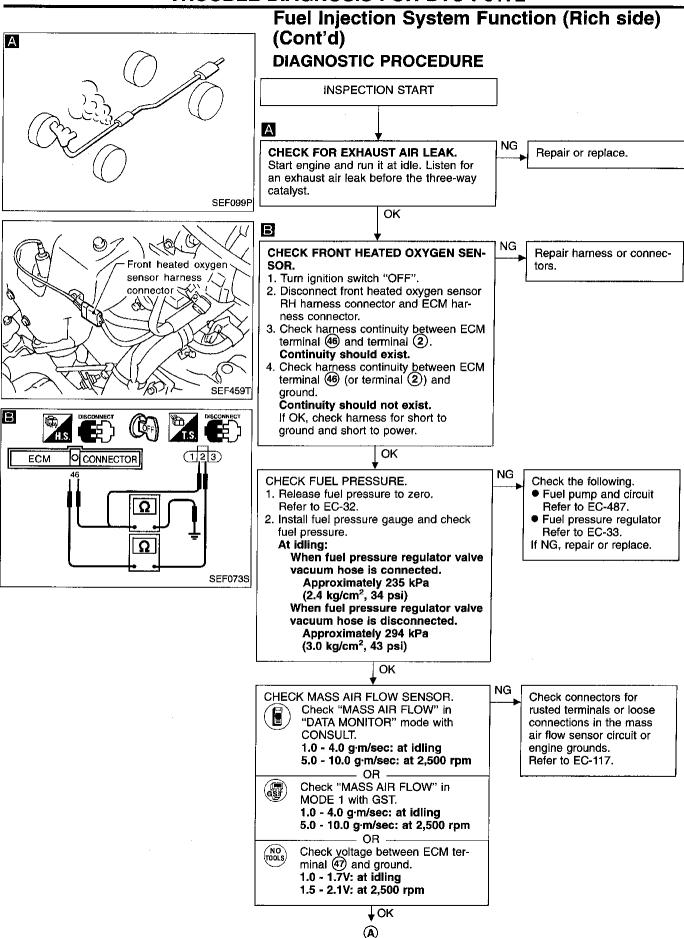
1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

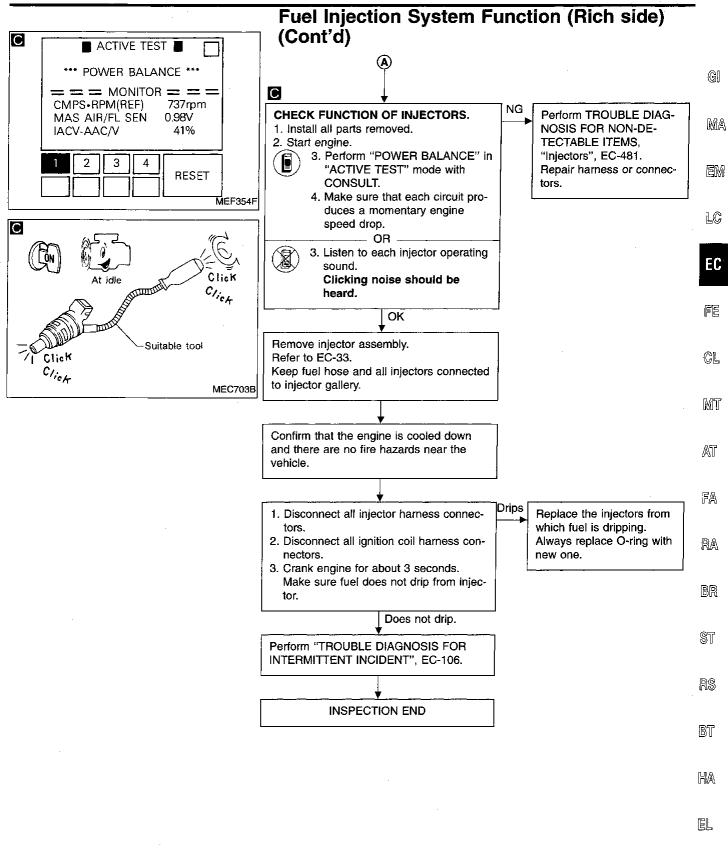
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
 Then restart engine and run it for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
 - The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage if a malfunction exists.
- 10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.
- 11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

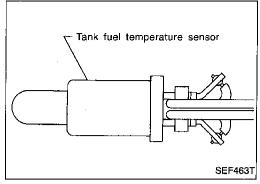




(Go to next page.)



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Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The tank fuel temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

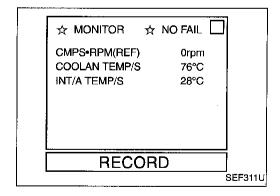
Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (3) (Tank fuel temperature sensor) and engine ground.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

0 20 40 60 80 100 (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Causes)
P0180	An excessively high or low voltage is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors
0402	 Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant tempera- ture sensor and intake air temperature sensor. 	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Tank fuel temperature sensor



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 10 seconds.
 If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.
 If the result is OK, go to following step.

NOTE: If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than 90°C (194°F) before step 4), the result will be

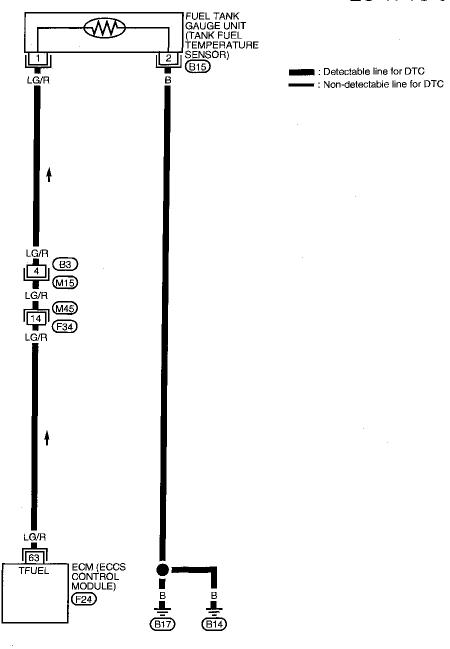
If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already above 90°C (194°F), go to the following step.

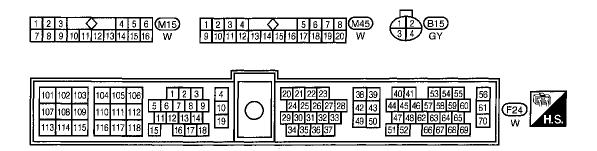
- 4) Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 90°C (194°F).
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.

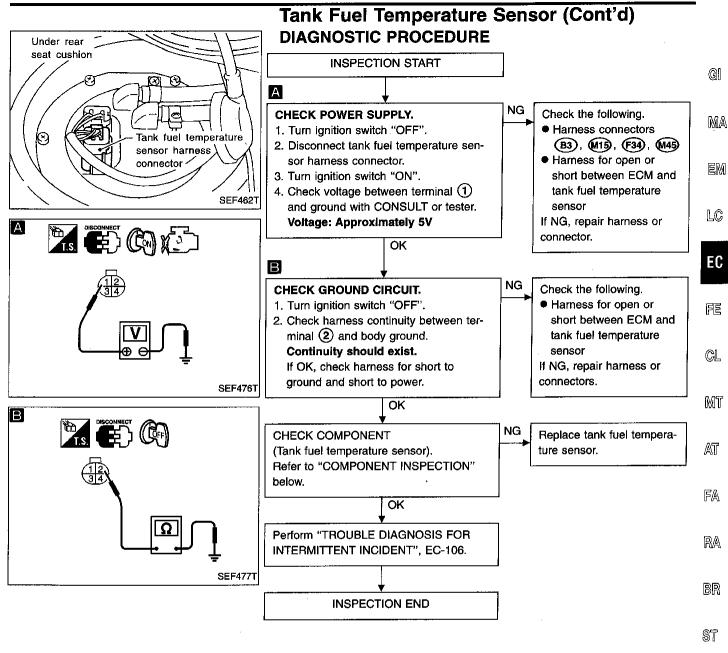
Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)					
		If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-245. OR	_		
	1)	Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.	. Gi		
	2)	Select "MODE 7" with GST. If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.	MA		
	3)	If the result is OK, go to following step. Select "MODE 1" with GST and check for the engine coolant temperature.	EM		
	NO	OTE: If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than	LG		
		90°C (194° F) before step 4), the result will be OK.	£.		
		If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already above 90°C (194° F), go to the following step.	EÇ		
	4)	Cool engine down until the engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F). If the temperature is already less than 90°C (194°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.	FE		
		Wait at least 10 seconds. Select "MODE 7" with GST.	GL		
	7)	If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.	MT		
NO TOOLS	1)	Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.	AT		
	2)	Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".			
	3)	Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.	FA		
		If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245. If the result is OK, go to following step.	RA		
	4)	Check voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and engine ground. If the voltage is more than 1.0V, the result will be OK.	BR		
		If the voltage is less than 1.0V, go to the following step.	ST		
	5)	Cool engine down until the voltage between ECM terminal (a) (Engine coolant temperature) and engine ground becomes more than 1.0V.	RS		
	6)	If the voltage is already more than 1.0V before step 4), the result will be OK. Wait at least 10 seconds.	BT		
		Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds			
	8)		HA		
	9)	results)" with ECM. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.			

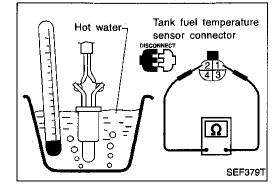
Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-TFTS-01









COMPONENT INSPECTION

Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω	
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7	
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90	

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

RS

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No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If a misfire occurs, the engine speed will fluctuate. If the fluctuation is detected by the crankshaft position sensor (OBD), the misfire is diagnosed.

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine speed	ECM

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

When a misfire is detected which will overheat and damage the three way catalyst, the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) will start blinking; even during the first trip. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire every 200 revolutions.

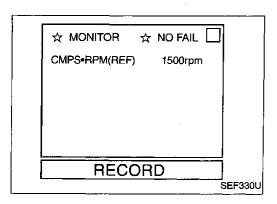
If the misfire frequency decreases to a level that will not damage the three way catalyst, the MIL will change from blinking to lighting up.

(After the 1st trip detection, the MIL will light up from engine starting. If a misfire is detected that will cause three way catalyst damage, the MIL will start blinking.)

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

When a misfire that will not damage the three way catalyst (but will affect exhaust emission) occurs, the malfunction indicator lamp will light up based on two trip detection logic. In this condition, ECM monitors the misfire for every 1,000 revolutions of the engine.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0300 (0701)	Multiple cylinders misfire.	Improper spark plug Insufficient compression
P0301 (0608)	● No. 1 cylinder misfires.	 Incorrect fuel pressure EGR valve The injector circuit is open or shorted Injectors Intake air leak The ignition secondary circuit is open or shorted Lack of fuel Drive plate/Flywheel Front heated oxygen sensor Incorrect distributor rotor
P0302 (0607)	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	
P0303 (0606)	● No. 3 cylinder misfires.	
P0304 (0605)	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	



No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE (Overall)

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Turn ignition switch "ON", and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
 Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
 Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-248.



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
 - Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-248.

 OR



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine again and drive at 1,500 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.
- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-248.

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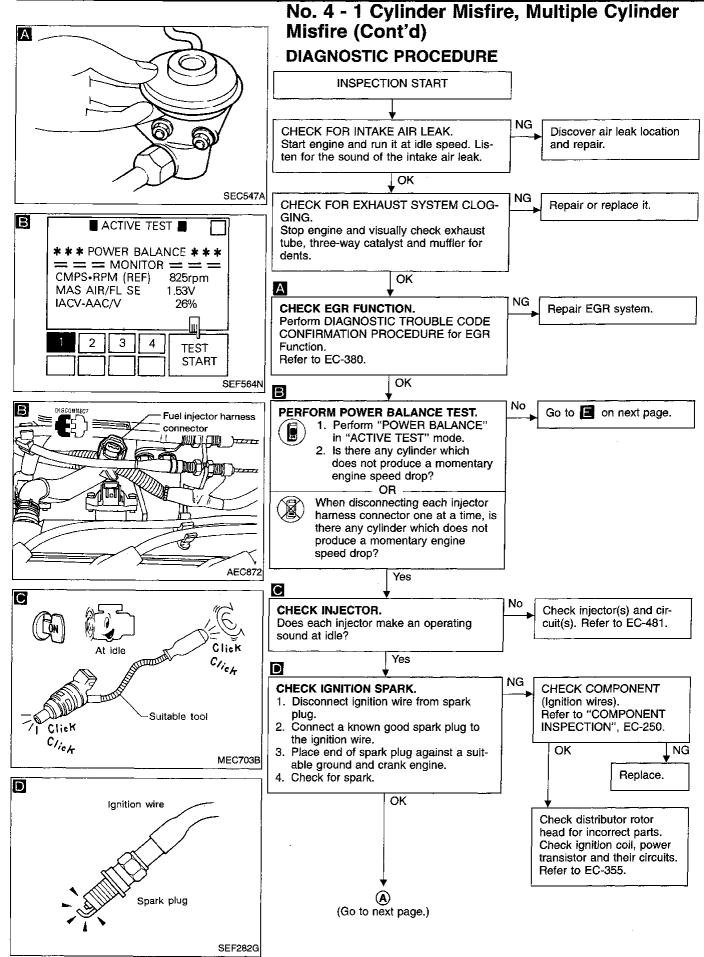
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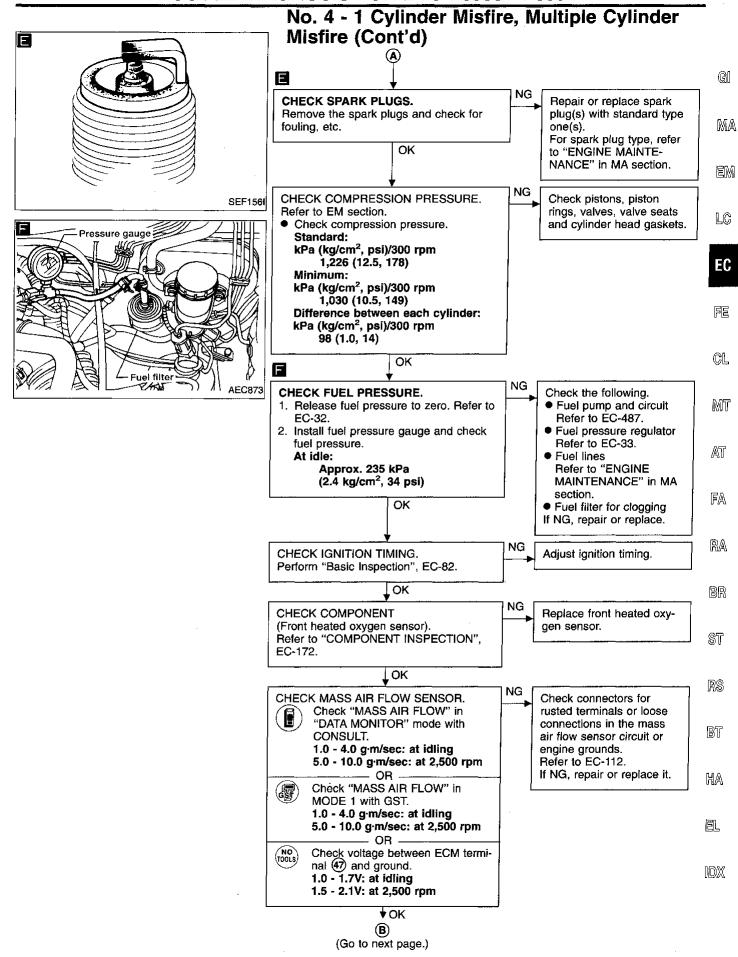
BR

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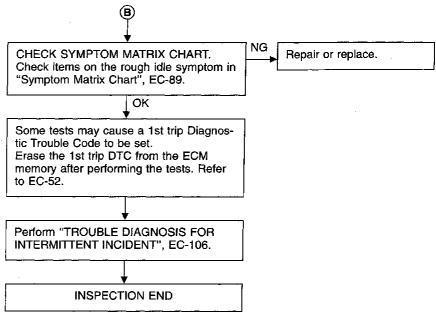
BT

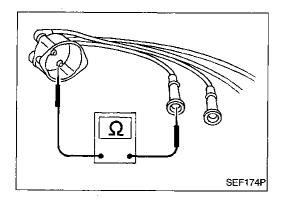
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No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)





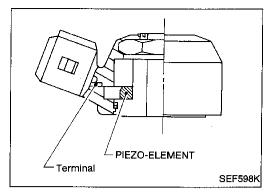
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ignition wires

- Inspect wires for cracks, damage, burned terminals and for improper fit.
- Measure the resistance of wires to their distributor cap terminal. Move each wire while testing to check for intermittent breaks.

Resistance:

13.6 - 18.4 k Ω /m (4.15 - 5.61 k Ω /ft) at 25°C (77°F) If the resistance exceeds the above specification, inspect ignition wire to distributor cap connection. Clean connection or replace the ignition wire with a new one.



Knock Sensor (KS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

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* Freeze frame data will not be stored in the ECM for the knock sensor. The MIL will not light for knock sensor malfunction. The knock sensor has one trip detection logic.

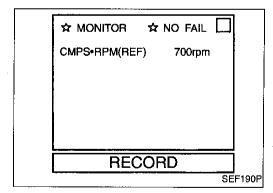
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MiNAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
54	w	Knock sensor	Engine is running. Idle speed	2.0 - 3.0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	AT
P0325 0304	An excessively low or high voltage from the knock sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The knock sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Knock sensor 	FA RA



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If DTC is detected. "DIAGNOSTIC to PROCEDURE", EC-254.

– OR –

- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

- OR -

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Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

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: Detectable line for DTC: Non-detectable line for DTC

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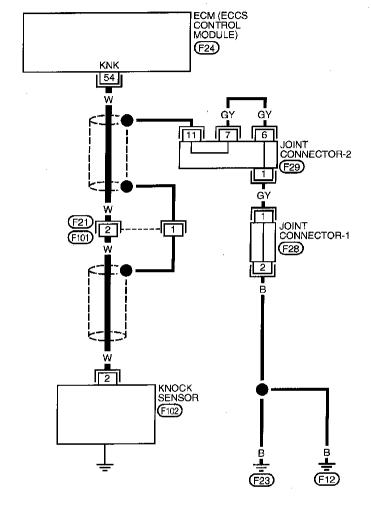
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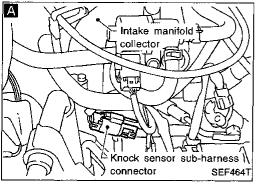
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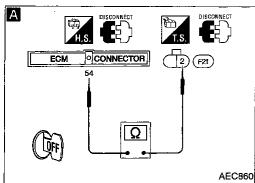
AEC249A

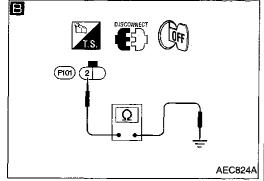
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

F28 F29

Engine ground AEC816







Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-1.

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

- Disconnect ECM harness connector and knock sensor sub-harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between terminal (2) and ECM terminal (54).
 Continuity should exist.
 If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK

Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-2.

В

 Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.

Check harness continuity between knock sensor sub-harness connector terminal ② and engine ground.
 Continuity: Approximately 500 - 620 kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M $\!\Omega_{\rm c}$

OK

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between knock sensor sub-harness connector and knock sensor
- Continuity between sensor body and engine ground

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

 Knock sensor, "COMPO-NENT INSPECTION" below.

If NG, replace knock sensor.

CHECK SHIELD CIRCUIT.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Remove knock sensor harness connector.
- 3. Check the following.
- Continuity between knock sensor harness connector terminal 1 and engine ground
 - Joint connectors-1,2 (Refer to "HARNESS LAYOUT" in EL section.)

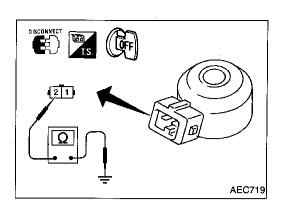
Continuity should exist.

If OK, check harness for short to power.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106.

INSPECTION END

Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Knock sensor

- Use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M Ω .
- 1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminal ② and ground. Resistance: 500 620 kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]

CAUTION:

Discard any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.



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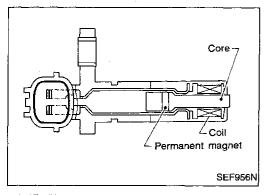
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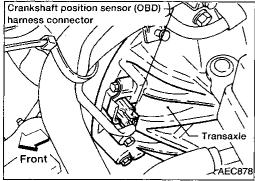
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transaxle housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

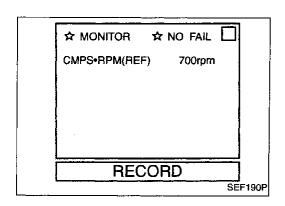
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF643U
53	W	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0335 0802	 The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running at the specified engine speed. 	Harness or connectors (The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) circuit is open.) Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)



Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



(NO TOOLS)

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 10 seconds at idle
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-259. - OR -



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-259.

- OR -



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES", EC-259.

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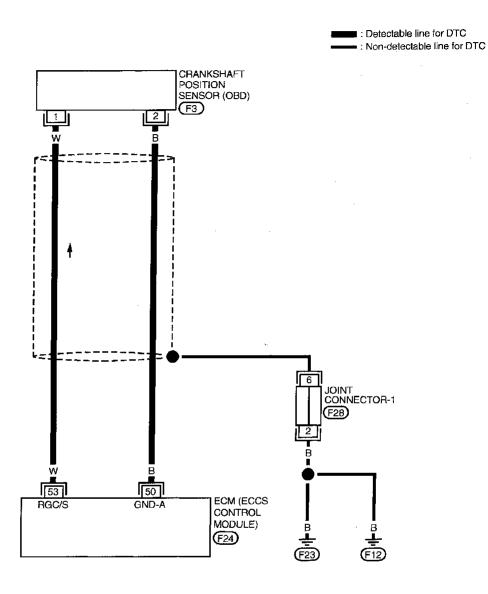
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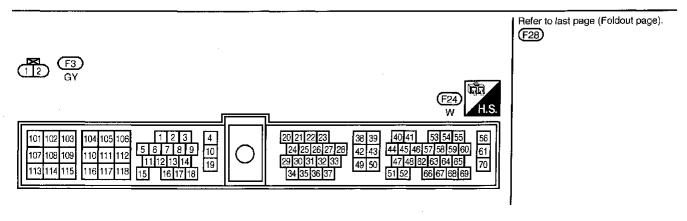
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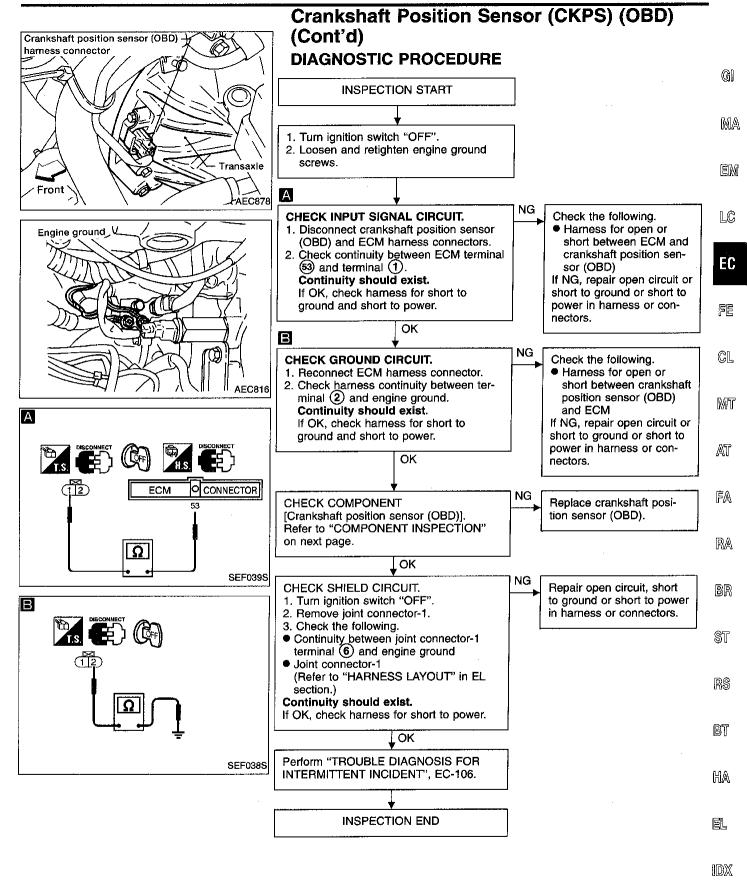
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

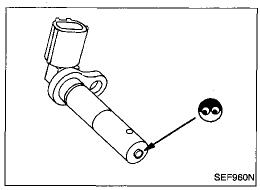
EC-CKPS-01

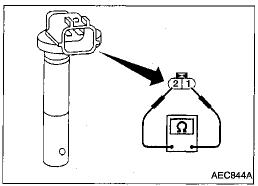






EC-259 421





Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- 5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Resistance:

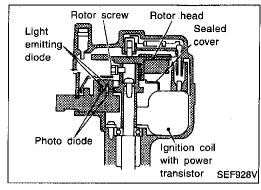
M/T models

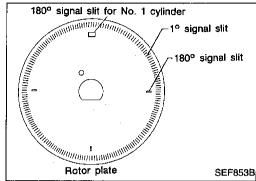
432 - 528Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

A/T models

166.5 - 203.5Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).





Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The camshaft position sensor is a basic component of the engine control system. It monitors engine speed and piston position. These input signals to the ECM are used to control fuel injection, ignition timing and other functions.

The camshaft position sensor has a rotor plate and a wave-forming circuit. The rotor plate has 360 slits for a 1° (POS) signal and 4 slits for a 180° (REF) signal. The wave-forming circuit consists of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) and photo diodes.

The rotor plate is positioned between the LED and the photo diode. The LED transmits light to the photo diode. As the rotor plate turns, the slits cut the light to generate rough-shaped pulses. These pulses are converted into on-off signals by the wave-forming circuit and sent to the ECM.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap and rotor head.

NOTE:

The rotor screw which secures the distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be tightened properly.

⊚: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m (0.34 - 0.40 kg-m, 29.5 - 34.7 in-lb)

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	
40	L	Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T	R
44	L	(Reference signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.1 - 0.4V (V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF200T	

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Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

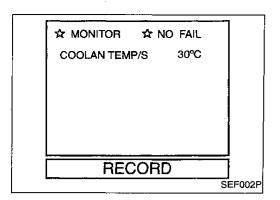
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
		Camshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF195T
41	B/W	(Position signal)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V (V) 10 5 0.2ms SEF196T
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0340 0101	A) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking.	Harness or connectors (The camshaft position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
	B) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM often enough while the engine speed is higher than the specified engine speed.	 Camshaft position sensor Starter motor (Refer to EL section.) Starting system circuit (Refer to EL section.) Dead (Weak) battery
	C) The relation between 1° and 180° signal is not in the normal range during the specified engine speed.	

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B and C".



Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

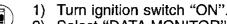
NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

- OR ·



2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.



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Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

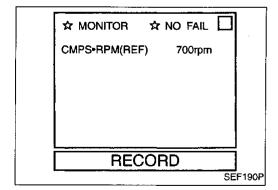


Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC" PROCEDURE", EC-266.



Procedure for malfunction B and C

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

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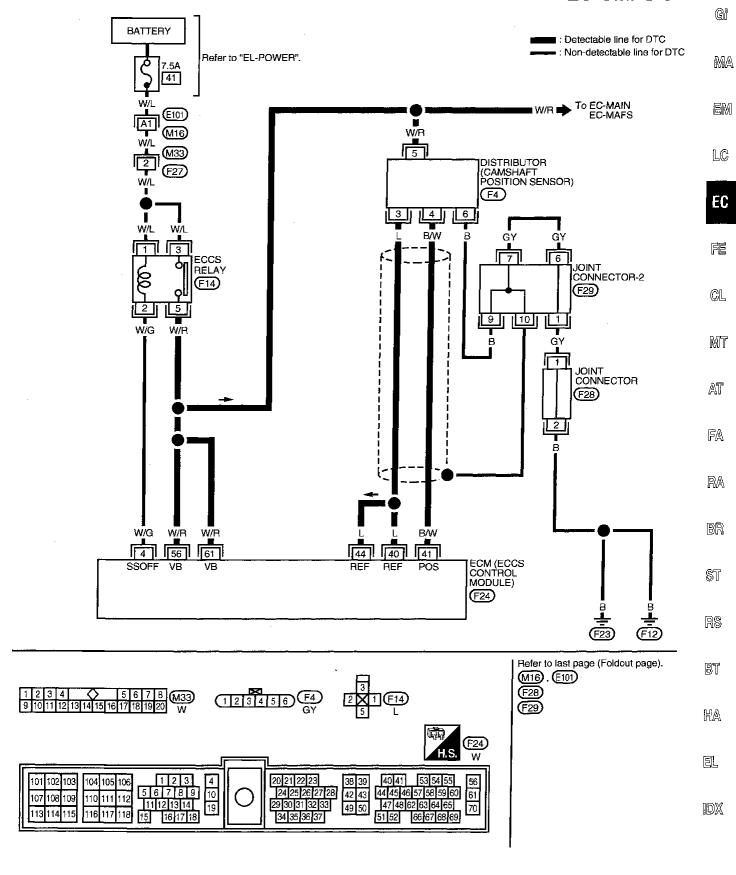
Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

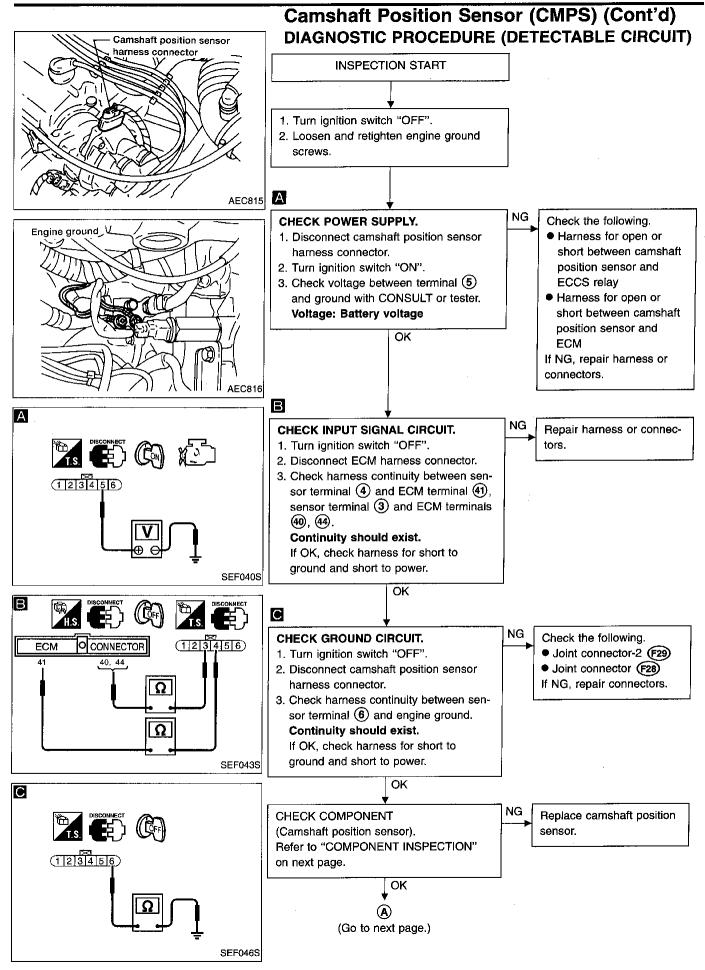


- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

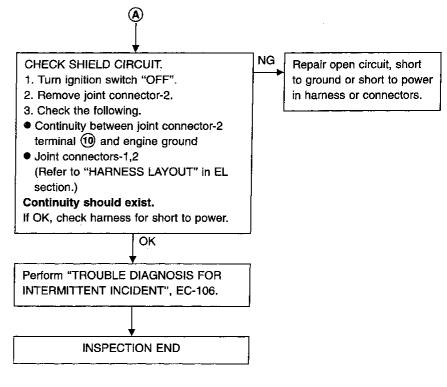
Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

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Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)



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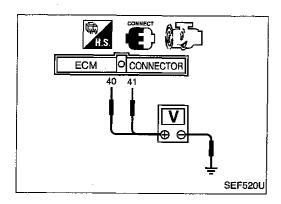
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Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Camshaft position sensor

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals (40), (41) and engine ground.

Terminal @ and engine ground

Condition	Idle	2,000 rpm
Voltage	0.1 - 0.4V	0.1 - 0.4V
Pulse signal	(V) 10 5 0 10ms SEF199T	(V) 10 5 0 10ms

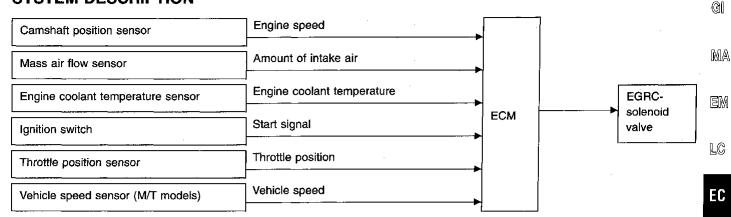
Terminal (1) and engine ground

Condition	Idle	2,000 rpm
Voltage	Approximately 2.5V	Approximately 2.4V
Pulse signal	(V) 10 5 0 0.2ms	(V) 10 5 0 0.2ms

If NG, replace distributor assembly with camshaft position sensor.

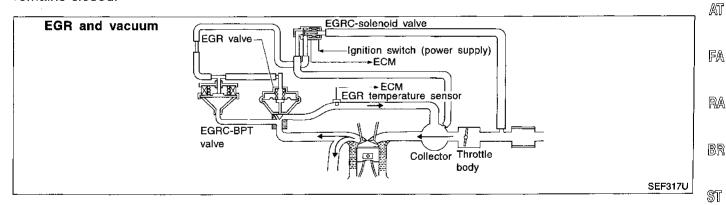
EGR Function (Close)

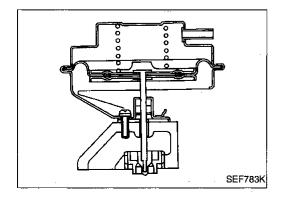
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current through the solenoid valve is cut. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 20 seconds after starting engine





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

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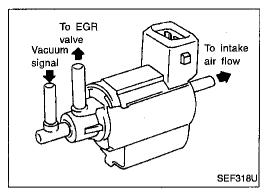
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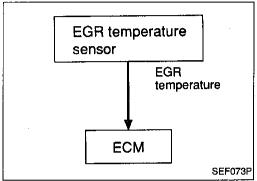
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EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

EGRC-solenoid valve

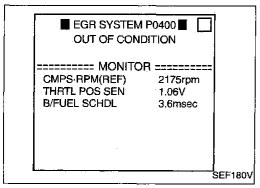
The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold collector to the EGR valve.

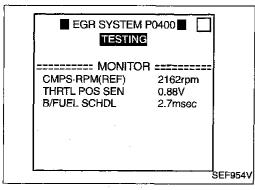


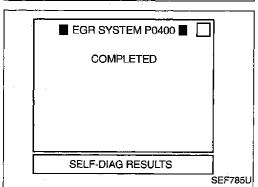
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0400	No EGR flow is detected under conditions that call	● EGR valve stuck closed
0302	for EGR.	● EGRC-BPT valve
		Vacuum hose
		EGRC-solenoid valve
	•	● EGR passage
		EGR temperature sensor
		Exhaust gas leaks







EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

 If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

 P0400 will not be displayed at "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT even though DTC work support

test result is "NG".

TESTING CONDITION:

For best results, perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).

1) Turn ignition switch "ON"

2) Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

Confirm COOLAN TEMP/S value is within the range listed below.

COOLANT TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

 Start engine and let it idle monitoring "COOLAN TEMP/S" value. When the "COOLAN TEMP/S" value reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.

4) Select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

5) Touch "START".

6) Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle with engine running. If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT screen, go to step 9).

If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.

7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at RS closed throttle position) and note it.

8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds or more.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,000 rpm (A/T) 1,900 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2 - 3.75 msec (A/T) 2.5 - 3.75 msec (M/T)

THRTL POS SEN: (X) - (X + 0.57) V (A/T)

(X) – (X + 0.92) V (M/T) X = Voltage value measured at

X = Voltage value measure step 7)

Selector lever: Suitable position

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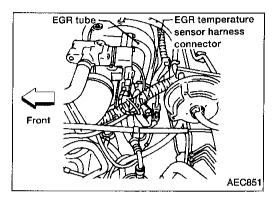
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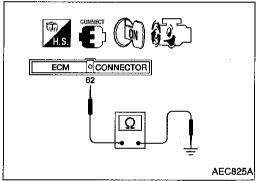
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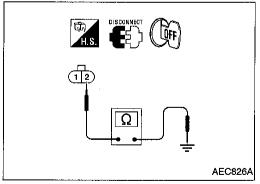
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

9) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-274.







OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall EGR function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



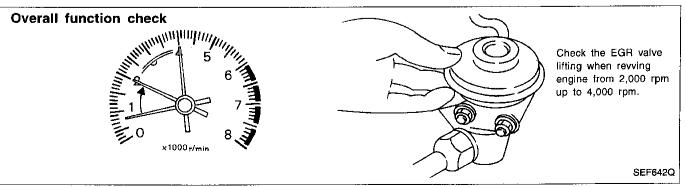
- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check the EGR valve lifting when revving engine from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm in 1st shift position.
 EGR valve should lift up and down without sticking.

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-274.

- Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground at idle speed.
 Less than 4.5V should exist.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 6) Disconnect EGR temperature sensor harness connector.
- 7) Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ② and engine ground.

Continuity should exist.

8) Perform "COMPONENT INSPECTION", "EGR temperature sensor". Refer to EC-277.



EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

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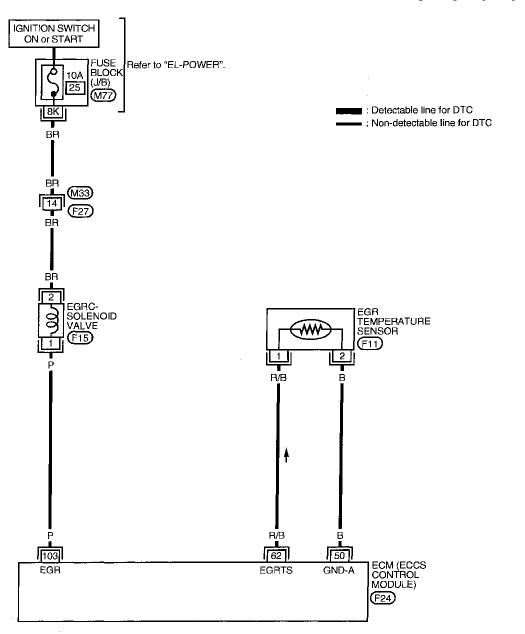
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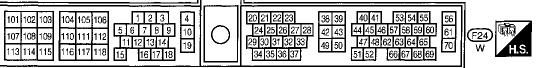
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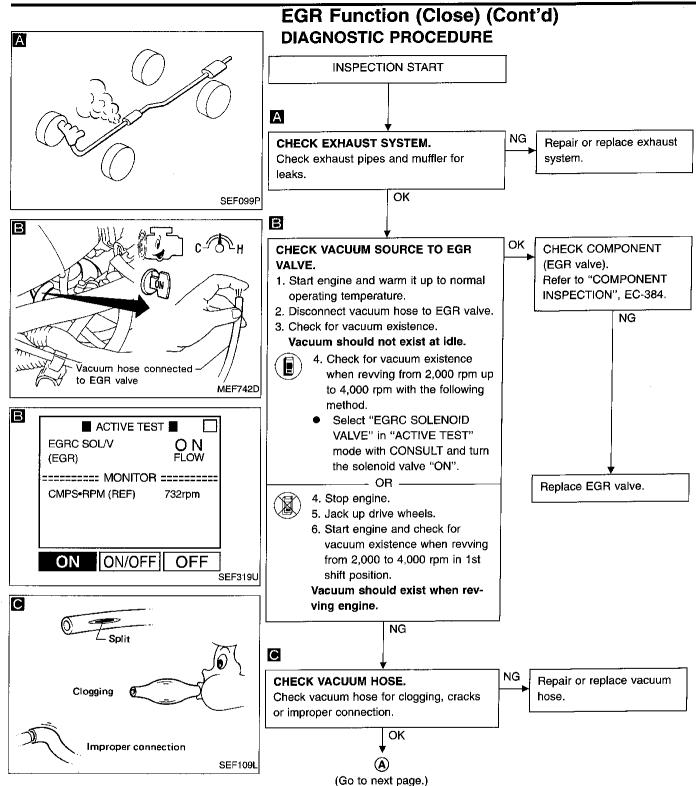
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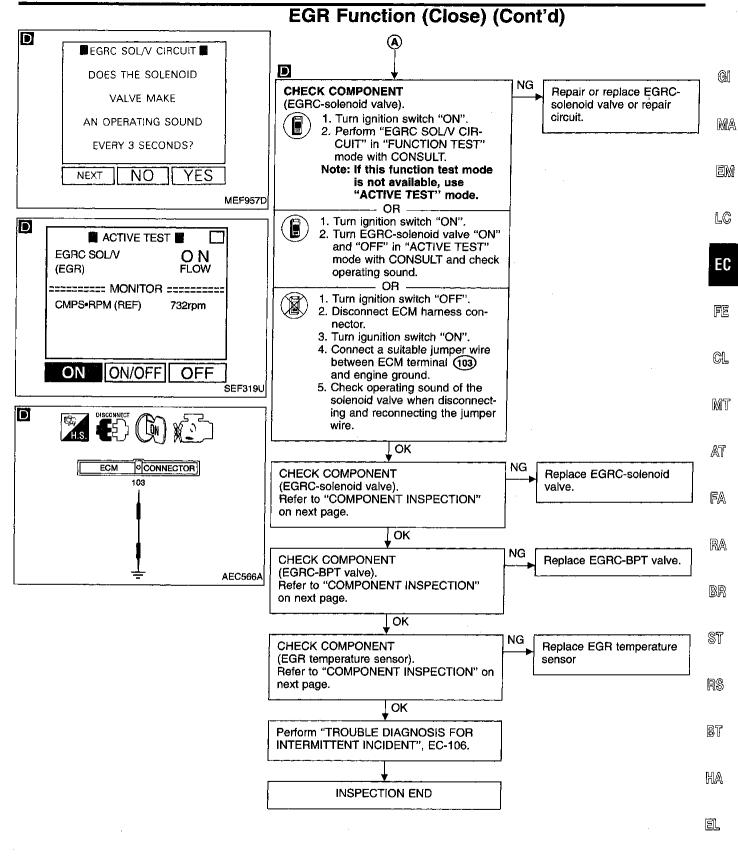
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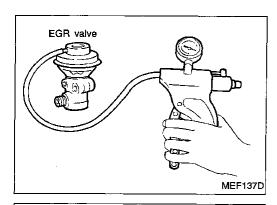








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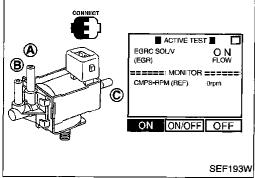
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

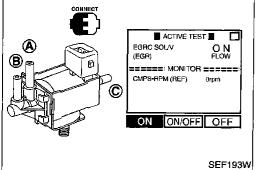
EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

Check for sticking. If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.





EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

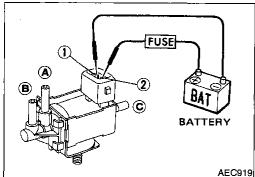
Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR



passage Air passage
ntinuity continuity (A) and (B) between (A) and (C)
Yes No
No Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRCsolenoid valve.



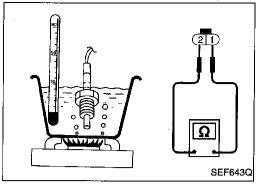
EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

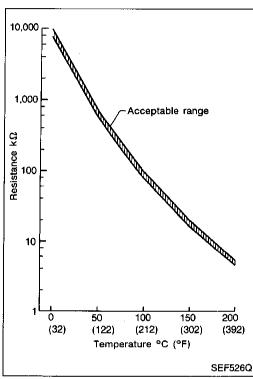
EGR temperature sensor

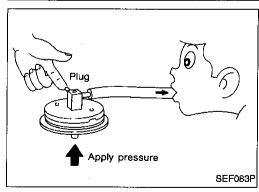
Check resistance change and resistance value.

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage (V)	Resistance $(M\Omega)$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.







EGRC-BPT valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.

 Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.

3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

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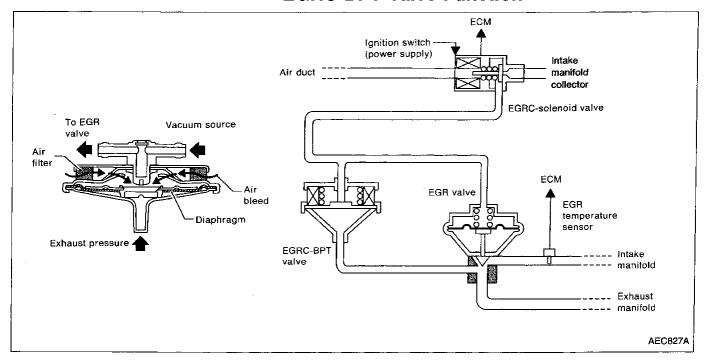
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function



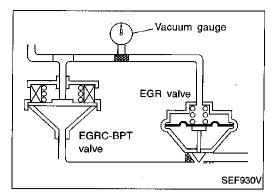
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

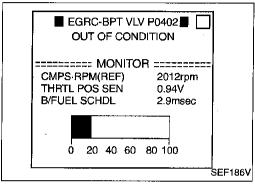
The EGRC-BPT valve monitors exhaust pressure to activate the diaphragm, controlling throttle body vacuum applied to the EGR valve. In other words, recirculated exhaust gas is controlled in response to positioning of the EGR valve or to engine operation.

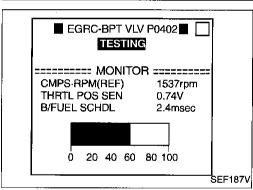
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

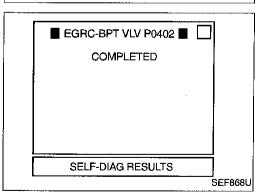
If too much EGR flow exists due to an EGRC-BPT valve malfunction, off idle engine roughness will increase. If the roughness is large, then the vacuum to the EGR valve is interrupted through the EGRC-solenoid valve. If the engine roughness is reduced at that time, the EGRC-BPT valve malfunction is indicated.

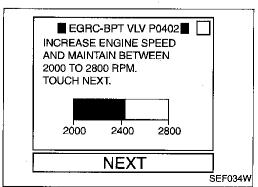
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0402 0306	● The EGRC-BPT valve does not operate properly.	 EGRC-BPT valve EGR valve Loose or disconnected rubber tube Blocked rubber tube Camshaft position sensor Blocked exhaust system Orifice Mass air flow sensor EGRC-solenoid valve











EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

For best results, perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



EGR valve as shown in the illustration. 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-

1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and

perature.

3) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGRC-BPT/V P0402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.

5) Start engine and let it idle.

Touch "START".

7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.

8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen and the bar chart may increase. Maintain the conditions many times until "COMPLETED" appears.

Selector lever: Suitable position

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,000 rpm (A/T)

2,200 - 2,600 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 30 - 60 km/h (19 - 37 MPH) (A/T)

30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH) (M/T)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.3 - 2.9 msec (A/T)

1.6 - 2.2 msec (M/T)

THRTL POS SEN: (X + 0.15) - (X + 0.41) V (A/T)

(X + 0.25) - (X + 0.38) V (M/T)X = Voltage value measured at

step 6)

The bar chart on CONSULT screen indicates the status of this test. However, the test may be finished before the bar chart becomes full scale.

If the bar chart indication does not continue to progress, completely release accelerator pedal once and try to meet the conditions again.

If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT screen, retry from step 2).

9) If CONSULT instructs to carry out "OVERALL FUNC-TION CHECK", go to next step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-281.

10) Open engine hood.

11) Raise engine speed to 2,000 - 2,400 rpm under noload and hold it. Then touch "NEXT" of CONSULT screen.

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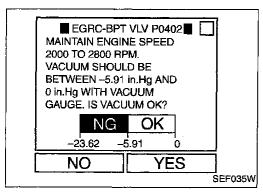
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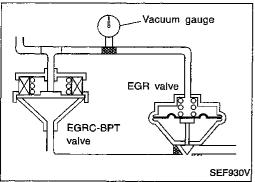
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EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

12) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed at $2,400 \pm 400 \text{ rpm}.$

Vacuum should be 0 to -150 mmHg (0 to -5.91 inHg).

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-281.

If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

13) Check rubber tube between intake manifold collector. EGR-solenoid valve, EGR valve and EGRC-BPT valve for cracks, blockages or twists.

If NG, repair or replace.

If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT screen.

OR -**OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGRC-BPT valve. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and EGR valve as shown in the figure at left.
- 2) Lift up vehicle.
- Start engine and shift to 1st gear or 1 position.
- 4) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed at 2000 - 2800 rpm.

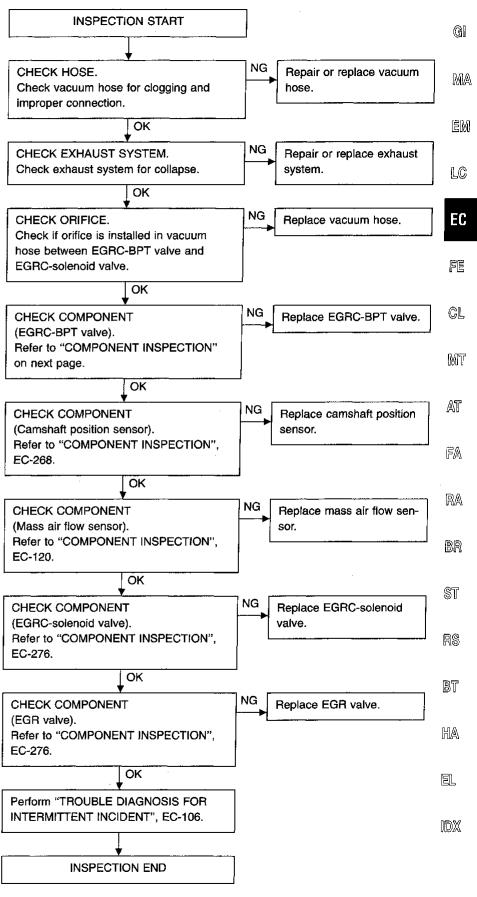
Vacuum should be 0 to -150 mmHg (0 to -5.91 inHq).

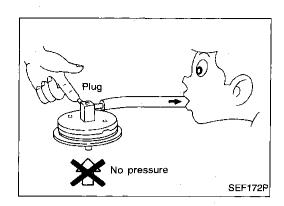
If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-281.

If OK, go to next step.

5) Check rubber tube between intake manifold collector, EGRC-solenoid valve and EGRC-BPT valve for misconnection, cracks or blockages. If NG, repair or replace.

EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

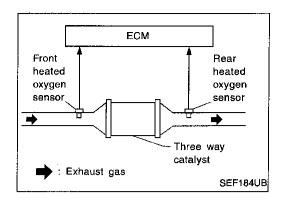




EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

EGRC-BPT valve

- Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
 Vacuum from the other port and check leakage without applying any pressure from under EGR-BPT valve. Leakage should exist.



Three Way Catalyst Function

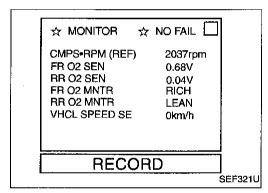
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

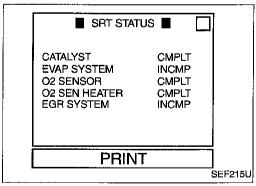
The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors.

A three way catalyst with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of rear heated oxygen sensor. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0420	Three way catalyst does not operate properly.	● Three way catalyst
0702	Three way catalyst does not have enough oxygen storage	● Exhaust tube
	capacity.	● Intake air leaks
		● Injectors
		• Injector leaks
		Spark plug
		 Improper ignition timing





DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED", then select "FR O2 SENSOR", "RR O2 SENSOR", "FR O2 MNTR", "RR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT screen with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constantly under no load.
- Make sure that the switching frequency between "RICH" and "LEAN" of "RR O2 MNTR" is much less than that of "FR O2 MNTR" as shown below. Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

Front heated oxygen sensor switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, the three way catalyst is not operating properly.

If the "FR O2 MNTR" does not indicate "RICH" and "LEAN" periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4), perform TROUBLE **DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0133 first.**

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Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE", EC-285.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

- 5) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 84 to 96 km/h (52 to 60 MPH) with the following for at least 12 consecutive minutes.

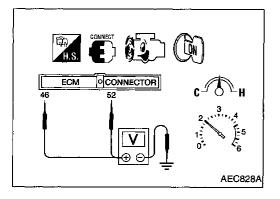
(Drive the vehicle in an area where vehicle speed and accelerator pressure can be held steady and constant.)

M/T: 5th position

A/T: D position ("OD" ON)

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE", EC-285.
7) Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION"

- mode with CONSULT.
- 8) Verify that "CATALYST" is "CMPLT". If not "CMPLT", repeat the test from step 5).



OR ·

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst.

During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminal 46 (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and ECM terminal (52) (rear heated oxygen sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- 5) Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminal (22) and engine ground is much less than that of ECM terminal 🚳 and engine around.

Switching frequency ratio =

Rear heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

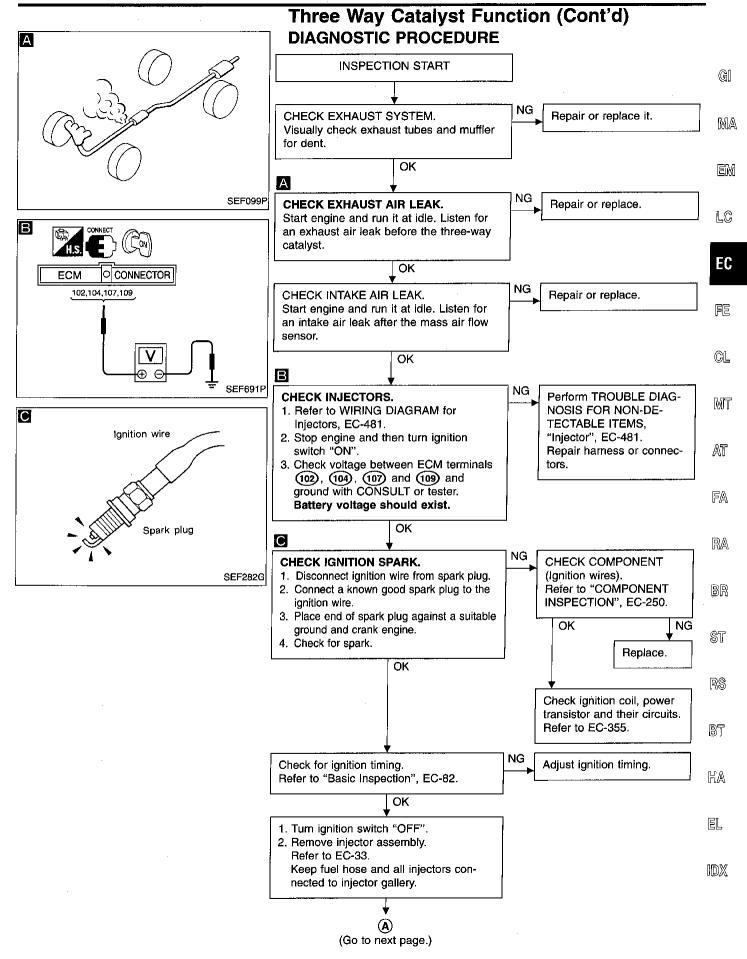
Front heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, it means three-way catalyst does not operate properly.

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-285.

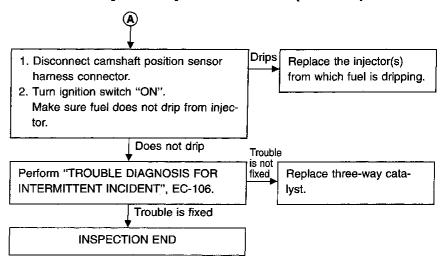
Note: If the voltage at terminal 46 does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4), perform TROUBLE DIAGNO-SIS FOR DTC P0133 first. (See EC-182.)



EC-285

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Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure)

Note: If DTC P0440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-421.)

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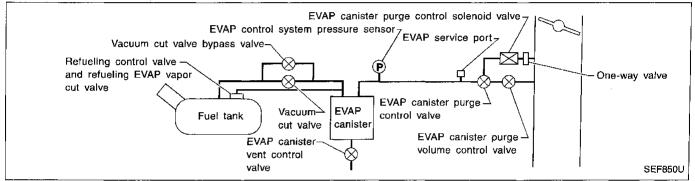
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ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge control valve under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

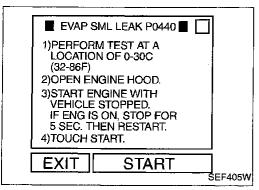
The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge control valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve is opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve will be closed.

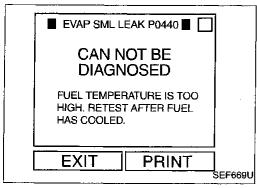


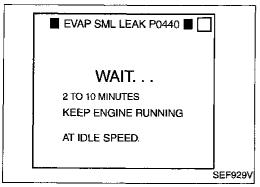
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	- F/
P0440 0705	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP 	- R/
		 canister purge control valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. 	8
		 EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system 	\$1
		pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge control valve	R
		 EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve and the circuit Absolute pressure sensor 	BT
		 Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and the circuit Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve 	HA
		 O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. 	EL
		 EVAP control system pressure sensor Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve ORVR system leaks 	ID)

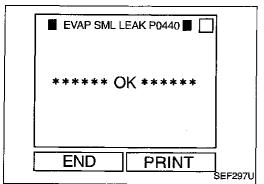
CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MiL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If DTC P0440 is displayed with and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-421.)
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Check that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 60°C (32 140°F)
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

NOTE:

- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest. (Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)
- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT screen, go to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.
- The engine idle portion of this test (see illustration at left) will take approximately 5 minutes.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

 If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290.

 OR

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- Stop vehicle.
- 4) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern".
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-412.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290.
- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-389.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

 OR

NOTE:

- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- Stop vehicle.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290.

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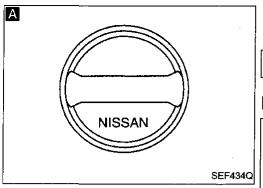
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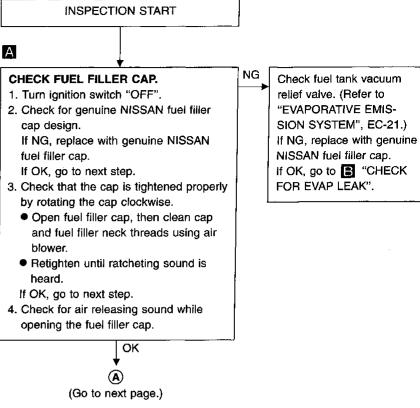
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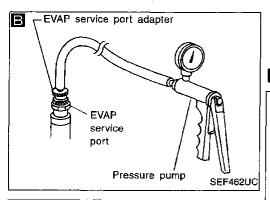
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





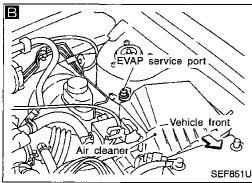
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN.

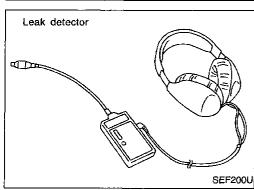
NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP!

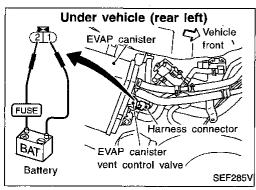
DO NOT START ENGINE.

TOUCH START.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)



CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

 Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.

 Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.

 Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

 Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.



 Turn ignition switch "ON".
 Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.

Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.

Remove adapter and pressure pump.

 Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-24.



2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".

 Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)

 Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12V until the end of test.)

 Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and service port adapter.

 Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-24.



NG Repair or replace.

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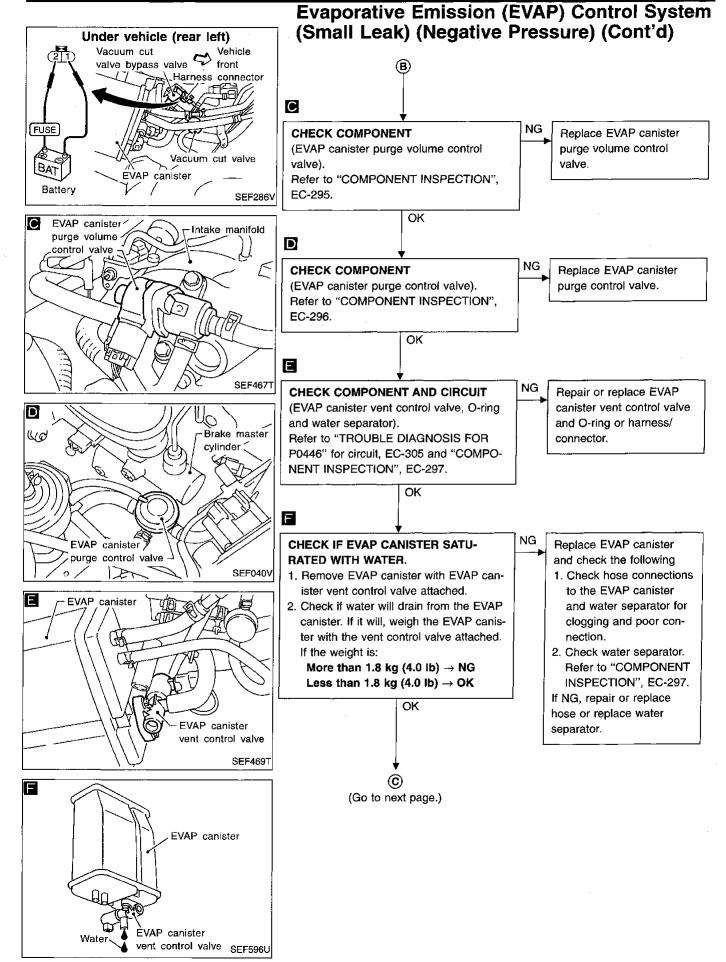
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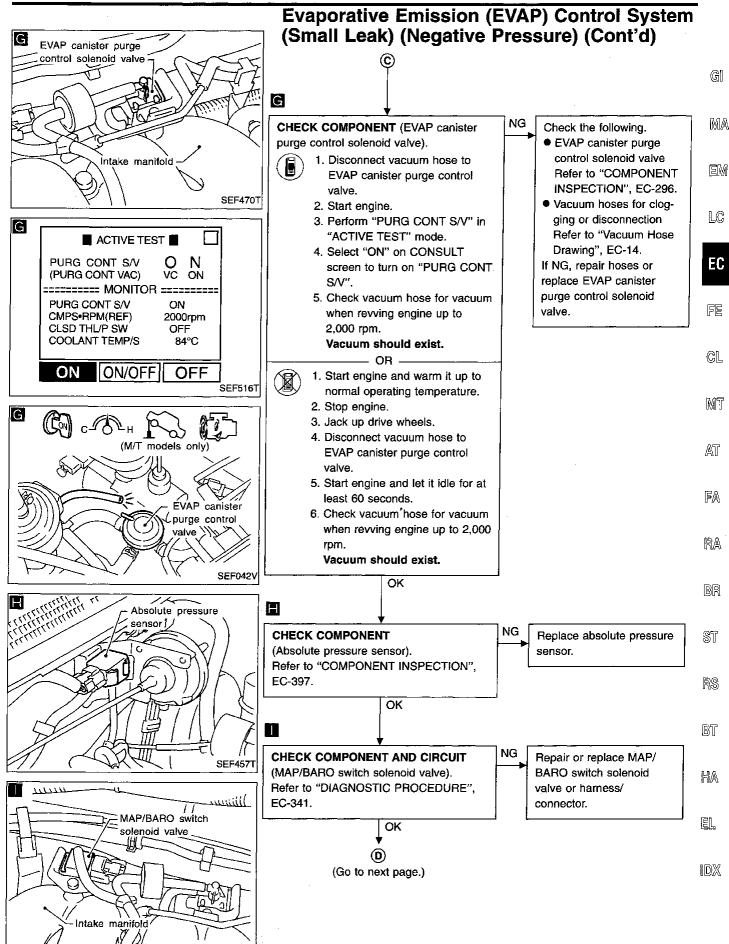
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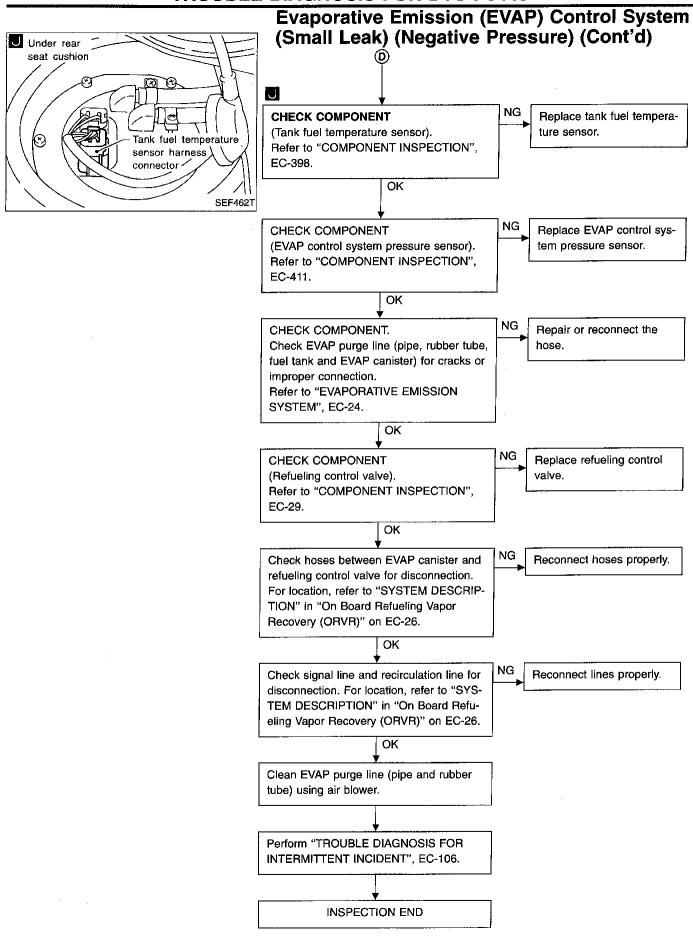
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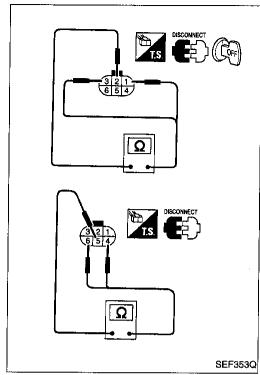
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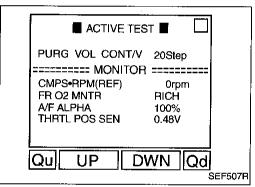


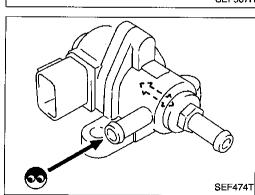


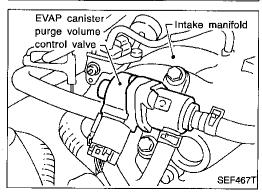
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal 2 and terminals 1, 3 terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6) Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector. 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve
- from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve. (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol
 - ume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON". 6. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve open-
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- OR -1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal (2) and terminals (1), (3) terminal (5) and terminals (4), (6)

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve. (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol-
- ume control valve harness connector should remain connected.) 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that
- EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

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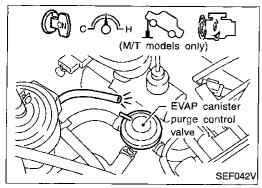
RS

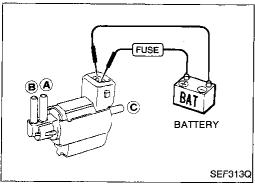
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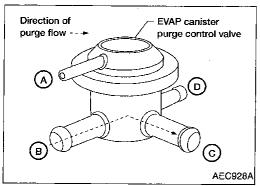
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ACTIVE TEST PURG CONT S/V Ν (PURG CONT VAC) VC ON :===== MONITOR ==== PURG CONT S/V ON CMPS•RPM(REF) 2000rpm CLSD THL/P SW OFF COOLANT TEMP/S 84°C ON ON/OFF OFF SEF516T







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve



- 1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idie	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1st gear position (M/T models)	Exist

OR



Check air passage continuity.

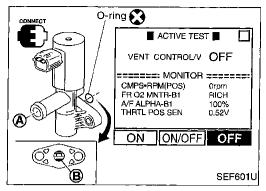
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

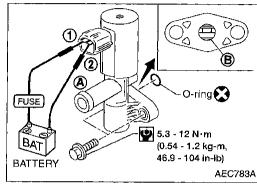
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- 1. Blow air in port (a) and (c) and ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Plug port (1) and blow air in port (8). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (c).
- 3. Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (c).
- Apply vacuum to port (a) [approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)].
 - Plug port (a) and blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (b).
 - Plug port (B) and blow air in port (C) and ensure free flow out of port (D).





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

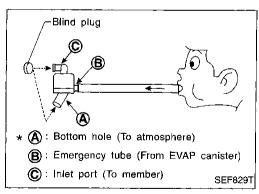
OR

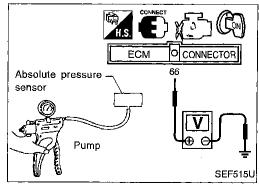
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.





Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (a) and (c) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.

The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.

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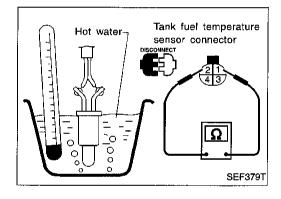
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

4. Use pump to apply vacuum pressure of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 \check{V} lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



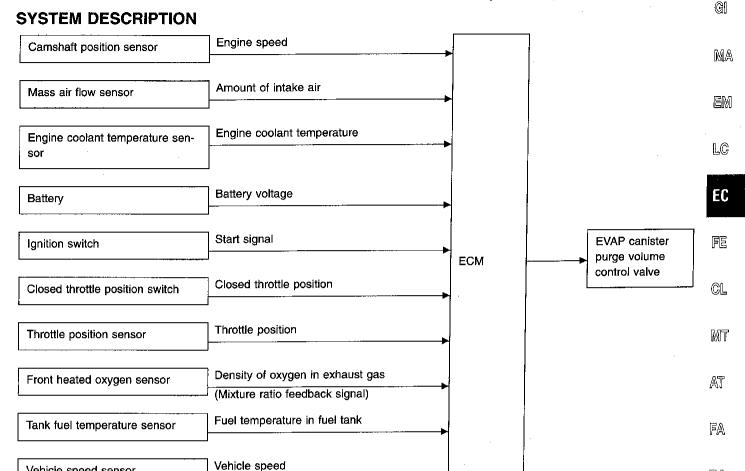
Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

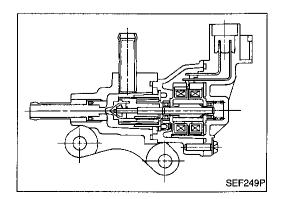
Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Circuit)



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



Vehicle speed sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	● Engine: After warming up	Idle	0 step
PURG VOL C/V	 Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Lift up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
5	L	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0 - 0.4V
6	G	ume control valve	ldle speed	0 - 0.44
16	Y	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE
17	OR	ume control valve	L Idle speed	(11 - 14V)
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0443 1008	 An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve. 	 Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge volume control valve

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V with ignition switch "ON".

- OR ·

- OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-303.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-303.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-303.

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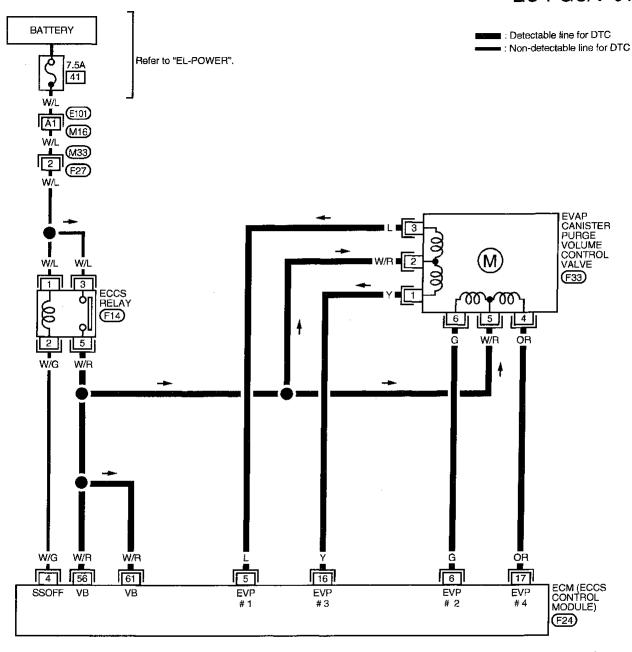
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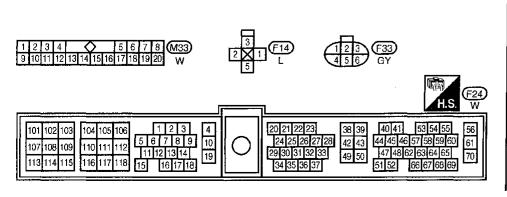
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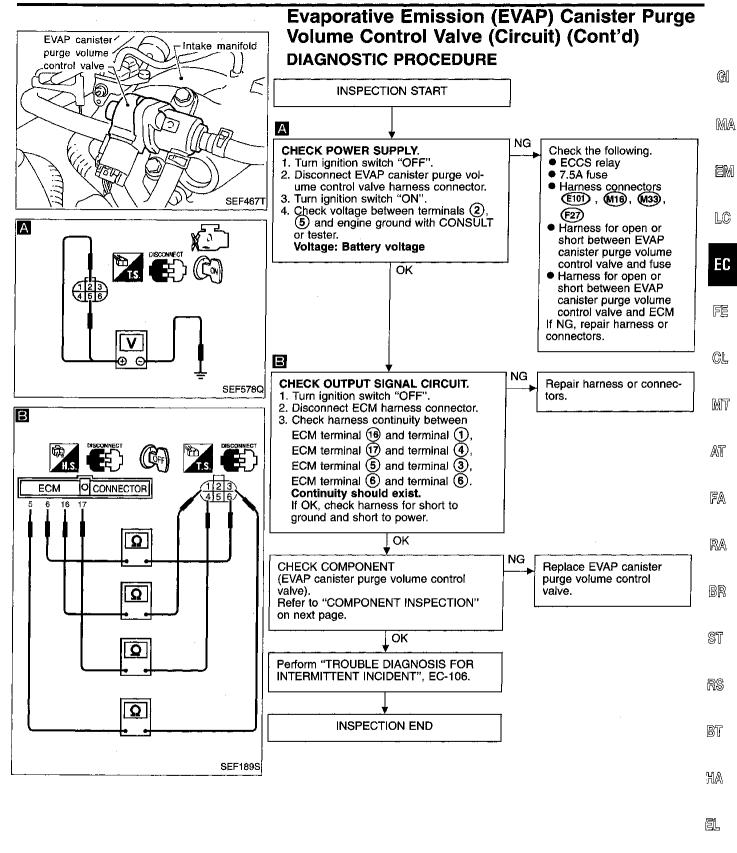
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

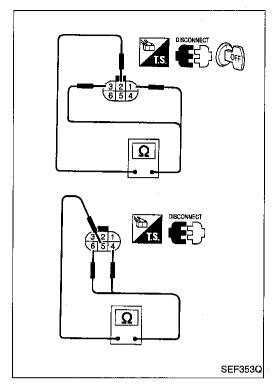
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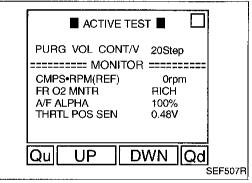


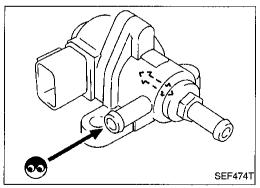


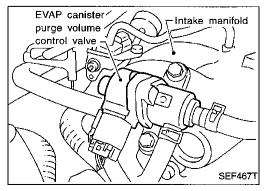
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal 2 and terminals 1, 3

terminal 5 and terminals 4, 6

Resistance:

Approximately 35-43 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



- OR -

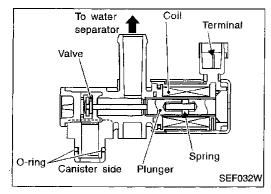
- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

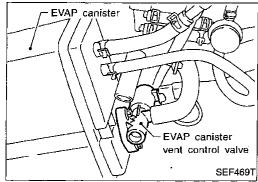
Resistance:

Approximately 35-43 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	• Ignition switch: ON	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

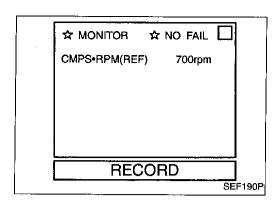
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch "ON"]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

			RS
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	BT
P0446 0903	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	Harness or connectors (EVAP canister vent control valve circuit is open or	L) U
		shorted.) • EVAP canister vent control valve	hA

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

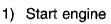
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V with ignition switch "ON".



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-308.



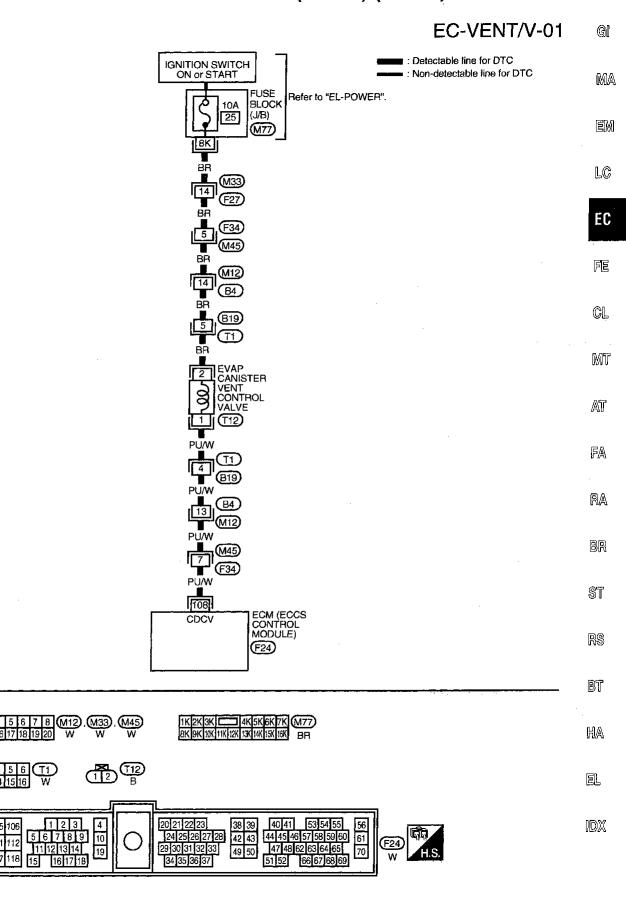
Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

– OR :

- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-308.

- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
 - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 8 seconds and then turn "ON".
 - 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
 - 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-308.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)



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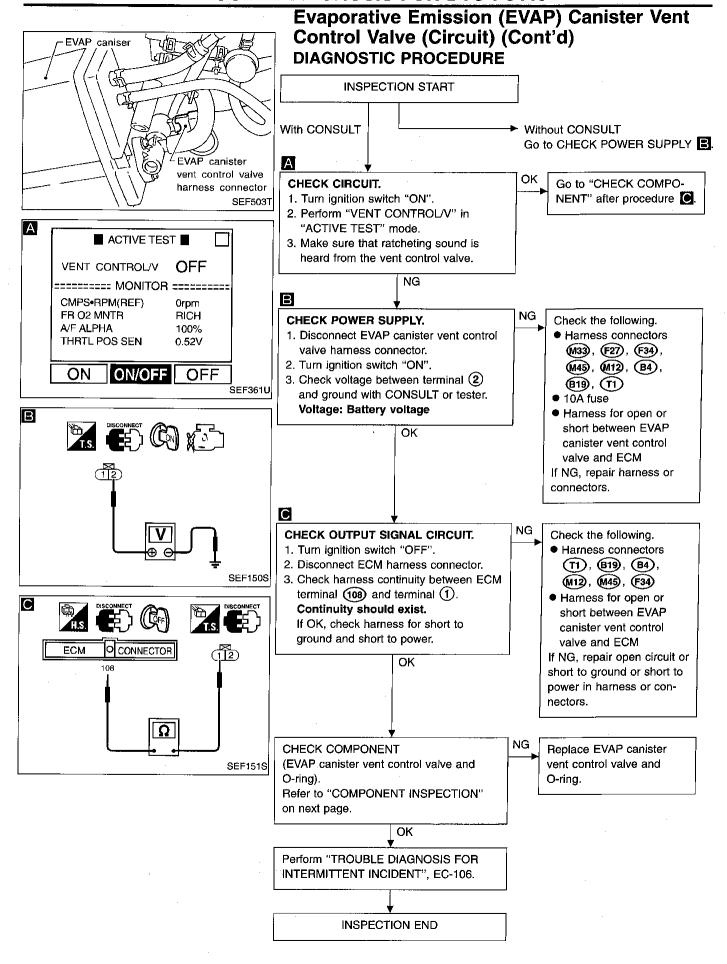
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107 108 109

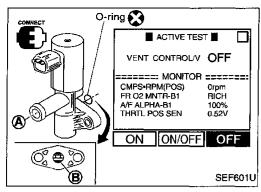
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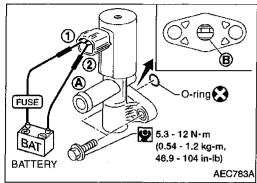
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No supply





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON.	No
OFF	Yes

OR

Condition

Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)

12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)

No

Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

if the portion [®] is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

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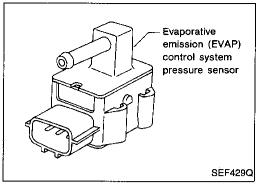
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4.5 > 4.5 > 8 3.5 10 0.5 0 -9.3 (-70, -2.76, -1.35) (+30, +1.18, +0.58) Pressure kPa (mmHg, inHg, psi) (Relative to atmospheric pressure) SEF954S

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases. The EVAP control system pressure sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 3.4V

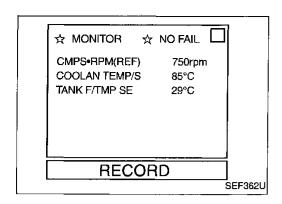
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
49	P/L	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	w	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Gode No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0450 0704	An improper voltage signal from EVAP control system pressure sensor is sent to ECM.	 Harness or connectors (The EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Rubber hose to EVAP control system pressure is clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection. EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP canister Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Make sure that "TANK F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.

- OR -

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-313.



TOOLS

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check that voltage between ECM terminal 63 and engine ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-313.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-313.

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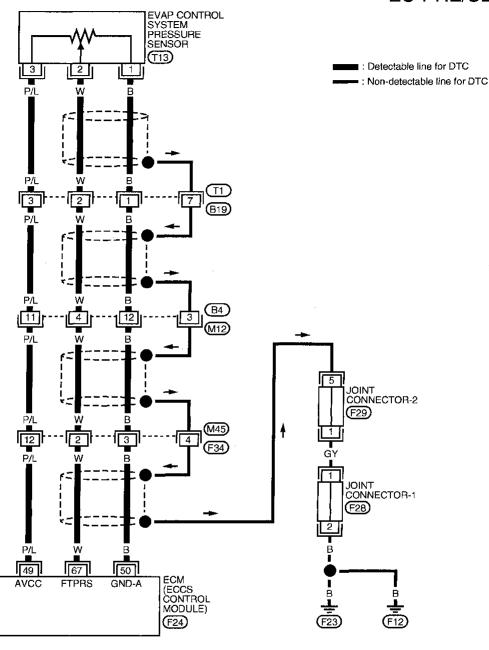
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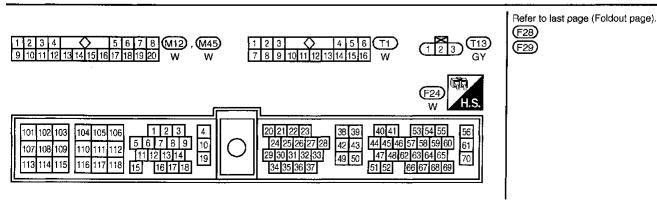
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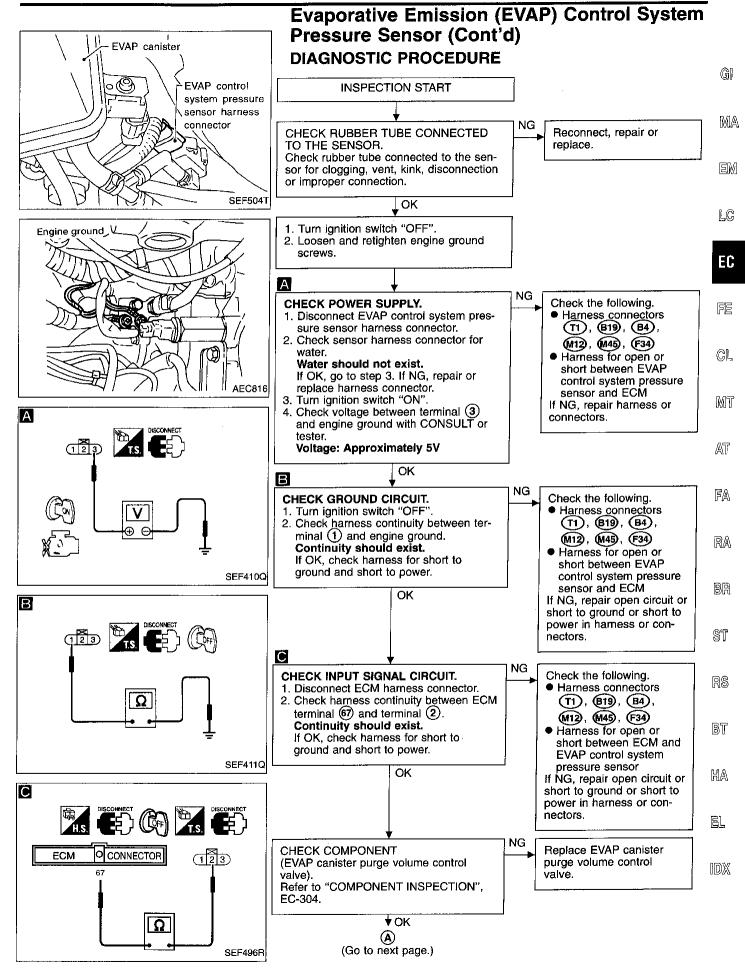
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

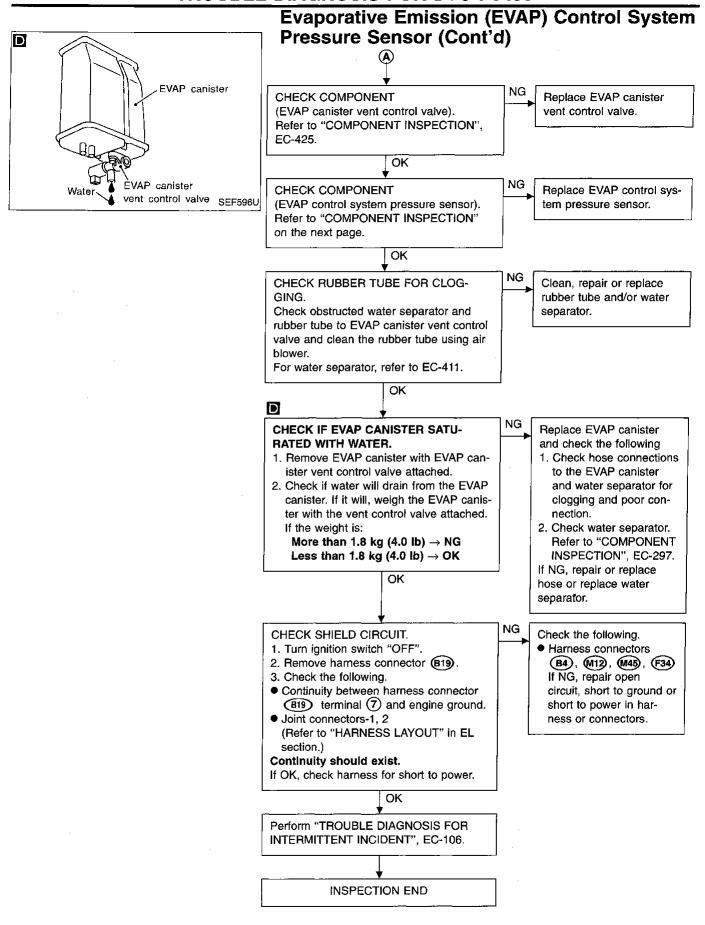
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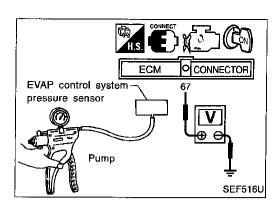






EC-313





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- 4. Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below −20 kPa (−150 mmHg, −5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.





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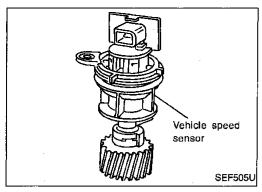
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Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vehicle speed sensor is installed in the transaxle. It contains a pulse generator which provides a vehicle speed signal to the speedometer. The speedometer then sends a signal to the ECM.

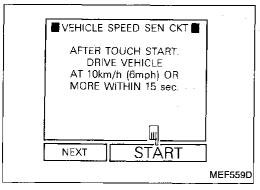
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

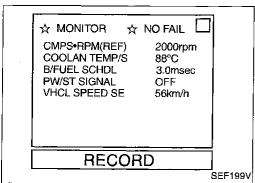
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

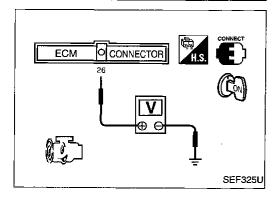
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	Engine is running. — Lift up the vehicle. — In 2nd gear position — Vehicle speed is 40 km/h (25 MPH).	0 - Approximately 4.2V (V) 10 50 50 ms SEF642U

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0500 0104	 The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven. 	 Harness or connector (The vehicle speed sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Vehicle speed sensor







Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

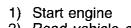
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

- OR

- Start engine.
- 2) Perform "VEHICLE SPEED SEN CIRCUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-320.



- 2) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. The vehicle speed on CONSULT should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-320. If OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,100 - 2,800 rpm (A/T) 1,700 - 2,800 rpm (M/T)

COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F) B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.3 - 3.3 msec (A/T) 2.3 - 4 msec (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position PW/ST SIGNAL: OFF

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-320.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

Lift up drive wheels.
 Start engine.

- 3) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST.
 - The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-320.



- Lift up drive wheels.
- Start engine.

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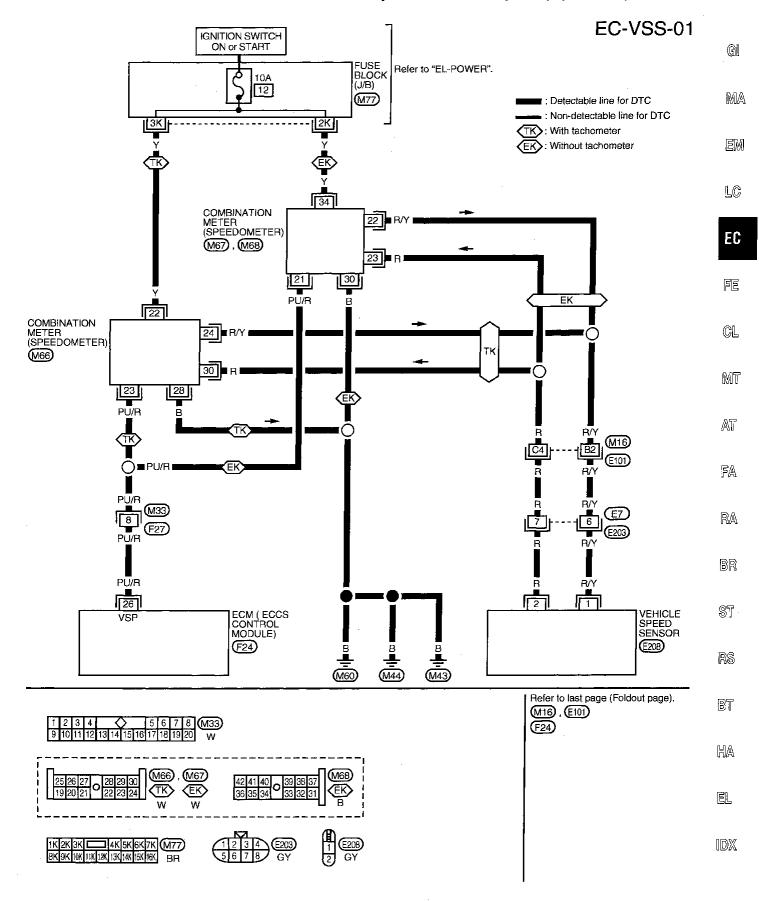
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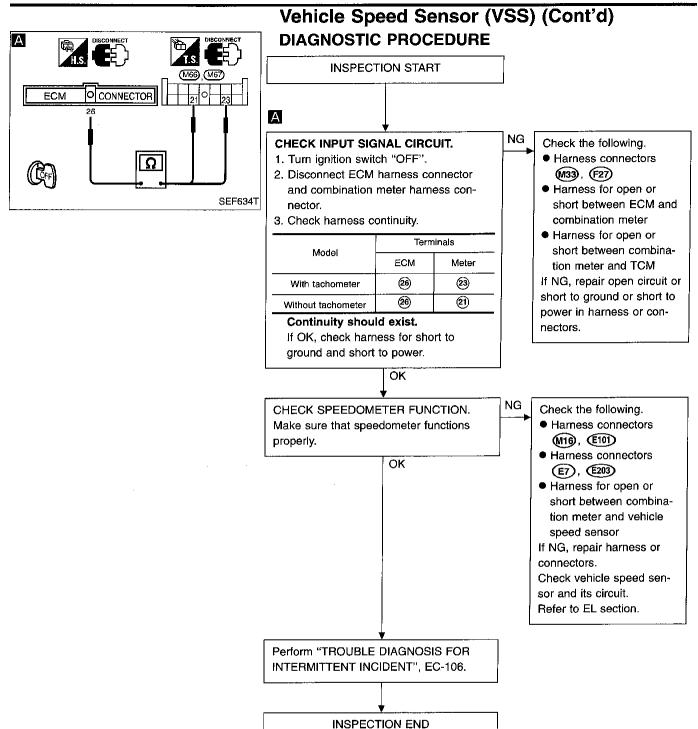
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Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

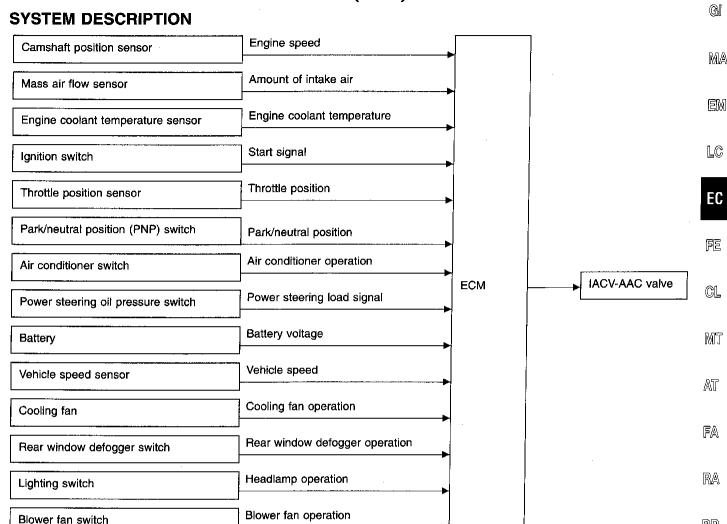
- 3) Read the voltage signal between ECM terminal @ (Vehicle speed sensor signal) and engine ground with oscilloscope.
- 4) Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown at "ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE" on the previous page.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-320.

Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

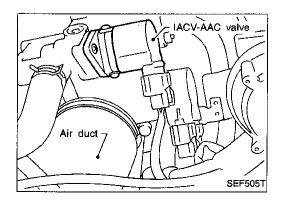




Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve



This system automatically controls engine idle speed to a specified level. Idle speed is controlled through fine adjustment of the amount of air which bypasses the throttle valve via IACV-AAC valve. The IACV-AAC valve opens and closes according to the signal sent from the ECM. The camshaft position sensor detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM. The ECM then controls the IACV-AAC valve so that engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warm up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation).



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

IACV-AAC valve

The IACV-AAC valve is moved by open and close signals from the ECM. When the open signal is sent to the valve, the amount of air that will flow through the valve increases. The more air that flows through the valve, the higher the idle speed. When the close signal is sent to the valve, the amount of air decreases.

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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	co	CONDITION	
IACV-AAC/V	Air conditioner switch: OFF Shift lever: "N"	idle	20 - 60%
		2,000 rpm	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

Оробин	specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.				
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	
42 PU/W	DUAM	W IACV-AAC valve (Close)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	5 - 9V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF197T	
	PO/W		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF198T	
101 S	G G	SB IACV-AAC valve (Open)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 10V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF197T	
	35		Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V (V) 40 20 0 2ms SEF198T	

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

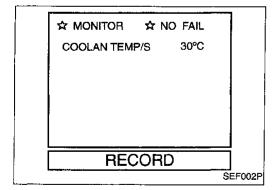
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	' G
P0505 0205	A) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	 Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is open.) IACV-AAC valve 	M
	B) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	 Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is shorted.) IACV-AAC valve 	ei L(

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".



Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and run it at idle at least 2 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.



- OR -1) Start engine and run it at idle at least 2 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.





- 1) Start engine and run it at idle at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.

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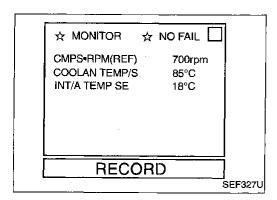
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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.

- OR -



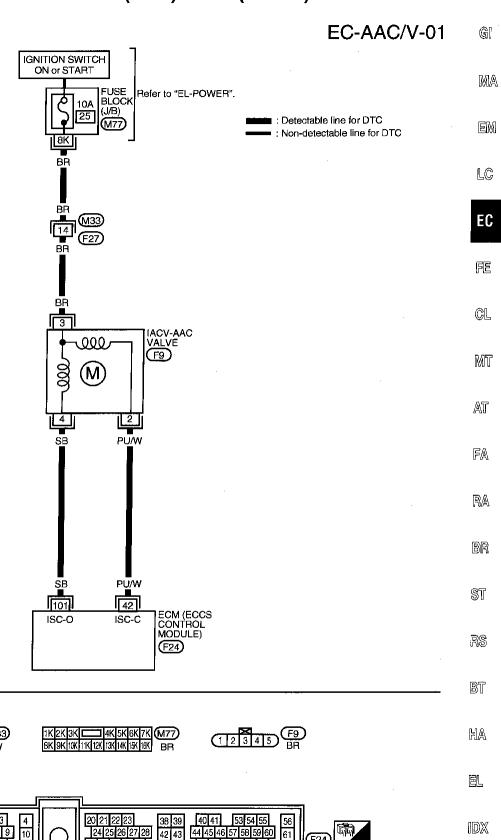
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-2) onds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.





- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-326.

Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)



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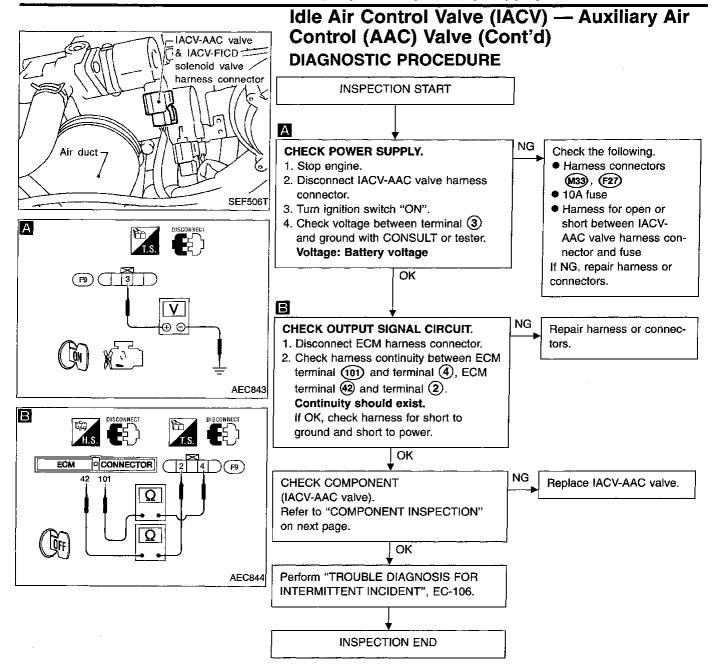
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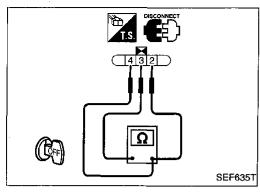
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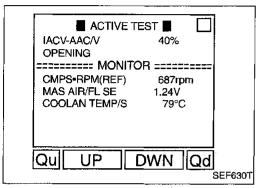
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Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-AAC valve



- 1. Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals ② and ③, ③ and ④.

Resistance:

Condition	Resistance (Ω)
Cold	138 - 238
Hot	175 - 280

Note: "Cold" and "Hot" mean the temperature of coils in IACV-AAC valve.

"Cold": -10°C (14°F) - 50°C (122°F) "Hot": 50°C (122°F) - 100°C (212°F)

- Reconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up sufficiently.
- 5. Perform "IACV-AAC/V OPENING" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 6. Check "MAS AIR/FL SE" value during changing the valve opening from 20% to 80%.

"MAS AIR/FL SE" value should be increased more than 0.15V.

7. If NG, replace IACV-AAC valve.

Note: Do not use "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -



- Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals ② and ③, ③ and ④.

Resistance:

Condition	Resistance (Ω)
Cold	138 - 238
Hot	175 - 280

Note: "Cold" and "Hot" mean the temperature of coils in IACV-AAC valve.

"Cold": -10°C (14°F) - 50°C (122°F) "Hot": 50°C (122°F) - 100°C (212°F)

3. If NG, replace IACV-AAC valve.

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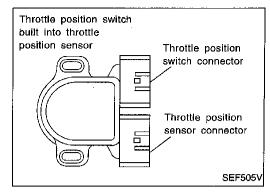
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Closed Throttle Position Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A closed throttle position switch and wide open throttle position switch are built into the throttle position sensor unit. The wide open throttle position switch is used only for A/T control. When the throttle valve is in the closed position, the closed throttle position switch sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM only uses this signal to open or close the EVAP canister purge control valve when the throttle position sensor is malfunctioning.

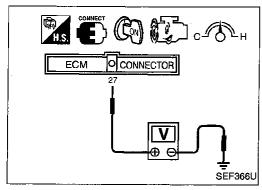
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

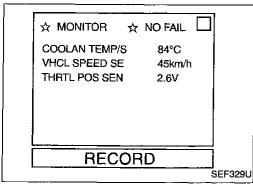
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

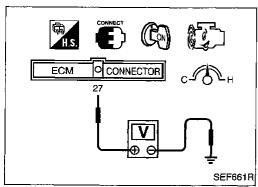
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
07	1.0	Throttle position switch	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
21	27 LG (Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0510 0203	Battery voltage from the closed throttle position switch is sent to ECM with the throttle valve opened.	 Harness or connectors (The closed throttle position switch circuit is shorted.) Closed throttle position switch Throttle position sensor







Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and engine ground under the following conditions.

At idle: Battery voltage At 2,000 rpm: 0 - 1V

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-331.

If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

THRTL POS SEN: More than 2.5V

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-331.

— OR :

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed throttle position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal ② and engine ground under the following conditions.

At idle: Battery voltage At 2,000 rpm: Approximately 0V

3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-331.

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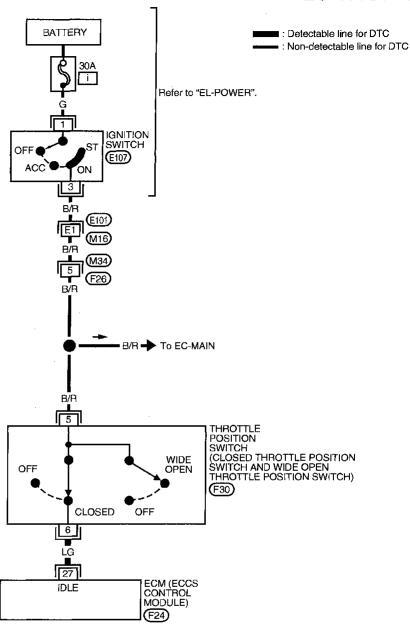
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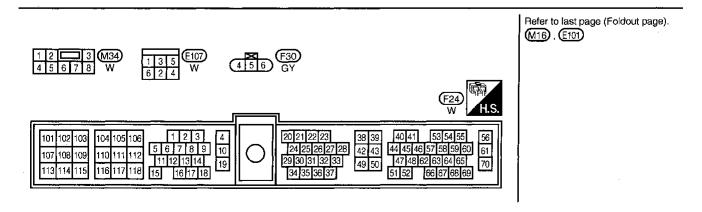
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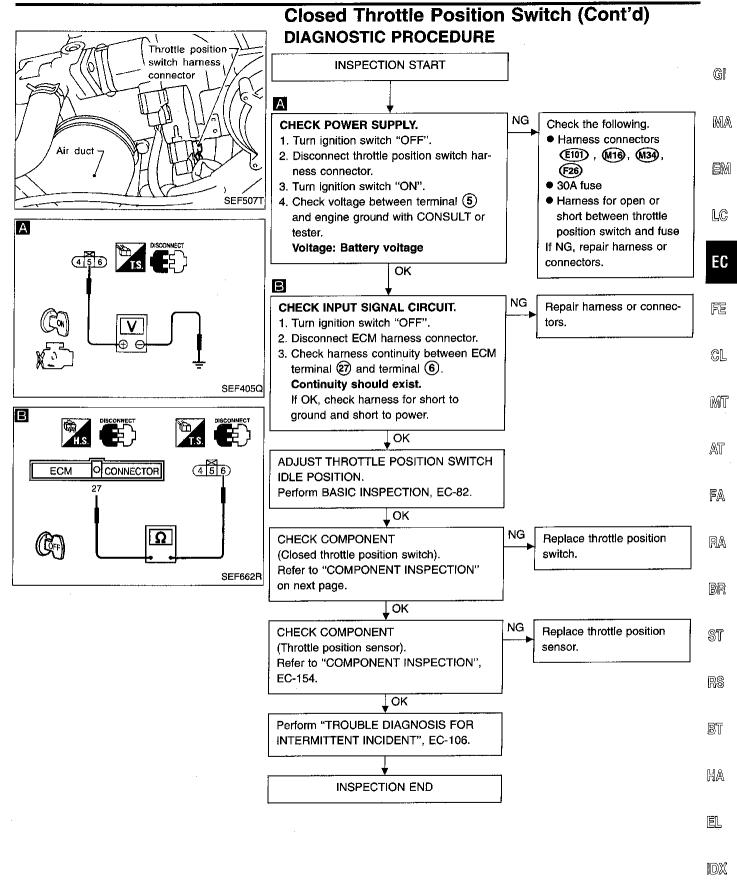
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Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

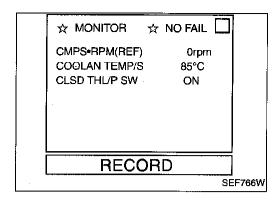
EC-TP/SW-01







EC-331 493



Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Closed throttle position switch



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Check indication of "CLSD THL/P SW".

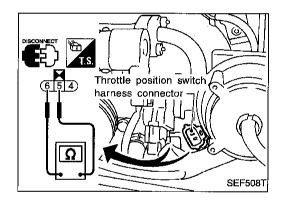
Measurement must be made with closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	CLSD THL/P SW
Completely closed	ON
Partially open or completely open	OFF

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace closed throttle position switch.

OR





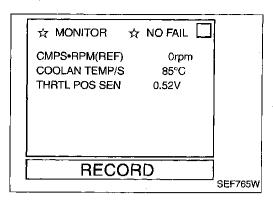
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect closed throttle position switch harness connector.
- 4. Check continuity between terminals (5) and (6).

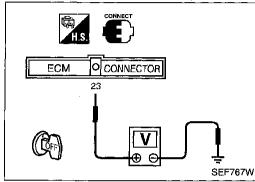
Resistance measurement must be made with closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.

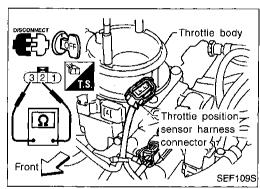
Throttle valve conditions	Continuity
Completely closed	Yes
Partially open or completely open	No

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace closed throttle position switch.







Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

Throttle position sensor



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-

2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".

3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

4. Check voltage of "THRTL POS SEN".

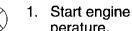
Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	THRTL POS SEN	
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85	
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)	
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7	

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

- OR –

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.



Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".

3. Check voltage between ECM terminal @ (Throttle position sensor signal) and ground.

Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)	
Completely closed	0.15 - 0.85	
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)	
Completely open	3.5 - 4.7	

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-82.

> 4. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

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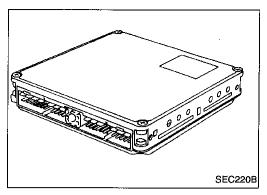
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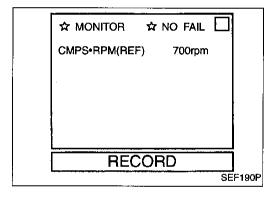


Engine Control Module (ECM) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The ECM consists of a microcomputer, diagnostic test mode selector, and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The unit controls the engine.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0605 0301	● ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	● ECM



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-335.





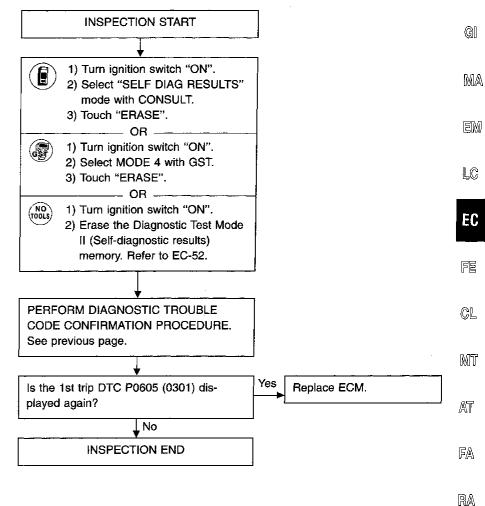
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "Mode 7" with GST.5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-335.

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 30 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-335.

Engine Control Module (ECM) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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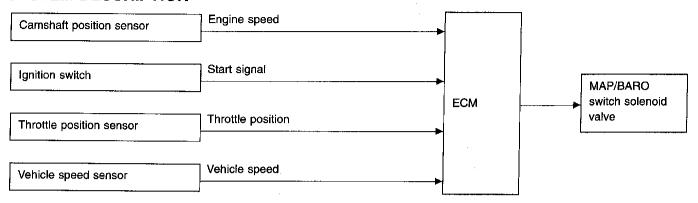
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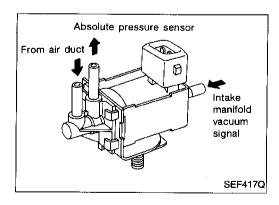
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system allows the absolute pressure sensor to monitor either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure. The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches between two passages by ON-OFF pulse signals from the ECM. (One passage is from the intake air duct, the other is from the intake manifold.) Either ambient barometric pressure or intake manifold pressure is applied to the absolute pressure sensor.

Solenoid	Conditions		
	 For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" (Engine is not running) OB 		
	For 5 seconds after starting engine OR		
ON	 More than 5 minutes after the solenoid valve shuts OFF. 		
	Throttle valve is shut or almost fully shut for more than 5 seconds and		
	 Vehicle speed is less than 100 km/h (62 MPH). 		



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve switches its air flow passage according to the voltage signal sent from the ECM. When voltage is supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid turns "ON". Then, the absolute pressure sensor can monitor the ambient barometric pressure. When voltage is not supplied from the ECM, the MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve turns "OFF". Then, the sensor monitors intake manifold pressure.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Engine: For 5 seconds after starting engine	BARO
MAP/BARO SW/V	 Ignition switch: More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine: More than 5 seconds after starting engine 	MAP

Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

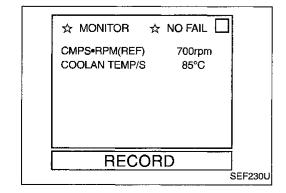
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	1
60	GY/R	MAP/BARO switch sole-	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. For 5 seconds after starting engine	Approximately 0V	
69 GY	CI/A	noid valve	Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. More than 5 seconds after starting engine	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	R
P1105 1302	MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve receives the voltage supplied though ECM does not supply the voltage to the valve.	 Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve 	À
	B) There is little difference between MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve input voltage at ambient barometric pressure and voltage at intake mani-	Harness or connectors (MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)	F
	fold pressure.	Hoses (Hoses are clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection.)	R
		Absolute pressure sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve	B



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction A

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V with ignition switch "ON".

- OR ·

- OR -



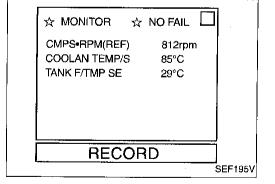
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-341.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-341.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-341.



Procedure for malfunction B

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or higher.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that "TANK/F/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.

- OR -

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-341.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-341.



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

– OR -

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 60 and engine ground is less than 4.2V.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-341.

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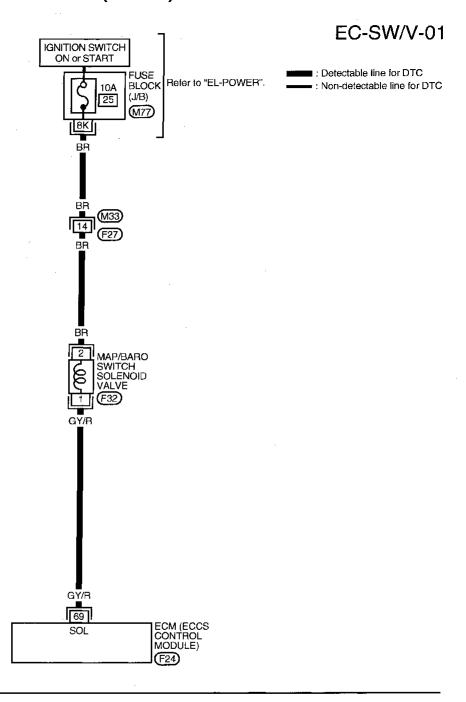
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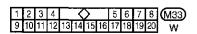
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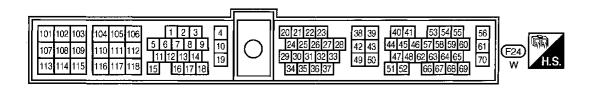
Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

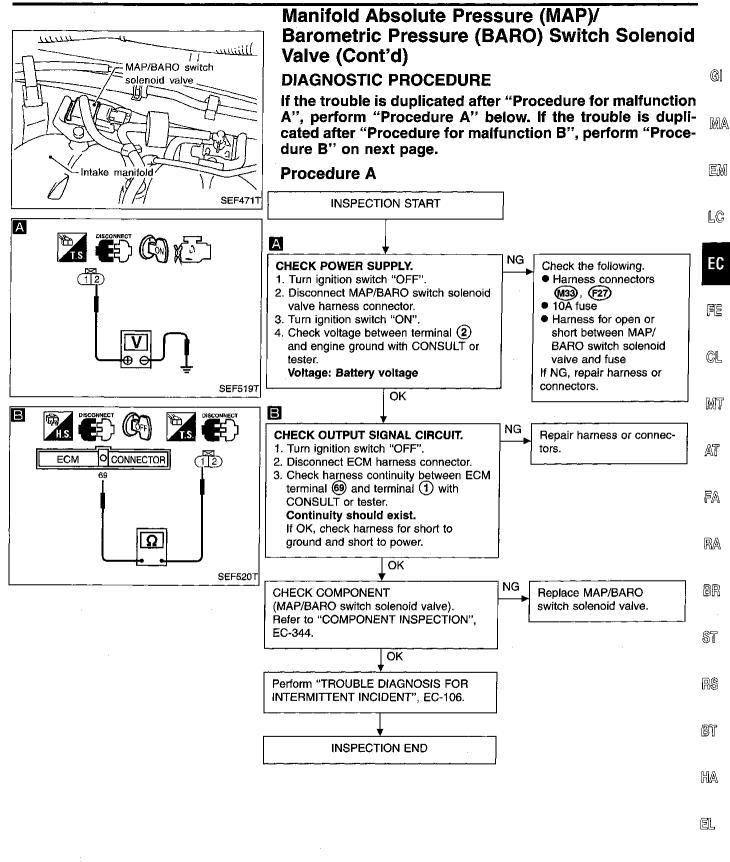




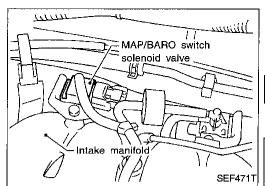


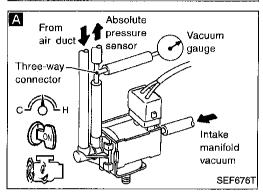


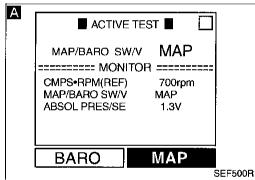


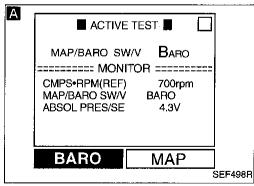


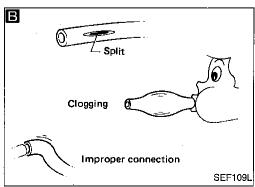
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Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ **Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid** Valve (Cont'd)

OK

CHECK COMPONENT

(Absolute pressure sen-

1. Check for disconnection

of vacuum hose con-

nected to the sensor.

2. Check sensor harness

connector for water.

Refer to "COMPONENT

"TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

INSPECTION" of

FOR DTC P0105",

EC-129.

OK

EC-106.

Water should not exist.

NG

Repair or replace

Procedure B

NOID VALVE.

CHECK VACUUM SOURCE AND CIR-**CUIT TO MAP/BARO SWITCH SOLE-**

INSPECTION START

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Connect MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve and absolute pressure sensor with a rubber tube that has vacuum gauge.



- 4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 5. Select "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 6. Start engine and let it idle.
- 7. Touch "MAP" and "BARO" alternately and check for vacuum.

MAP/BARO SW/V	Vacuum
BARO	Vacuum should not exist
MAP	Vacuum should exist



More than 5 seconds after starting engine:

Vacuum should exist.

absolute pressure sensor or harness OR connector. 4. Turn ignition switch "ON". 5. Start engine and check for vacuum. For 5 seconds after starting Go to "TROUBLE DIAGengine: Vacuum should not exist. NOSIS FOR INTERMIT-TENT INCIDENT",

В NG CHECK HOSE. 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF". 2. Check hose for clogging, cracks, disconnection or improper connection.

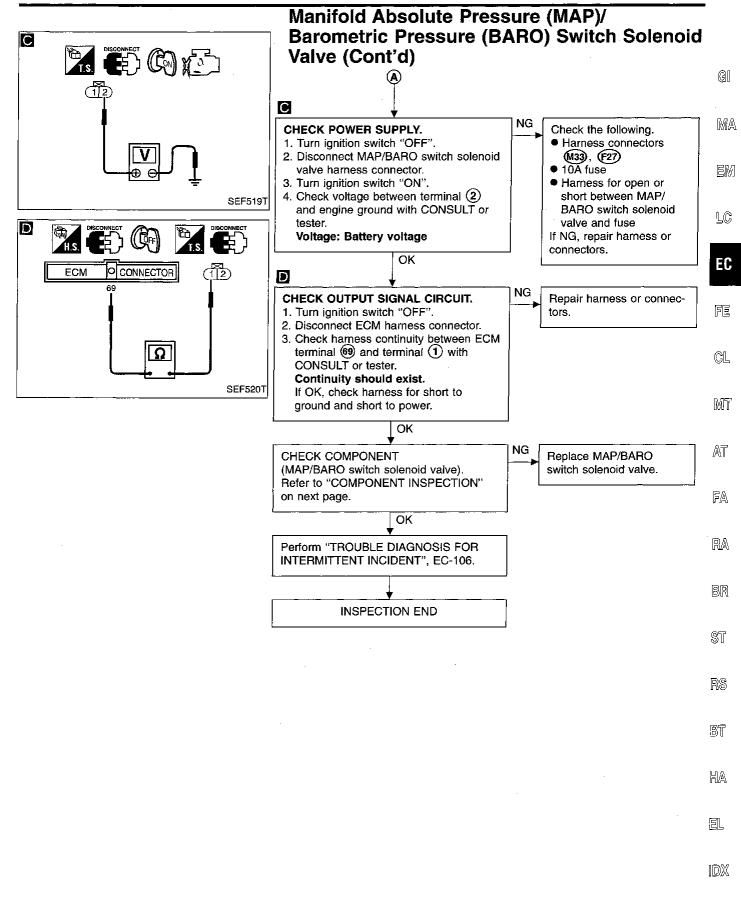
NG

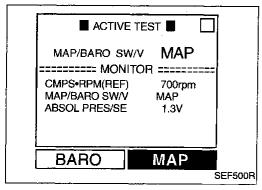
OK (Go to next page.) Clean, repair or reconnect the hose.

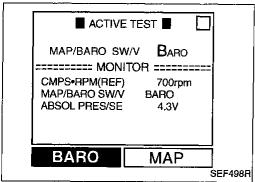
If NG, check vacuum port for clogging.

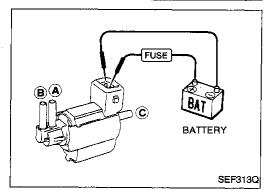
CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM. Check the intake system for air leaks.

ΟK









Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)/ Barometric Pressure (BARO) Switch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARC	
Time for voltage	to change	
MAP/BARO SW/V	Required time to switch	
BARO to MAP	the state of the s	
MAP to BARO	Less than 1 second	
4 4 10 -11	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

4. If NG, check solenoid valve as shown below.



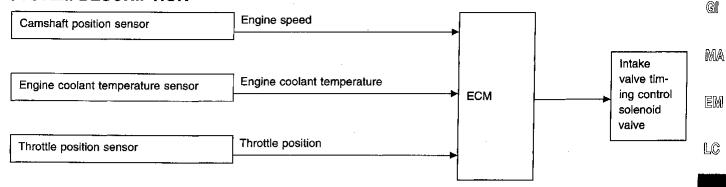
- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

Intake Valve Timing Control

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The valve timing control system is utilized to control intake valve opening and closing timing. Engine coolant temperature signals, engine speed and throttle position are used to determine intake valve timing.

The intake camshaft sprocket position is regulated by oil pressure controlled by the intake valve timing control.

When ECM sends ON signal to intake valve timing control solenoid valve, oil pressure is transmitted to camshaft sprocket. Then, intake side camshaft is advanced.

MIT Intake valve timing control solenoid valve AT **ECM** Engine speed signal (From camshaft position sensor) FA (ECCS - Engine coolant temperature (From engine coolant temperature sensor) control Throttle valve idle position (From throttle position sensor) module) RA BR **Piston** ST RS BT MA Camshaft (Intake side) Oil pressure Return spring EL, Camshaft sprocket SEF521T IDX

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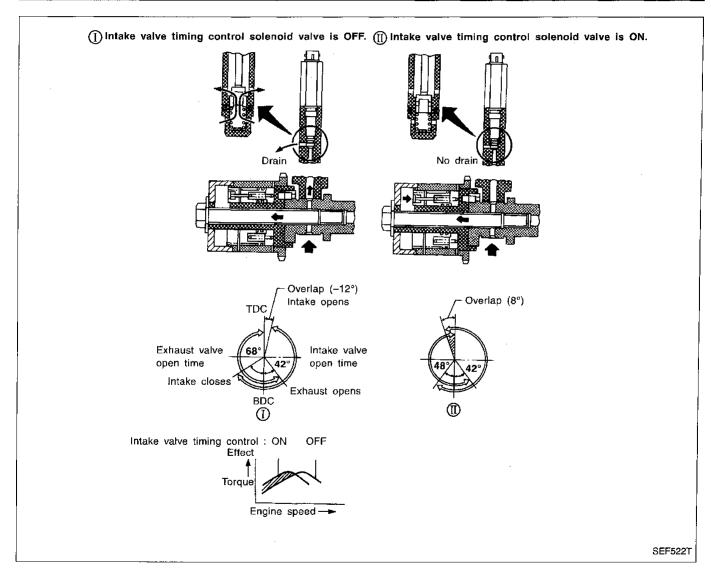
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Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)

OPERATION

Engine operating condition	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve	Intake valve opening and closing time	Valve overlap	Engine valve timing
 Engine coolant temperature is 70°C (158°F) or more. Engine speed is between 1,150 rpm and 5,400 rpm. 	ON	Advance	Increased	(1)
 Engine speed is 6,600 rpm or more. 				
Those other than above	OFF	Normal	Normal	(1)



Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd) CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONI	NOITIC	SPECIFICATION
INT/V TIM SOL	Engine: After werming up	idle	OFF
	Engine: After warming up	2,000 rpm	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
114 Y/R	V/D	Intake valve timing control	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
	Y/H 	solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
in improper voltage signal is entered to ECM nrough intake valve timing control solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
then intake valve timing control solenoid valve is	Harness or connectors (The intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open.) Intake valve timing control
	Engine oil (The oil is deteriorated.) Intake air system Intake valve timing control solenoid valve
	Malfunction is detected when An improper voltage signal is entered to ECM prough intake valve timing control solenoid valve. The basic injection pulse width does not change when intake valve timing control solenoid valve is ctivated to ON under the specified conditions.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-351.

- OR -

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-351.

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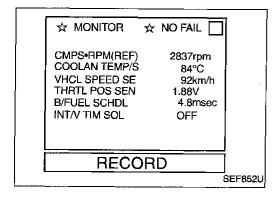
Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)



1) Turn ignition switch "ON", wait at least 5 seconds.

- OR -

- 2) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-351.



Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 5) Restart engine and wait at least 3 minutes.
- 6) Maintain the following conditions until the "ON-OFF" interval of "INT/V TIM SOL" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT has been repeated at least 10 times.

NOTE:

When the following conditions are met, diagnosis can begin. As soon as diagnosis begins, the "INT/V TIM SOL" on the CONSULT display repeats the ON-OFF operation.

CMPS-RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,000 rpm

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH)

THRTL POS SEN: (X + 1.00) - (X + 1.76) V

B/FUEL SCHDL: 4.2 - 5.7 msec Selector lever: Suitable position

Driving location: Driving uphill (increased engine

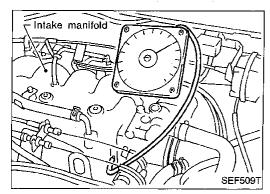
load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this

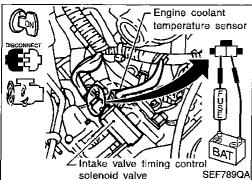
test.

X = Voltage value measured at step 4)

7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-351.

Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)





OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the VTC. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

- OR -



- Disconnect vacuum hose from fuel pressure regulator and then connect the hose to vacuum gauge.
- 2) Disconnect VTC solenoid valve harness connector.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Keep engine speed at approximately 3,000 rpm and make sure vacuum gauge indicator becomes stable.
- 5) Make sure that the vacuum pressure changes more than 1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) when supplying the solenoid valve terminals with battery voltage. Reference value

Battery voltage supplied:

Approx. –73.3 kPa (–550 mmHg, –21.65 inHg) No battery voltage supplied:

Approx. -72.0 kPa (-540 mmHg, -21.26 inHg)

Note: DTC 0805 may be stored in ECM during "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK". Ignore it.

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-351.

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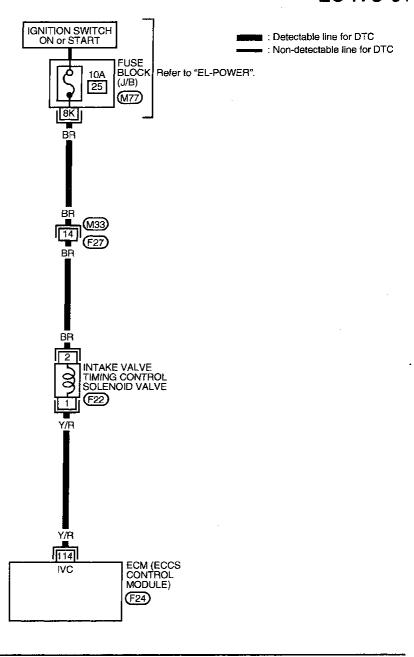
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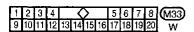
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Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)

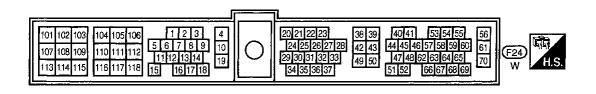
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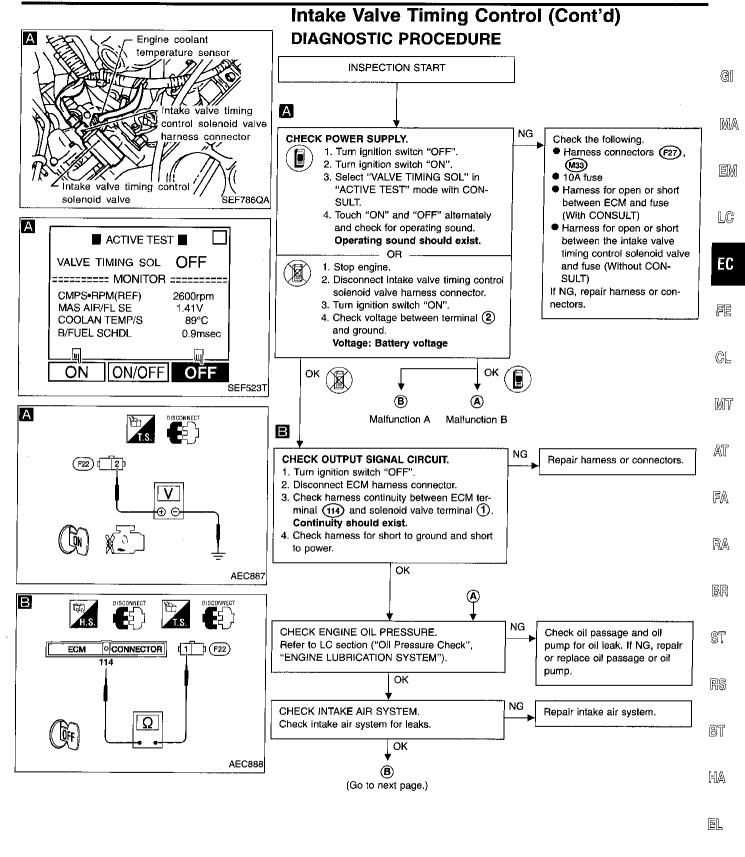






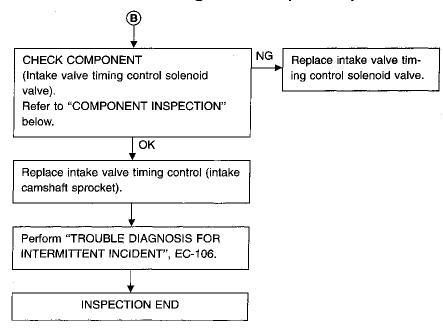


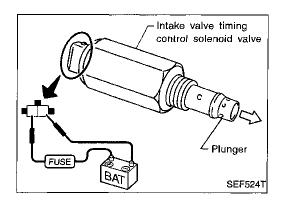




EC-351 513

Intake Valve Timing Control (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve

- 1. Check oil passage visually for any metal debris.
- Supply intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals with battery voltage.
- 3. Make sure that inside plunger protrudes. If NG, replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

Closed Loop Control

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

★ The closed loop control has the one trip detection logic	*	The	closed	dool	control	has	the	one trip	detection	logic
--	---	-----	--------	------	---------	-----	-----	----------	-----------	-------

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	MA
P1148 0307	The closed loop control function does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	The front heated oxygen sensor circuit is open or shorted. Front heated oxygen sensor	EM
		● Front heated oxygen sensor heater	LC.



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☆ MONITOR ☆ NO FAIL L CMPS•RPM(REF) FR O2 SENSOR VHCL SPEED SE B/FUEL SCHOL

2000rpm 0.79V 75km/h 2.7ms

RECORD

SEF236U

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Never raise engine speed above 3,200 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PRO-CEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 1).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



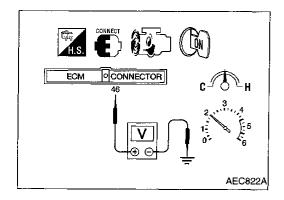
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm and check the followina.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go above 0.61V at least once.

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage should go below 0.23V at least once.
 - If the check result is NG, perform "DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE", EC-186.
 - If the check result is OK, perform the following step.
- 4) Let engine idle at least 4 minutes.
- 5) Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

Closed Loop Control (Cont'd)

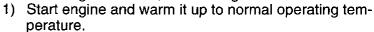
B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.5 msec or more CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,800 - 3,200 rpm Selector lever: Suitable position VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH) During this test, P0130 may be displayed on CON-SULT screen.

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.



OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

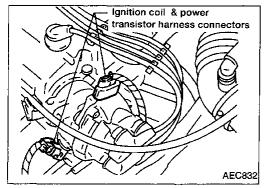


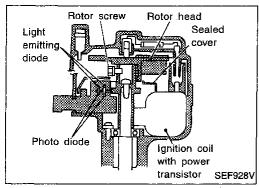
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal (46) (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage should go above 0.70V at least once.

 OR
- The voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Refer to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133, EC-186.





Ignition Signal COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Ignition coil & power transistor (Built into distributor)

The ignition coil is built into distributor. The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to the power transistor. The power transistor switches on and off the ignition coil primary circuit. As the primary circuit is turned on and off, the proper high voltage is induced in the coil secondary circuit.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap and rotor head.

NOTE

The rotor screw which secures the distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be tightened properly.

9: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m (0.34 - 0.40 kg-m, 29.5 - 34.7 in-lb)

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CC	ONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
IGN TIMING	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	0 - 10° BTDC	į
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC	[

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	BR
1	W/B	Ignition signal		0.2 - 0.6V	ST
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	(V) 4 2 0	RS
				20ms SEF186T	BT
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.7 - 0.9V	HA
				2 0	
				20ms SEF187T	IDX

Ignition	Signal	(Cont'd)

			igination orginal (oont a)	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
2	W	Ignition check	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF188T
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 13V (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF189T

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1320 0201	The ignition signal in the primary circuit is not sent to ECM during engine cranking or running.	Harness or connectors (The ignition primary circuit is open or shorted.) Power transistor unit. Resistor Camshaft position sensor Camshaft position sensor circuit

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If DTC P1320 (0201) is displayed with DTC P0340 (0101), perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340 first. Refer to EC-261.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and wait at least 4 seconds. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" at least 5 seconds.)
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine and wait at least 4 seconds. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" at least 5 seconds.)
- 3) Select MODE 3 with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.

Ignition Signal (Cont'd)



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 4 seconds. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" at least 5 seconds.)

- OR -

3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".

- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.

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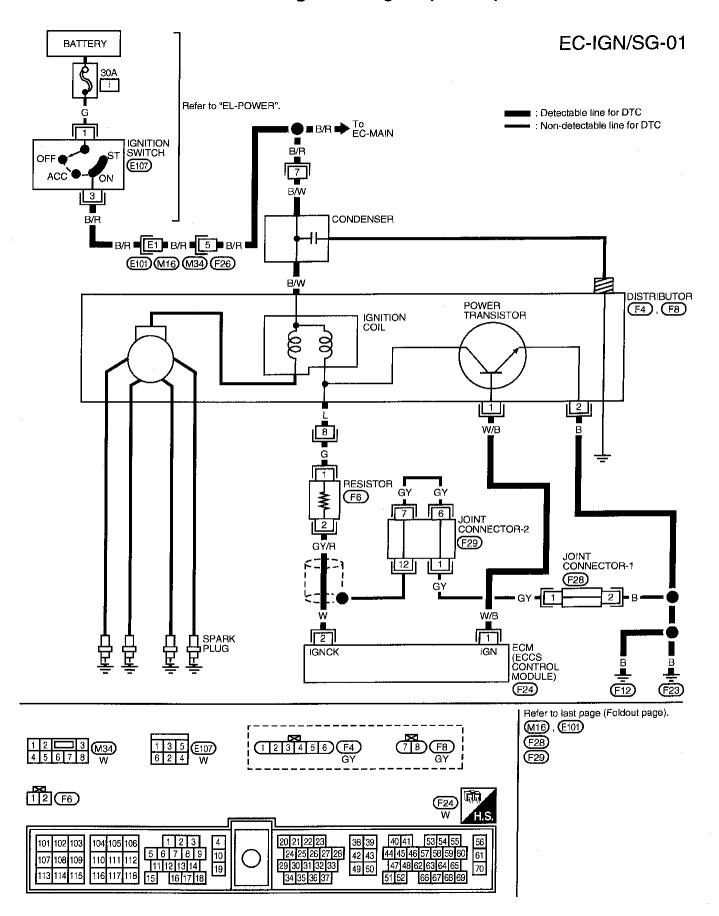
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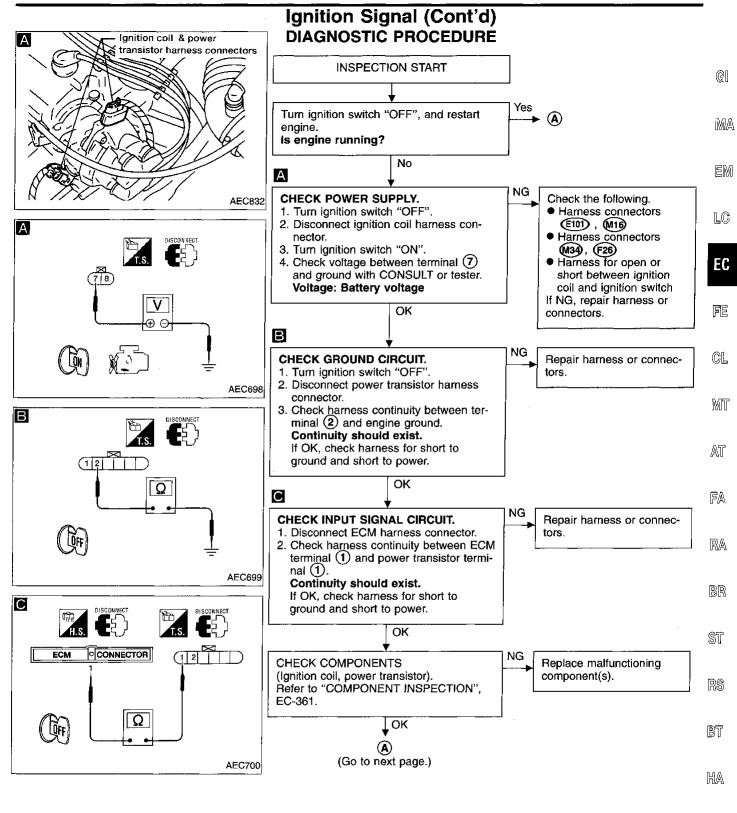
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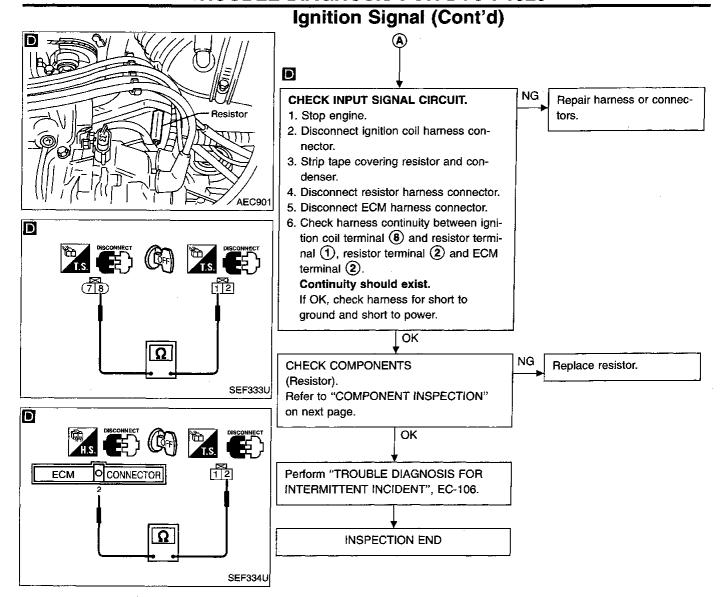
Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

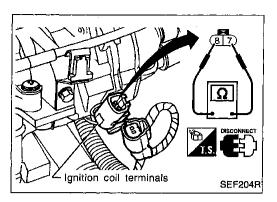


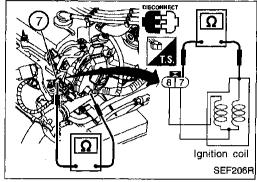


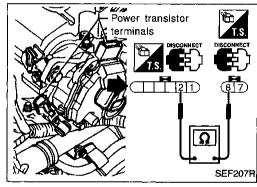
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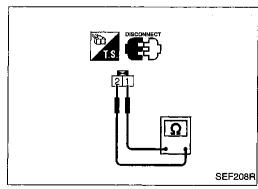
IDX











Ignition Signal (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Ignition coil

- 1. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal	Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]
7 - 8 (Primary coil)	Approximately 1 Ω
7 - secondary terminal on distributor head (Secondary coil)	Approximately 10 k Ω

3. For checking secondary coil, remove distributor cap.

Check resistance between ignition coil harness connector terminal (7) and the secondary terminal on the distributor head.

If NG, replace distributor.

Power transistor

- 1. Disconnect power transistor harness connector.
- 2. Check power transistor resistance between terminals ② and ⑧.

Terminals	Resistance	Result
② and ⑧	Except 0Ω	ок
	0Ω	NG

If NG, replace distributor.

Resistor

- 1. Disconnect resistor harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals ① and ②.
 Resistance: Approximately 2.2 kΩ [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace resistor.

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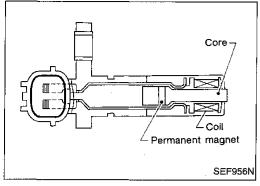
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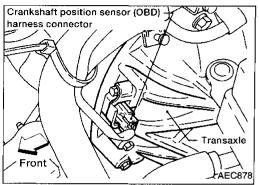
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Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transmission housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

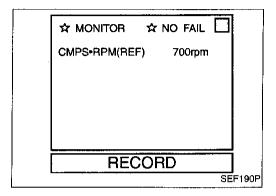
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
50	В	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	Approximately 0V
		Crankshaft position sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idie speed	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF643U
53	W	(OBD)	Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0.03V (V) 4 2 0 0.2 ms SEF644U

Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	—— (GI —— MA
P1336 0905	A chipping of the flywheel or drive plate gear tooth (cog) is detected by the ECM.	 Harness or connectors Crankshaft position sensor (OBD) Drive plate/Flywheel 	Ma



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

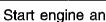
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



(NO TOOLS

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONI-TOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 4 minutes at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

– OR –



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 4 minutes at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

- OR :

1) Start engine and run it for at least 4 minutes at idle speed.

2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".

3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

LC





























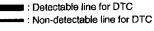


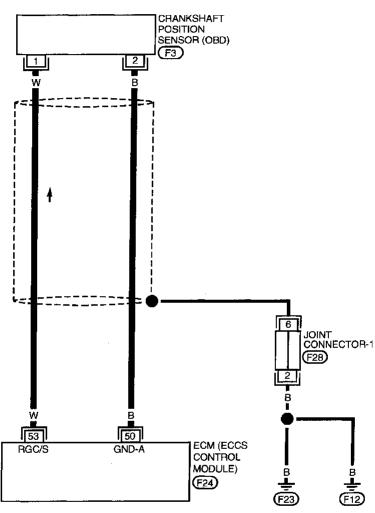


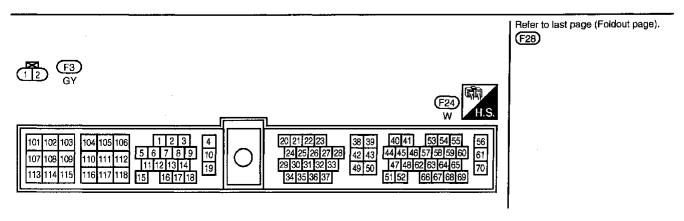
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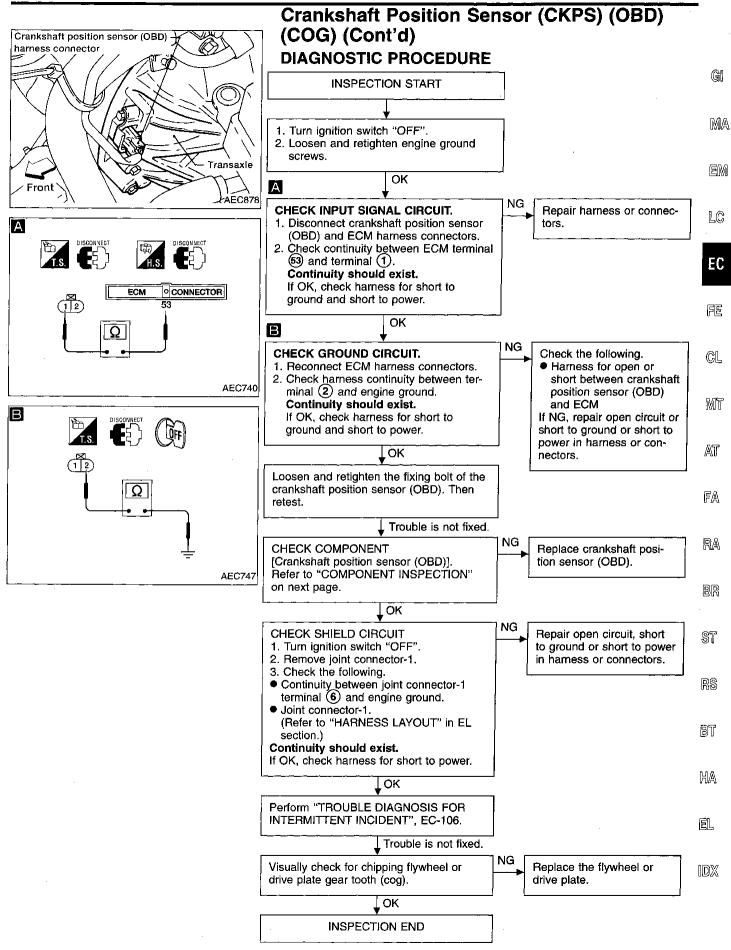
Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

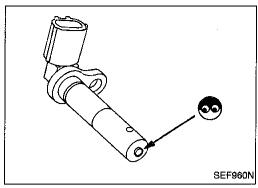
EC-CKPS-01

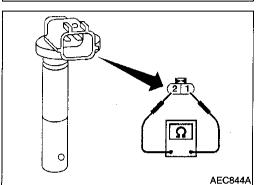












Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

- Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
- 2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
- 5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

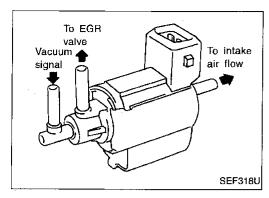
Resistance:

M/T models

432 - 528Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

A/T models

166.5 - 203.5Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]



EGRC-Solenoid Valve

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold collector to the EGR valve.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONL	DITION	SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	Idle	OFF
EGRC SOL/V	 Shift lever: "N" No-load M/T models: Lift up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position 	A/T models: 2,200 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

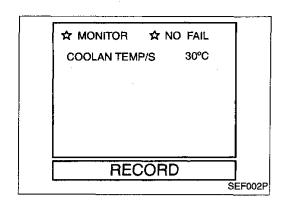
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	A
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	— F
103	p	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) M/T models: Lift up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). Engine speed is 2,200 rpm. (A/T models) 2,000 rpm. (M/T models)	Approximately 0V	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

1005 EGRC-solenoid valve. (The EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)	Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	RS
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EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

- OR -

- OR -



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-370.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-370.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-370.

EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

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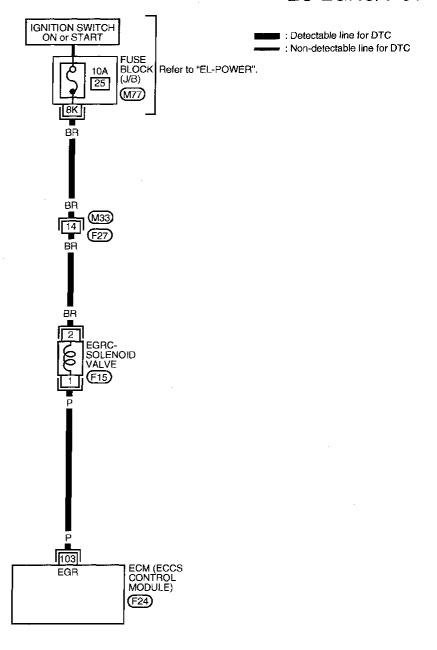
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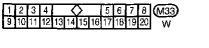
RS

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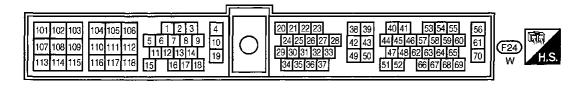
EL

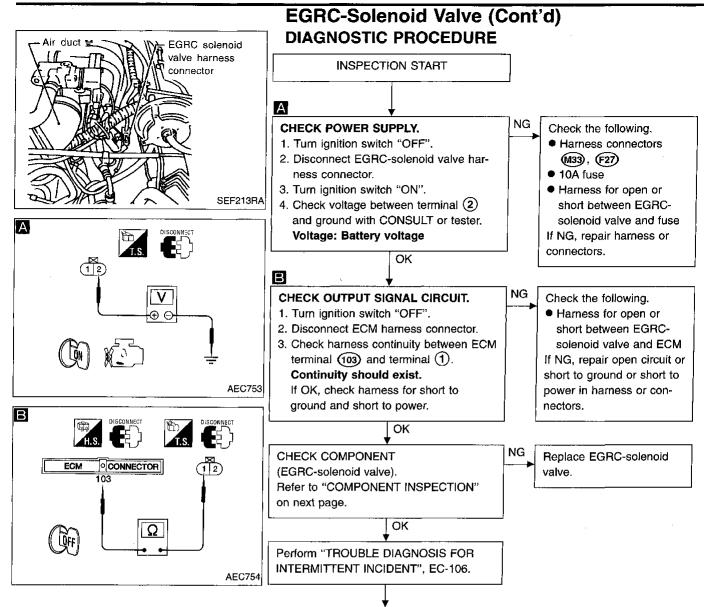




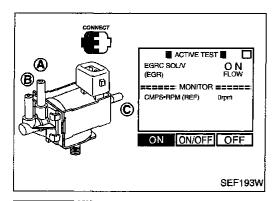


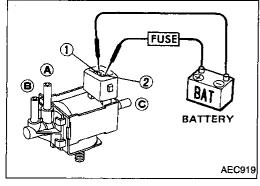






INSPECTION END





EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLÉNOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

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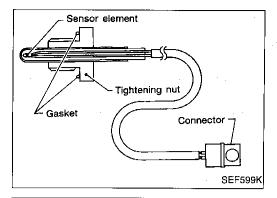
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10,000 1,000 Acceptable range Resistance kΩ 100 10 50 100 150 200 (32)(302)(122)(212)(392)Temperature °C (°F) SEF526Q

EGR Temperature Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passage way. When the EGR valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passage way changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

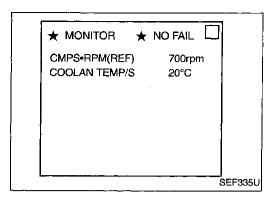
<Reference data>

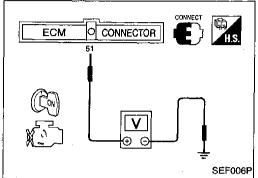
EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

^{*:} These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal ② (EGR temperature sensor) and engine ground.
When EGR system is operating.
Voltage: 0 - 1.5V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1401 0305	A) An excessively low voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is low.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve
	B) An excessively high voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is high.	 Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.) EGR temperature sensor Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve





EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

Procedure for malfunction A

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



(**F**)

TOOLS

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.

- OR -

5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-377.



Turn ignition switch "ON".

Select "MODE 1" with GST.

3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.

4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.

5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-377.

- OR

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Verify that voltage between ECM terminal (51) (engine coolant temperature) and ground is more 2.7V.

If the voltage is below the range, cool the engine

3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.

Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-

5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-377.

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EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

Procedure for malfunction B

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

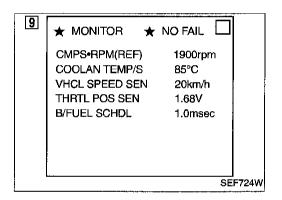
If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting.
 If the check result is NG, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1402". (See pages EC-269, 278 and 379.)



- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Read "EGR TEMP SEN" at about 1,500 rpm while holding the EGR valve in full open position by hand. Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V. If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-377. If the check result is OK, go to following step.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 7) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 8) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 9) Start engine.
- 10) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS·RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,000 rpm (A/T)

1,900 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more

B/FUEL SCHDL: 2 - 3.75 msec (A/T)

2.5 - 3.75 msec (M/T)THRTL POS SEN: (X) - (X + 0.57) V (A/T)

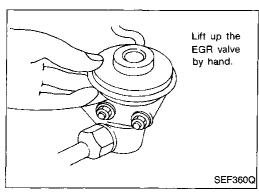
(X) - (X + 0.92) V (M/T)

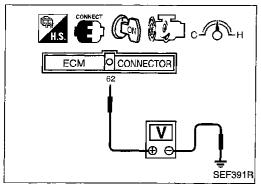
X = Voltage value measured at

step 8)

Selector lever: Suitable position

11) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-377.





EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

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Procedure for malfunction B



 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.

3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If NG, go to TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P1402 (See pages EC-379).

4) Check voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground at about 1,500 rpm with EGR valve lifted up to the full position by hand.

Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.

5) If step 4 is OK, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1400 (See pages EC-269, 278 and 367).

6) If step 4 is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-377.

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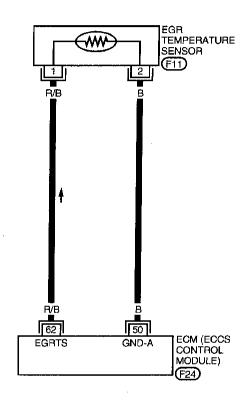
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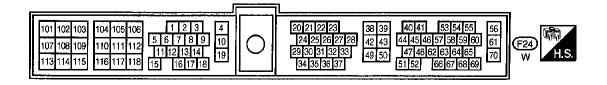
EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

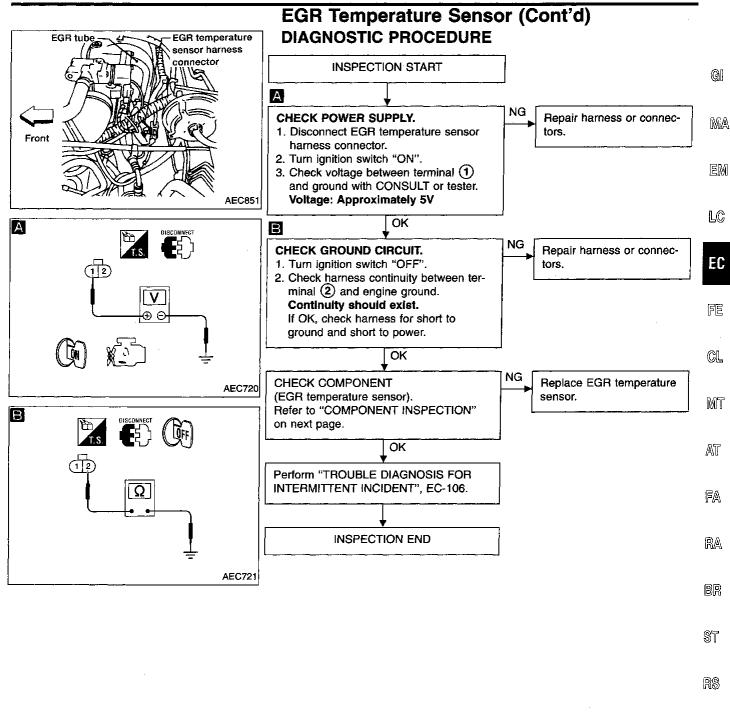
EC-EGR/TS-01

: Detectable line for DTC
: Non-detectable line for DTC







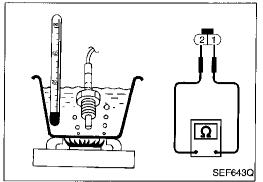


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EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

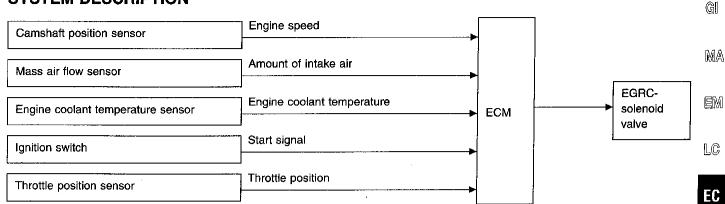
<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance $M\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

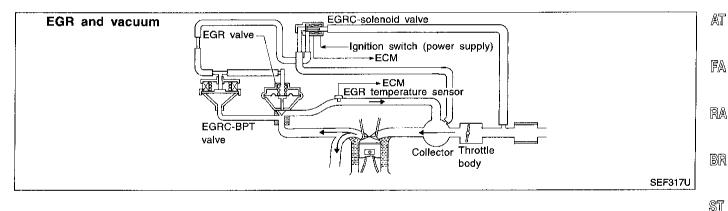
EGR Function (Open)

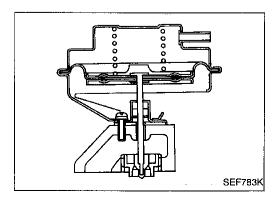
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current flows through the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

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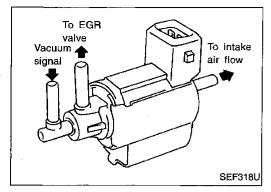
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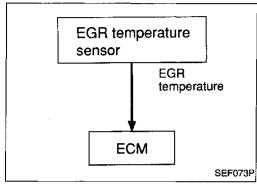
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EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) EGRC-solenoid valve

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold collector to the EGR valve.



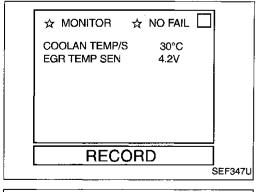
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

NOTE:

Diagnosis for this DTC will end when engine coolant temperature is approx. 50 - 60°C (122 - 140°). Ignition switch must be turned "ON" (engine start) with engine coolant temperature below 40°C (104°F) when starting DTC confirmation procedure.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1402 0514	 EGR flow is detected under conditions that do not call for EGR. 	EGRC-solenoid valve EGR valve leaking or stuck open EGR temperature sensor
i		● EGRC-BPT valve



DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

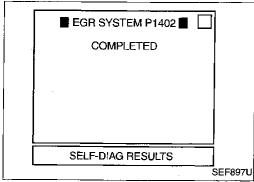
TESTING CONDITION:

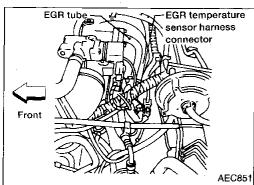
- Always perform at a temperature above -10°C (14°F).
- Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.

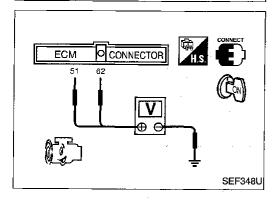
COOLAN TEMP/S: -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)

EGR TEMP SEN: Less than 4.8V

If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the coolant or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.







EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)



- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds. Then turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "EGR SYSTEM P1402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Follow the instruction of CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CON-SULT screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take 90 seconds or more.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, turn ignition "OFF" and cool the engine coolant temperature to the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F). Retry from step 1).

5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-383.

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1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "MODE 1" with GST.

- OR -

- 2) Check that engine coolant temperature is within the range of -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F).
- 3) Check that voltage between ECM terminal @ (EGR temperature) and engine ground is less than 4.8V.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 5) Stop engine.
- Perform from step 1) to 4).
- Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 8) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-383.

- OR

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- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Check the following voltages. **ECM terminal** (a) (engine coolant temperature)

and ground:

2.7 - 4.4V

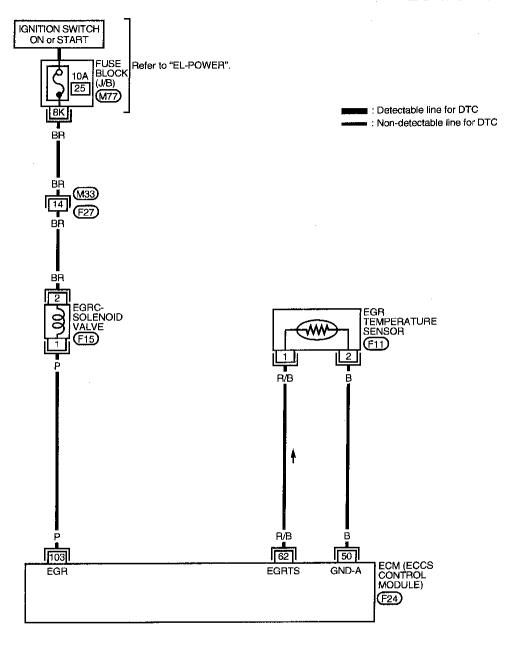
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-383.
- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CON-FIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

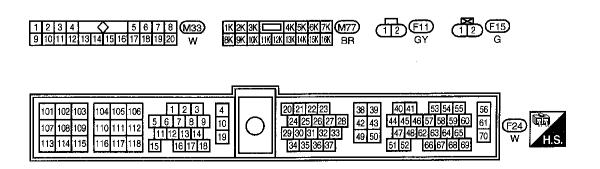
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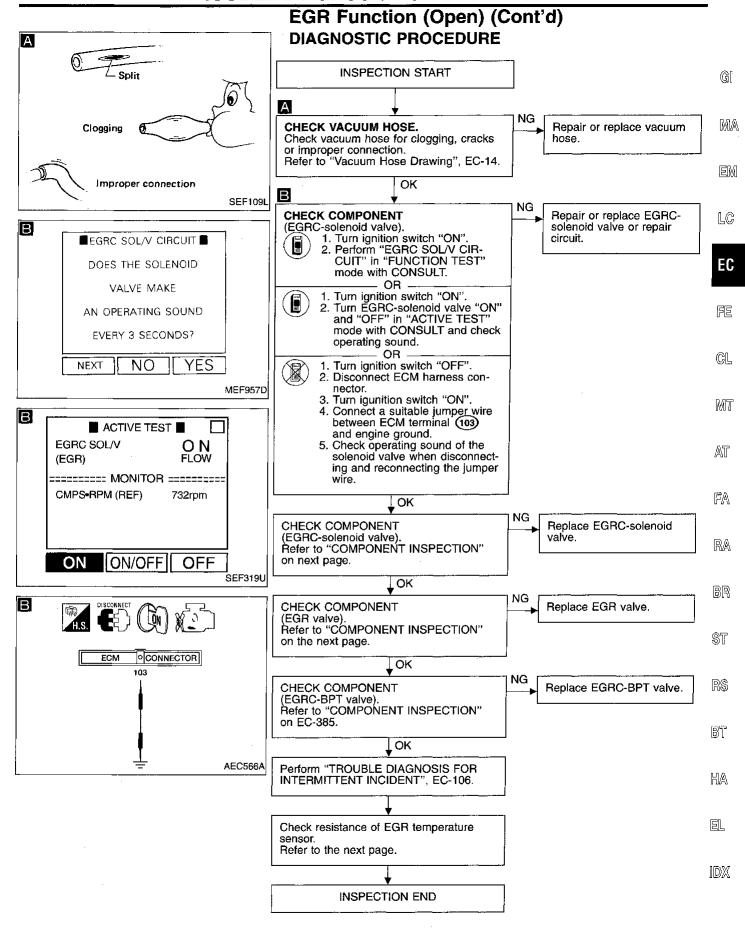
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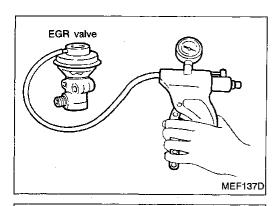
EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

EC-EGRC1-01









EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

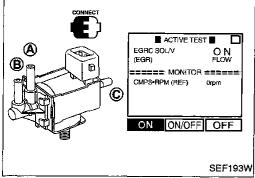
EGR valve

Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

EGR valve spring should lift.

• Check for sticking.

If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

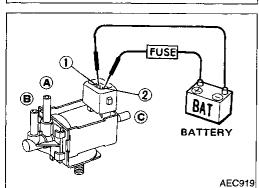
Condition EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR -



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.



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EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance ${\sf M}\Omega$
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

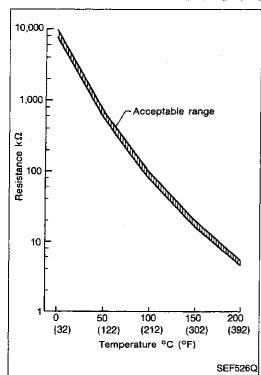
If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

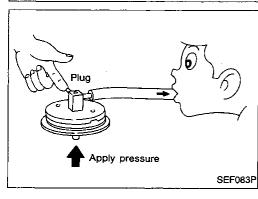
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EGRC-BPT valve

- 1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
- Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH₂O, 3.94 inH₂O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
- If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.

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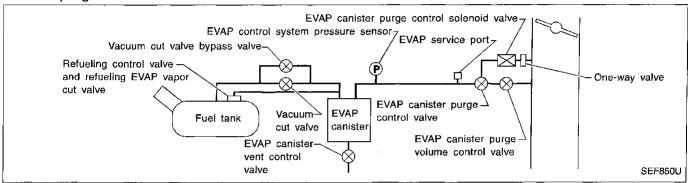
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure)

Note: If DTC P1448 is displayed with P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-421.)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using vapor pressure in the fuel tank. The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve will then be opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge control valve. The EVAP control system pressure sensor can now monitor the pressure inside the fuel tank. If pressure increases, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister purge control valve.

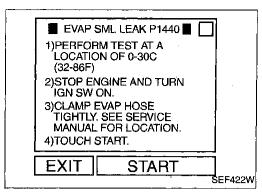


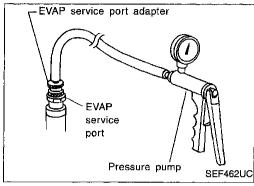
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

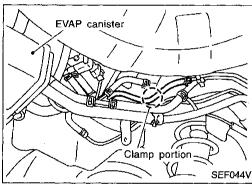
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1440 0213	EVAP control system has a leak. EVAP control system does not operate properly.	 Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve Incorrect fuel filler cap used Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close. Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge control valve. Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks EVAP purge line rubber tube bent. Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose or disconnected rubber tube EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister purge volume control valve EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Absolute pressure sensor Tank fuel temperature sensor MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged. Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve

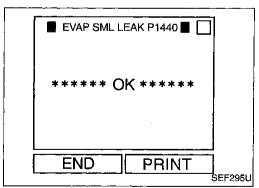
CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or high pressure pump. Otherwise, EVAP system may be damaged.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Always remove service port adapter from service port after applying air up to 0.69 to 1.38 kPa (5.14 to 10.34) mmHg, 0.202 to 0.407 inHg).
- During the test, clamp the EVAP hose tightly as shown at left.
- If DTC P1448 is displayed with P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-421.)
 - 1) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
 - Clamp the EVAP hose as shown at left
 - 3) Install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.
 - 4) Turn ignition switch "ON".
 - 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P1440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
 - Follow the instruction displayed.
 - 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-389.

NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.

- OR -

- Start engine.
- Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- Stop vehicle.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine.
- It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.
- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- Stop vehicle.

EC-387

- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-412.
- If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-290.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

- If P1440 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1440", EC-389.
- If P0440, P1440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

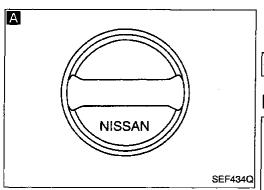
- OR -

NOTE:

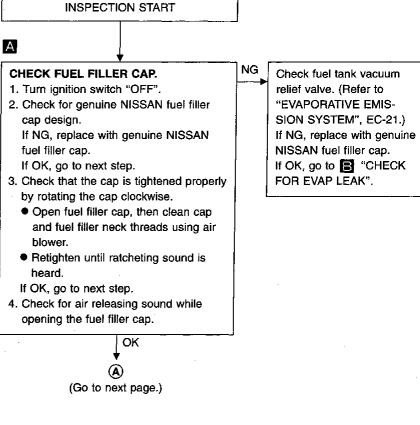
- Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-46 before driving vehicle.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-46.
- Stop vehicle.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-389.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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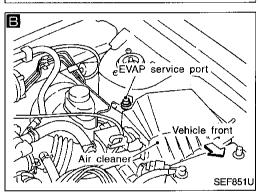
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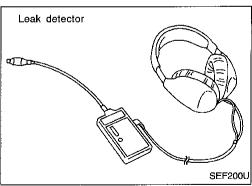
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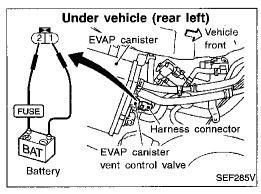
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-EVAP service port adapter EVAP service port Pressure pump SEF462UC

EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP! DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START. CANCEL START SEF658U







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)



CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.

 Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.

improper installation of service port may cause leaking.

 Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042) kg/cm², 0.6 psi) of pressure in the

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.



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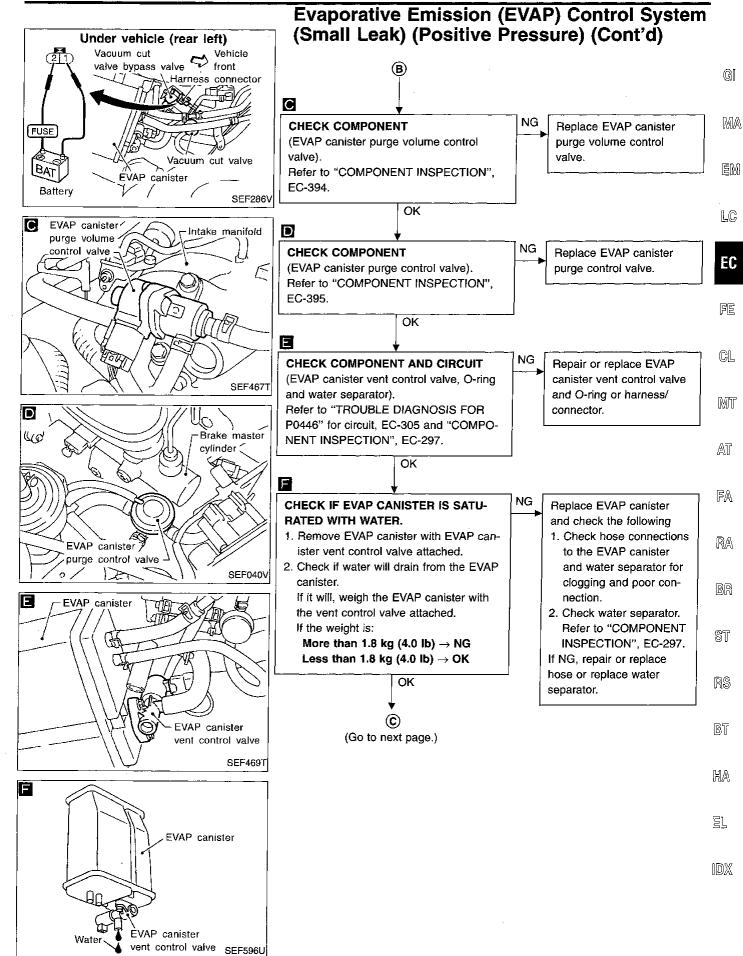
- 2. Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.
- 4. Remove adapter and pressure pump.
- 5. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-24.

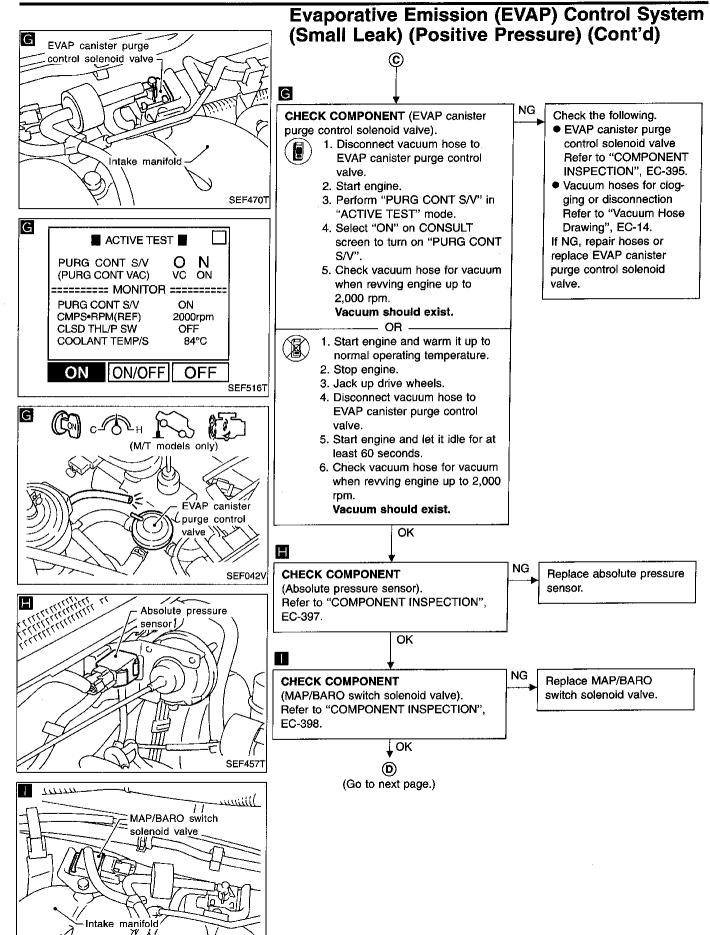
- OR 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 3. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
- 4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12V until the end of test.)
- 5. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and service port adapter.
- 6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-24.

↓о́к **(B)**

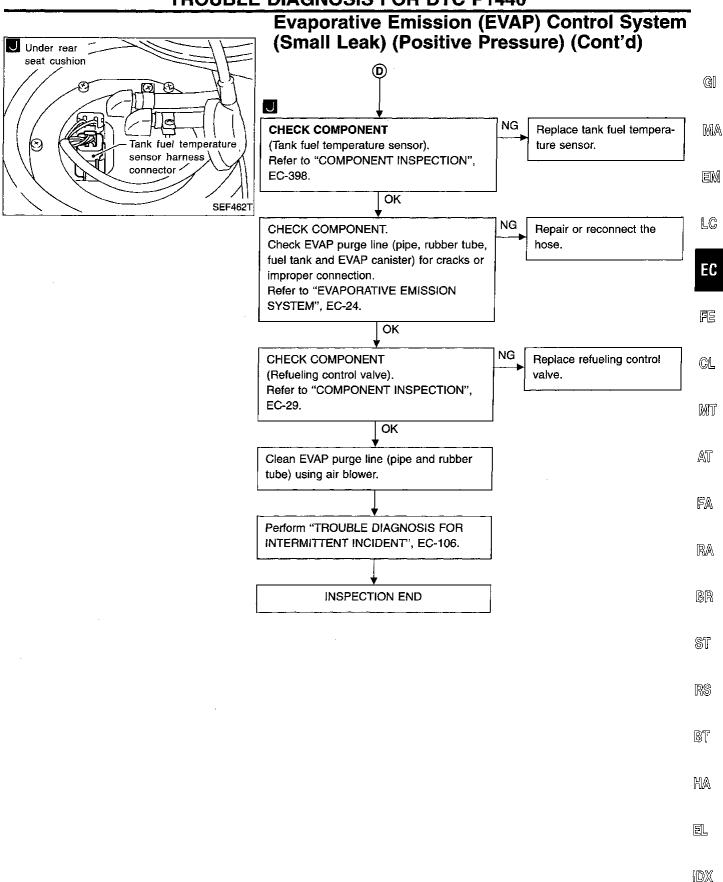
(Go to next page.)

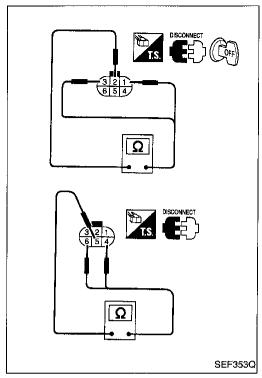
Repair or replace.

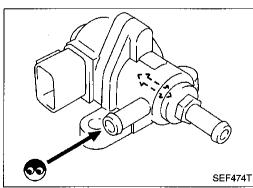


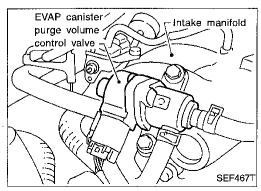


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

connected.)

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



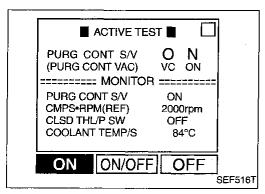
- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③

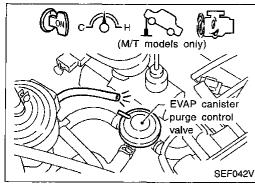
terminal 5 and terminals 4, 6 Resistance:

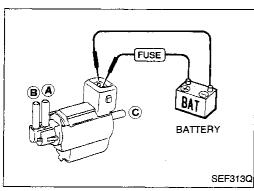
Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

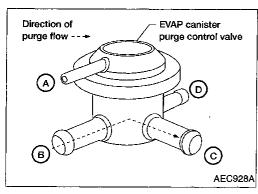
- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

- 1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- Turn ignition switch "ON",
- 3. Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
idle	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1st gear position (M/T models)	Exist

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- 1. Blow air in port (a) and (c) and ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Plug port (1) and blow air in port (8). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (c).
- 3. Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (c).
- 4. Apply vacuum to port (approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)].
 - Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b) and ensure free flow out of port (a).

Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b) and ensure free flow out of port (a).

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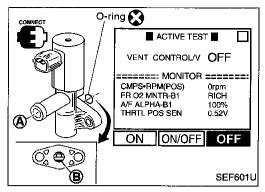
AT

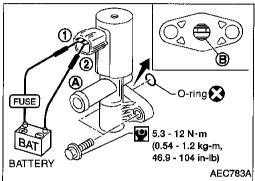
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.



Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR -

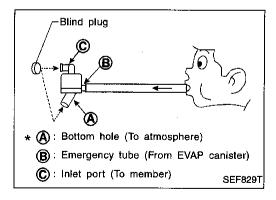


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

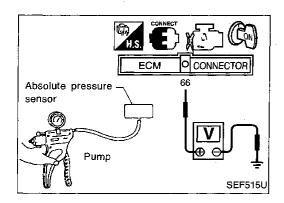
If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd)

Absolute pressure sensor

- Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from absolute pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

 The voltage should be 3.2 to 4.8 V.
- Use pump to apply vacuum pressure of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.

The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



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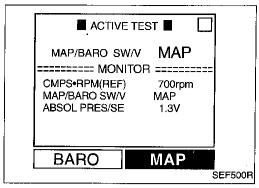


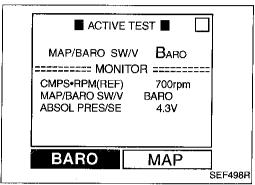


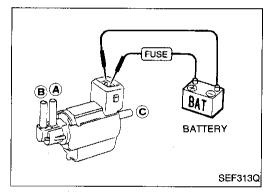












Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Positive Pressure) (Cont'd) MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve



- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Perform "MAP/BARO SW/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 3. Check the following.
 - Condition: At idle under no-load
 - CONSULT display

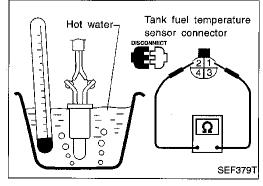
MAP/BARO	ABSOL PRES/SE (Voltage)	
BARO	More than 2.6V	
MAP	Less than the voltage at BARO	
Time for voltage to change		
MAP/BARO SW/V	Required time to switch	
BARO to MAP	Less than 1 second	
MAP to BARO		
4. If NG, check solenoid valve as shown below.		



- 1. Remove MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve.
- 2. Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

3. If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



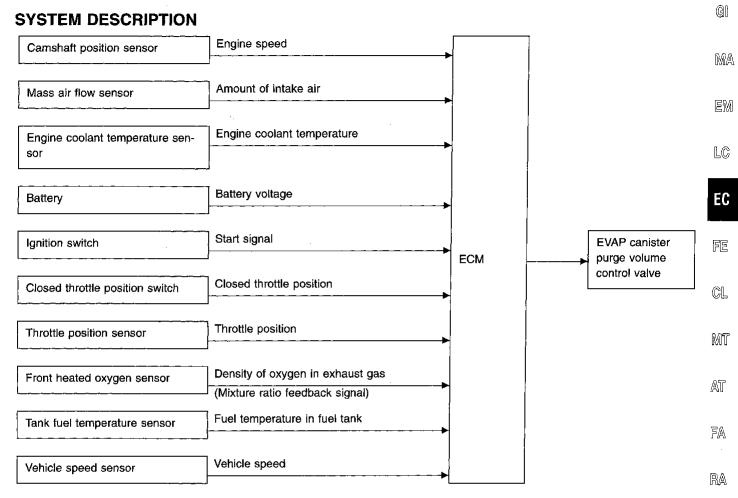
Tank fuel temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

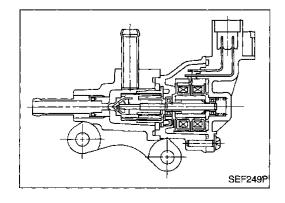
Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace tank fuel temperature sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control valve changes to control the flow rate. A built-in step motor moves the valve in steps corresponding to the ECM output pulses. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister \$\mathscr{G}\$ is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control valve uses a step motor to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. This motor has four winding phases. It operates according to the output pulse signal of the ECM. Two windings are turned ON and OFF in sequence. Each time an ON pulse is issued, the valve opens or closes, changing the flow rate. When no change in the flow rate is needed, the ECM does not issue the pulse signal. A certain voltage signal is issued so that the valve remains at that particular opening.

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0 step
PURG VOL C/V	Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position.	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	_

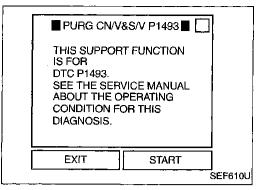
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

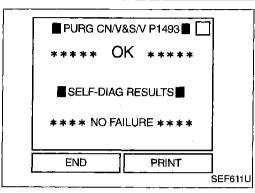
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

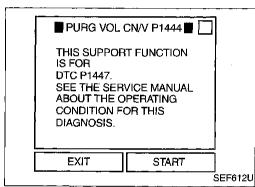
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
5	L	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	0 - 0.4V
6	G	ume control valve	L Idle speed	0 - 0.40
16	Υ	EVAP canister purge vol-	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE
17	OR	ume control valve	ldle speed	(11 - 14V)
56 61	W/R W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

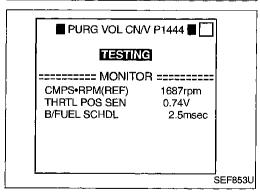
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

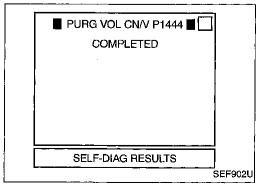
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1444 0214	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control valve is completely closed.	 EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister purge volume control valve (The valve is stuck open.) EVAP canister purge control valve EVAP canister Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.) EVAP canister vent control valve











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START"
- 6) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH) CMPS-RPM (REF):1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1.600 rpm or more (M/T)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

- 8) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 9) Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "START".
 - If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 12.
- 11) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH) CMPS-RPM (REF):1,200 rpm or more (A/T)

1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

NOTE:

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

12) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.

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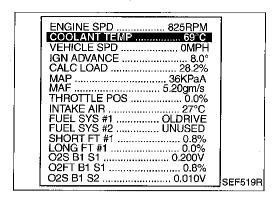
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

1) Lift up vehicle.

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check coolant temperature.

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)
Be sure that water temperature does not exceed 100°C. If it becomes higher than 100°C, cool down the engine and perform the procedure again from the beginning.

- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 80 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

Engine speed: 1,200 rpm or more (A/T)

1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)

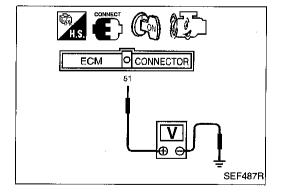
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 9) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 7).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 7), restart the procedure.

- OR -

It is better that the fuel level is low.





1) Lift up vehicle.

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal (f) and engine ground

Voltage: 0.8 - 1.5V

Perform the following procedure before the voltage drops below 0.8V. If the voltage drops below 0.8V, cool down the engine and perform the entire procedure all over again.

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 80 seconds.

Gear position: Suitable gear position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

Engine speed: 1,200 rpm or more (A/T)

1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Check voltage between ECM terminal 60 and

engine ground: 0.8 - 1.5 V

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd)

- 7) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 8) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 9) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 6).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 6), restart the procedure.
- It is better that the fuel level is low.

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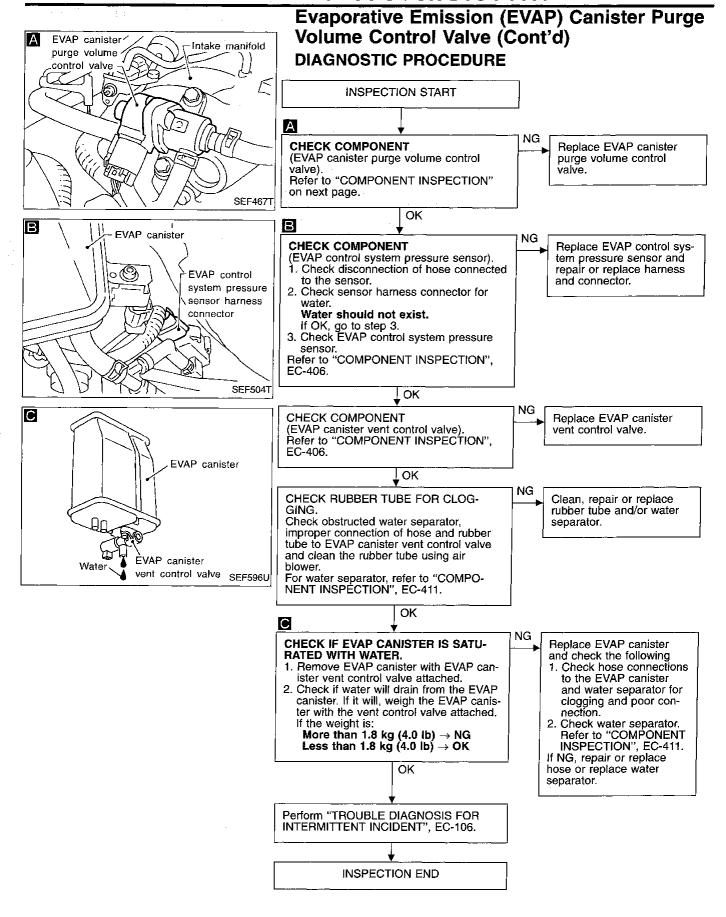
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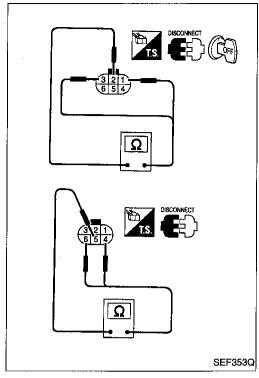
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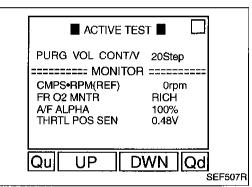
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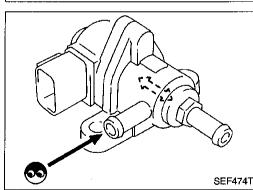
HA

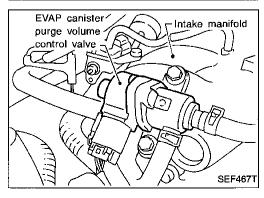
EL











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance: Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain
- ume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)5. Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.
 - If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



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- 2. Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance: Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- 3. Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4. Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

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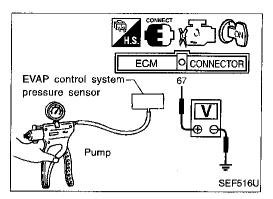
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

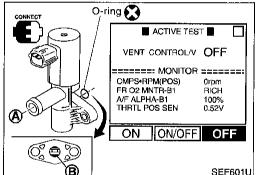
EVAP control system pressure sensor

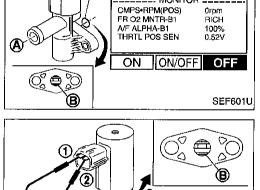
- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine around.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
–9.3 kPa (–70 mmHg, –2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.





-O-ring 🔀

AEC783A

5.3 - 12 N·m

(0.54 - 1.2 kg-m, 46.9 - 104 in-lb)

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
ON	No	
OFF	Yes	
OP		



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

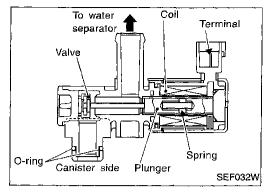
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

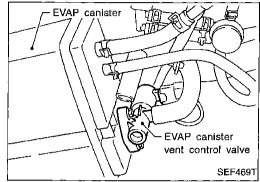
If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

FUSE

BATTERY





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	AT
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF	
			FA

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

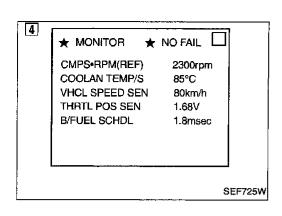
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	. RS . B1
P1446 0215	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. 	HA

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-409.

NOTE:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may be displayed quicker.

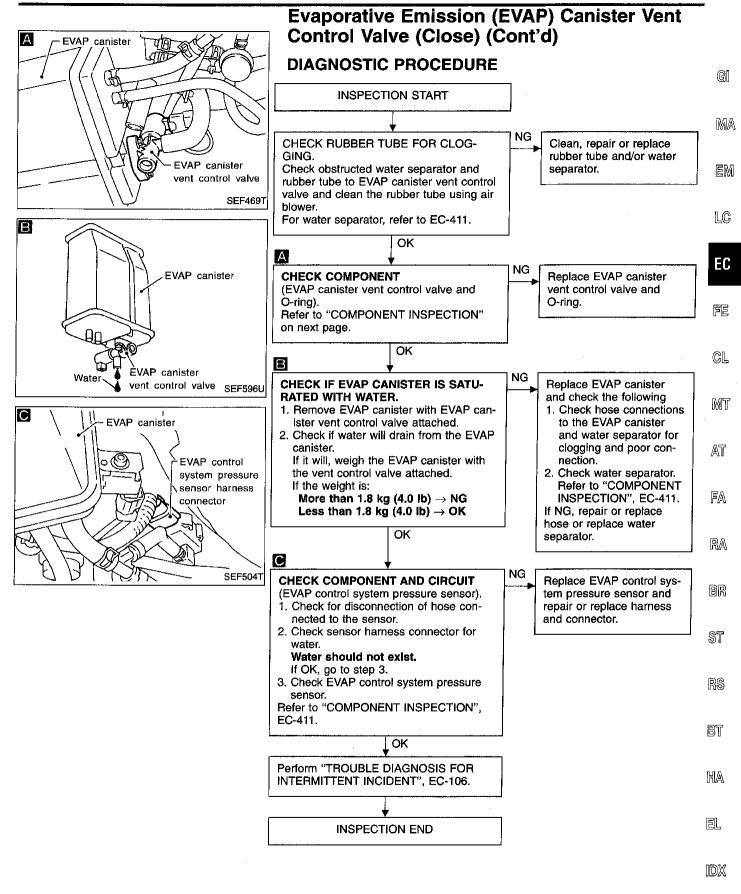
– OR -



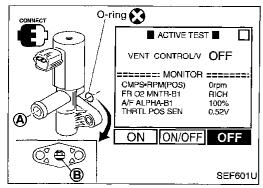
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-409.

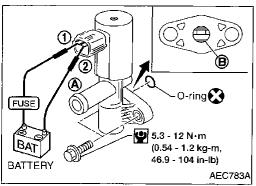
NO

- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOS-TIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-409.



EC-409 571





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

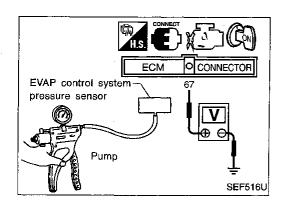
OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

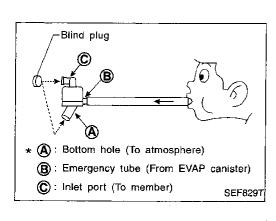
EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal (a) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)	
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6	
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6	

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



Water separator

- Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (a) and (c) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (c) plugged.
- In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.

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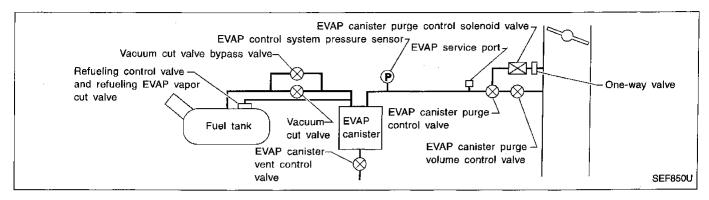
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring

Note: If DTC P0510 is displayed with P1447, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-328.)



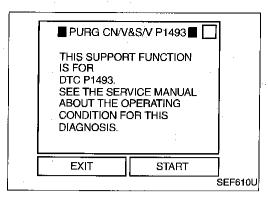
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

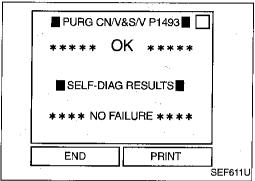
In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-vehicle stopped conditions (M/T models) and non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control valve and EVAP canister purge control valve are open. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

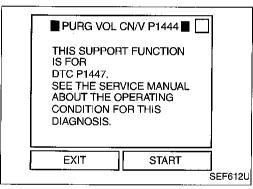
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

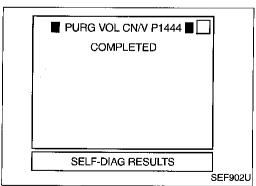
Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a fault is determined.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1447 0111	EVAP control system does not operate properly. EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor.	 EVAP canister purge volume control valve stuck closed EVAP canister purge control valve stuck closed EVAP control system pressure sensor Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube Blocked rubber tube EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve Blocked or bent rubber tube to MAP/BARO switch solenoid valve Cracked EVAP canister Closed throttle position switch Improper connection of one-way valve Blocked purge port EVAP canister vent control valve









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

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CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 4) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1493", EC-444.
- 8) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 9) Touch "START".

If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 11.

10) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

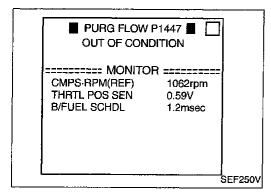
CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

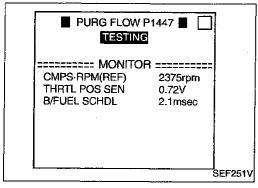
Selector lever: Suitable position Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

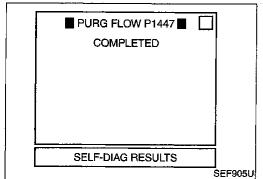
B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

EC-413 575







Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

- 11) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444", EC-399.
- 12) Select "PURG FLOW P1447" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
- 13) Touch "START".
- 14) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

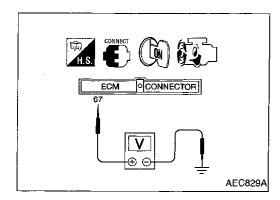
Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH) CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T)

1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

15) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-416.



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

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Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



1) Lift up drive wheels.

Start engine and warm it up to normal operating tem-EM

perature. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.

Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.

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5) Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminal @ (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and engine ground.

EC

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed.

7) Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

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Air conditioner switch: ON Steering wheel: Fully turned

Headlamp switch: ON

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Rear window defogger switch: ON Engine speed: Approx. 3,000 rpm

Gear position: M/T models

Any position other than "Neutral" "Reverse"

FA

A/T models Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"

Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed for at least 1 second.

8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-416.

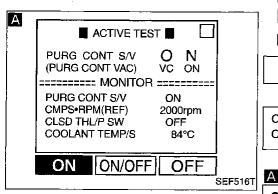
ST

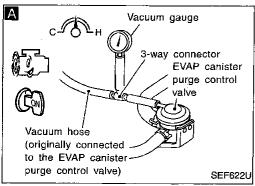
RS BT

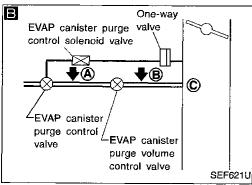
HA

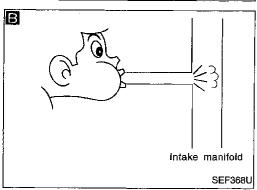
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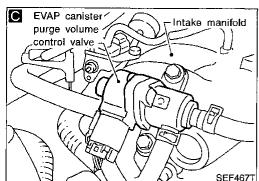
[D]X











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

NG

CHECK EVAP CANISTER.
Check EVAP canister for cracks.

OK

Replace EVAP canister.

CHECK PURGE FLOW.



- Disconnect vacuum hose from EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- Perform "PURG CONT S/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm.
- Select "ON" and "OFF" on CONSULT screen to turn on "PURG CONT/V S/V".

ON: Vacuum should exist.

OFF: Vacuum should not exist.



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

OR

- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Jack up drive wheels.
- Disconnect vacuum hose from EVAP canister purge volume control valve and install vacuum gauge.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

While operating solenoid valve, vacuum should exist.

Release the accelerator pedal and let idle.

Vacuum should not exist.

CHECK EVAP PURGE

Check EVAP purge line for improper connection, disconnection and blocked purge port.

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP canister purge control valve (A) and EVAP canister purge volume control valve (B).
- Blow air into each hose and make sure air flows freely.
- Check EVAP purge port
- 5. Check improper connection of one-way valve.

OK

If NG, repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.

CHECK COMPONENT (EVAP canister purge control solenoid vaive). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-419.

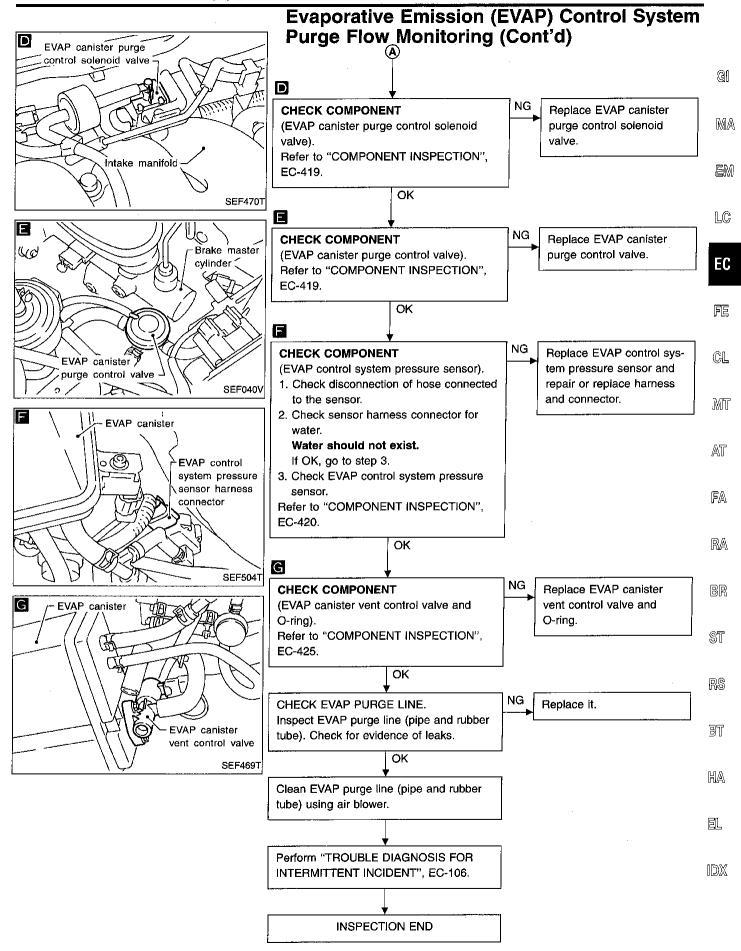
CHECK COMPONENT

C

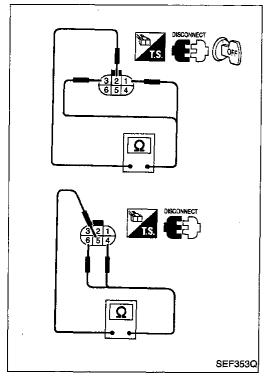
(EVAP canister purge volume control valve).

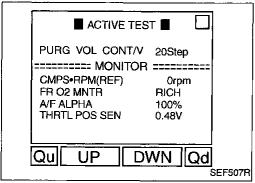
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-418.

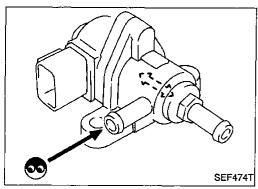
↓OK (A) (Go to next page.) Replace EVAP canister purge volume control valve.

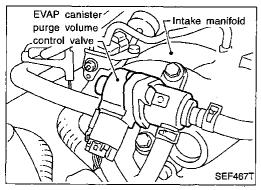


EC-417









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge volume control valve



- 1) Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 2) Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥

Resistance:

Approximately 35 - 43Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

- Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge vol
 - ume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the valve opening.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.



1) Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.

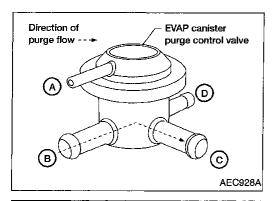
- OR -

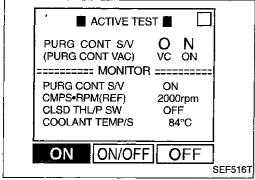
2) Check resistance between the following terminals. terminal ② and terminals ①, ③ terminal ⑤ and terminals ④, ⑥ Resistance:

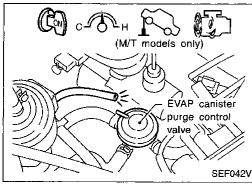
Approximately 35 - 43 Ω [At 20°C (68°F)]

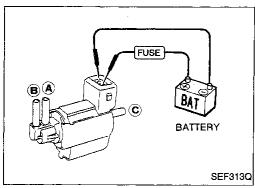
- 3) Reconnect EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector.
- 4) Remove EVAP canister purge volume control valve from intake manifold collector and disconnect hoses from the valve.
 - (Plug the purge hoses. The EVAP canister purge volume control valve harness connector should remain connected.)
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and "OFF". Check that EVAP canister purge volume control valve shaft moves smoothly forward and backward according to the ignition switch position.

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control valve.









Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows:

- Blow air in port (A) and (C) and ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (c).
- 3. Plug port (B) and blow air in port (D). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (C).
- Apply vacuum to port (a) [approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)].
 Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b) and ensure free flow out of port (b).

Plug port (B) and blow air in port (C) and ensure free flow out of port (D).

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

- Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).
 Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idle	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist

Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

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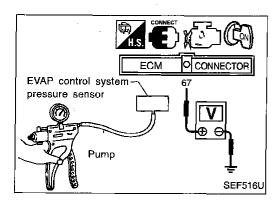
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

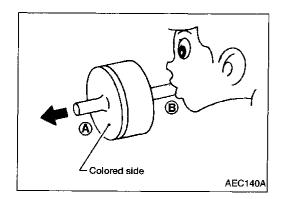
EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- 2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
- Check output voltage between ECM terminal @ and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- 5. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



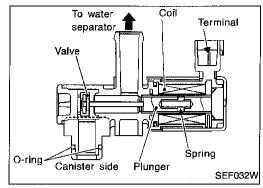
One-way valve

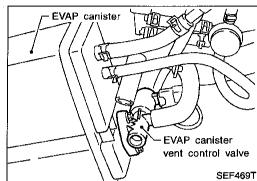
Check one-way valve air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity
Blow air into side B to A	Yes
Blow air into side A to B	No

If NG, replace one-way valve.

Make sure to install one-way valve with the colored side facing the vacuum.





Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open)

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0440 or P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
108	PU/W	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	· — (<u>0</u>)
P1448 0309	EVAP canister vent control valve remains opened under specified driving conditions.	 EVAP canister vent control valve EVAP control system pressure sensor Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve Water separator EVAP canister is saturated with water. 	
		Vacuum cut valve	_ [

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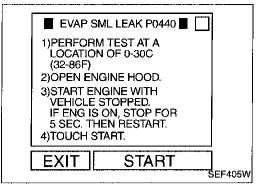
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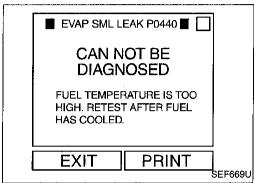
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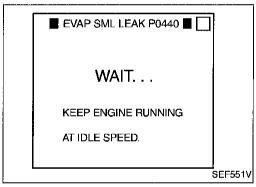
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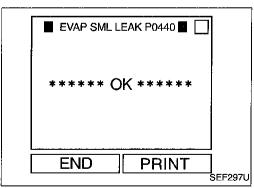
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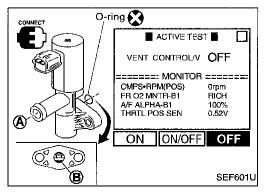
EC-421











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

- If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0440 or P1440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is less than 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- It is better that the fuel level is low.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 70°C (32 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 60°C (32 140°F)
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK PÒ440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.

Follow the instruction displayed.

NOTE:

- If the CONSULT screen shown at left is displayed, stop the engine and stabilize the vehicle temperature at 25°C (77°F) or cooler. After "TANK F/TMP SE" becomes less than 30°C (86°F), retest. (Use a fan to reduce the stabilization time.)
- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT screen, go to "Basic inspection", EC-82.
- The engine idle portion of this test (See illustration at left.) will take approximately 5 minutes.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, go to the following step.

NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

- 7) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 8) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.
- 11) Make sure of the following.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
Touching "ON"	No	
Touching "OFF"	Yes	

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-424.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-290.



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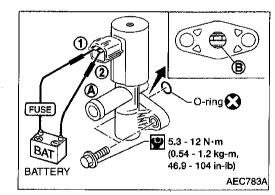
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OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

OR



- 1) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- 2) Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
- 3) Verify the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity	
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No	BR
No supply	Yes	ST
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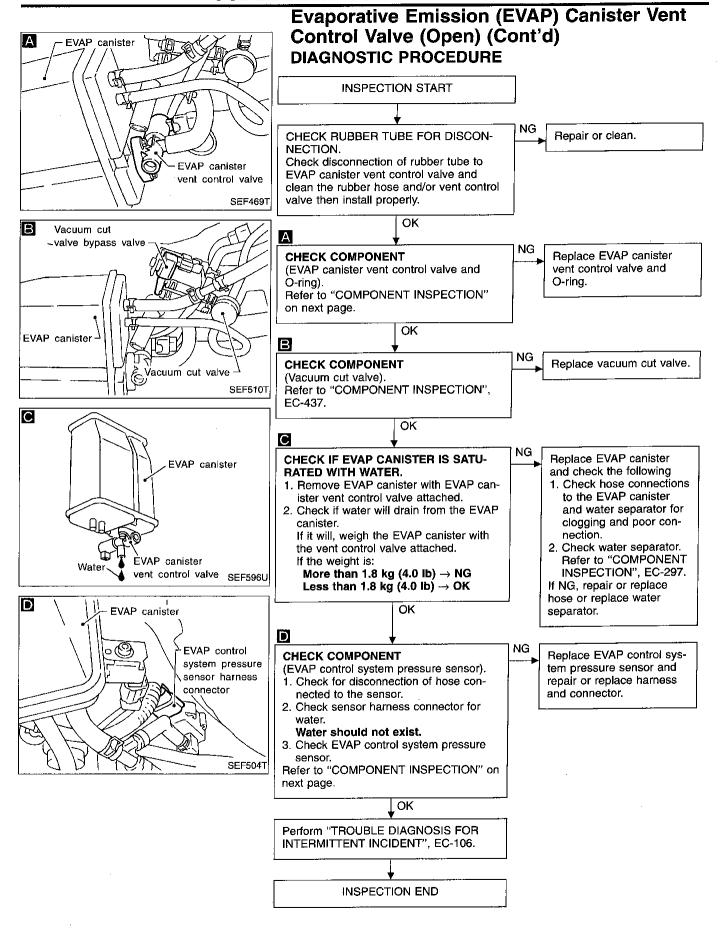
If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-424.

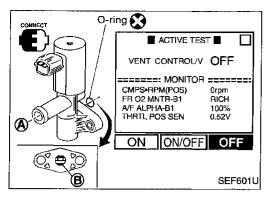
If the result is OK, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-287.

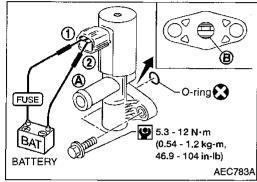
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

No supply

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No

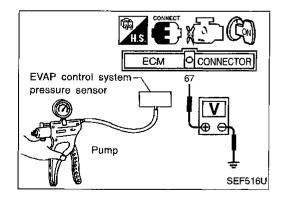
Yes

OR

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.



EVAP control system pressure sensor

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
- . Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage (V)
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure below -20 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg) or over 20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg).
- If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

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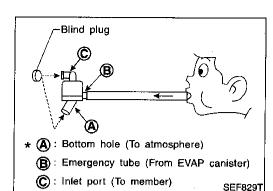
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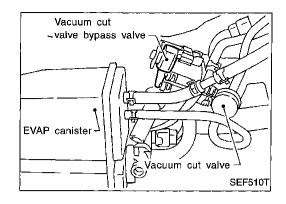
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

Water separator

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
- Do not disassemble water separator.



Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit)

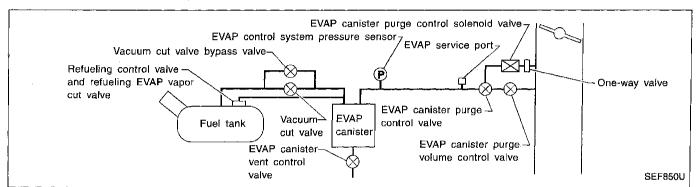
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	RA
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF	
			BR

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	KA
P1490 0801	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	Harness or connectors (The vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit is	
		open or shorted.) Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	IDX

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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-430.



) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.

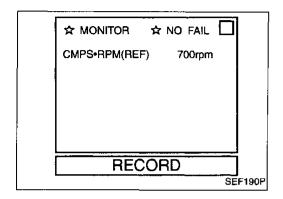
OR -

- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-430.

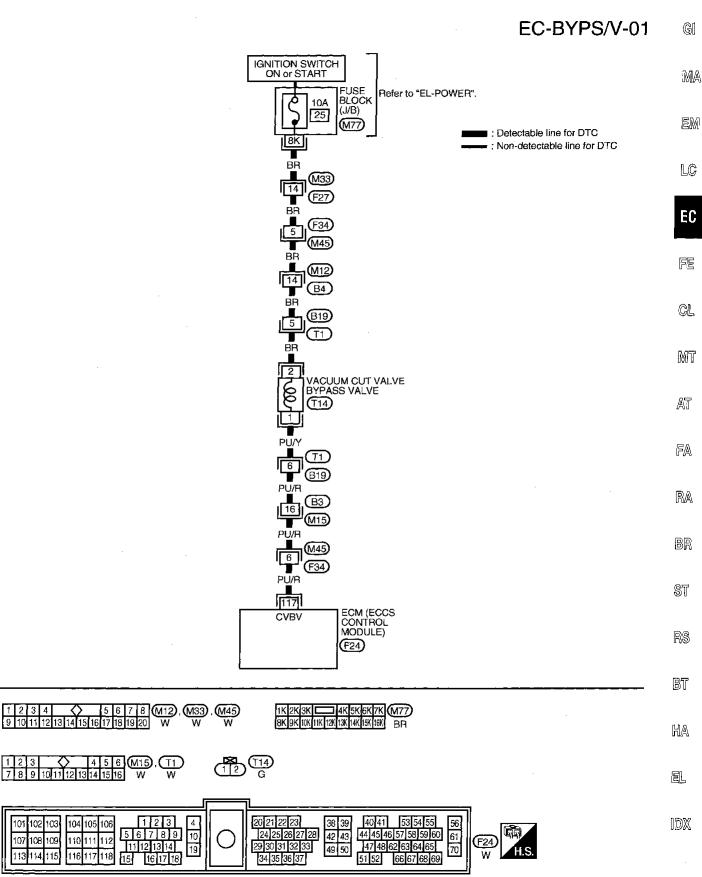




- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-430.



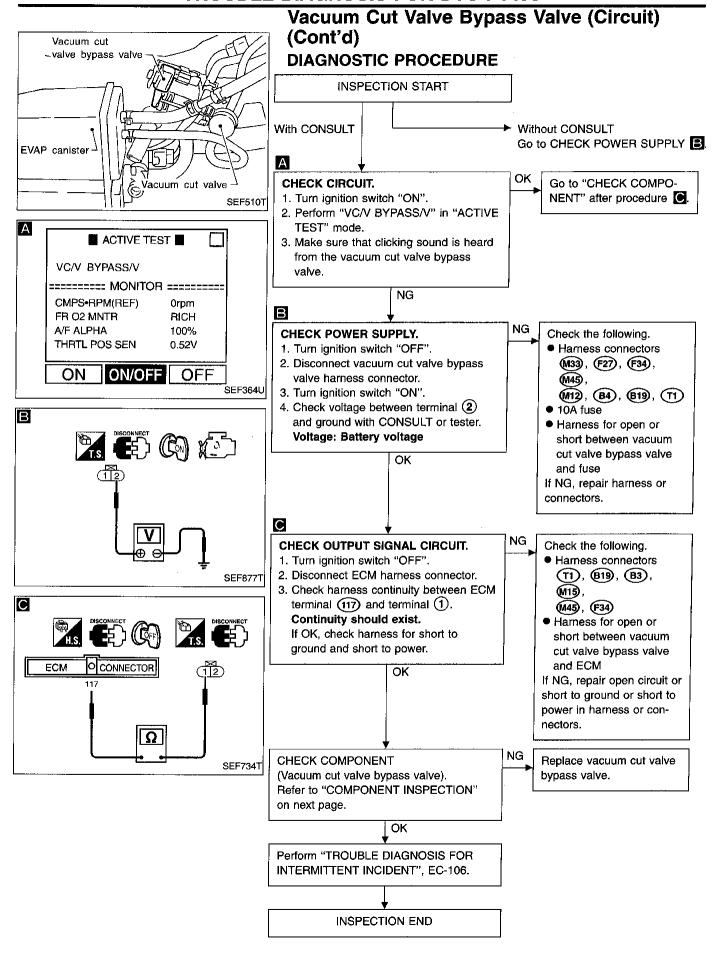
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

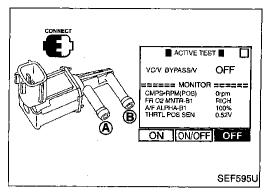


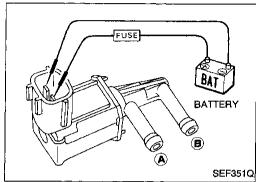
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

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Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

	Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	N	Yes
OFF		No

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

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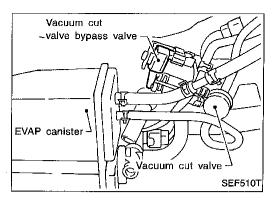
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Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve

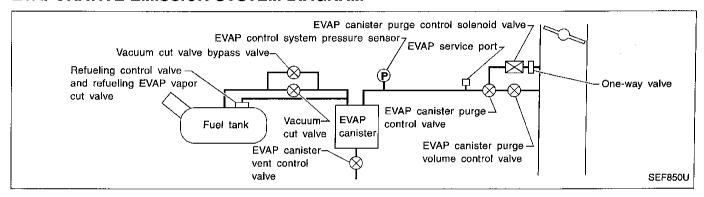
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

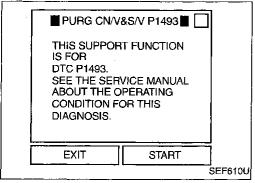
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

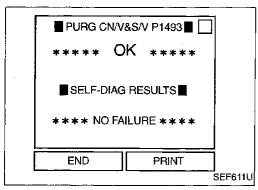
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

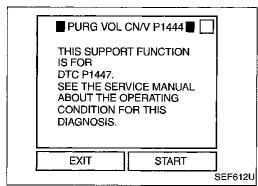
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	GI
P1491 0311	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve does not operate properly.	 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve Vacuum cut valve Bypass hoses for clogging EVAP control system pressure sensor EVAP canister vent control valve Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged EVAP canister 	ma Em LC
		EVAP purge port of fuel tank for cloggingORVR system leaks	EC







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5) Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

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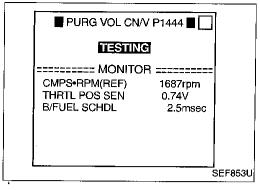
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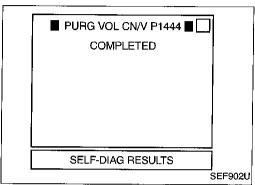
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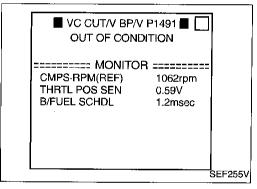
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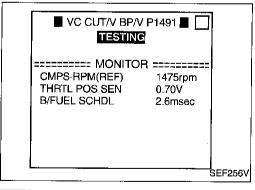
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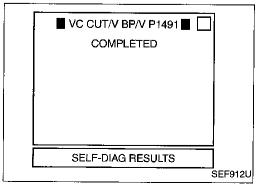
Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)











If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

- 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1493", EC-444.
- Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 10) Touch "START".

 If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 12.
- 11) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 20 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

- 12) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" and go to the following step.
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE" of "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444", EC-399.
- 13) Select "VC/V BYPASS/V P1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 14) Touch "START".
- 15) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Selector lever: Suitable position

Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.6 - 4.6 msec

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

16) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

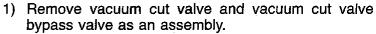
If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-436.

Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

— OR -

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK





2) Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).

3) Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).

4) Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).

5) Supply battery voltage to the terminal.

6) Blow air in port (A) and check that air flow freely out (LG) of port (B).

7) Blow air in port (B) and check that air flow freely out of port (A).

8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-436.

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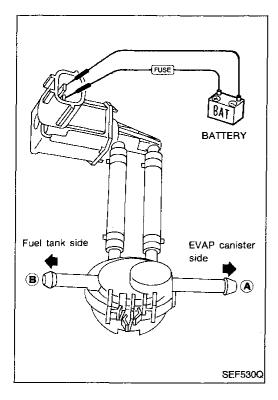
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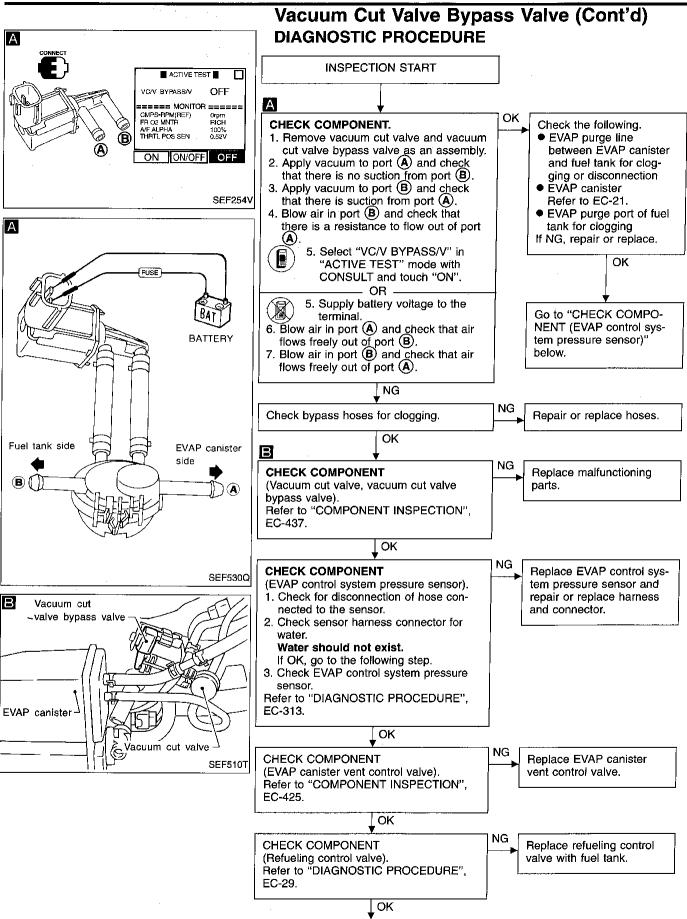
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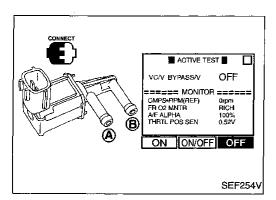
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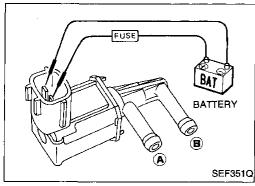
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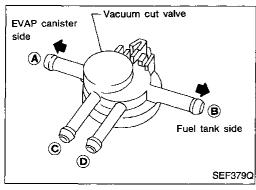




INSPECTION END







Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition VC/V BYPASS/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	
No supply	No	

OR

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

Vacuum cut valve

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

Plug port © and D with fingers.

2. Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).

3. Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).

4. Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).

5. Open port © and D.

6. Blow air in port (A) check that air flows freely out of port (C).

Blow air in port

B check that air flows freely out of port

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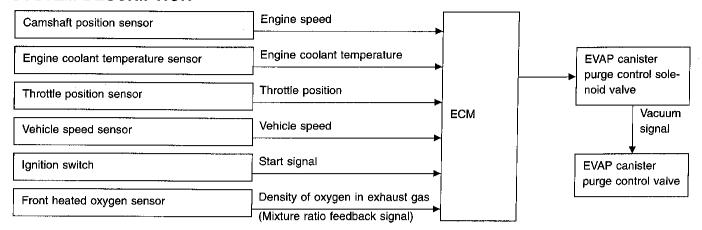
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit)

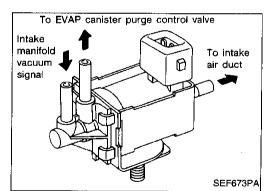
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls the vacuum signal applied to the EVAP canister purge control valve.

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current does not flow through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The solenoid valve cuts the vacuum signal so that the EVAP canister purge control valve remains closed.

- Ignition switch "ON"
- Closed throttle position
- Low engine coolant temperature
- During deceleration
- Engine stopped
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 60 seconds after starting engine (After warm-up to normal operating temperature)

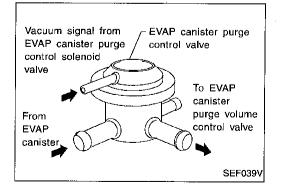


COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal (from the intake manifold to the EVAP canister purge control valve) is cut.

When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the vacuum signal passes through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The signal then opens the EVAP canister purge control valve.

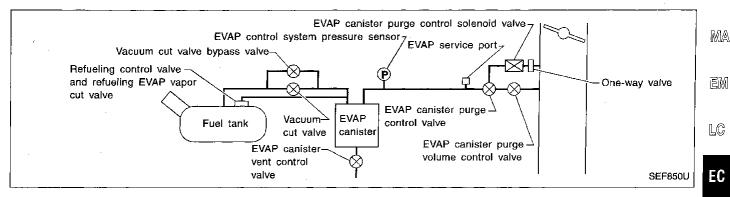


EVAP canister purge control valve

When the vacuum signal is cut by EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve, EVAP canister purge control valve closes.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
● Engine: After warming up	ldle	OFF	
PURG CONT S/V	 Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Jack up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	FA
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)		RA
105	PU	EVAP canister purge con- trol solenoid valve	More than 60 seconds after starting engine M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH). Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 0V	BR
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ST

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	BT
P1492	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors (The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.	HA
		EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	Ē

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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-442.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-442.

OR ·



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-442.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)



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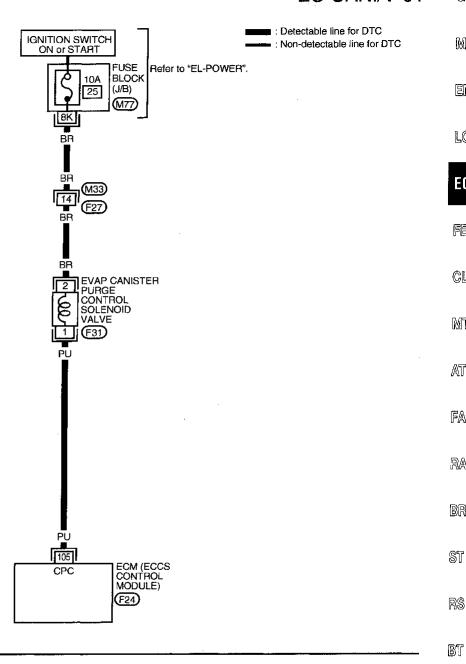
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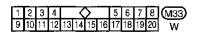
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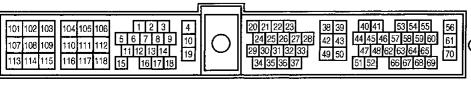
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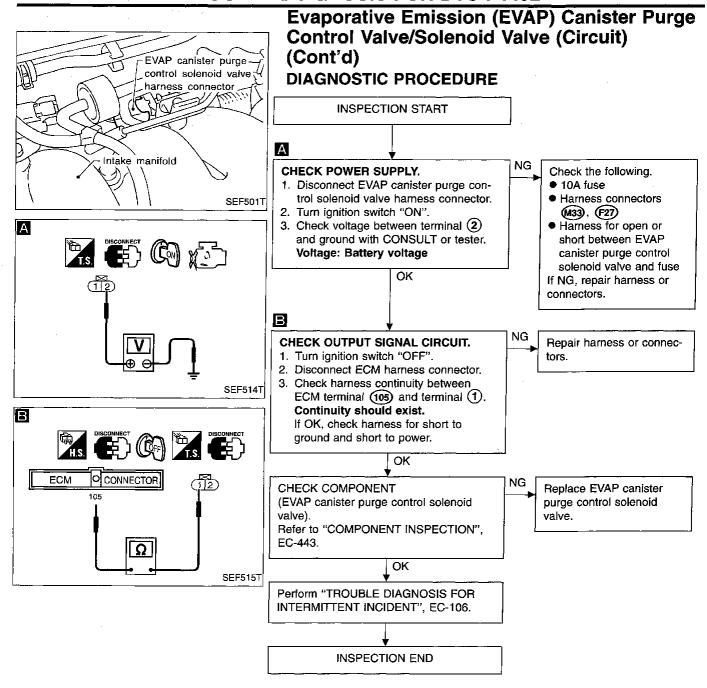


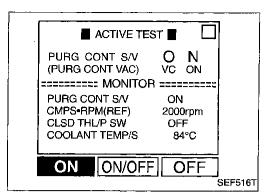


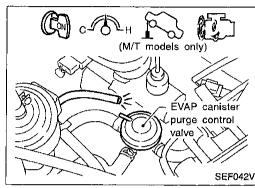


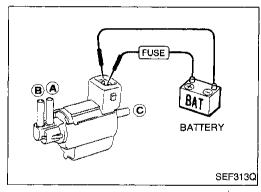


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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

1. Jack up driving wheels (M/T models only).

2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

3. Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

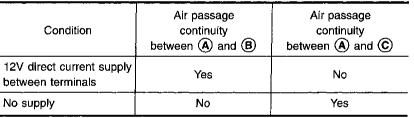
 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

5. Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.

6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idle	Not exist
2,000 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist

Check air passage continuity.



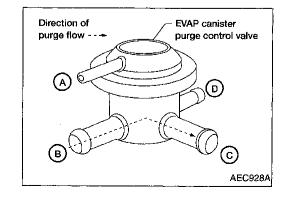
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows.

- Blow air in port (a) and (c) and ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Plug port (a) and blow air in port (b). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (c).
- 3. Plug port (B) and blow air in port (D). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (C).
- Apply vacuum to port (a) [approximately -13.3 to -20.0 kPa (-100 to -150 mmHg, -3.94 to -5.91 inHg)].
 Plug port (b) and blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out of port (b) and blow air in port (c) and ensure free flow out the port (d) and ensure free flow out.

Plug port (B) and blow air in port (C) and ensure free flow out of port (D).



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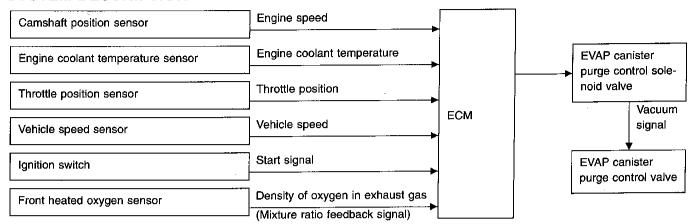
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

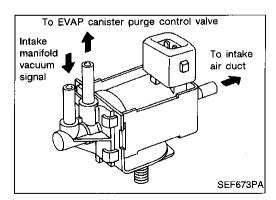


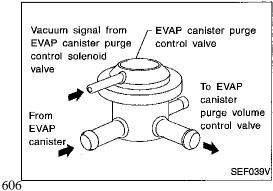
This system controls the vacuum signal applied to the EVAP canister purge control valve.

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, current does not flow through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.

The solenoid valve cuts the vacuum signal so that the EVAP canister purge control valve remains closed.

- Ignition switch "ON"
- Closed throttle position
- Low engine coolant temperature
- During deceleration
- Engine stopped
- Low vehicle speed (M/T models)
- For 60 seconds after starting engine (After warm-up to normal operating temperature)





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

The EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal (from the intake manifold to the EVAP canister purge control valve) is cut.

When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the vacuum signal passes through the EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. The signal then opens the EVAP canister purge control valve.

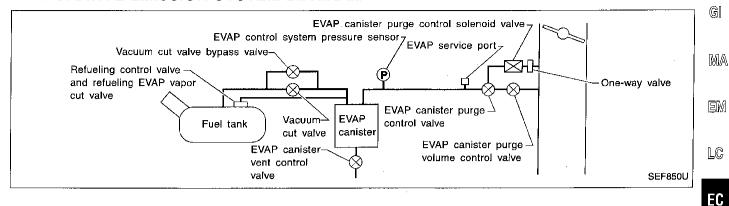
EVAP canister purge control valve

When the vacuum signal is cut by EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve, EVAP canister purge control valve closes.

EC-444

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Francisco Afternacione un	idle	OFF
PURG CONT S/V	 Engine: After warming up Shift lever: N No-load M/T models: Lift up drive wheels and shift to 1st gear position. 	More than 60 seconds after starting engine A/T models: 2,000 rpm M/T models: 2,000 rpm and more than 16 km/h (10 MPH)	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

Specific	Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.				
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	FA
105		EVAP canister purge con-	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) — More than 60 seconds after starting engine — M/T models: Jack up front wheels and drive wheels at 16 km/h (10 MPH).	Approximately 0V	RA
105	PU	trol solenoid valve	Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.		BR
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ST

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

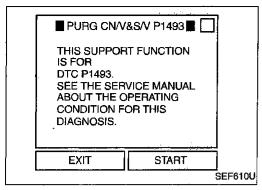
Diagnostic	No. 15 constitution for all and a standard and a st	Check Items	
Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	(Possible Cause)	B7
P1493	EVAP canister purge control valve does not operate	EVAP canister purge control valve	
	properly (stuck open).	EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve	
		Vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection	. HA
		EVAP control system pressure sensor	
		EVAP canister vent control valve	
		Water separator	EL
		EVAP canister saturated with water	

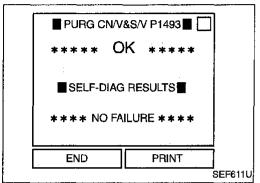
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If DTC P1492 is displayed with P1493, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1492 first. (See EC-438.)
- If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CN/V & S/V P1493" of "EVAPORA-TIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Start engine and let it idle for at least 90 seconds.
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds.)

Selector lever: Suitable position

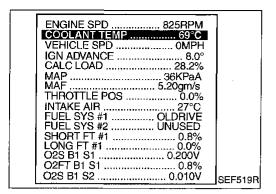
Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH) CMPS·RPM (REF): 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 msec

PROCEDURE", EC-449.

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC



Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

Select "MODE 1" with GST.

Check coolant temperature. Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F) Be sure that water temperature does not exceed 100°C. If it becomes higher than 100°C, cool down the engine and perform the procedure again from the

beginning. 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-

- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.
- 6) Maintain the following conditions for at least 30 sec-

Gear position: Suitable gear position Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH) Engine speed: 1,200 rpm or more (A/T)

1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Coolant temperature: 40 - 100°C (104 - 212°F)

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-449.

NOTE:

- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during driving in step 6).
- If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 6), restart the procedure.

- OR -

It is better that the fuel level is low.

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal (51) and ground Voltage: 0.8 - 1.5V Perform the following procedure before the voltage

drops below 0.8V. If the voltage drops below 0.8V, cool down the engine and perform the entire procedure all over again.

3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 sec-

4) Restart engine and let it idle for at least 100 seconds.

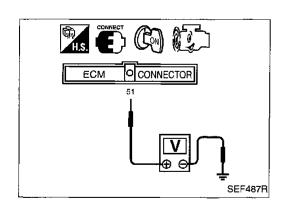
5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 30 sec-

Gear position: Suitable gear position Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)

Engine speed: 1,200 rpm or more (A/T) 1,600 rpm or more (M/T)

Check voltage between ECM terminal 61 and ground: 0.8 - 1.5 V

- 6) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-449.



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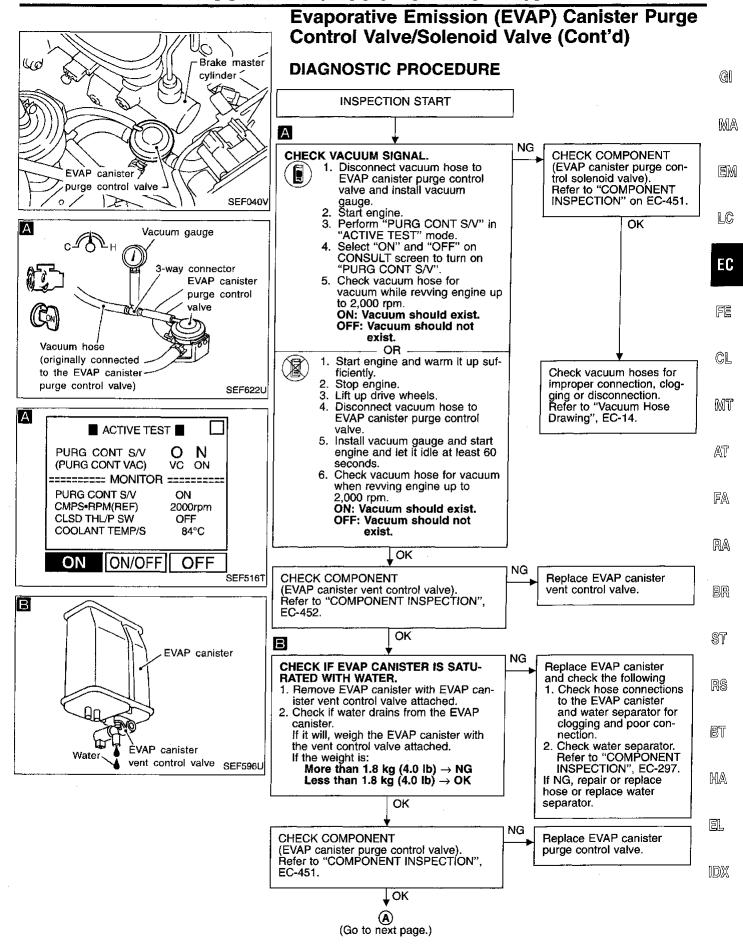
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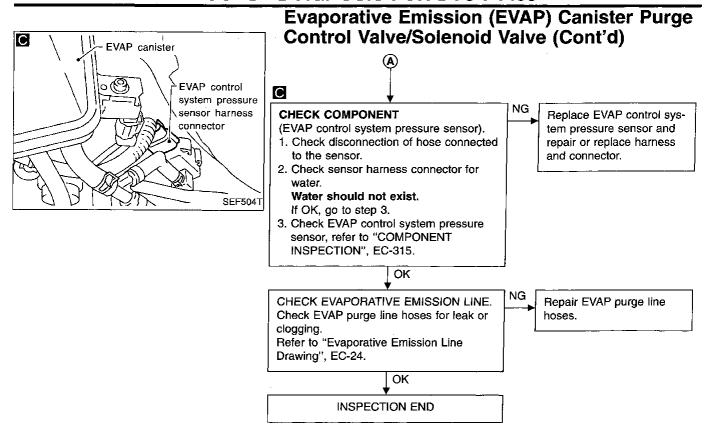
Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) NOTE:

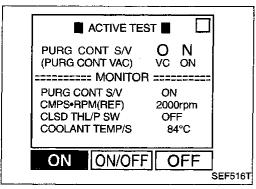
- Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during
- driving in step 5).

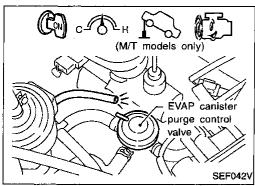
 If the driving conditions are not satisfied in step 5), restart the procedure.

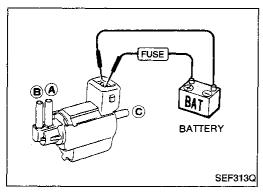
 It is better that the fuel level is low.











Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve

- 1. Lift up driving wheels (M/T models only).
- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "PURG CONT S/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Disconnect vacuum hose at EVAP canister purge control valve.
- 6. Touch "ON" and "OFF" and check for vacuum passing through the hose.

Condition	Vacuum
Idle	Not exist
2,200 rpm (A/T models) 2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist

2,000 rpm with 1 gear position (M/T models)	Exist
Check air passage continu	R ————uity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)	
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes	No	
No supply	No	Yes	

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

EVAP canister purge control valve

Check EVAP canister purge control valve as follows.

- 1. Blow air in port (a) and (c) and ensure that there is no leakage.
- 2. Plug port (1) and blow air in port (18). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (15).
- 3. Plug port (B) and blow air in port (D). Ensure that there is resistance to flow out of port (C).
- I. Apply vacuum to port (a) [approximately –13.3 to –20.0 kPa (–100 to –150 mmHg, –3.94 to –5.91 inHg)].
 Plug port (D) and blow air in port (E) and ensure free flow out of port (B).
 - Plug port (B) and blow air in port (C) and ensure free flow out of port (D).

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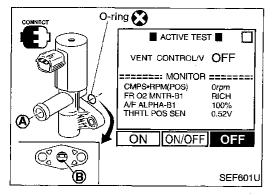
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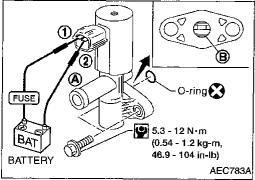
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Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Control Valve/Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes
)B

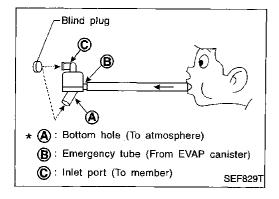


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

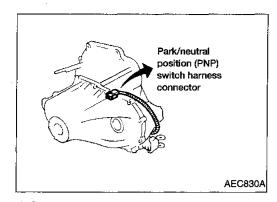


Water separator

- Check visually for insect's nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air into (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.

NOTE:

Do not disassemble water separator.



Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the gear position is "P" (A/T models only) or "N", park/ neutral position (PNP) switch is "ON".

ECM detects the park/neutral position when continuity with ground exists.

For A/T models, the PNP switch assembly also includes a transmission range switch to detect selector lever position.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PNP SW/CIRC	C	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
FINE SWICING		Except above	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

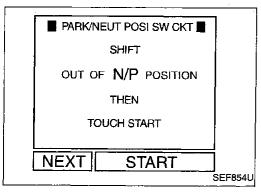
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
22	G/OR	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON" Except the above gear position	A/T models: BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) M/T models: Approximately 5V

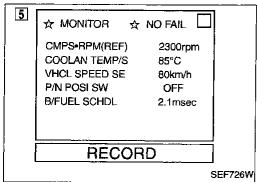
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

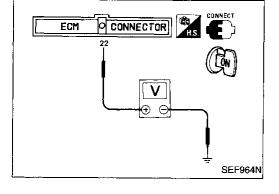
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	ST RS
P1706	 The signal of the park/neutral position switch is not	Harness or connectors (The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.) Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	en
1003	changed in the process of engine starting and driving.		Ta

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Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Perform "PARK/NEUT POSI SW CKT" in "FUNC-TION TEST" mode with CONSULT.

2) Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known good signal	
"N" and "P" (A/T only) position	ON	
Except the above position	OFF	

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-456. If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 50 consecutive seconds.

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,800 - 2,800 rpm COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 5 msec (A/T) 1 - 4.5 msec (M/T)

VHCL SPEED SE: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH)

Selector lever: Suitable position

6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-456.

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/ neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



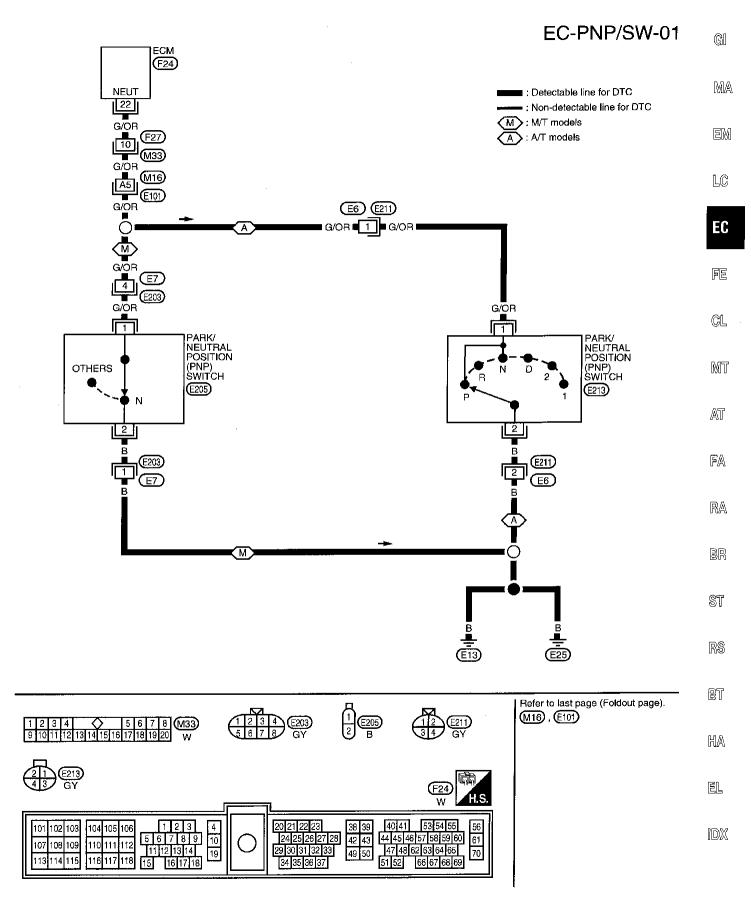
1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

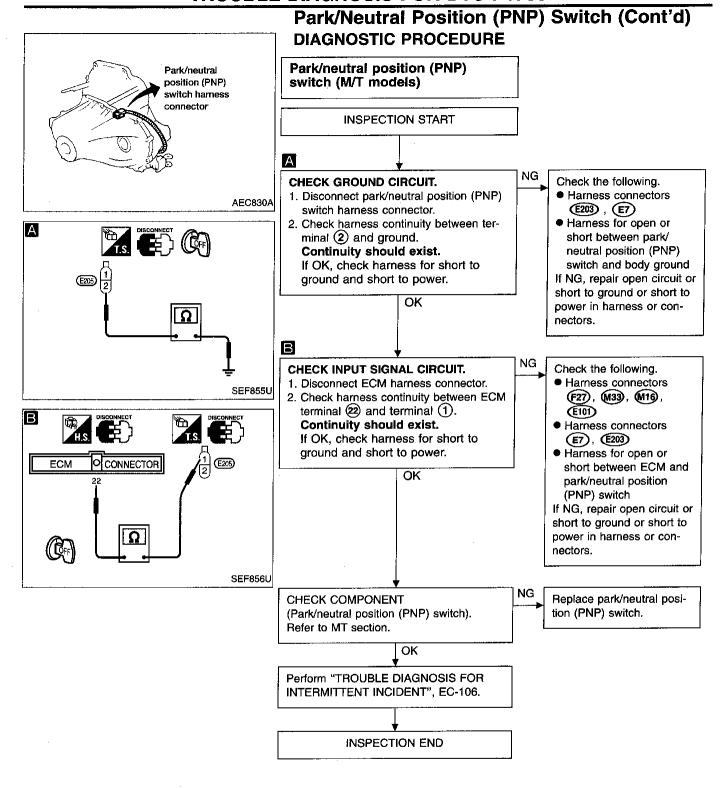
2) Check voltage between ECM terminal 2 and engine ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage (V) (Known good data)
"P" (A/T only) and "N" position	Approx. 0
Except the above position	A/T models: BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) M/T models: Approx. 5

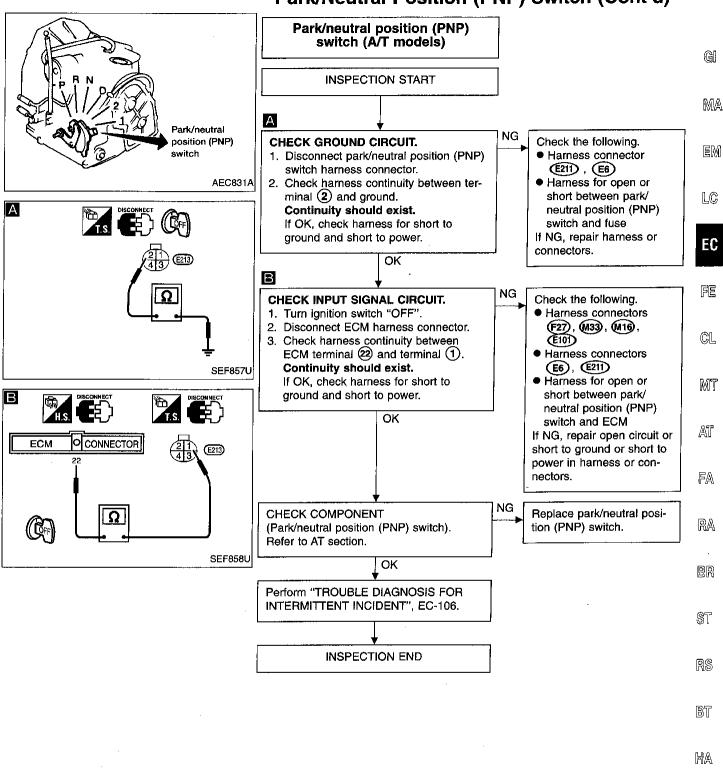
3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-456.

Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd)





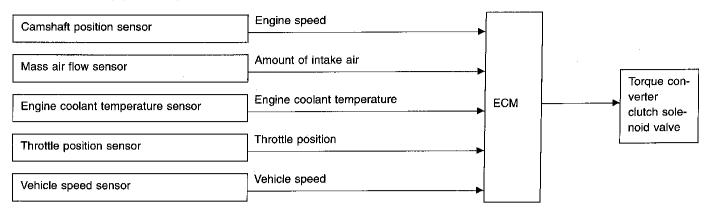
Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd)



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Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Circuit)

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM controls torque converter clutch solenoid valve to cancel the lock-up condition of A/T. When the solenoid valve is **turned on**, lock-up is **cancelled**. When the solenoid valve is turned off, A/T lock-up is operational.

Conditions for lock-up cancel:

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve is turned "ON" when:

- Throttle valve is fully closed (during idling or deceleration)
- Engine coolant temperature is below 60°C (140°F)
- Vehicle speed is less than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
- During high-load operation

Conditions for lock-up operation:

Under 68 to 76 km/h (42 to 47 MPH) (2/8

throttle on flat road), lock-up does not operate even when the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

 Over 106 to 114 km/h (66 to 71 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up should operate because the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

To confirm vehicle lock-up, the torque converter clutch solenoid valve must be in operation ("ON" during idle and deceleration, and "OFF" during acceleration) and engine speed should drop.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there will be no lock-up.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
TCC SOL/V		Idle	ON
		Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
Torque converter cl 30 P/B solenoid valve (A/T models only)	Torque converter clutch	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1775 0904	 An excessively low voltage from the solenoid is sent to ECM. 	Harness or connectors (The circuit is open or shorted.) Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.

- OR -

- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-461.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-461.





- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-461.

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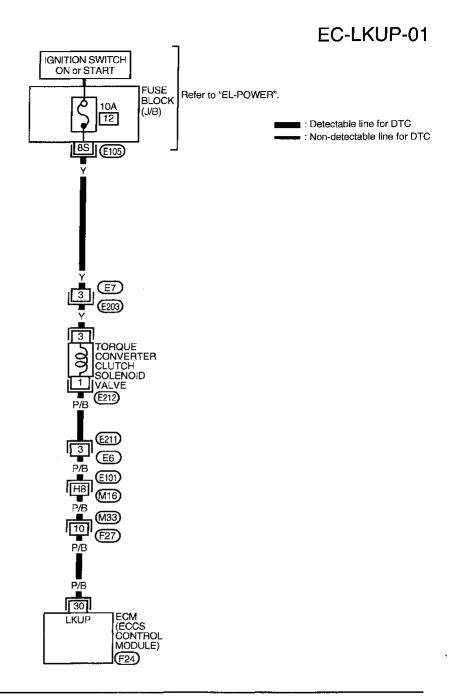
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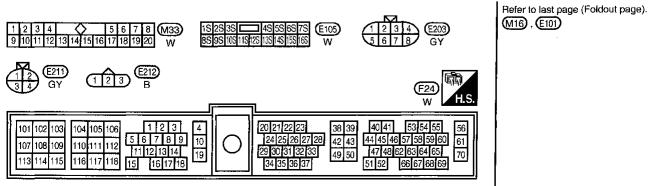
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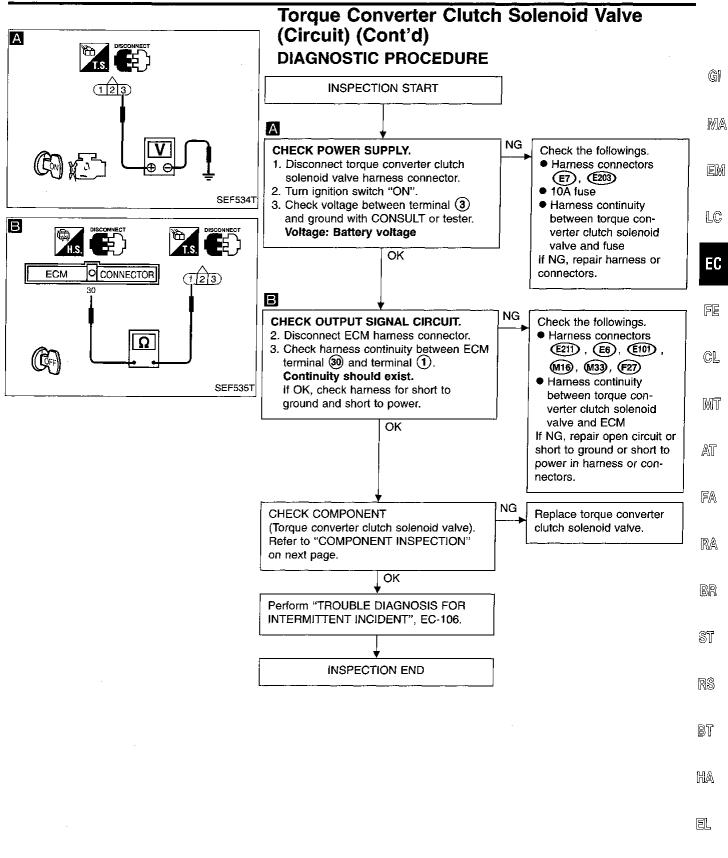
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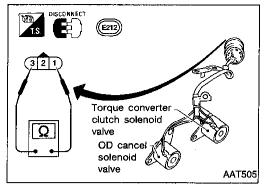
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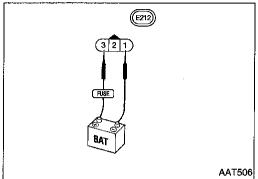
Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)











Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

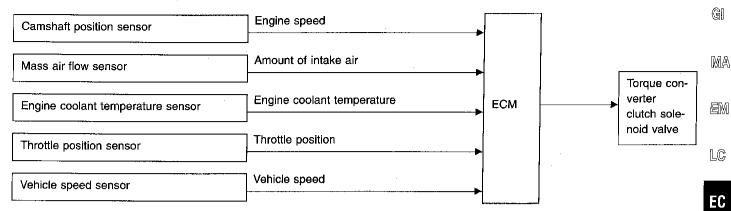
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

- 1. Check resistance between torque converter clutch solenoid valve terminals ① and ③.
 - Resistance: Approximately 25 Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
- 2. Remove torque converter clutch solenoid valve. Refer to "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE" in AT section.
- 3. Supply the solenoid valve terminals ① and ③ with battery voltage and check the solenoid valve operation.

 Torque converter clutch solenoid valve should be oper-
- 4. If NG, replace torque converter clutch solenoid valve.

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM controls torque converter clutch solenoid valve to cancel the lock-up condition of A/T. When the solenoid valve is **turned on**, lock-up is **cancelled**. When the solenoid valve is turned off, A/T lock-up is operational.

Conditions for lock-up cancel:

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve is turned "ON" when:

- Throttle valve is fully closed (during idling or deceleration)
- Engine coolant temperature is below 60°C (140°F)
- Vehicle speed is less than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
- During high-load operation

Conditions for lock-up operation:

Under 68 to 76 km/h (42 to 47 MPH) (2/8

throttle on flat road), lock-up does not operate even when the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

Over 106 to 114 km/h (66 to 71 MPH) (2/8 throttle on flat road), lock-up should operate because the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is "OFF".

To confirm vehicle lock-up, the torque converter clutch solenoid valve must be in operation ("ON" during idle and deceleration, and "OFF" during acceleration) and engine speed should drop.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there will be no lock-up.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	ON
TCC SOL/V		Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position	OFF

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
		Torque converter clutch	Engine is running. Idle speed	Approximately 0V
30 P/B solenoid vaive (A/T models only)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Vehicle speed is 64 km/h (40 MPH) or more in "D" position.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		

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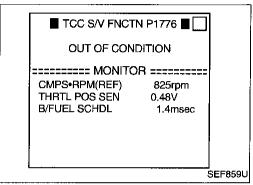
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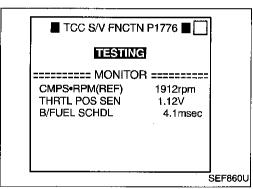
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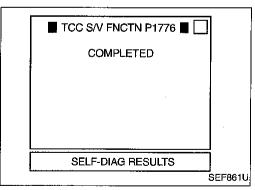
Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1776 0904	 A/T torque converter slip is occurred in lock-up condition. 	 Torque converter clutch solenoid valve A/T hydraulic control system Torque converter







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION **PROCEDURE**

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.

TESTING CONDITION:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCE-DURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Start engine.
- 4) Select "TCC S/V FNCTN P1776" of "A/T (TCC S/V)" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
- Touch "START"
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

Selector lever: D (OD "ON")

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH) CMPS-RPM (REF); Less than 3,200 rpm

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 4.8 msec

THRTL POS SEN: Less than 1.4V

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
 - If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-466.

1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

- OR -

- Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 3) Perform test drive in "D" position (OD "ON") at least 20 seconds continuously under the following condi-

Engine speed: Less than 3,200 rpm

Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-466.

- OR -

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1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

2) Perform test drive in "D" position (OD "ON") at least 20 seconds continuously under the following condi-

Engine speed: Less than 3,200 rpm Vehicle speed: 76 - 100 km/h (47 - 62 MPH)

- 3) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-466.

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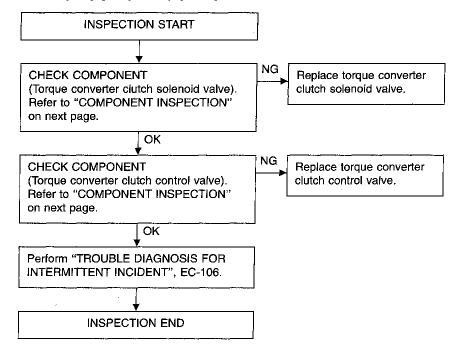
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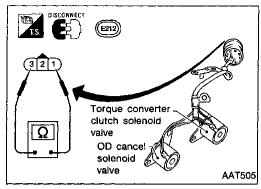
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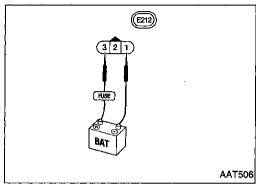
Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

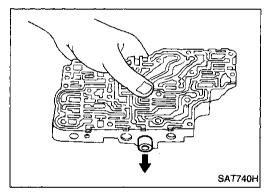
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1776







Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

1. Check resistance between torque converter clutch solenoid valve terminals ① and ③.

Resistance: Approximately 25 Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

- 2. Remove torque converter clutch solenoid valve. Refer to "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE" in AT section.
- Supply the solenoid valve terminals ① and ③ with battery voltage and check the solenoid valve operation.
 Torque converter clutch solenoid valve should be operated.
- 4. If NG, replace torque converter clutch solenoid valve.

Torque converter clutch control valve

- 1. Disassemble torque converter clutch control valve assembly. Refer to "REPAIR FOR COMPONENT PARTS" on AT section.
- 2. Check torque converter clutch control valve.
 - Valve, and sleeve slide along valve bore under their own weight.
 - Valve, and sleeve are free from burrs, dents and scratches.
 - Control valve springs are free from damage, deformation and fatigue.
 - Hydraulic line is free from obstacles.
- If NG, replace torque converter clutch control valve.

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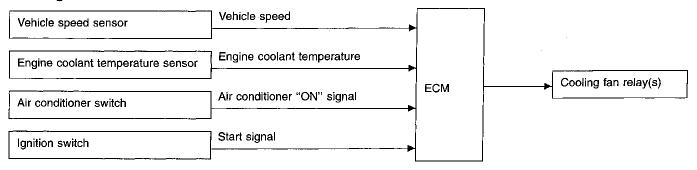
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Overheat

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

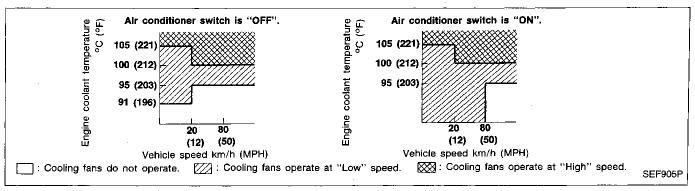
Cooling fan control



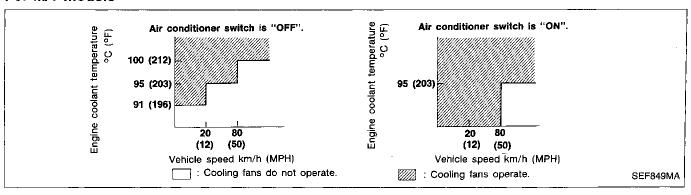
The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/LOW/OFF] on A/T models and 2-step control [HIGH/OFF] on M/T models.

Operation

For A/T models



For M/T models



Overheat (Cont'd) CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
COOLING FAN	After warming up engine, idle the	Engine coolant temperature is 90°C (194°F) or less	OFF
	engine. • Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature is 91°C (196°F) or more	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
-13	LG (A/T	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
. 10	mod- els)		Engine is running. Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0.07 - 0.10V
14	I G/B	Cooling for rolay	Engine is running. Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
14	LG/A	LG/R Cooling fan relay	Engine is running. Cooling fan is operating.	0.07 - 0.30V

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when	Check Items (Possible Cause)	- [?
0208	 Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat). Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat). Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or sho Cooling fan 		
	 Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method. 	Radiator hose Radiator Radiator	S
		Radiator cap Water pump Thermostat	R
		For more information, refer to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING", EC-479.	B

CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA section ("Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE"). Also, replace the engine oil.

- a. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA section ("Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").
- b. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

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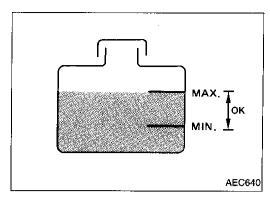
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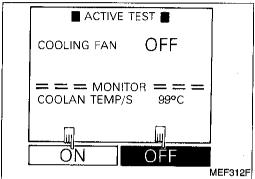
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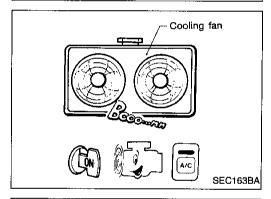
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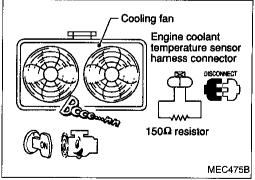
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Overheat (Cont'd)

OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
 Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
 If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" (EC-473).
- 2) Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" (EC-473).
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-473



- 3) Start engine.
- Be careful not to overheat engine.
- 4) Set temperature control lever to full cold position.
- 5) Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
- 6) Turn blower fan switch "ON".
- 7) Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating.

Be careful not to overheat engine.

- 8) Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed for A/T models and high speed for M/T models.
- 9) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 10) Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".

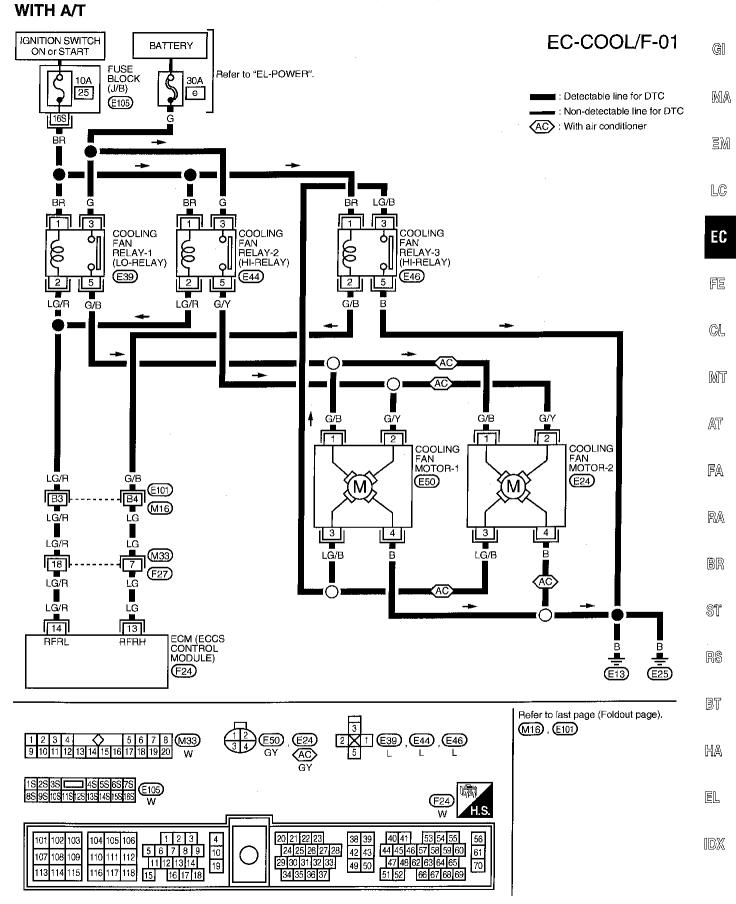
-A/T models only-

- 11) Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 12) Connect 150 Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 13) Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.

Be careful not to overheat engine.

14) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-473

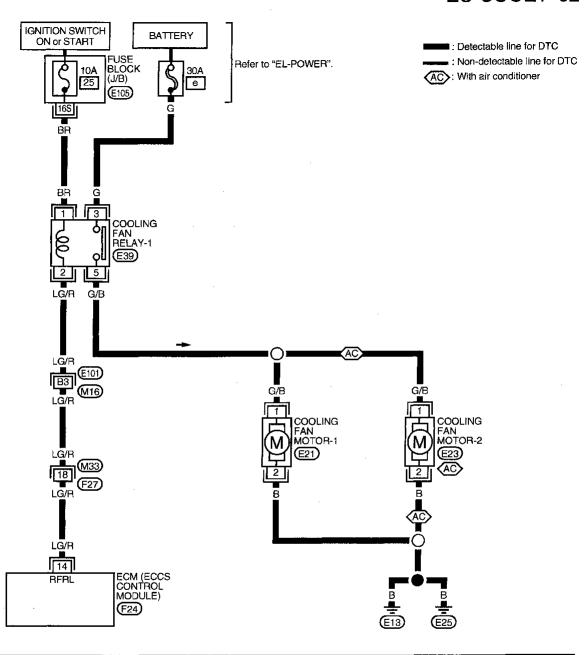
Overheat (Cont'd)

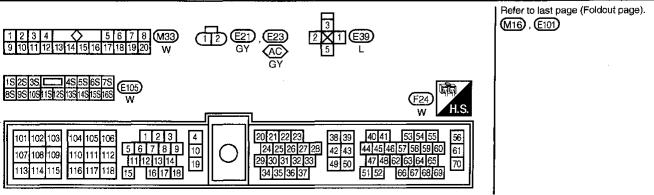


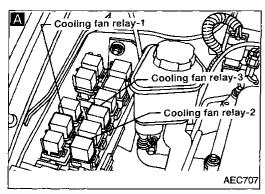
Overheat (Cont'd)

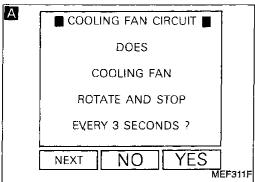
WITH M/T

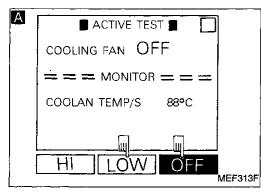
EC-COOL/F-02

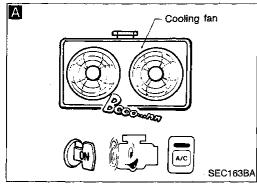












Overheat (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

INSPECTION START

CHECK COOLING FAN LOW SPEED OPERATION (A/T MODELS) AND HIGH SPEED OPERATION (M/T MODELS).

1. Disconnect cooling fan relays-2 and -3 for A/T models.

2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

3. Perform "COOLING FAN CIR-CUIT" in "FUNCTION TEST" mode with CONSULT. - OR -

2. Turn ignition switch "ON".

3. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

OR 2. Start engine.

- 3. Set temperature lever at full cold position.
- 4. Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
- 5. Turn blower fan switch "ON".
- 6. Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operat-
- 7. Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed for A/T models and at high speed for M/T models.

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(Go to next page.)

models) and high speed control circuit (M/T models).

NG

(Go to PROCEDURE A. EC-475.)

Check cooling fan low speed control circuit (A/T

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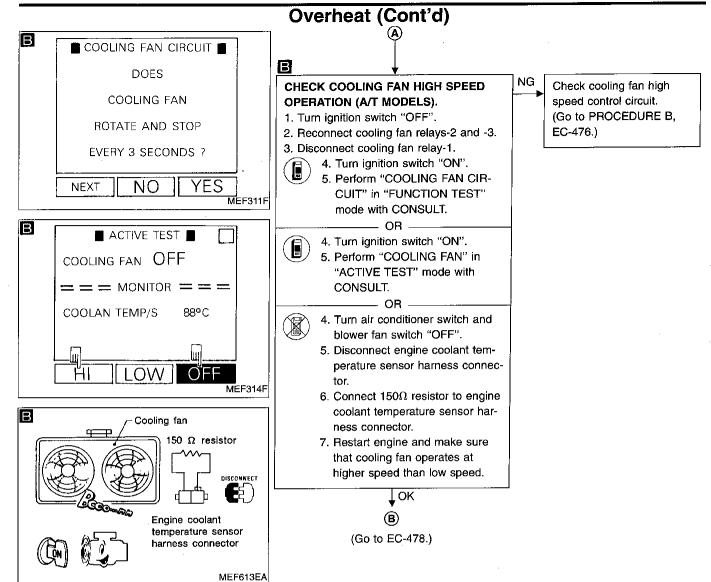
RS

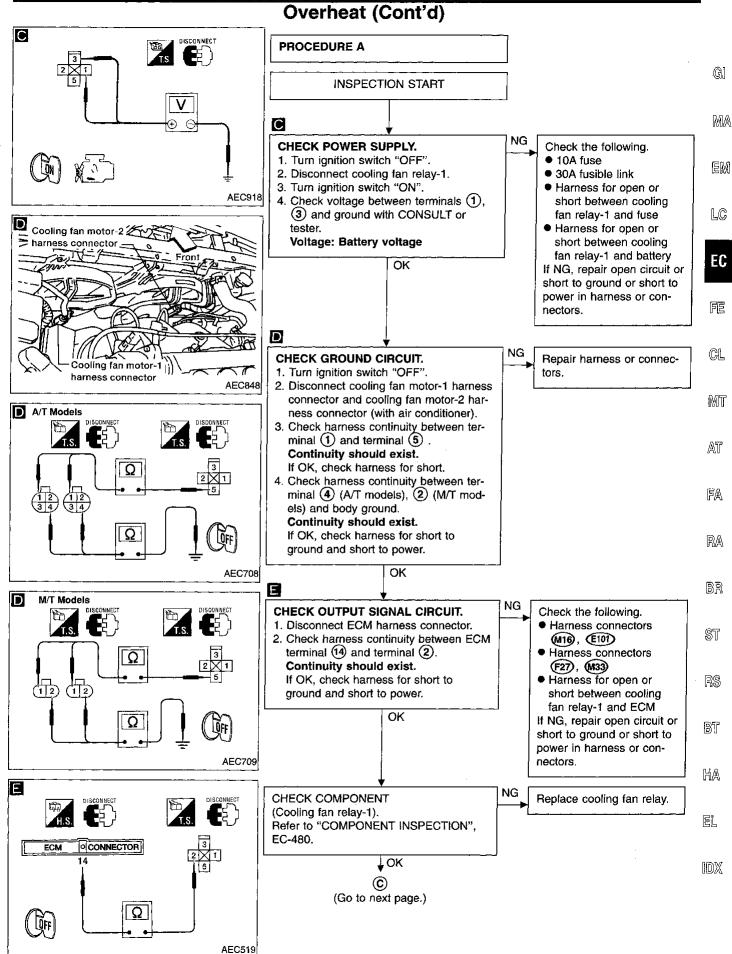
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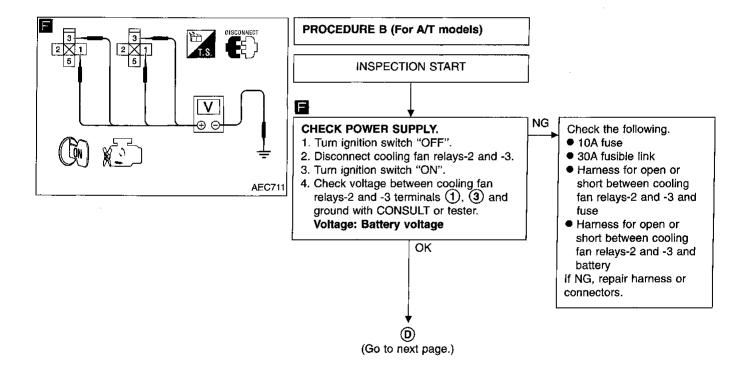
EL

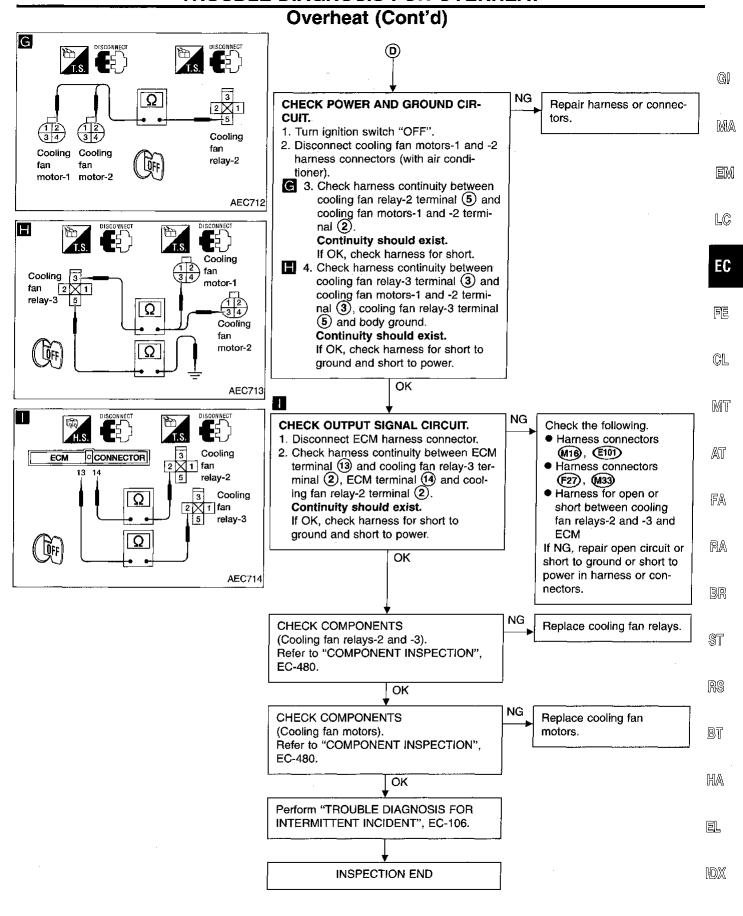
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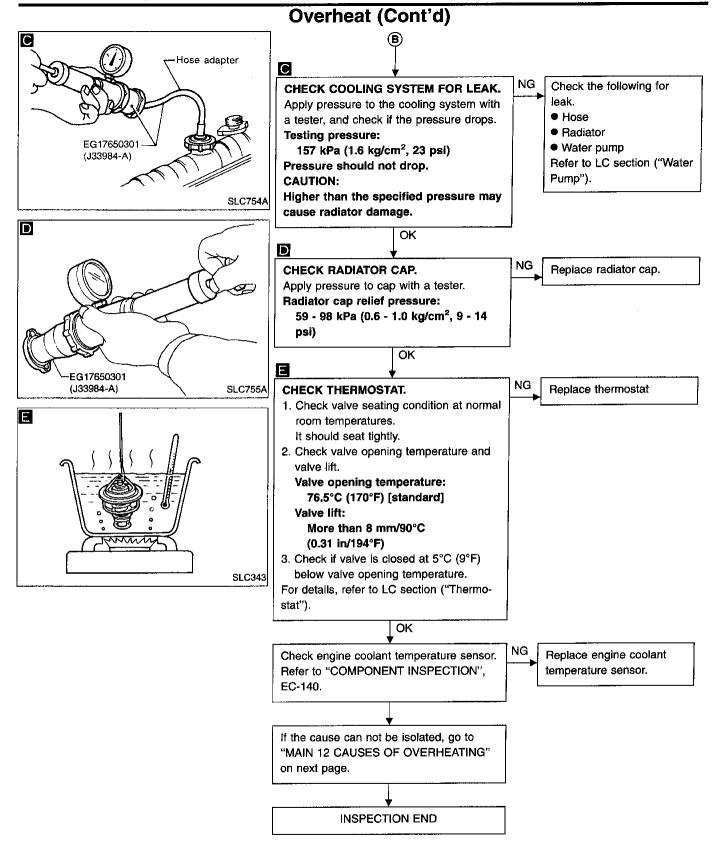




CHECK COMPONENTS (Cooling fan motors-1 and -2). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-480. OK Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-106. INSPECTION END







Overheat (Cont'd)

MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING

			-0.0		
Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	 Blocked radiator Blocked condenser Blocked radiator grille Blocked bumper 	● Visual	No blocking	_
	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	See "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRI- CANTS" in MA section.
	3	Coolant level	● Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.
	4	Radiator cap	Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON* ²	5	● Coolant leaks	● Visual	No leaks	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON* ²	6	● Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See "Thermostat" and "Radiator", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC section.
ON*1	7	Cooling fan	• CONSULT	Operating	See "TROUBLE DIAG- NOSIS FOR OVERHEAT" (EC-468).
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_
ON*3	9	Coolant temperature gauge	• Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA section.
OFF*4	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radiator	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See "ENGINE MAINTE- NANCE" in MA section.
OFF	11	Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See "Inspection", "CYL- INDER HEAD" in EM section.
	12	 Cylinder block and pistons 	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See "Inspection", "CYL-INDER BLOCK" in EM section.

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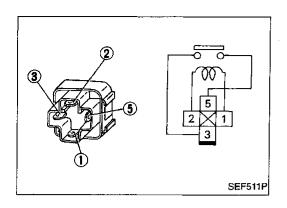
EL

^{*1:} Turn the ignition switch ON.
*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

^{*3:} Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

^{*4:} After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" in LC section.



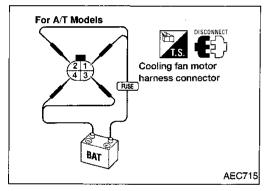
Overheat (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

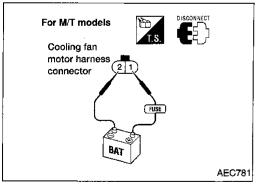
Cooling fan relays-1, -2 and -3

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.





Cooling fan motors-1 and -2

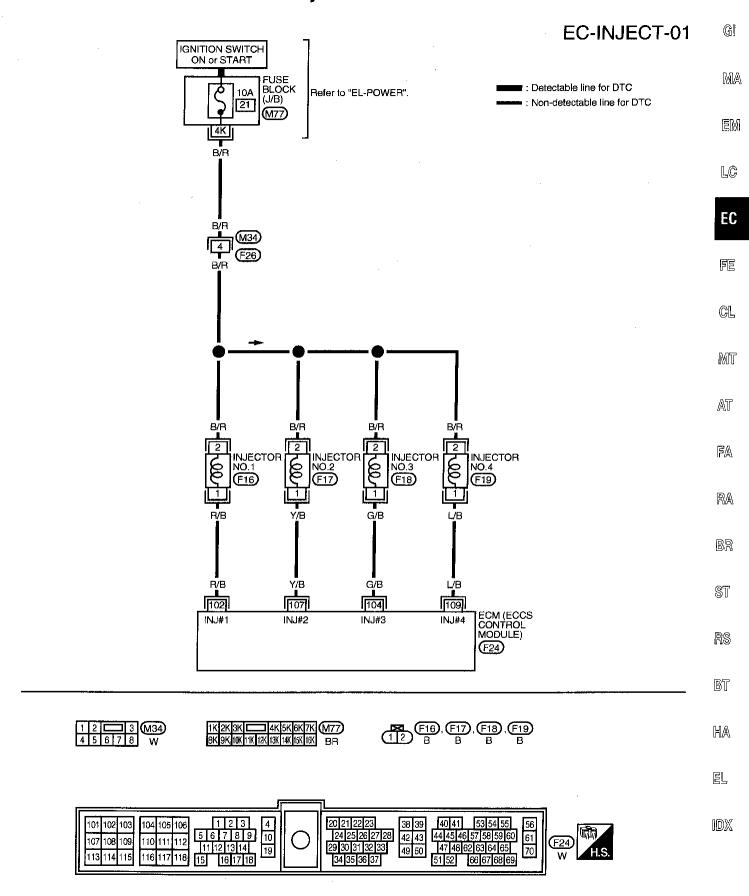
- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

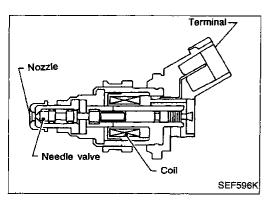
	Speed	Terminals	
		(⊕)	(⊝)
Cooling fan motor	Low (A/T models)	1	④
	High (A/T models)	2	3
	High (M/T models)	1	2

Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.

Injector





Injector (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

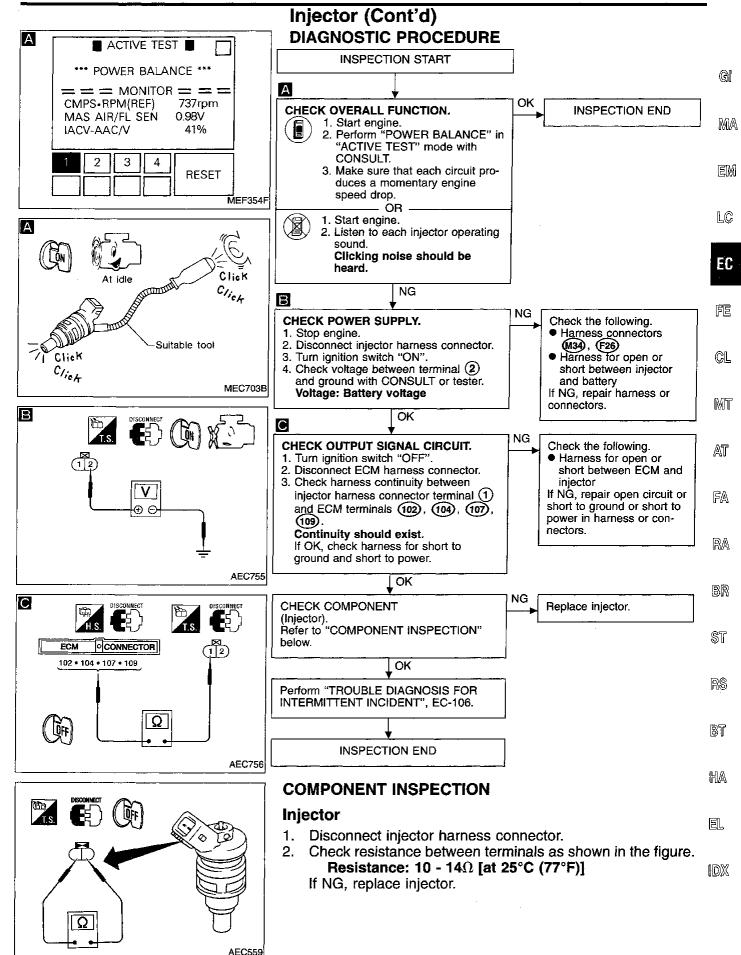
CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM		CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
INJ PULSE	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	2.4 - 3.2 msec.
	Shift lever: "N"No-load	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 3.2 msec.
B/FUEL SCHDL	Engine: After warming up Air conditioner switch: OFF	Idle	0.7 - 1.5 msec
	Shift lever: "N" No-load	2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.5 msec

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

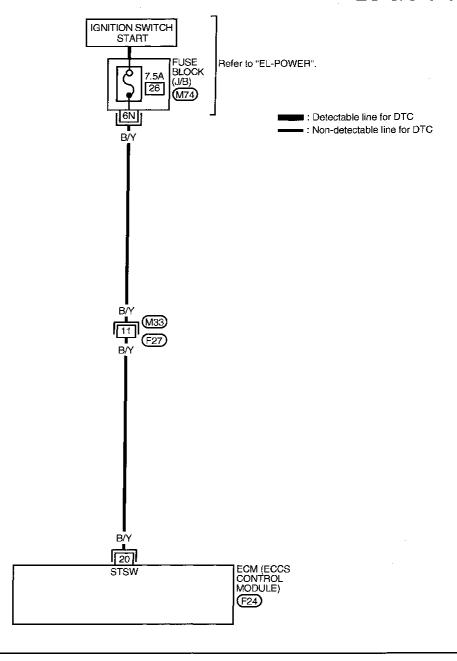
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

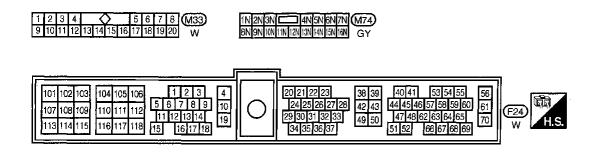
-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 			
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
·102 104	R/B G/B	1 *	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) - Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF204T
107 109	Y/B L/B	Injector No. 2 Injector No. 4	Engine is running.] (Warm-up condition) Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) (V) 40 20 0 20ms SEF205T



Start Signal

EC-S/SIG-01





Start Signal (Cont'd)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

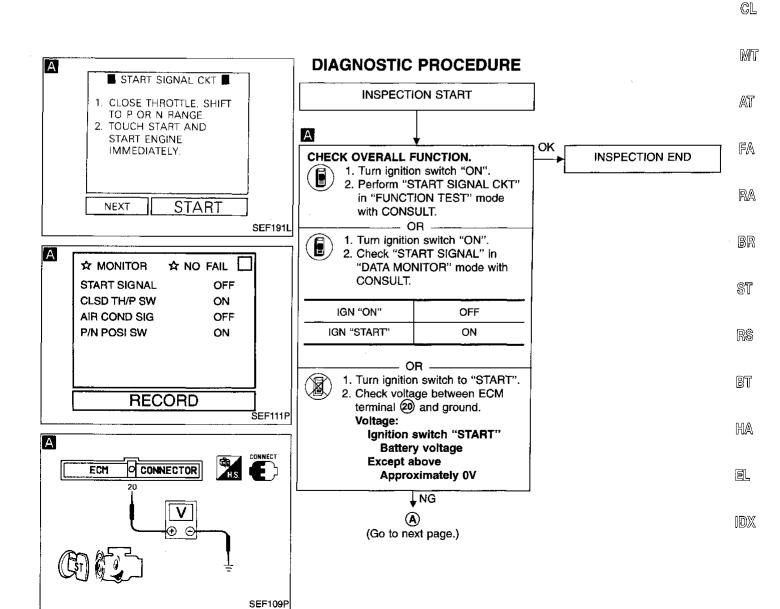
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	OFF → ON → OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
			Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
20	B/Y	Start signal	Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



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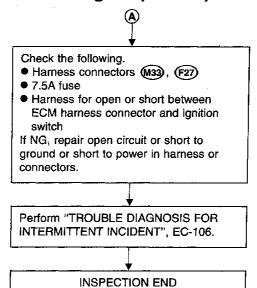
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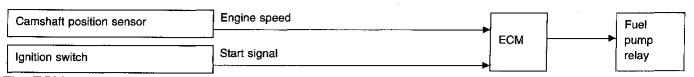
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Start Signal (Cont'd)



Fuel Pump

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a 180° signal from the camshaft position sensor, it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to perform. If the 180° signal is not received when the ignition switch is on, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds
Engine running and cranking	Operates
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1 second
Except as shown above	Stops

AEC801

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A turbine type design fuel pump is used in the fuel tank.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	BR
FUEL PUMP RLY	 Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds) Engine running and cranking When engine is stopped (stops in 1.0 seconds) 	ON	ST
	Except as shown above	OFF	

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)	- Bt - Ha
8	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 1V	
			Ignition switch "ON" More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

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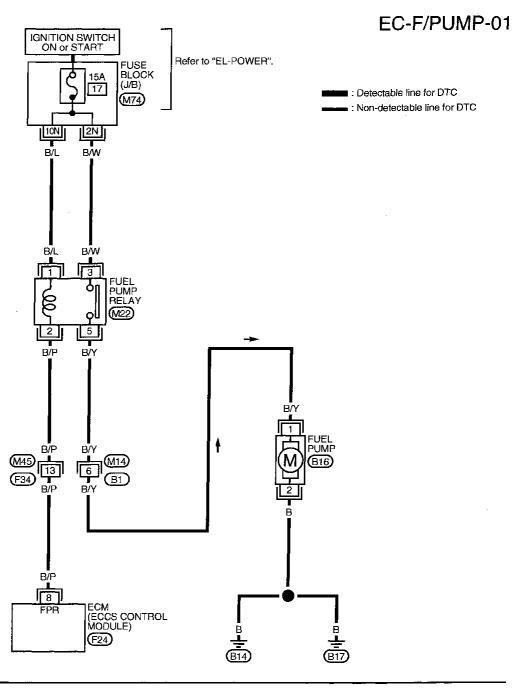
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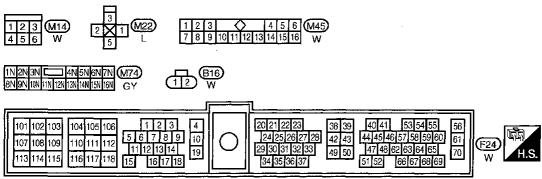
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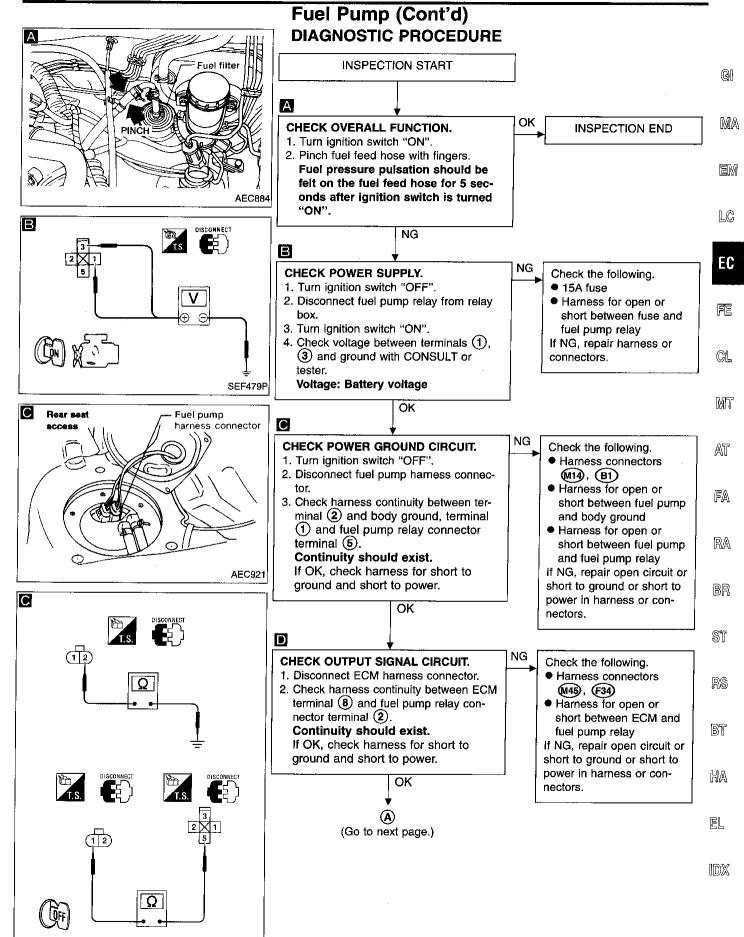
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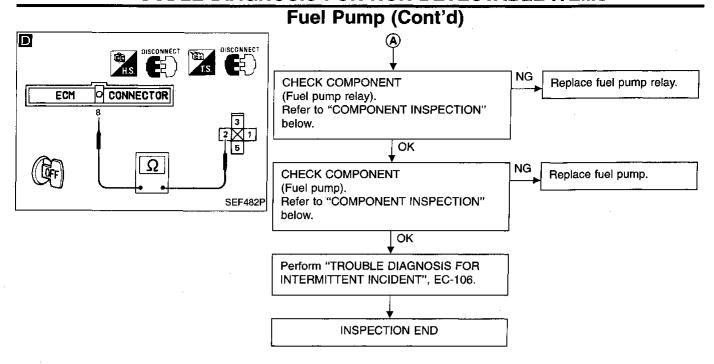
Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

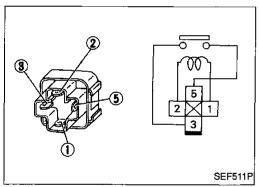


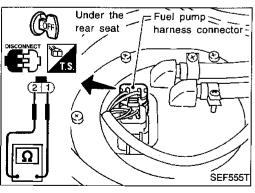




AEC758







COMPONENT INSPECTION

Fuel pump relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

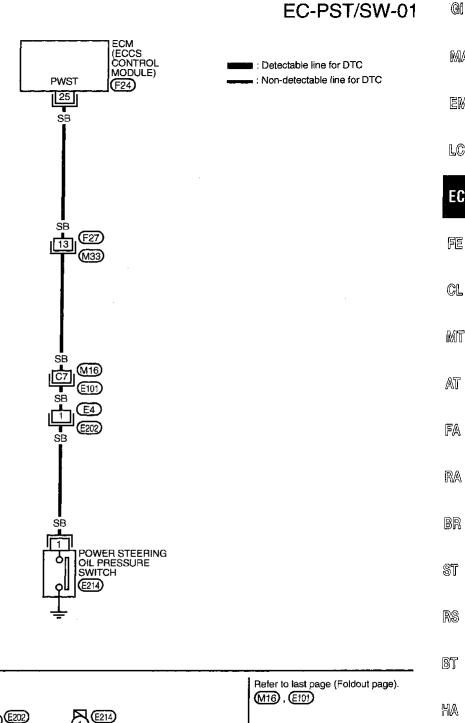
Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

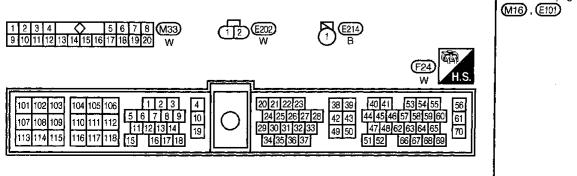
If NG, replace relay.

Fuel pump

- 1. Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals ①and ②.
 Resistance: 0.2 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
 If NG, replace fuel pump.

Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch





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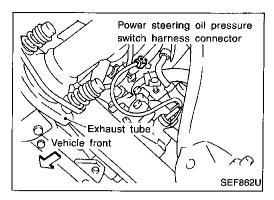
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Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The power steering oil pressure switch is attached to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. When a power steering load is detected, it signals the ECM. The ECM adjusts the IACV-AAC valve to increase the idle speed and adjust for the increased load.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

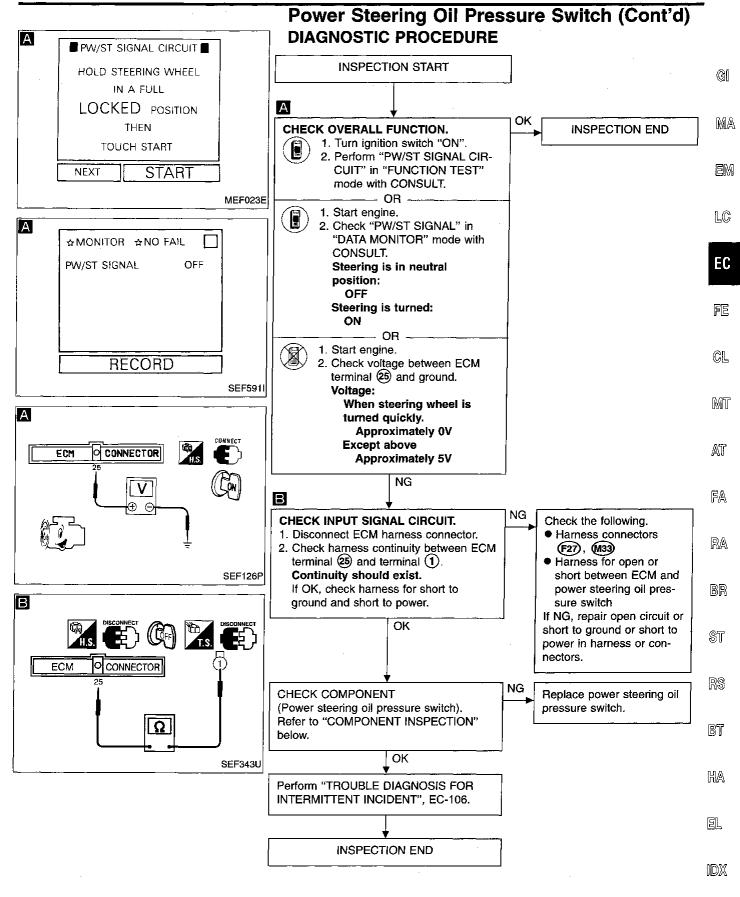
Specification data are reference values

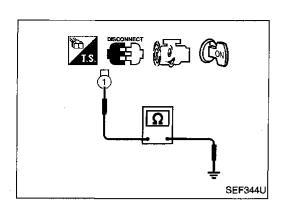
MONITOR ITEM	CONI	SPECIFICATION	
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF
	the engine	The steering wheel is fully turned	ON

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
25	SB	Power steering oil pres-	Engine is running. Steering wheel is fully turned.	Approximately 0V
	5B	sure switch	Engine is running. Steering wheel is not turned.	Approximately 5V





Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

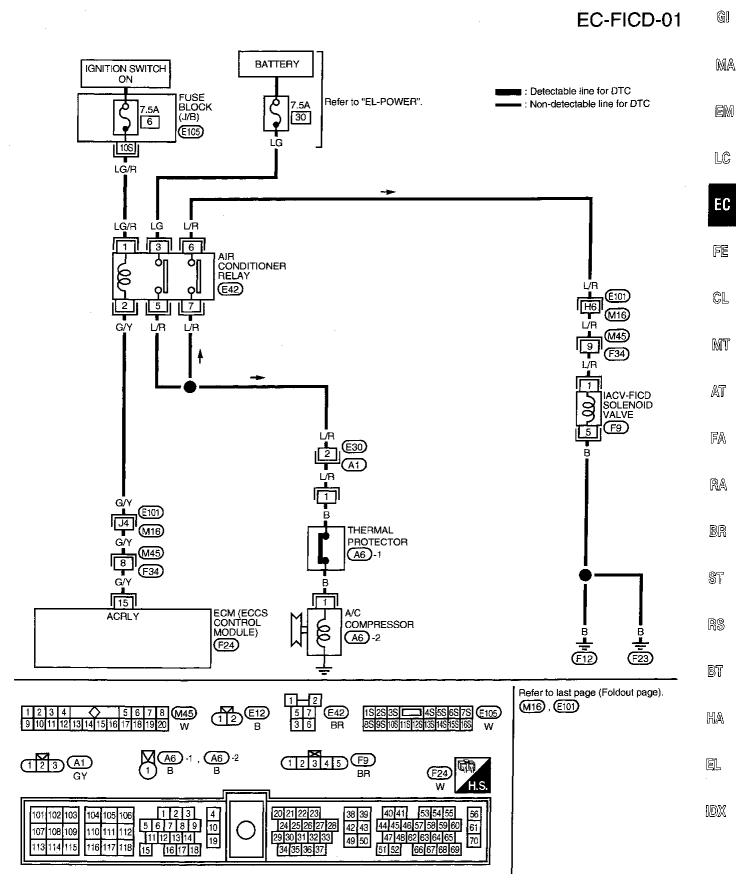
Power steering oil pressure switch

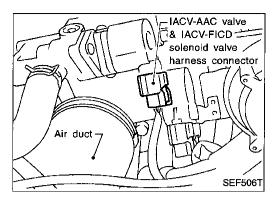
- 1. Disconnect power steering oil pressure switch harness connector then start engine.
- 2. Check continuity between terminal 1 and ground.

Conditions	Continuity
Steering wheel is being turned	Yes
Steering wheel is not being turned	No

If NG, replace power steering oil pressure switch.

IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve





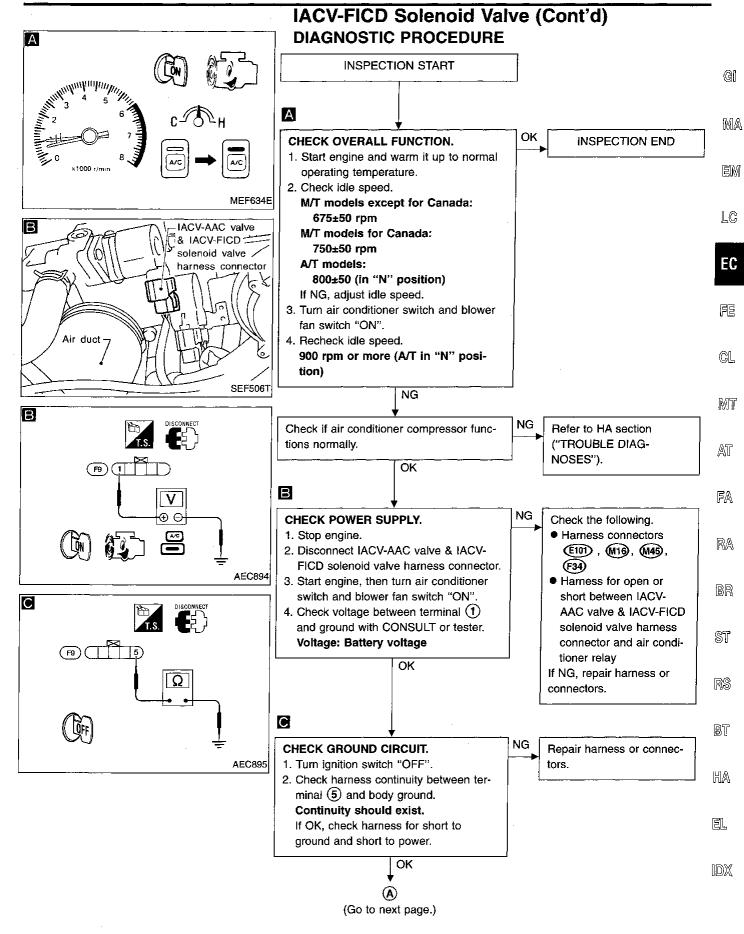
IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The IACV-FICD solenoid valve is built into the IACV-AAC valve body. When the air conditioner is on, the IACV-FICD solenoid valve supplies additional air to adjust to the increased load.

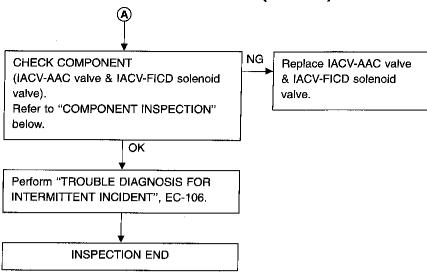
ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

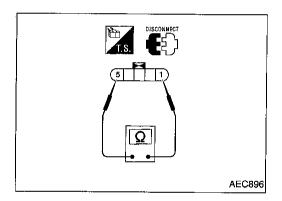
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
15	0.00		Engine is running. Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON".	0 - 0.3V
	G/Y	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. A/C switch is "OFF".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)





COMPONENT INSPECTION

IACV-FICD solenoid valve

- 1. Disconnect IACV-AAC valve & IACV-FICD solenoid valve harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals ① and ⑤.
 Resistance:

Condition	Resistance (Ω)	
Cold	162 - 278	
Hot	205 - 327	

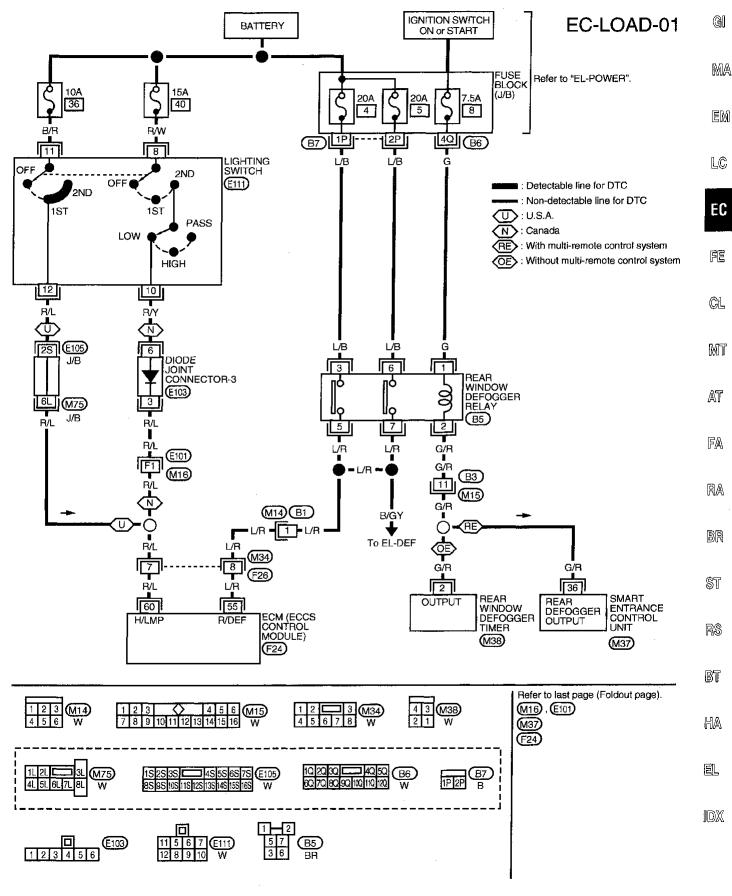
Note: "Cold" and "Hot" mean the temperature of coils in IACV-AAC valve.

"Cold": -10°C (14°F) - 50°C (122°F)

"Hot": 50°C (122°F) - 100°C (212°F)

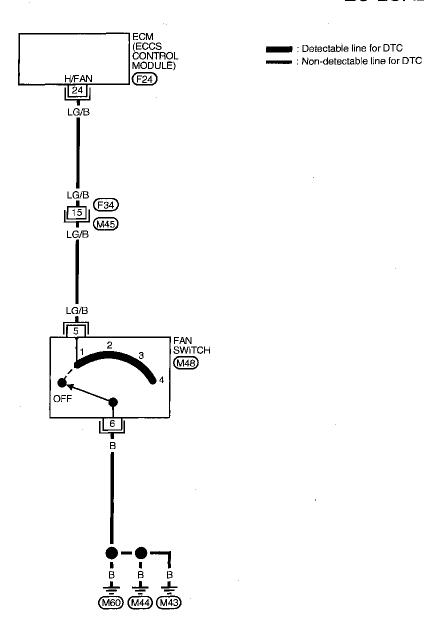
If NG, replace IACV-AAC valve & IACV-FICD solenoid valve.

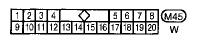
Electric Load Signal

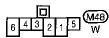


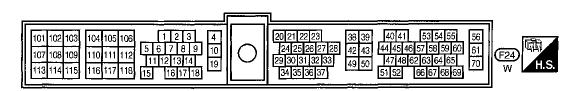
Electric Load Signal (Cont'd)

EC-LOAD-02









Electric Load Signal (Cont'd) CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
LOAD SIGNAL		Rear window defogger is operating and/or lighting switch* is on	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger is not operating and lighting switch is not on	OFF

^{*: 1}st position for USA models, 2nd position for Canada models.

ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and engine ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC voltage)
24	LG/B	Blower fan switch	Ignition switch "ON" Blower fan switch is "ON".	Approximately 0V
55	L/R	Rear window defogger	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "OFF".	Approximately 0V
55		relay	Ignition switch "ON" Rear window defogger is "ON".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
60	R/L	Headlamp switch	Lighting switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
		· ·	Lighting switch "OFF"	Approximately 0V

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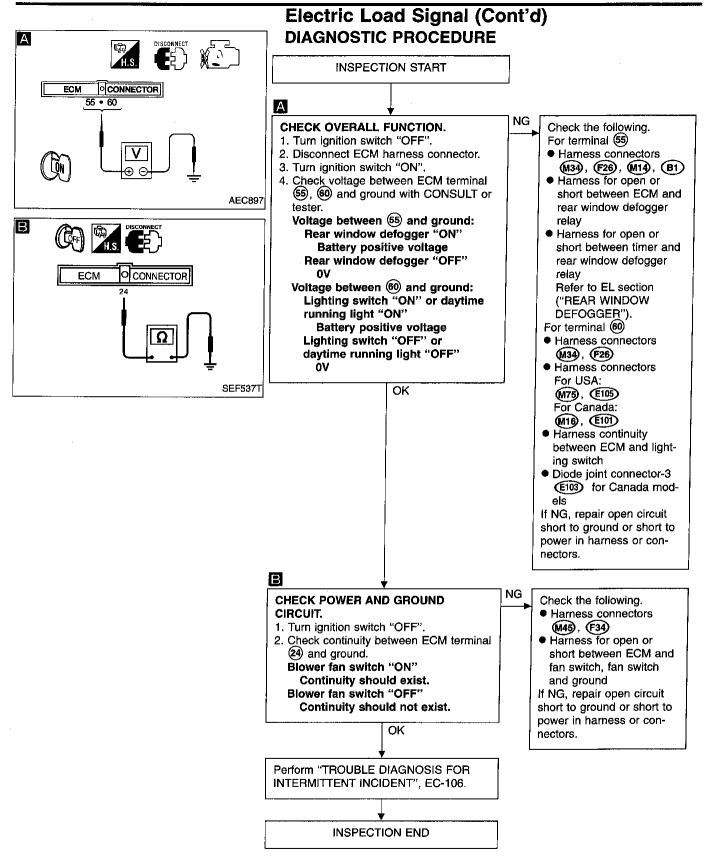
ST

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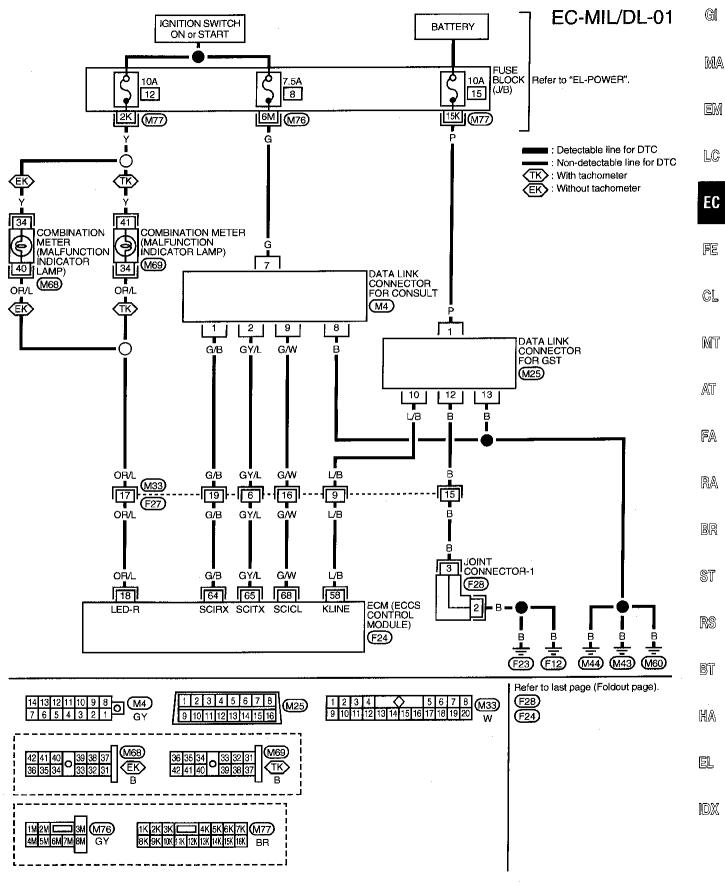
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MIL & Data Link Connectors



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm², psi)	
Vacuum hose is connected	Approximately 235 (2.4, 34)
Vacuum hose is disconnected	Approximately 294 (3.0, 43)

Inspection and Adjustment

Target idle speed*1 rpi No-load*2 (in "N" position)	M/T models except for Canada: 675±50 rpm M/T models for Canada: 750±50 rpm A/T models: 800±50 (in "N" position)
Base Idle speed*3 rpr No-load*2 (in "N" position)	M/T: 625±50 rpm A/T: 725±50 rpm
Air conditioner: ON (in "N" position	900 or more
Ignition timing	8°±2° BTDC
Throttle position sensor idle position	, 0.35 - 0.65

^{*1:} Throttle position sensor harness connector is connected.

IGNITION COIL

Primary voltage	v	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Primary resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω Approximately 1.0	
Secondary resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 10.0

MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Supply voltage	٧	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Output voltage	٧	1.0 - 1.7
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT or GST) g·m/s	ec	1.0 - 4.0 at idle* 5.0 - 10.0 at 2,500 rpm*

^{*:} Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and idling under no-load.

ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage (V)	Resistance (MΩ)
0 (32)	4.81	7.9 - 9.7
50 (122)	2.82	0.57 - 0.70
100 (212)	0.8	0.08 - 0.10

FUEL PUMP

		*
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	0.2 - 5.0

IACV-AAC VALVE

Condition	Resistance (Ω)
Cold	138 - 238
Hot	175 - 280

INJECTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	10 - 14

RESISTOR

MSA.		
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 2.2

^{*2:} Under the following conditions:

Air conditioner switch: OFF

Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear window defogger)

^{*3:} Throttle position sensor harness connector is disconnected or using CONSULT "WORK SUPPORT"

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (at normal operating temp., engine off, ignition switch on)
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85V
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7V

TORQUE CONVERTER CLUTCH SOLENOID VALVE

		
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	Approximately 25

Approximately 35 - 43

FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3

REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3
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CALCULATED LOAD VALUE

	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT or GST)
At idle	15.0 - 30.0
At 2,500 rpm	13.0 - 28.0

CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Ω		м/т	432 - 528
	A/T	166.5 - 203.5	

INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance k Ω
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL VALVE



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