# SECTION MANUAL AIR CONDITIONER

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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

# SERVICE INFORMATION PRECAUTIONS

#### Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precaution for Working with HFC-134a (R-134a)

#### WARNING:

- CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant are not compatible. If the refrigerants are mixed compressor failure is likely to occur. Refer to <u>MTC-3</u>, "<u>Contaminated Refrigerant</u>". To determine the purity of HFC-134a (R-134a) in the vehicle and recovery tank, use Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling Recharging equipment and Refrigerant Identifier.
- Use only specified oil for the HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system and HFC-134a (R-134a) components. If oil other than that specified is used, compressor failure is likely to occur.
- The specified HFC-134a (R-134a) oil rapidly absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. The following handling precautions must be observed:
- When removing refrigerant components from a vehicle, immediately cap (seal) the component to minimize the entry of moisture from the atmosphere.
- When installing refrigerant components to a vehicle, do not remove the caps (unseal) until just before connecting the components. Connect all refrigerant loop components as quickly as possible to minimize the entry of moisture into system.
- Only use the specified oil from a sealed container. Immediately reseal containers of oil. Without proper sealing, oil will become moisture saturated and should not be used.
- Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J2210 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment], or J2209 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment], If accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and oil manufacturers.
- Do not allow A/C oil to come in contact with styrofoam parts. Damage may result.

#### Contaminated Refrigerant

If a refrigerant other than pure HFC-134a (R-134a) is identified in a vehicle, your options are:

- Explain to the customer that environmental regulations prohibit the release of contaminated refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- Explain that recovery of the contaminated refrigerant could damage your service equipment and refrigerant supply.
- Suggest the customer return the vehicle to the location of previous service where the contamination may have occurred.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- If you choose to perform the repair, recover the refrigerant using only **dedicated equipment and containers. Do not recover contaminated refrigerant into your existing service equipment.** If your facility does not have dedicated recovery equipment, you may contact a local refrigerant product retailer for available service. This refrigerant must be disposed of in accordance with all federal and local regulations. In addition, replacement of all refrigerant system components on the vehicle is recommended.
- If the vehicle is within the warranty period, the air conditioner warranty is void. Please contact NISSAN Customer Affairs for further assistance.

#### **General Refrigerant Precaution**

#### WARNING:

- Do not release refrigerant into the air. Use approved recovery/recycling equipment to capture the refrigerant every time an air conditioning system is discharged.
- Always wear eye and hand protection (goggles and gloves) when working with any refrigerant or air conditioning system.
- Do not store or heat refrigerant containers above 52°C (125°F).
- Do not heat a refrigerant container with an open flame; if container warming is required, place the bottom of the container in a warm pail of water.
- Do not intentionally drop, puncture, or incinerate refrigerant containers.
- Keep refrigerant away from open flames: poisonous gas will be produced if refrigerant burns.
- Refrigerant will displace oxygen, therefore be certain to work in well ventilated areas to prevent suffocation.
- Do not pressure test or leak test HFC-134a (R-134a) service equipment and/or vehicle air conditioning systems with compressed air during repair. Some mixtures of air and HFC-134a (R-134a) have been shown to be combustible at elevated pressures. These mixtures, if ignited, may cause injury or property damage. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant manufacturers.

#### Precaution for Leak Detection Dye

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- The A/C system contains a fluorescent leak detection dye used for locating refrigerant leaks. An ultraviolet (UV) lamp is required to illuminate the dye when inspecting for leaks.
- Always wear fluorescence enhancing UV safety goggles to protect your eyes and enhance the visibility of the fluorescent dye.
- A compressor shaft seal should not be repaired because of dye seepage. The compressor shaft seal should only be repaired after confirming the leak with an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).
- Always remove any dye from the leak area after repairs are complete to avoid a misdiagnosis during a future service.
- Do not allow dye to come into contact with painted body panels or interior components. If dye is spilled, clean immediately with the approved dye cleaner. Fluorescent dye left on a surface for an extended period of time **cannot be removed**.
- Do not spray the fluorescent dye cleaning agent on hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold, etc.).
- Do not use more than one refrigerant dye bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) per A/C system.
- Leak detection dyes for HFC-134a (R-134a) and CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems are different. Do not use HFC-134a (R-134a) leak detection dye in CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems or CFC-12 (R-12) leak detection dye in HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems or A/C system damage may result.
- The fluorescent properties of the dye will remain for over three (3) years unless a compressor failure occurs.

## A/C Identification Label

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Vehicles with factory installed fluorescent dye have this green identification label on the underside of hood.

#### Precaution for Refrigerant Connection

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A new type refrigerant connection has been introduced to all refrigerant lines except the following locations.

- Expansion valve to cooling unit
- Evaporator pipes to evaporator (inside cooling unit)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor

#### FEATURES OF NEW TYPE REFRIGERANT CONNECTION

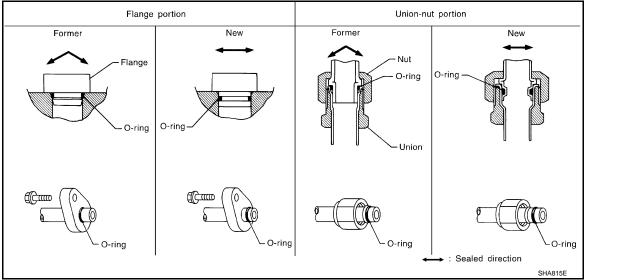
• The O-ring has been relocated. It has also been provided with a groove for proper installation. This eliminates the chance of the O-ring being caught in, or damaged by, the mating part. The sealing direction of the

## MTC-4

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

O-ring is now set vertically in relation to the contacting surface of the mating part to improve sealing characteristics.

• The reaction force of the O-ring will not occur in the direction that causes the joint to pull out, thereby facilitating piping connections.



O-RING AND REFRIGERANT CONNECTION

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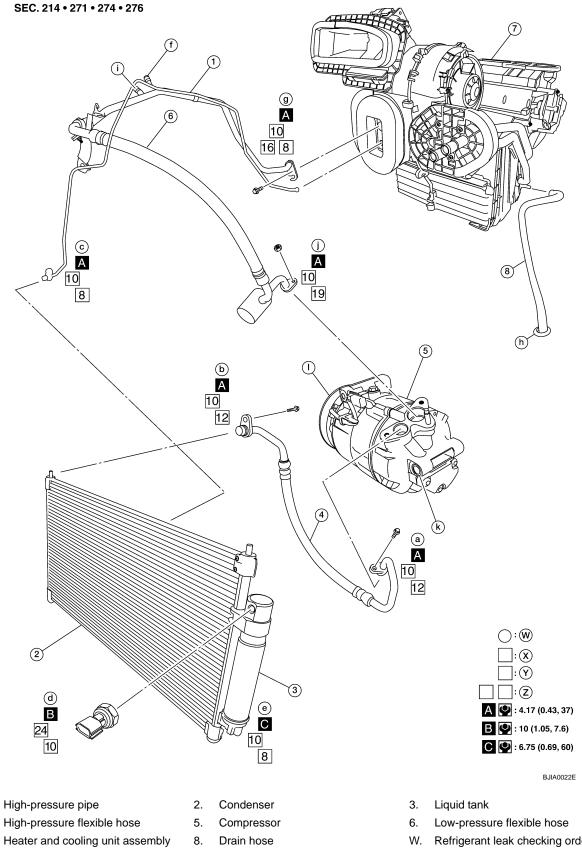
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

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Tightening torque (A-C) Х.

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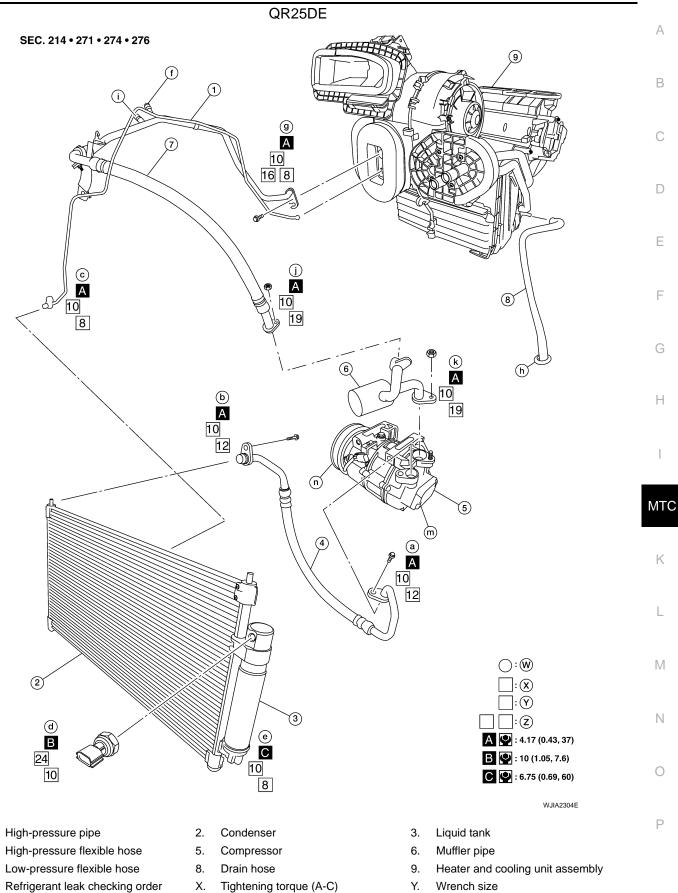
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- Υ. Wrench size

- Refrigerant leak checking order
- O-ring size Ζ.

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## Z. O-ring size

#### CAUTION:

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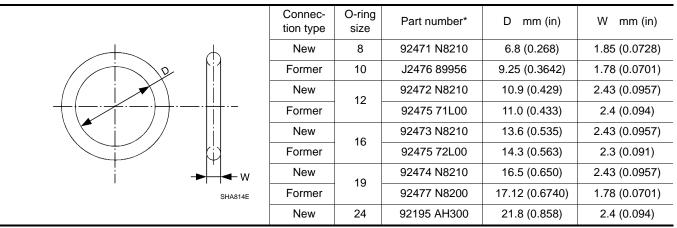
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

The new and former refrigerant connections use different O-ring configurations. Do not confuse O-rings since they are not interchangeable. If a wrong O-ring is installed, refrigerant will leak at, or around, the connection.

**O-Ring Part Numbers and Specifications** 



\*: Always check with the Parts Department for the latest parts information.

#### WARNING:

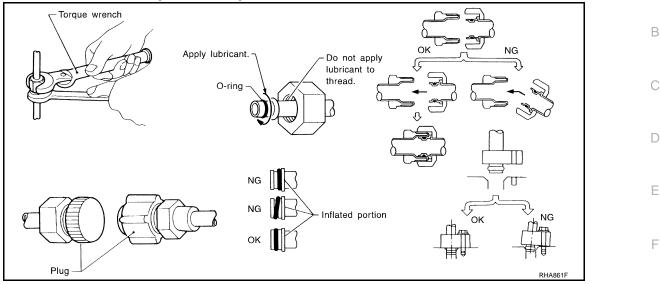
Make sure all refrigerant is discharged into the recycling equipment and the pressure in the system is less than atmospheric pressure. Then gradually loosen the discharge side hose fitting and remove it. CAUTION:

When replacing or cleaning refrigerant cycle components, observe the following.

- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car. Failure to do so will cause oil to enter the low pressure chamber.
- When connecting tubes, always use a torque wrench and a back-up wrench.
- After disconnecting tubes, immediately plug all openings to prevent entry of dirt and moisture.
- When installing an air conditioner in the vehicle, connect the pipes as the final stage of the operation. Do not remove the seal caps of pipes and other components until just before required for connection.
- Allow components stored in cool areas to warm to working area temperature before removing seal caps. This prevents condensation from forming inside A/C components.
- Thoroughly remove moisture from the refrigeration system before charging the refrigerant.
- Always replace used O-rings.
- When connecting tube, apply oil to circle of the O-rings shown in illustration. Be careful not to apply oil to threaded portion.
- Oil name: NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S or equivalent
- O-ring must be closely attached to grooved portion of tube.
- When replacing the O-ring, be careful not to damage O-ring and tube.
- Connect tube until you hear it click, then tighten the nut or bolt by hand until snug. Make sure that the O-ring is installed to tube correctly.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

 After connecting line, conduct leak test and make sure that there is no leakage from connections. When the gas leaking point is found, disconnect that line and replace the O-ring. Then tighten connections of seal seat to the specified torque.



Precaution for Service of Compressor

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- Plug all openings to prevent moisture and foreign matter from entering.
- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car.
- When replacing or repairing compressor, follow "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor" exactly. Refer to <u>MTC-18, "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor"</u>.
- Keep friction surfaces between clutch and pulley clean. If the surface is contaminated, with oil, wipe it off by using a clean waste cloth moistened with thinner.
- After compressor service operation, turn the compressor shaft by hand more than 5 turns in both directions. This will equally distribute oil inside the compressor. After the compressor is installed, let the engine idle and operate the compressor for 1 hour.
- After replacing the compressor magnet clutch, apply voltage to the new one and check for normal operation. [Gap between clutch disc and pulley is 0.3 0.6 mm (0.012 0.024 in)]

## Precaution for Service Equipment

#### RECOVERY/RECYCLING EQUIPMENT

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for machine operation and machine maintenance. Never introduce any refrigerant other than that specified into the machine.

#### ELECTRONIC LEAK DETECTOR

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for tester operation and tester maintenance.

#### VACUUM PUMP

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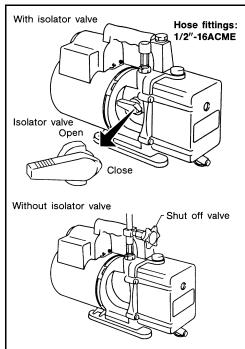
#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

The oil contained inside the vacuum pump is not compatible with the specified oil for HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems. The vent side of the vacuum pump is exposed to atmospheric pressure so the vacuum pump oil may migrate out of the pump into the service hose. This is possible when the pump is switched off after evacuation (vacuuming) and hose is connected to it.

To prevent this migration, use a manual valve situated near the hose-to-pump connection, as follows.

- Usually vacuum pumps have a manual isolator valve as part of the pump. Close this valve to isolate the service hose from the pump.
- For pumps without an isolator, use a hose equipped with a manual shut-off valve near the pump end. Close the valve to isolate the hose from the pump.
- If the hose has an automatic shut off valve, disconnect the hose from the pump: as long as the hose is connected, the valve is open and lubricating oil may migrate.

Some one-way valves open when vacuum is applied and close under a no vacuum condition. Such valves may restrict the pump's ability to pull a deep vacuum and are not recommended.



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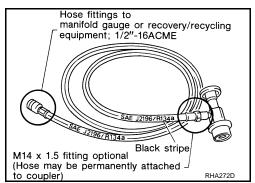
SHA533D

#### MANIFOLD GAUGE SET

Be certain that the gauge face indicates R-134a or 134a. Make sure the gauge set has 1/2"-16 ACME threaded connections for service hoses. Confirm the set has been used only with refrigerant HFC-134a (R-134a) along with specified oil.

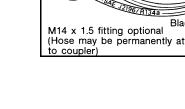


Be certain that the service hoses display the markings described (colored hose with black stripe). All hoses must include positive shutoff devices (either manual or automatic) near the end of the hoses opposite the manifold gauge.



1/2"-16ACME

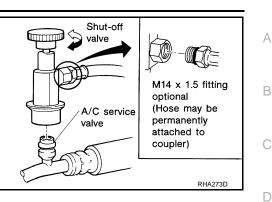
SERVICE COUPLERS



#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

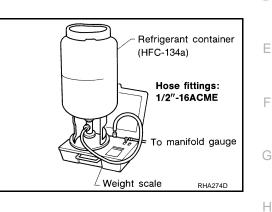
Never attempt to connect HFC-134a (R-134a) service couplers to a CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system. The HFC-134a (R-134a) couplers will not properly connect to the CFC-12 (R-12) system. However, if an improper connection is attempted, discharging and contamination may occur.

Shut-off valve rotation	A/C service valve
Clockwise	Open
Counterclockwise	Close



#### REFRIGERANT WEIGHT SCALE

Verify that no refrigerant other than HFC134a (R-134a) and specified oils have been used with the scale. If the scale controls refrigerant flow electronically, the hose fitting must be 1/2"-16 ACME.



#### CHARGING CYLINDER

Using a charging cylinder is not recommended. Refrigerant may be vented into air from cylinder's top valve when filling the cylinder with refrigerant. Also, the accuracy of the cylinder is generally less than that of an electronic scale or of quality recycle/recharge equipment.



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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## PREPARATION

## **Special Service Tool**

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The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
— (J-38873-A) Drive plate installer		Installing pulley and drive plate
	WJIA0367E	
KV99233130 (J-29884) Pulley puller		Removing pulley
	LHA172	

## HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Tool and Equipment

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Never mix HFC-134a refrigerant and/or its specified oil with CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and/or its oil. Separate and non-interchangeable service equipment must be used for handling each type of refrigerant/oil. Refrigerant container fittings, service hose fittings and service equipment fittings (equipment which handles refrigerant and/or oil) are different between CFC-12 (R-12) and HFC-134a (R-134a). This is to avoid mixed use of the refrigerants/oil.

Adapters that convert one size fitting to another must never be used: refrigerant/oil contamination will occur and compressor failure will result.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
— ( — ) Refrigerant HFC-134a (R-134a)	S-NT196	Container color: Light blue Container marking: HFC-134a (R- 134a) Fitting size: Thread size • large container 1/2 in -16 ACME
— ( — ) Genuine NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S	NISSAN .	Type: Poly alkaline glycol oil (PAG), type S Application: HFC-134a (R-134a) swash plate compressors (NISSAN only) Lubricity: 40 m ℓ (1.4 US fl oz, 1.4 Imp fl oz)
	S-NT197	

## < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.)		Description
Tool name		
K991J0130 (ACR2005-NI) ACR A/C Service Center	WJIA0293E	Refrigerant recovery, recycling and re- charging
 (J-41995) Electronic refrigerant leak detector		Power supply: DC 12V (Battery termi- nal)
	AHA281A	
— (J-43926) Refrigerant dye leak detection kit Kit includes: (J-42220) UV lamp and UV safety goggles (J-41459) Refrigerant dye injector (J-41447) qty. 24 HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant	UV lamp W/shield Refrigerant dye cleaner Refrigerant dye identification label (24 bottles)	Power supply: DC 12V (Battery termi- nal)
dye (J-43872) Refrigerant dye cleaner	(24 labels) NOTICE Ti AC in Inframore Internet See Geil INFRAMORE INFRAM	
— (J-42220) Fluorescent dye leak detector		Power supply: DC 12V (Battery termi- nal) For checking refrigerant leak when flu- orescent dye is installed in A/C system. Includes: UV lamp and UV safety gog- gles
	SHA438F	
(J-41447) HFC-134a (R-134a) Fluorescent leak detection dye (Box of 24, 1/4 ounce bottles)	Refrigerant dye (24 bottles)	Application: For HFC-134a (R-134a) PAG oil Container: 1/4 ounce (7.4cc) bottle (Includes self-adhesive dye identifica- tion labels for affixing to vehicle after charging system with dye.)
— (J-41459) HFC-134a (R-134a) Dye injector Use with J-41447, 1/4 ounce bottle		For injecting 1/4 ounce of fluorescent leak detection dye into A/C system.
	to to	

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
— (J-43872) Refrigerant dye cleaner	SHA441F	For cleaning dye spills.
— (J-39183-C) Manifold gauge set (with hoses and couplers)	RIJA019EE	Identification: • The gauge face indicates R-134a. Fitting size: Thread size • 1/2 in -16 ACME
Service hoses • (J-39500-72B) High side hose • (J-39500-72R) Low side hose • (J-39500-72Y) Utility hose	S-NT201	<ul> <li>Hose color:</li> <li>Low side hose: Blue with black stripe</li> <li>High side hose: Red with black stripe</li> <li>Utility hose: Yellow with black stripe or green with black stripe</li> <li>Hose fitting to gauge:</li> <li>1/2 in -16 ACME</li> </ul>
Service couplers • (J-39500-20A) High side coupler • (J-39500-24A) Low side coupler	S-NT202	<ul> <li>Hose fitting to service hose:</li> <li>M14 x 1.5 fitting is optional or permanently attached.</li> </ul>
 (J-39649) Vacuum pump (Including the isolator valve)	S-NT203	Capacity: • Air displacement: 4 CFM • Micron rating: 20 microns • Oil capacity: 482 g (17 oz) Fitting size: Thread size • 1/2 in -16 ACME

**Commercial Service Tool** 

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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Tool number Tool name		Description
J-41810-NI Refrigerant identifier equipment HFC 134a (R-134a)	RIA12E	Checking refrigerant purity and system contamination
Power tool	KJIAU19/E	Removing bolts and nuts
	PBIC0190E	
Universal spanner wrench		Holding compressor clutch for removal and installation
	LJIA0202E	
J-44614 Clutch disc holding tool		Holding clutch disc for removal and in- stallation
	WHA230	

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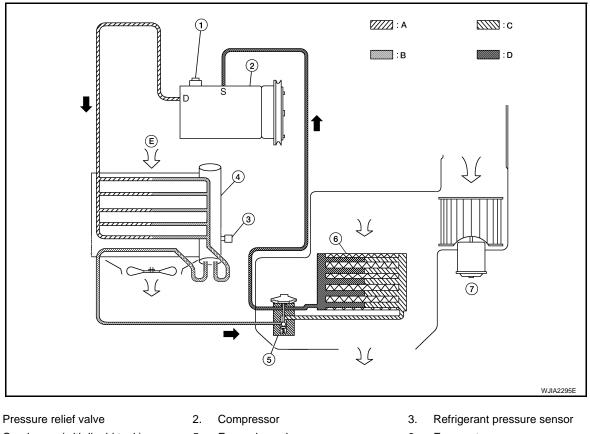
#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## **REFRIGERATION SYSTEM**

## **Refrigerant Cycle**

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#### REFRIGERANT FLOW



- 4. Condenser (with liquid tank)
- 7. Front blower motor

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- C. Low-pressure liquid
- Expansion valve
   High-pressure gas
- A. High-pressure gasD. Low-pressure gas
- D. Low-pressure gas
- 6. Evaporator
- B. High-pressure liquid
- E. Outside air

The refrigerant flows in the standard pattern, that is, through the compressor, the condenser with liquid tank, through the evaporator, and back to the compressor. The refrigerant evaporation through the evaporator coil is controlled by an externally equalized expansion valve, located inside the evaporator case.

#### **Refrigerant System Protection**

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#### REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

The refrigerant system is protected against excessively high or low pressures by the refrigerant pressure sensor, located on the liquid tank. If the system pressure rises above or falls below the specifications, the refrigerant pressure sensor detects the pressure inside the refrigerant line and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM then signals the BCM (via CAN communication lines) to cease suppling power to the A/C relay which disengages and stops the compressor. This occurs when pressure on the high pressure side (as detected by refrigerant pressure sensor) is over approximately 2,746 kPa (28 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 398 psi), or below approximately 120 kPa (1.22 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 17.4 psi).

#### PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

The refrigerant system is also protected by a pressure relief valve, located in the rear head of the compressor. When the refrigerant pressure in the system increases to an abnormal level [more than 3,600 kPa (36.7 kg/ cm<sup>2</sup>, 522 psi)], the release port on the pressure relief valve automatically opens and releases refrigerant into the atmosphere.

## **MTC-16**

## **REFRIGERATION SYSTEM**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

**Component Part Location** 

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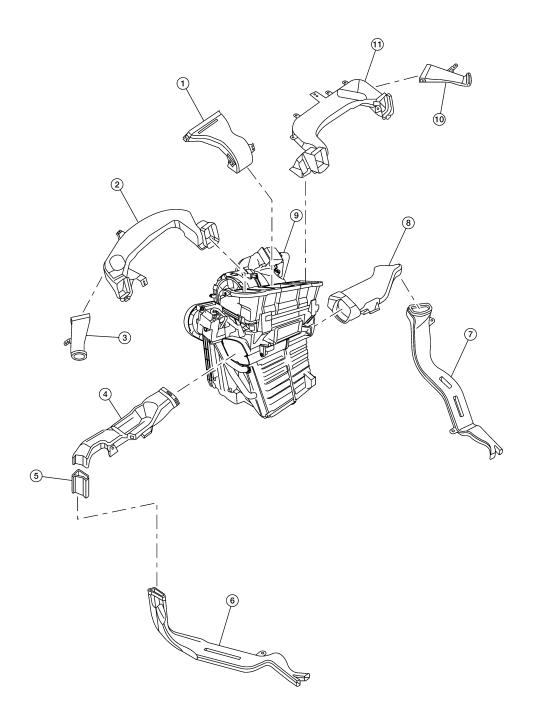
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Defroster nozzle 1.

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- Front foot duct (LH) 4.
- Side ventilator duct (LH) 2.
- Rear floor connector duct (Canada 5. only)
- 8. Front foot duct (RH)
- 11. Side ventilator duct (RH)
- Side defroster duct (LH) 3.
- Rear floor duct (LH) (Canada only) 6.

BJIA0023E

9. Heater and cooling unit assembly

Rear floor duct (RH) (Canada only) 10. Side defroster duct (RH)

**MTC-17** 

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## OIL

## Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor

The oil in the compressor circulates through the system with the refrigerant. Add oil to compressor when replacing any component or after a large refrigerant leakage has occurred. It is important to maintain the specified amount.

If oil quantity is not maintained properly, the following malfunctions may result:

- Lack of oil: May lead to a seized compressor
- Excessive oil: Inadequate cooling (thermal exchange interference)

#### OIL

• Oil type: NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S or equivalent

## CHECKING AND ADJUSTING

#### **CAUTION:**

#### If excessive oil leakage is noted, do not perform the oil return operation.

Start the engine and set the following conditions:

Test Condition

- Engine speed: Idling to 1,200 rpm
- A/C switch: On
- Blower fan speed: Max. position
- Temp. control: Optional [Set so that intake air temperature is 25° to 30° C (77° to 86°F).]
- Intake position: Recirculation ( )
- Perform oil return operation for about ten minutes

Adjust the oil quantity according to the following table.

Oil Adjusting Procedure for Components Replacement Except Compressor

After replacing any of the following major components, add the correct amount of oil to the system.

Amount of Oil to be Added

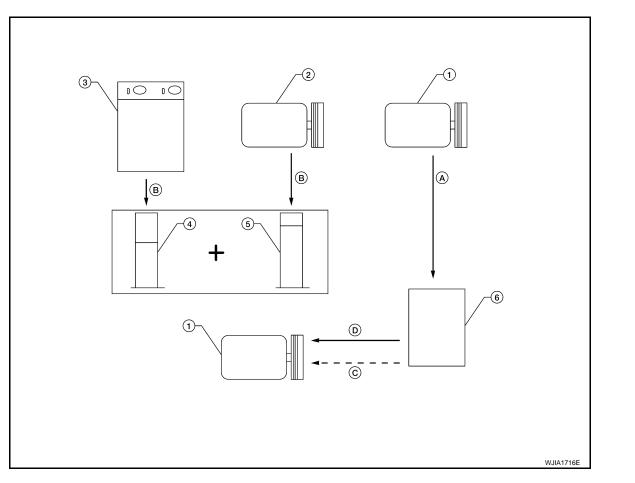
	Oil to be added to system	
Part replaced	Amount of oil m $\ell$ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)	Remarks
Evaporator	75 (2.5, 2.6)	
Condenser	75 (2.5, 2.6)	
Liquid tank	5 (0.2, 0.2)	Add if compressor is not replaced.
In case of refrigerent lock	30 (1.0, 1.1)	Large leak
In case of refrigerant leak	_	Small leak *1

\*1: If refrigerant leak is small, no addition of oil is needed.

Oil Adjustment Procedure for Compressor Replacement

INFOID:000000001851783

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



- 1. New compressor
- 2. Old compressor
- 4. Measuring cup X

into clean container

Α.

- 5. Measuring cup Y
- B. Record amount of oil recovered
- 3. Recovery/recycling equipment
- 6. New oil
- C. Add an additional 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 lmp fl oz) of new oil when replacing liquid tank

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D. Install new oil equal to recorded amounts in measuring cups X plus Y

Drain oil from the new compressor

- 1. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If NG, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.
- 2. Connect recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle. Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/ recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to <u>MTC-3</u>, "<u>Contaminated Refrigerant</u>".
- Confirm refrigerant purity in vehicle A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to <u>MTC-3</u>, "Contaminated Refrigerant".
- Discharge refrigerant into the refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Measure oil discharged into the recovery/recycling equipment.
- 5. Drain the oil from the "old" (removed) compressor into a graduated container and recover the amount of oil drained.
- 6. Drain the oil from the "new" compressor into a separate, clean container.
- 7. Measure an amount of new oil installed equal to amount drained from "old" compressor. Add this oil to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.
- 8. Measure an amount of new oil equal to the amount recovered during discharging. Add this oil to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.
- If the liquid tank also needs to be replaced, add an additional 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz) of oil at this time.
   CAUTION:

## OIL

## **MTC-19**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Do not add this 5 m  $\ell$  (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 lmp fl oz) of oil if only replacing the compressor and not the liquid tank.

# < SERVICE INFORMATION > AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL

## Overview Air Conditioner LAN Control System

Front air contro

LCU

(Local Contro Unit)

The LAN (local area network) system consists of front air control, air mix door motor, intake door motor, and B mode door motor.

Air mix, mode or intake door moto

PBR

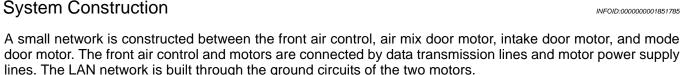
LCU

(Local Contro Unit)

A configuration of these components is shown in the diagram below.

Communication

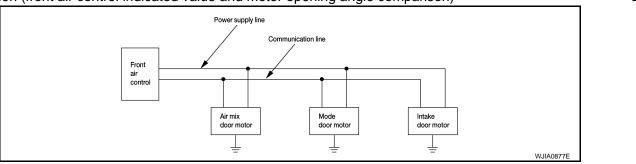
interphase



Addresses, motor opening angle signals, motor stop signals and error checking messages are all transmitted through the data transmission lines connecting the front air control and each motor.

The following functions are contained in LCUs built into the air mix door motor, intake door motor, and the H mode door motor.

- Address
- Motor opening angle signals
- Data transmission
- Motor stop and drive decision
- Opening angle sensor (PBR function)
- Comparison
- Decision (front air control indicated value and motor opening angle comparison)



#### Operation

The front air control receives signals from its various dials and switches. The front air control then sends air mix door, mode door and intake door opening angle data to the air mix door motor LCU, mode door motor LCU and intake door motor LCU.

The air mix door motor, mode door motor and intake door motor read their respective signals according to the address signal. Opening angle indication signals received from the front air control and each of the motor position sensors are compared by the LCUs in each motor with the existing decision and opening angles. Subse-

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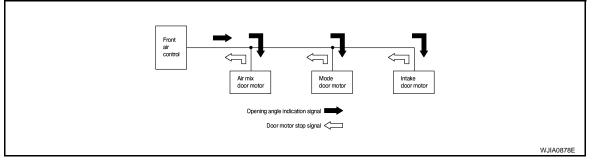
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

quently, HOT/COLD, DEFROST/VENT or FRESH/RECIRCULATION operation is selected. The new selection data is returned to the front air control.



Transmission Data and Transmission Order

Front air control data is transmitted consecutively to each of the door motors following the form shown in figure below.

Start: Initial compulsory signal sent to each of the door motors.

Address: Data sent from the front air control is selected according to data-based decisions made by the air mix door motor, mode door motor and intake door motor.

If the addresses are identical, the opening angle data and error check signals are received by the door motor LCUs. The LCUs then make the appropriate error decision. If the opening angle data is normal, door control begins.

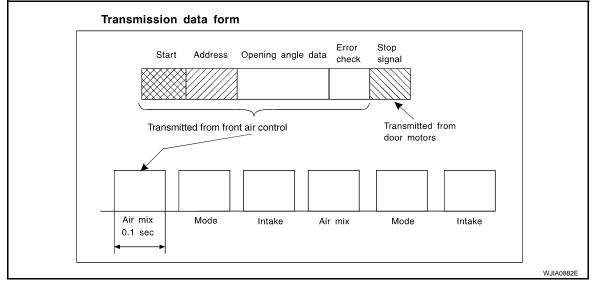
If an error exists, the received data is rejected and corrected data received. Finally, door control is based upon the corrected opening angle data.

Opening angle: Data that shows the indicated door opening angle of each door motor.

Error check: Procedure by which sent and received data is checked for errors. Error data is then compiled. The error check prevents corrupted data from being used by the air mix door motor, mode door motor and intake door motor. Error data can be related to the following problems.

- Abnormal electrical frequency
- Poor electrical connections
- Interference from other signal transmission lines
- Signal level fluctuation

Stop signal: At the end of each transmission, a stop operation, in-operation, or internal problem message is delivered to the front air control. This completes one data transmission and control cycle.



#### Air Mix Door Control

The air mix door is controlled by the front air control based on input from the temperature dial setting.

#### **Blower Speed Control**

Blower speed is controlled by the front air control based on the position of the blower control dial. With the blower control dial set to any position except OFF, the blower will begin to operate.

Intake Door Control

## MTC-22

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

The intake door is controlled by the front air control based on input from the recirculation switch setting, and the MAX A/C switch setting.

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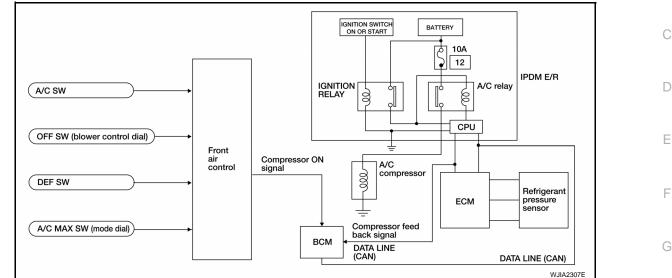
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#### Mode Door Control

The mode door is controlled by the front air control based on input from the mode dial setting.

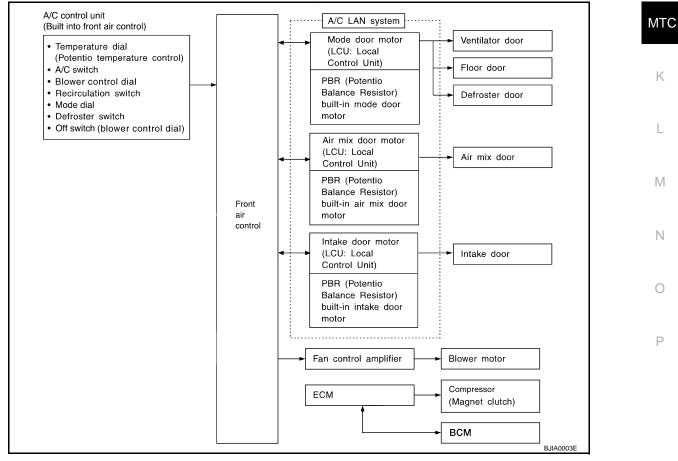
#### Magnet Clutch Control



The ECM controls compressor operation using input signals from the throttle position sensor and front air control.

## Overview of Control system

The control system consists of an input sensor, switches, the front air control and outputs. The relationship of these components is shown in the diagram below:

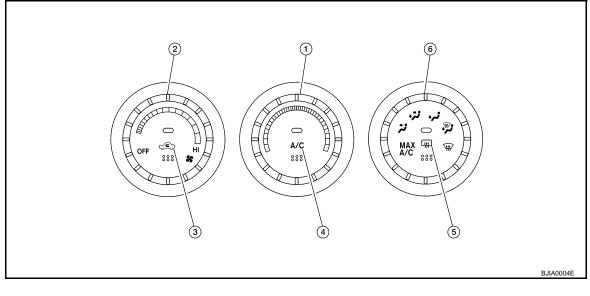


## **MTC-23**

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### Control Operation

#### INFOID:000000001851787



- 1. Temperature dial
- 2. Blower control dial
- 3. Recirculation switch

- 4. A/C switch
- 5. Rear window defogger switch
- 6. Mode dial

#### AIR CONDITIONER (A/C) SWITCH

The air conditioner switch controls the A/C system. When the switch is pressed with the blower ON, the compressor will turn ON. The indicator lamp will also illuminate.

#### The air conditioner cooling function operates only when the engine is running.

#### TEMPERATURE DIAL (Potentio Temperature Control)

Increases or decreases the set temperature.

#### **BLOWER CONTROL DIAL/OFF SWITCH**

Manually controls the blower speed.

In the off position, the compressor and blower are OFF, the intake door is set to the chosen position, and the air mode doors are set to the chosen position.

#### RECIRCULATION (

OFF position: Outside air is drawn into the passenger compartment. ON position: Interior air is recirculated inside the vehicle.

#### DEFROSTER SWITCH

Positions the air mode doors to the defrost position. Also positions the intake doors to the outside air position. The compressor remains ON until the ignition is turned OFF or if the customer turns the mode to a non-defrost mode and turns the A/C button to OFF.

#### MODE DIAL

Controls the air discharge through control of mode door, also controls MAX A/C function.

#### REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH

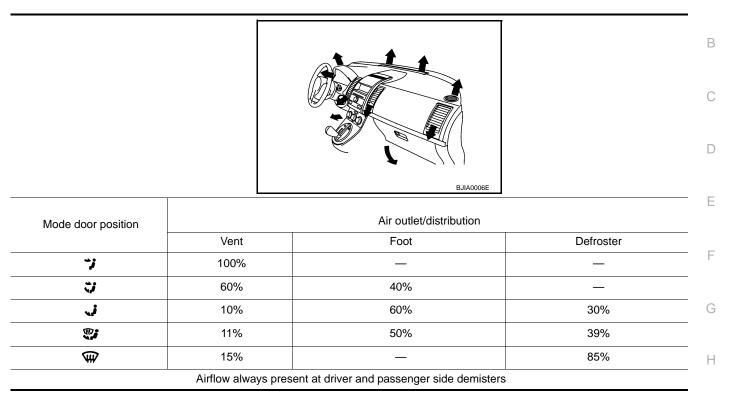
This switch turns the rear window defogger ON and OFF.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

## **Discharge Air Flow**

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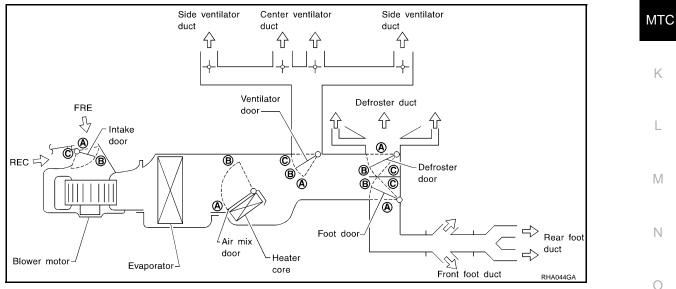
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## System Description

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## SWITCHES AND THEIR CONTROL FUNCTION



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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

	MODE DIAL						REC SW		Temperature DIAL		
VENT	B/L	FOOT	D/F	DEF	MAX A/C	ON	OFF				
-7	J	J	6	Ð	MAX	්	<u>ع</u> ک			)	
	-				A/C	- <del>\\</del> -	$\bigcirc$	COLD		нот	
А	в	с*	c*	C*	А	-	_	_			
А	В	С	В	A	A	-	_				
A	A	В	В	с	А	-					
						-		А		В	
	_	_		с	A	A	с	_			
		י         י           A         B           A         B	VENT         B/L         FOOT           **         **         **         **           A         B         C*           A         B         C	VENT         B/L         FOOT         D/F           ···         ···         ···         ···         ···         ···           ···         ···         ···         ···         ···         ···         ···           ···         ···         ···         ···         ···         ···         ···         ···           ···	VENTB/LFOOTD/FDEF************************ABC*C*C*C*ABCBAAABBC	VENTB/LFOOTD/FDEFMAX AC**********MAX AC**********MAX ACABC*C*C*AABC*BAAAABBCAAABBCA	VENT     B/L     FOOT     D/F     DEF     MAX A/C     ON $*$	VENT     B/L     FOOT     D/F     DEF     MAX A/C     ON     OFF $*$	VENT     B/L     FOOT     D/F     DEF     MAX A/C     ON     OFF $*$ $A$ $B$ $C^*$ $C^*$ $C^*$ $A$ $A$ $ *$ $A$ $B$ $C$ $B$ $A$ $A$ $ *$ $A$ $B$ $B$ $B$ $C$ $A$ $A$ $ *$ $A$ $A$ $B$ $B$ $C$ $A$ $A$ $ *$ $A$ $B$ $B$ $C$ $A$ $A$ $ *$ $A$ $B$ $B$ $C$ $A$ $A$ $ *$	VENT     B/L     FOOT     D/F     DEF     MAX A/C     ON     OFF $*$	

CAN Communication System Description

INFOID:000000001851790

Refer to LAN-7.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## **TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS**

## How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair

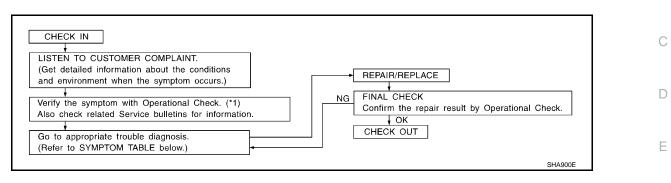
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#### WORK FLOW



#### \*1: MTC-38, "Operational Check"

#### SYMPTOM TABLE

Symptom		Reference Page	
A/C system does not come on.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for A/C system.	<u>MTC-39</u>	
Air outlet does not change.			
Mode door motor does not operate normal- ly.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Mode Door Motor. (LAN)	<u>MTC-43</u>	
Discharge air temperature does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Air Mix Door Motor. (LAN)	MTC-45	
Air mix door motor does not operate nor- mally.		<u>MTC-45</u>	
Intake door does not change.			
Intake door motor does not operate normal- ly.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Intake Door Motor. (LAN)	<u>MTC-47</u>	
Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Blower Motor.	<u>MTC-48</u>	
<ul> <li>Magnet clutch does not engage.</li> </ul>	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Magnet Clutch.	<u>MTC-53</u>	
Insufficient cooling.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Cooling.	<u>MTC-56</u>	
Insufficient heating.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Heating.	<u>MTC-63</u>	
Noise.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Noise.	<u>MTC-64</u>	

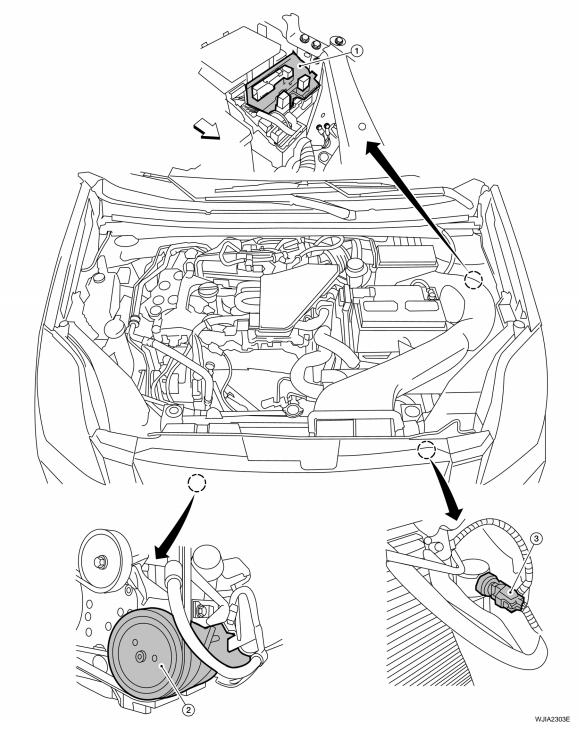
## **Component Parts and Harness Connector Location**

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ENGINE COMPARTMENT - QR25DE

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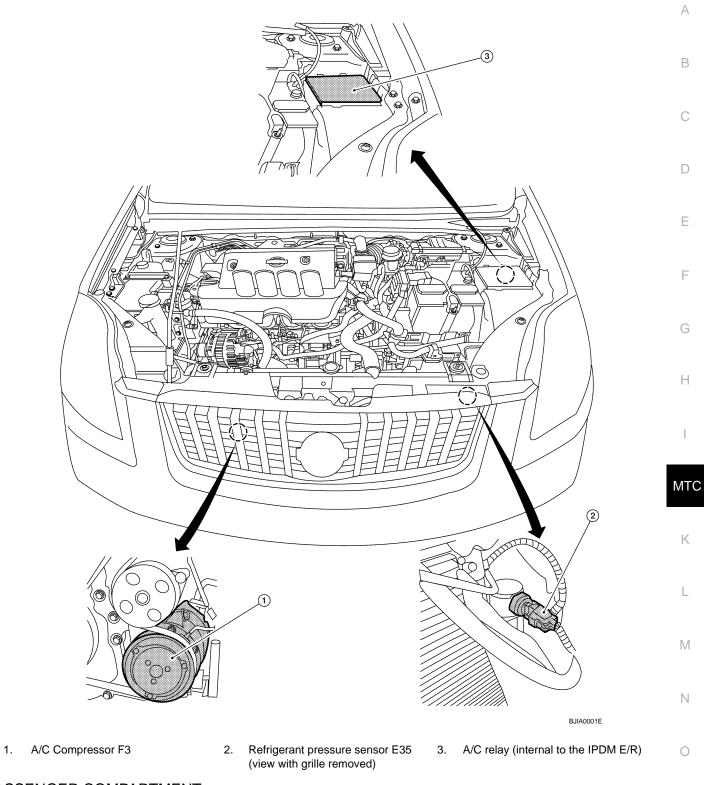


1. A/C relay (internal to the IPDM E/R) 2. A/C Compressor F3

3. Refrigerant pressure sensor E35 (view with grille removed)

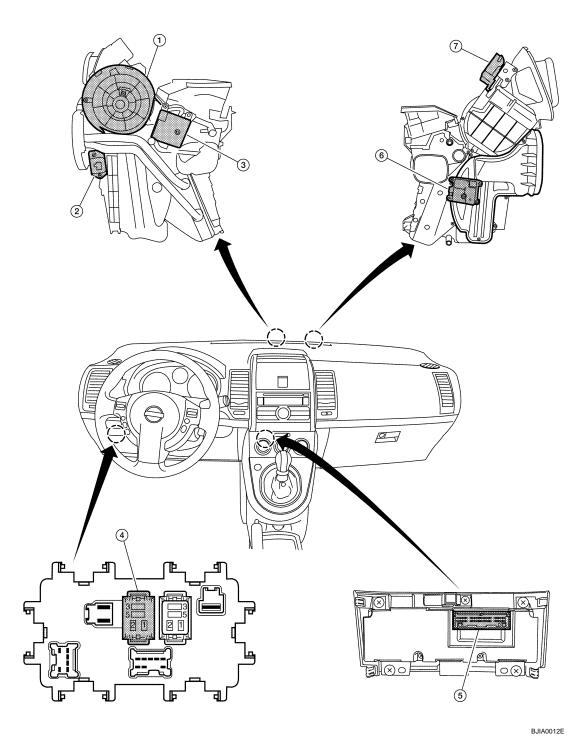
ENGINE COMPARTMENT - MR20DE

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



PASSENGER COMPARTMENT

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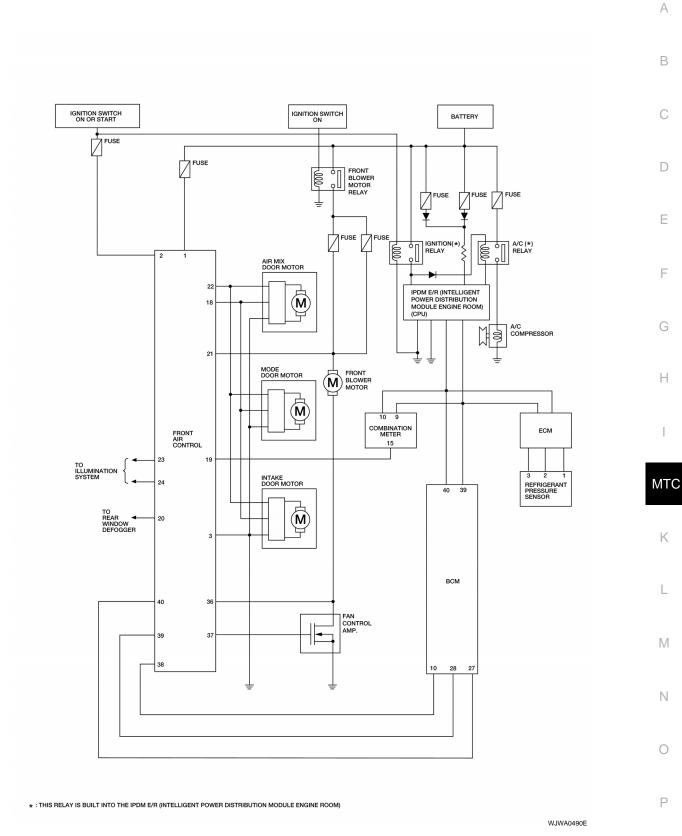


- 1. Front blower motor M62
- 4. Front blower motor relay J1
- 7. Intake door motor M48
- 2. Fan control amp. M52
- 5. Front air control M33
- 3. Mode door motor M51
- 6. Air mix door motor M34

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

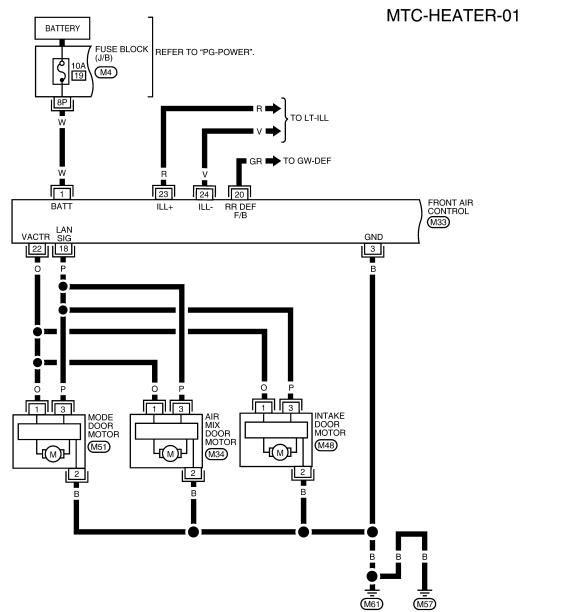
## Schematic

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< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Wiring Diagram - HEATER -

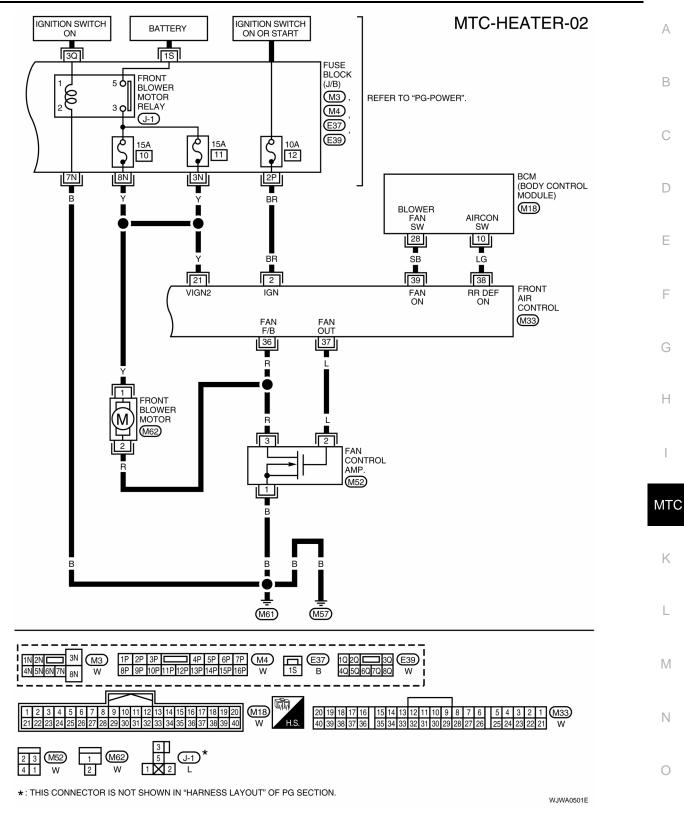


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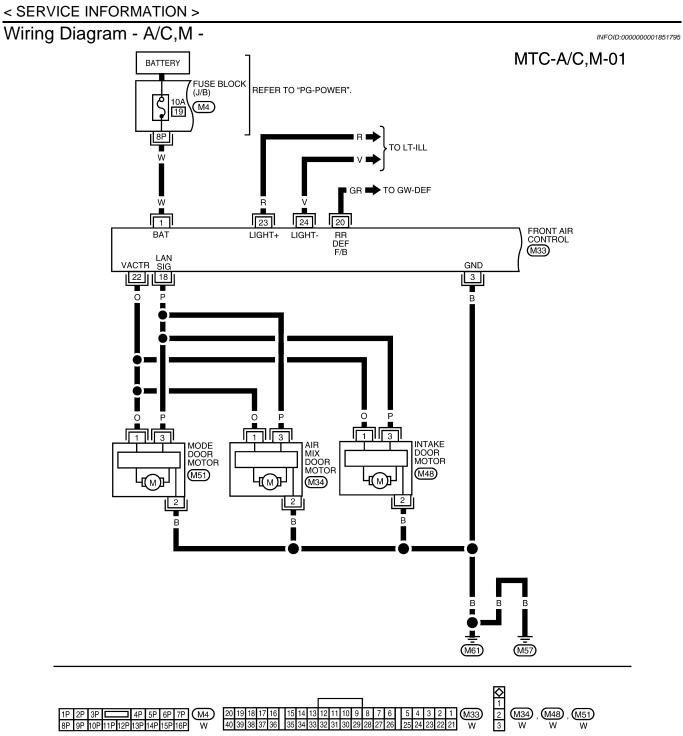
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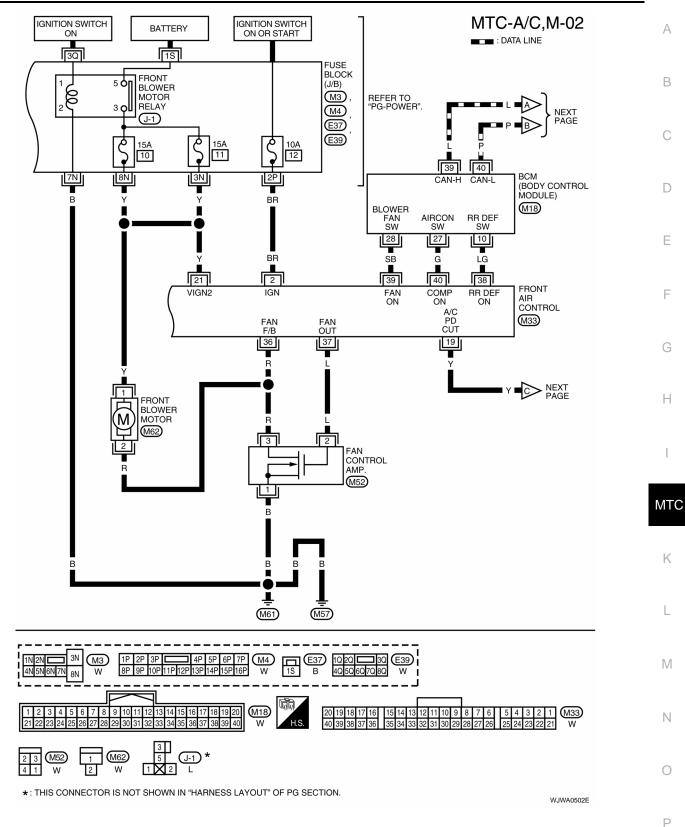


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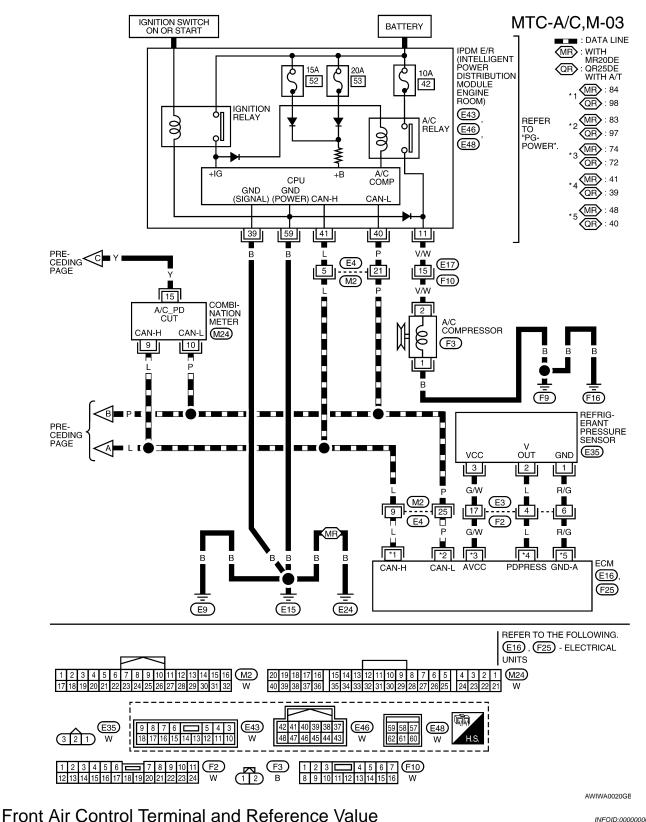


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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



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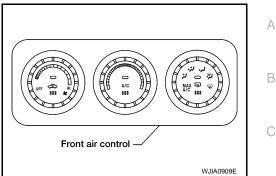


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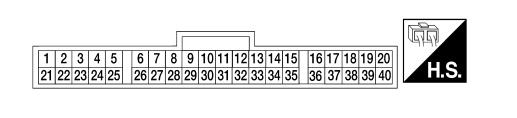
INSPECTION OF FRONT AIR CONTROL

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

• Measure voltage between each terminal and body ground by following Terminals and Reference Value for front air control.



### FRONT AIR CONTROL HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



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### TERMINAL AND REFERENCE VALUES FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

Termi- nal No.	Wire color	ltem	Ignition switch		Condition	Voltage (V) (Approx.)	
1	W	Power supply for BAT				12	
2	BR	Power supply for IGN	(Con)		_	12	МТС
3	В	Ground				0	
18	Р	A/C LAN signal (with A/C)			_	5.5	K
19	Y	A/C PD Cut (with A/C)	-		_	5	
20	GR	Sensor ground			_	0	L
21	Y	Power supply for IGN			_	12	
22	0	Power supply for mode door motor, intake door motor, and air mix door motor			_	12	M
00	<b>D</b>		-	Lighting	OFF	0	
23	R	Light (+)	(P)	switch	1st position	12	Ν
24	V	Light (-)			—	0	
36	R	Blower motor feed back			Low	7 - 10	0
07		For control AMD control signal		Fan speed	Any speed except high	2.5 - 3	
37	L	Fan control AMP. control signal			High	9- 10	
			_		ON	0	Р
38	L/G	Rear defrost ON signal	(Con)	Defroster switch	OFF	5	
20	C/D	For ON signal		Fon	ON	0	
39	S/B	Fan ON signal		Fan	OFF	5	

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Termi- nal No.	Wire color	ltem	Ignition switch		Condition	Voltage (V) (Approx.)
					ON	0
40	G	Compressor ON signal (with A/C)		Compressor	OFF	5

## **Operational Check**

INFOID:000000001851797

The purpose of the operational check is to confirm that the system operates properly.

### Conditions : Engine running at normal operating temperature

### CHECKING BLOWER

- 1. Turn blower control dial clockwise, blower should operate on low speed.
- 2. Continue turning blower control dial clockwise, and continue checking blower speeds until all speeds are checked.
- 3. Leave blower on Maximum speed.

If NG, go to <u>MTC-48, "Blower Motor Circuit"</u>. If OK, continue the check.

### CHECKING DISCHARGE AIR

- 1. Turn mode door control dial to each position.
- 2. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table. Refer to <u>MTC-25, "Discharge</u> <u>Air Flow"</u>.

#### NOTE:

Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (audio or visual inspection) and intake door is in the fresh

( ☎) position when the DEF ₩ is selected. Intake door position is checked in the next step. If NG, go to <u>MTC-43, "Mode Door Motor Circuit", MTC-74</u>. If OK, continue the check.

### CHECKING RECIRCULATION

- Press REC 
   switch.
   Recirculation indicator should illuminate.
- 2. Press REC <u>switch</u> switch a second time. Recirculation indicator should turn off.
- 3. Listen for intake door position change (you should hear blower sound change slightly).

If NG, go to MTC-47, "Intake Door Motor Circuit".

If OK, continue with the check.

### CHECKING TEMPERATURE DECREASE

- 1. Turn temperature control dial counterclockwise to full cold position.
- 2. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets.

If NG, go to <u>MTC-56, "Insufficient Cooling</u>". If OK, continue the check.

#### CHECKING TEMPERATURE INCREASE

- 1. Turn temperature control dial clockwise to full hot position.
- 2. Check for hot air at discharge air outlets.
- If NG, go to MTC-63. "Insufficient Heating".

If OK, continue the check.

### CHECKING A/C SWITCH (IF EQUIPPED)

1. Turn blower control dial to the desired position and push the air conditioner switch (if equipped) to turn ON the air conditioner.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
2. Confirm that the A/C indicator lamp illuminates and that the compressor clutch engages (audio or visual inspection).	А
If NG, go to MTC-39, "Power Supply and Ground Circuit for Front Air Control", then if necessary, MTC-53,	
<u>"Magnet Clutch Circuit"</u> . If all operational checks are OK (symptom can not be duplicated), go to <u>GI-25, "How to Perform Efficient Diag-</u>	
nosis for an Electrical Incident" and perform tests as outlined to simulate driving condition environment. If	В
symptom appears, refer to <u>MTC-27</u> , "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair" and perform applicable trouble diagnosis procedures.	
	С
Power Supply and Ground Circuit for Front Air Control	
SYMPTOM: • Heater and A/C system (if equipped) does not come on.	D
INSPECTION FLOW	_
1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK	E
<ol> <li>Turn blower control dial to any speed.</li> <li>Turn mode dial to vent (*) position, and press A/C switch (if equipped).</li> <li>Confirm that the compressor clutch engages (sound or visual inspection).</li> </ol>	F
Can a symptom be duplicated?	
YES >> GO TO 3. NO >> GO TO 2.	G
NO >> GO TO 2. 2.PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK	
	Н
Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-38, "Operational Check"</u> .	
<u>Can a symptom be duplicated?</u> YES >> Refer to <u>MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair"</u> . NO >> System OK.	I
3. CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS	
Check for any service bulletins.	MTC
>> GO TO 4.	К
4. CHECK POWER AND GROUND CIRCUIT	I.V.
Check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to "Power Supply and Ground Circuit for Front Air Con- trol".	L
<u>OK or NG</u>	
<ul> <li>OK &gt;&gt; System OK.</li> <li>NO &gt;&gt; Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> </ul>	D. //
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Μ
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	
FRONT AIR CONTROL The front air control has a built-in microcomputer which processes	Ν
information sent from the temperature control dial, and various	
switches needed for air conditioner operation. The air mix door	0
motor, mode door motor, intake door motor, blower motor and com- pressor are then controlled.	
	Ρ
- Front air control	
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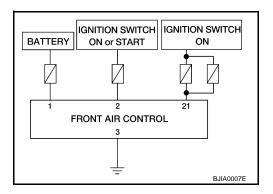
POTENTIO TEMPERATURE CONTROL (PTC) The PTC is built into the front air control.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

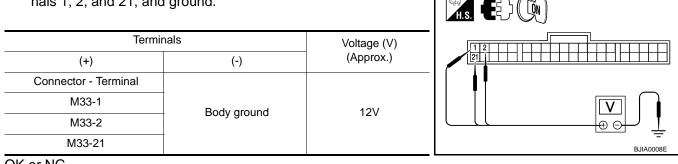
#### SYMPTOM:

Heater and A/C system (if equipped) does not come on.



# 1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Disconnect front air control connector M33.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control connector M33 terminals 1, 2, and 21, and ground.



#### <u>OK or NG</u>

NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

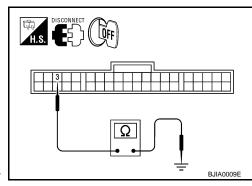
- >> Check the following.
  - 10A fuse [Nos. 12 and 19, located in the fuse block (J/B)] and 15A fuses [Nos. 10 and 11, located in the fuse block (J/B)].
  - If fuses are OK, check for open circuit in wiring harness. Repair or replace as necessary.
  - If fuses are NG, replace fuse and check wiring harness for short circuit. Repair or replace as necessary.

## 2. CHECK BODY GROUND CIRCUIT FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

#### 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Check continuity between front air control connector M33 terminal 3 and ground.

Termina	Terminal	
(+)	(-)	Continuity
Connector - Terminal	Body ground	Yes
M33-3	Body ground	165



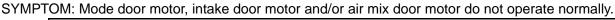
#### OK or NG

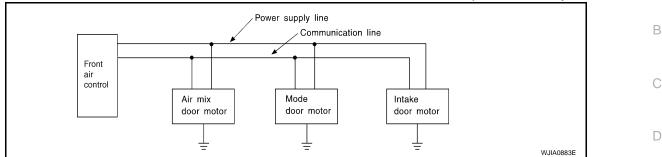
- OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66. "Removal</u> <u>and Installation"</u>.
  - Inspection End.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness.

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## LAN System Circuit

INFOID:000000001851799



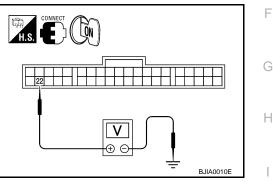


## DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR DOOR MOTORS

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control connector M33 terminal 22 and ground.

Termir			
(+)	(-)	Voltage (V) (Approx.)	
Connector	(-)		
M33-22	Body ground	12V	



### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66, "Removal</u> and Installation".

## **2.**CHECK SIGNAL FOR DOOR MOTORS

Check voltage between front air control connector M33 terminal 18 and ground.

Termir			
(+)	(-)	Voltage (V) (Approx.)	
Connector	(-)		
M33-18	Ground	5.5V	

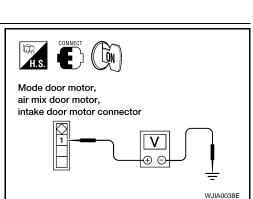
### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66. "Removal</u> and Installation".

## **3.**CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR MOTOR

Check voltage between mode door motor connector M51 terminal 1 and ground, between air mix door motor connector M34 terminal 1 and ground, and between intake door motor connector M48 terminal 1 and ground.



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## MTC-41

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### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

	Terr	ninals		
Door motors	(+)	- (-)	Voltage (V) (Approx.)	
	Connector	(-)		
Mode	M51-1			
Air mix	M34-1	Body ground	12V	
Intake	M48-1	-		

<u>OK or NG</u>

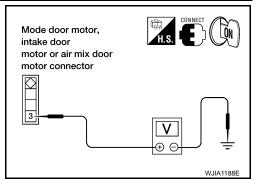
OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace harness or connector.

**4.**CHECK SIGNAL FOR MOTOR

Check voltage between mode door motor connector M51 terminal 3 and ground, between air mix door motor connector M34 terminal 3 and ground, and between intake door motor connector M48 terminal 3 and ground.

	Term			
Door motors	(+)	(-)	Voltage (V) (Approx.)	
	Connectors		··· /	
Mode	M51-3			
Air mix	M34-3	Body ground	5.5V	
Intake	M48-3	-		



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace harness or connector.

5. CHECK MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect door motor connectors.
- Check continuity between mode door motor connector M51 terminal 2 and ground, between air mix door motor connector M34 terminal 2 and ground, and between intake door motor connector M48 terminal 2 and ground.

	Tern	ninals		
Door motors	(+)	(-)	Continuity	
	Connector	(-)		
Mode	M51-2			
Air mix	M34-2	Body ground	Yes	
Intake	M48-2	†		

Mode door motor, intake door motor or air mix door motor connector

WJIA0884E

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace harness or connector.

**6.**CHECK MOTOR OPERATION

Disconnect and reconnect the motor connectors and confirm the motor operation.

### <u>OK or NG</u>

NG

- OK >> (Returns to normal operation.)
  - Motor connector contacts dirty or damaged
  - >> (Does not operate normally.)
    - GO TO 7.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
7. CHECK MODE DOOR MOTOR AND AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR OPERATION	А
<ol> <li>Disconnect the intake door motor connector.</li> <li>Reconnect the mode door motor connector and air mix door motor connector, confirm the mode door motor and air mix door motor operation.</li> </ol>	В
<u>OK or NG</u>	
<ul> <li>OK &gt;&gt; (Mode door motor and air mix door motor operate normally.)</li> <li>Replace the intake door motor. Refer to <u>MTC-73, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; (Mode door motor and air mix door motor do not operate normally.)</li> <li>GO TO 8.</li> </ul>	С
<b>8.</b> CHECK AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR AND INTAKE DOOR MOTOR OPERATION	D
<ol> <li>Disconnect mode door motor connector.</li> <li>Reconnect the intake door motor connector, confirm the air mix door motor and intake door motor operation.</li> </ol>	E
OK or NG	
<ul> <li>OK &gt;&gt; (Air mix door motor and intake door motor operate normally.)</li> <li>Replace mode door motor. Refer to<u>MTC-74, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; (Air mix door motor and intake door motor do not operate normally.)</li> <li>GO TO 9.</li> </ul>	F
9. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR AND MODE DOOR MOTOR OPERATION	G
<ol> <li>Disconnect air mix door motor connector.</li> <li>Reconnect mode door motor connector, confirm the intake door motor and mode door motor operation. OK or NG</li> </ol>	Н
OK       >> (Intake door motor and mode door motor operate normally.)         • Replace air mix door motor. Refer to MTC-75.         NG       >> (Intake door motor and mode door motor do not operate normally.)         • Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-66, "Removal and Installation".	I
Mode Door Motor Circuit	MT K
SYMPTOM: • Air outlet does not change. • Mode door motor does not operate normally.	L
INSPECTION FLOW	
1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - DISCHARGE AIR	M
<ol> <li>Turn mode dial to all five positions.</li> <li>Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table. Refer to <u>MTC-25</u>, "<u>Discharge</u> <u>Air Flow</u>".</li> </ol>	Ν
Can a symptom be duplicated?	
YES >> GO TO 3. NO >> GO TO 2.	0
2. PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK	
Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-38. "Operational Check".	Ρ
Can a symptom be duplicated?	
<ul> <li>YES &gt;&gt; Refer to MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair".</li> <li>NO &gt;&gt; System OK.</li> </ul>	
3. CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS	

Check for any service bulletins.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

>> GO TO 4.

### **4.**CHECK MODE DOOR OPERATION

Check and verify mode door mechanism for smooth operation in each mode.

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair as necessary.

### **5.**CHECK LAN SYSTEM CIRCUIT

Perform diagnostic procedure for the LAN system. Refer to MTC-41, "LAN System Circuit".

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-38</u>, "<u>Operational</u> <u>Check</u>". If no other symptom exists replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66</u>, "<u>Removal and</u> <u>Installation</u>".
- NG >> Repair as necessary.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

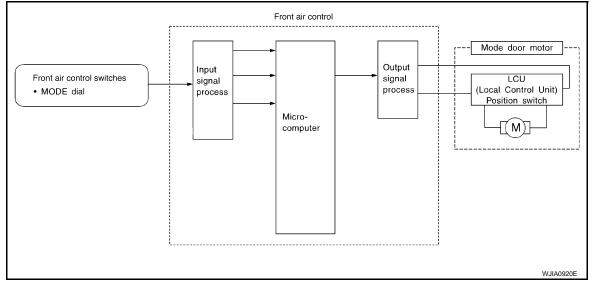
Mode door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Mode door motor (LCU)

#### System Operation

The front air control receives signals from its various dials and switches. The front air control then sends air mix door, mode door and intake door motor opening angle data to the air mix door motor LCU, mode door motor LCU and intake door motor LCU.

The mode door motor reads their respective signals according to the address signal. Opening angle indication signals received from the front air control and each of the motor position sensors are compared by the LCU's in each motor with the existing decision and opening angles. Subsequently, HOT/COLD or DEFROST/VENT or FRESH/RECIRCULATION operation is selected. The new selection data is returned to the front air control.



### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Mode Door Motor

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Air Mix Door Motor Circuit

SYMPTOM:

1.

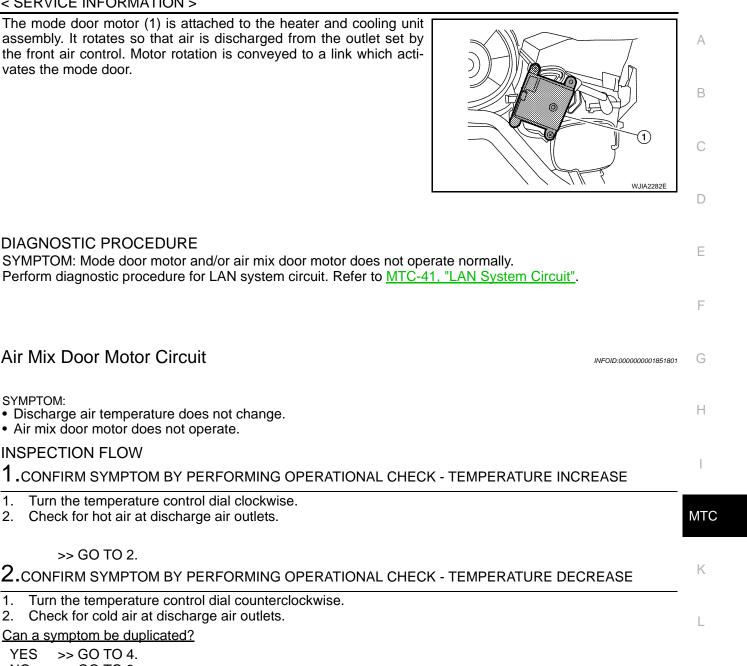
2.

1.

2.

**INSPECTION FLOW** 

The mode door motor (1) is attached to the heater and cooling unit assembly. It rotates so that air is discharged from the outlet set by the front air control. Motor rotation is conveyed to a link which activates the mode door.



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Can a symptom be duplicated?

>> GO TO 2.

YES >> GO TO 4. NO >> GO TO 3.

3. PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK

Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-38, "Operational Check". Can a symptom be duplicated?

>> Refer to MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". YES NO >> System OK.

4.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS

Check for any service bulletins.

>> GO TO 5.

5.CHECK AIR MIX DOOR OPERATION

Check and verify air mix door mechanism for smooth operation in each mode.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair as necessary.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

### **6.**CHECK LAN SYSTEM CIRCUIT

Perform diagnostic procedure for the LAN system. Refer to MTC-41, "LAN System Circuit".

#### OK or NG

- OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-38</u>, "<u>Operational</u> <u>Check</u>". If no other symptom exists replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66</u>, "<u>Removal and</u> <u>Installation</u>".
- NG >> Repair as necessary.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

**Component Parts** 

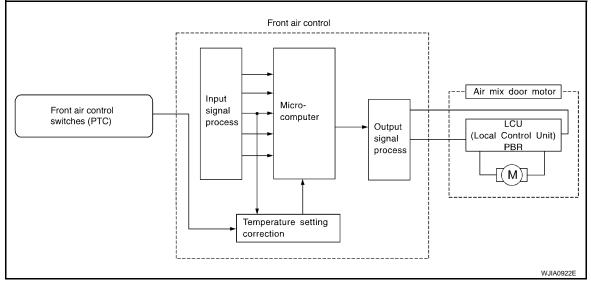
Air mix door control system components are:

- Front air control <sup>2</sup>
- Air mix door motor (LCU)

#### System Operation

The front air control receives signals from its various dials and switches. The front air control then sends air mix door, mode door and intake door motor opening angle data to the air mix door motor LCU, mode door motor LCU and intake door motor LCU.

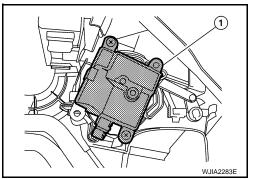
The air mix door motor, mode door motor and intake door motor read their respective signals according to the address signal. Opening angle indication signals received from the front air control and each of the motor position sensors are compared by the LCUs in each motor with the existing decision and opening angles. Subsequently, HOT/COLD or DEFROST/VENT or FRESH/RECIRCULATION operation is selected. The new selection data is returned to the front air control.



### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Air Mix Door Motor

The air mix door motor (1) is attached to the heater and cooling unit assembly. It rotates so that the air mix door is opened or closed to a position set by the front air control. Motor rotation is then conveyed through a shaft and the air mix door position is then fed back to the front air control by PBR built-in air mix door motor.



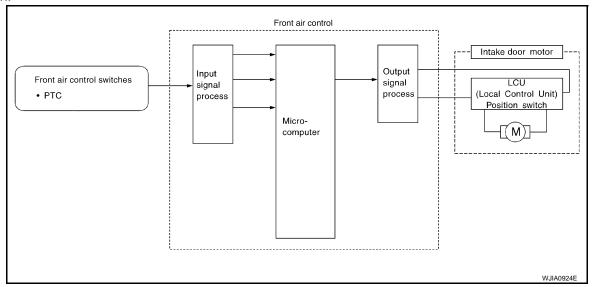
### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE SYMPTOM: Discharge air temperature does not change.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION > Perform diagnostic procedure for LAN system circuit. Refer to MTC-41, "LAN System Circuit". А В Intake Door Motor Circuit INFOID-000000001851802 SYMPTOM: Intake door does not change. Intake door motor does not operate normally. **INSPECTION FLOW** D **1**.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - REC ( $\frown$ ) Press REC ( 2) switch. Recirculation indicator should illuminate. 1. Е Press REC ( 2. Listen for intake door position change (blower sound should change slightly). 3. Can a symptom be duplicated? F YES >> GO TO 3. >> GO TO 2. NO 2.PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-38. "Operational Check". Can a symptom be duplicated? Н YES >> Refer to MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". NO >> System OK. ${ m 3.}$ CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS Check for any service bulletins. MTC >> GO TO 4. 4.CHECK INTAKE DOOR OPERATION Check and verify intake door mechanism for smooth operation in each mode. Κ OK or NG OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Repair as necessary. **5.**CHECK LAN SYSTEM CIRCUIT Perform diagnostic procedure for the LAN system. Refer to MTC-41, "LAN System Circuit". Μ OK or NG OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to MTC-38, "Operational Check". If no other symptom exists replace front air control. Refer to MTC-66, "Removal and Ν Installation". NG >> Repair as necessary. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION **Component Parts** Intake door control system components are: Ρ Front air control Intake door motor

System Operation

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

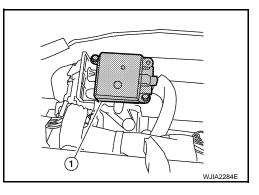
The intake door control determines intake door position based on the position of the recirculation switch. When the front air control is set to DEFROST, or OFF, the front air control sets the intake door at the fresh position.



### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Intake door motor

The intake door motor (1) is attached to the intake unit. It rotates so that air is drawn from inlets set by the front air control. Motor rotation is conveyed to a lever which activates the intake door. Door position is then fed back to the front air control by PBR built-in air mix door motor.



#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

SYMPTOM: Intake door motor does not operate normally. Perform diagnostic procedure for LAN system circuit. Refer to <u>MTC-41, "LAN System Circuit"</u>.

### Blower Motor Circuit

INFOID:000000001851803

SYMPTOM:

• Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.

**INSPECTION FLOW** 

 $1. {\rm confirm\ symptom\ by\ performing\ operational\ check\ -\ front\ blower}$ 

1. Turn blower control dial clockwise one detent. Blower should operate on low speed.

2. Continue checking blower speed until all speeds are checked.

3. Leave blower on HI speed.

Can the symptom be duplicated?

YES >> GO TO 3. NO >> GO TO 2.

2. PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-38. "Operational Check".	
Can a symptom be duplicated?	А
YES >> Refer to MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair".	
NO >> System OK.	В
3.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS	D
Check for any service bulletins.	
	С
>> GO TO 4.	
4.CHECK BLOWER MOTOR CIRCUIT	D
Perform diagnostic procedure for the blower motor circuit. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".	
OK or NG	
OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check and check for other symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-38</u> , " <u>Operational Check</u> ". and check for other symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-27</u> , " <u>How to</u>	Ε
Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". If no other symptom exists replace	
front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66, "Removal and Installation"</u> . NG >> Repair as necessary.	F
	1
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION	
Component Parts	G
Fan speed control system components are:	
<ul> <li>Front air control</li> <li>LAN system (PBR built-in mode door motor, air mix door motor and intake door motor)</li> </ul>	Н
Blower motor	
Fan control amplifier	
System Operation	
Front air control	MT
A/C LAN system (PBR built-in air mix door	
motor, mode door motor and intake door motor)	
Input signal computer	Κ
Front air control switches	
Max A/C switch (mode dial)     Fan	L
Recirculation switch     Control     amp.     amp.	
	M
	Ν
WJIA0926E	

## COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

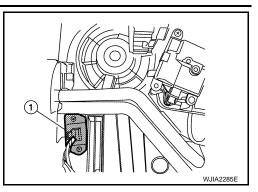
Fan Control Amplifier

0

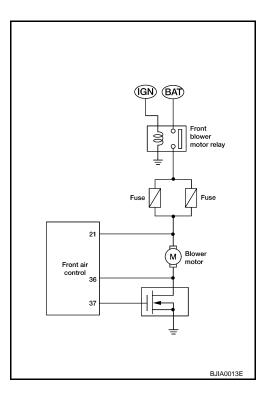
Ρ

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

The fan control amplifier (1) is located on the cooling unit. The fan control amp. receives a gate voltage from the front air control to smoothly maintain the blower fan motor voltage in the 5 to the 12V range (approx.).



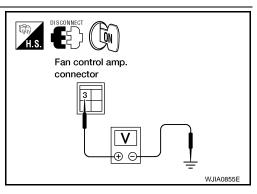
**DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE** SYMPTOM: Blower motor is malfunctioning.



# 1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR FAN CONTROL AMP.

- 1. Disconnect fan control amp. connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON. 2.
- Check voltage between fan control amp. harness connector 3. M52 terminal 3 and ground.

Termin			
(+)	(-)	Voltage (V) (Approx.)	
Connector - Terminal	(-)	( 11 - )	
M52-3	Body ground	12V	



OK or NG

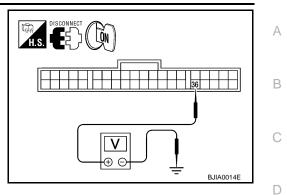
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 7.

2. CHECK FAN FEEDBACK CIRCUIT

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 1. Disconnect front air control connector.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 36 and ground.

Terminal		Voltage (V)
(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Connector - Terminal	Body ground	12V
M33-18		



DISCONNECT

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connector

Fan control amp.

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#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Check for open circuit in wiring harness. Repair or replace as necessary.

## **3.**CHECK BODY GROUND CIRCUIT FOR FAN CONTROL AMP.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check continuity between fan control amp. harness connector M52 terminal 1 and ground.

Termi	nal	Continuity
Connector - Terminal	Body ground	Yes
M52-1	Body ground	165

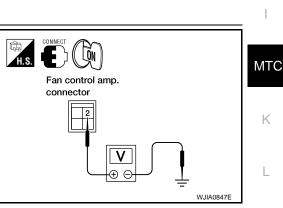
### <u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> Reconnect fan control amp. harness connector and GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.

### **4.**CHECK VOLTAGE FOR FAN CONTROL AMP.

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn blower control dial to any position except OFF or AUTO.
- Check voltage between fan control amp. harness connector M52 terminal 2 and ground.

Terminal		
(+)	(-)	Voltage (V) (Approx.)
Connector - Terminal	(-)	( ) ] ] ]
M52-2	Body ground	12V



### <u>OK or NG</u>

4.

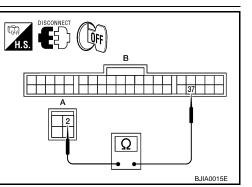
OK >> 1. Replace fan control amp. Refer to <u>MTC-76, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
2. Confirm that blower motor operation is normal.

NG >> GO TO 5.

 $\mathbf{5.}$  CHECK FAN CONTROL AMP. CIRCUIT BETWEEN FAN CONTROL AMP. AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect front air control and fan control amp. harness connectors.
- Check continuity between fan control amp. harness connector M52 (A) terminal 2 and front air control harness connector M33 (B) terminal 37.

Term	ninals	Continuity
Connector - Terminal	Connector - Terminal	Yes
M52-2	M33-37	165



If OK, check harness for short.

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 6.

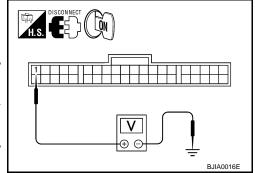
NG >> Repair harness or connector.

6. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

#### 1. Turn ignition switch ON.

2. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 1 and ground.

Terminal		Voltage (V)
(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Connector - Terminal	Body ground	12V
M33-1	Body ground	12 V



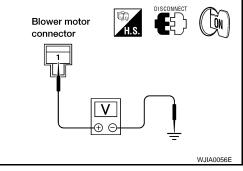
#### OK or NG

- OK >> 1. Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66</u>, <u>"Removal and Installation"</u>.
  - 2. Confirm that blower motor operation is normal.
- NG >>• Check for open circuit in wiring harness.
  - Repair or replace as necessary.
  - If OK, replace fuse and check wiring harness for short circuit. Repair or replace an necessary.

### 7.CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR BLOWER MOTOR

- 1. Turn ignition OFF.
- 2. Disconnect blower motor harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 1 and ground.

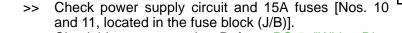
Termina	al	Voltage (V)
(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Connector - Terminal	Body ground	12V
M62-1	body ground	12 V



#### OK or NG

NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

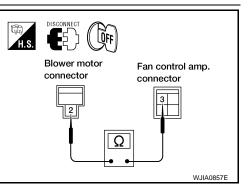


- Check blower motor relay. Refer to <u>PG-5, "Wiring Diagram POWER -"</u>. Repair or replace as necessary.
- If OK, check for open circuit in wiring harness. Repair or replace as necessary.
- If OK, replace fuse and check wiring harness for short circuit. Repair or replace as necessary.

## $\mathbf{8}$ . Check circuit continuity between blower motor and fan control amp.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- Check continuity between blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 2 and fan control amp. harness connector M52 terminal 3.

Terminals		Continuity
Connector - Terminal	Connector - Terminal	Continuity
M62-2	M52-3	Yes



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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- Check blower motor. Refer to MTC-67. >>
  - 1. If NG, replace blower motor. Refer to MTC-67.
  - 2. Confirm that blower motor operation is normal.
- >> Repair harness or connector.

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### **Blower Motor**

OK

NG

- Confirm smooth rotation of the blower motor (1)
- Ensure the

Confirm smooth rotation of the blower motor (1). • Ensure that there are no foreign particles inside the intake unit.		C D E
Magnet Clutch Circuit	INFOID:000000001851804	Г
SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage. INSPECTION FLOW		G
1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK	K - MAGNET CLUTCH	Н
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>Turn blower control dial to the desired position.</li> <li>Press the A/C switch. A/C indicator will turn on.</li> <li>Confirm that the compressor clutch engages (sound or visual insp <u>Can the symptom be duplicated?</u></li> </ol>	pection).	I
YES >> GO TO 3. NO >> GO TO 2.		MTC
2. CHECK FOR ANY SYMPTOMS		
Perform a complete operational check for any symptoms. Refer to MT	C-38, "Operational Check".	Κ
Does another symptom exist?           YES         >> Refer to MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for NO           NO         >> System OK.	Quick and Accurate Repair".	I
<b>3.</b> CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS		
Check for any service bulletins.		M
>> GO TO 4.		
4.CHECK COMPRESSOR BELT TENSION		Ν
Check compressor belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-13</u> , "Checking Drive <u>B</u> <u>Drive Belts</u> " (QR20DE) <u>EM-124</u> , "Checking Drive <u>Belts</u> ".	<u>Belts</u> " (MR20DE) or <u>EM-124, "Checking</u>	
OK or NG		0
OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Adjust or replace A/C compressor belt.		-
5. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE		Ρ
Check refrigerant pressure with manifold gauge connected. Refer to N	ATC-56, "Insufficient Cooling".	

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for unusual pressure. Refer to MTC-56. "Insufficient Cooling".

6.CHECK MAGNET CLUTCH CIRCUIT

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Perform diagnostic procedure for the magnetic clutch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

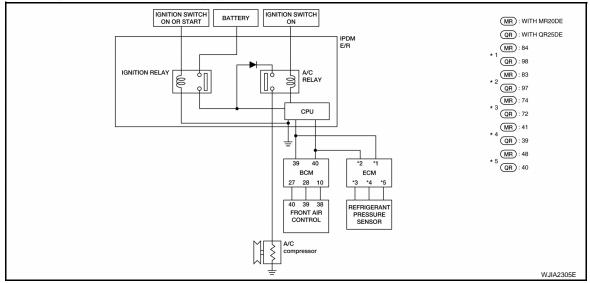
- OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-38</u>, "<u>Operational</u> <u>Check</u>". If other symptoms exist, refer to <u>MTC-27</u>, "<u>How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick</u> <u>and Accurate Repair</u>".
- NG >> Repair as necessary.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Front air control controls compressor operation by a signal from ECM.

#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage when A/C switch is ON.



## 1. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN A/C RELAY IN IPDM E/R AND COMPRESSOR

- Disconnect IPDM E/R connector E43 and compressor connector.
- Check continuity between A/C compressor harness connector F3 terminal 2 and IPDM E/R harness connector E43 terminal 11.

Term	inals	Continuity
Connector - Terminal	Connector - Terminal	Yes
F3 (A) - 2	E43 (B) - 11	165

If OK, check harness for short to ground.

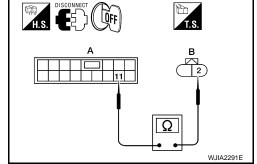
### <u>OK or NG</u>

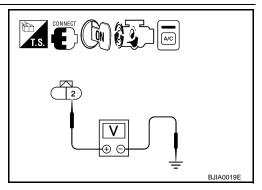
- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.

2. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR COMPRESSOR

- 1. Reconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors.
- 2. Start engine and press A/C switch.
- Check voltage between A/C compressor harness connector F3 terminal 2 and ground.

Termina	Terminal	
(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Connector - Terminal	Body ground	12V
F3-2	Body ground	12.0





< SERVICE INFORMATION >

### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK

- >> Check magnet clutch coil.
  - 1. If NG, replace magnet clutch. Refer to <u>MTC-86. "Removal and Installation for Compressor</u> <u>Clutch - MR20DE"</u>.
  - If OK, check A/C compressor mounting points for looseness or corrosion and repair as necessary.

NG >> GO TO 3.

**3.**CHECK FUSE IN IPDM E/R

Check 10A fuse [No. 42 located at the IPDM E/R].

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

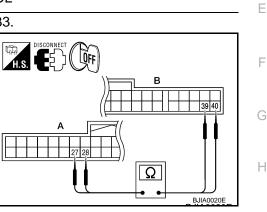
OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace fuse and check IPDM E/R for short circuit. Replace if necessary.

### **4.**CHECK CONTINUITY BETWEEN BCM AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Disconnect BCM connector M18 and front air control connector M33.
- Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 (A) terminals 27, 28 and front air control connector M33 (B) terminals 40, 39.

Term	ninals	Continuity
Connector - Terminal	Connector - Terminal	
M18 (A) - 27	M33 (B) - 40	Yes
M18 (A) - 28	M33 (B) - 39	



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### OK or NG

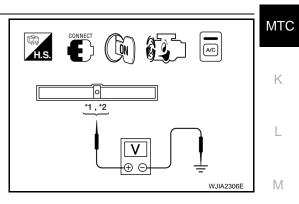
OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

5.CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL

Check voltage between ECM harness connector F25 terminal 41 [\*1(with MR20DE)], 39 [(\*2 with QR25DE)] and ground.

Terminal		Voltage (V)
(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Connector - Terminal		
F25 - 41 with MR20DE F25 - 39 with QR25DE	Body ground	12V



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> 1. Repair harness or connector.

2. Confirm that magnet clutch operation is normal.

### **6.**CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to <u>EC-514</u>(MR) or <u>EC-1052</u> (QR).

### OK or NG

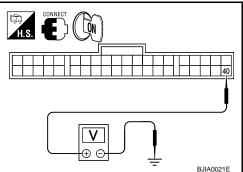
- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor. Refer to <u>MTC-93, "Removal and Installation for Refrigerant</u> <u>Pressure Sensor"</u>.

**7.**CHECK COMPRESSOR ON SIGNAL

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Check voltage between front air control connector M33 terminal 40 and ground, with A/C compressor ON and with A/C compressor OFF.

Terminal		Voltage (V)	
(+)	(-)	(Approx.)	
Connector - Terminal		A/C Compressor ON: 0V	
M33 - 40	Body ground	A/C Compressor OFF: 5V	



INFOID:000000001851805

<u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> When A/C compressor is ON and voltage is not approx. 0V, Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-66. "Removal and Installation"</u>.
  - When A/C compressor is OFF and voltage is not approx. 5V, BCM is malfunctioning.

### **8.**CHECK CAN COMMUNICATION CIRCUITS

Check CAN communication circuits between BCM to ECM and between ECM to IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>LAN-10</u>. OK or NG

OK >> ECM malfunctioning.

NG >> Repair or replace component based on the result of diagnosis.

Insufficient Cooling

SYMPTOM: Insufficient cooling

INSPECTION FLOW

**1.**CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - TEMPERATURE DECREASE

1. Turn temperature control dial counterclockwise to maximum cold position.

2. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets.

Can the symptom be duplicated?

YES >> GO TO 3.

NO >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK FOR ANY SYMPTOMS

Perform a complete operational check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-38, "Operational Check".

Does another symptom exist?

YES >> Refer to <u>MTC-27</u>, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". NO >> System OK.

**3.**CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS

Check for any service bulletins.

>> GO TO 4.

**4.**CHECK COMPRESSOR DRIVE BELT TENSION

Check compressor belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-13, "Checking Drive Belts"</u> (MR20DE) or <u>EM-124, "Checking</u> <u>Drive Belts"</u> (QR20DE)<u>EM-124, "Checking Drive Belts"</u>.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Adjust or replace compressor belt. Refer to <u>EM-13</u>, "<u>Checking Drive Belts</u>" (MR20DE) or <u>EM-124</u>, "<u>Checking Drive Belts</u>" (QR20DE).

**5.**CHECK AIR MIX DOOR OPERATION

Check and verify air mix door mechanism for smooth operation in each mode.

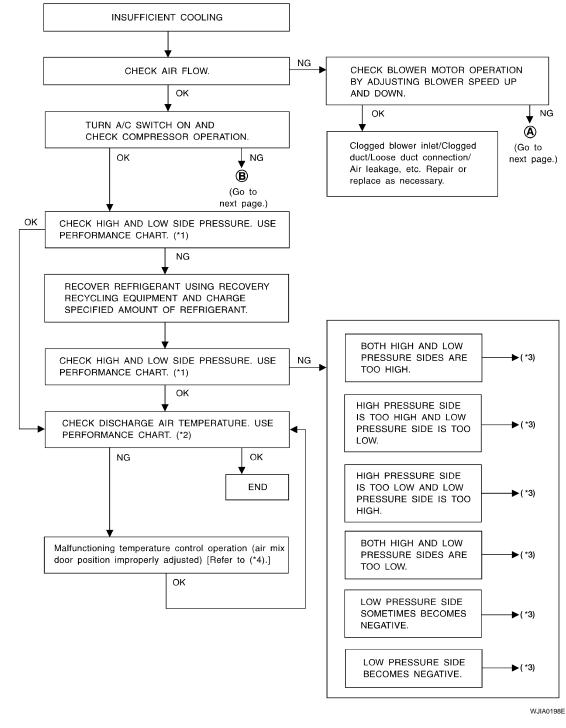
Does air mix door operate correctly?

YES >> GO TO 6.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >
NO >> Repair or replace as necessary.
<b>6.</b> CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR OPERATION
Check and verify cooling fan motor for smooth operation. Refer to <u>EC-394, "System Description"</u> . <u>Does cooling fan motor operate correctly?</u>
YES >> GO TO 7. NO >> Check cooling fan motor. Refer to <u>EC-394</u> .
7. CHECK RECOVERY/RECYCLING EQUIPMENT BEFORE USAGE
Check recovery/recycling equipment before connecting to vehicle. Verify there is no pressure in the recovery/ recycling equipment by checking the gauges. If pressure exists, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.
>> GO TO 8. <b>8.</b> CHECK REFRIGERANT PURITY
<ol> <li>Connect recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle.</li> <li>Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/recycling and refrigerant identifier.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ol>
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Check contaminated refrigerant. Refer to <u>MTC-3, "Contaminated Refrigerant"</u> . <b>9.</b> CHECK FOR REFRIGERANT PRESSURE
Check refrigerant pressure with manifold gauge connected. Refer to "Test Reading".
OK or NG
OK >> Perform performance test diagnoses. Refer to "PERFORMANCE TEST ANALYSIS". NG >> GO TO 10.
10. CHECK FOR EVAPORATOR FREEZE UP
Start engine and run A/C. Check for evaporator freeze up.
YES >> Perform performance test diagnoses. Refer to "PERFORMANCE TEST ANALYSIS". NO >> GO TO 11.
11. CHECK AIR DUCTS
Check ducts for air leaks.
<u>OK or NG</u>
OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-38, "Operational</u> <u>Check"</u> . If other symptoms exist, refer to <u>MTC-27, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick</u> <u>and Accurate Repair"</u> .
NG >> Repair air leaks.
PERFORMANCE TEST ANALYSIS

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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



"PERFORMANCE CHART" \*2 "T

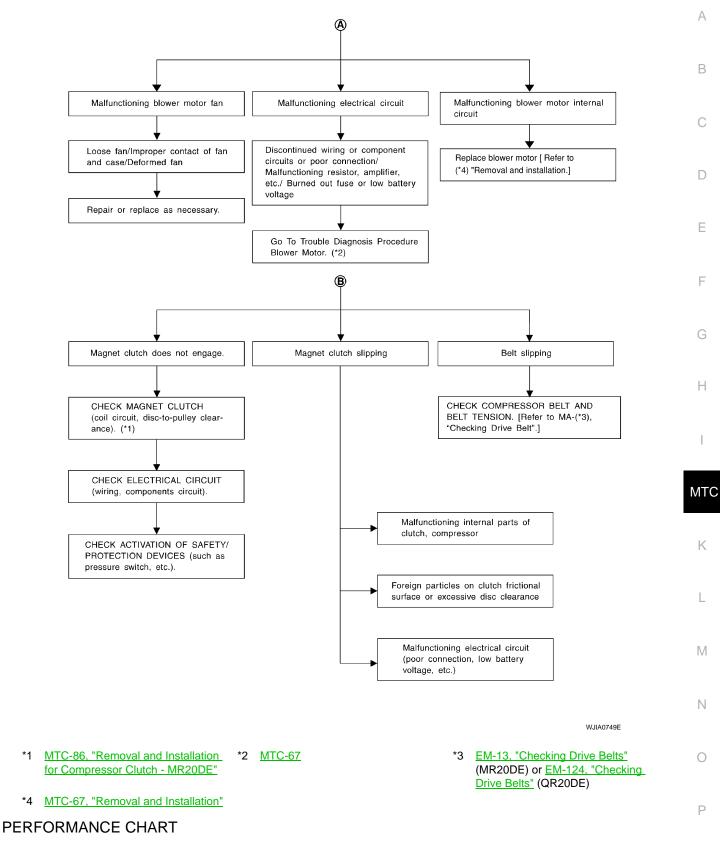
\*2 "Test Reading"

\*3 "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR AB-NORMAL PRESSURE"

\*4 MTC-45, "Air Mix Door Motor Circuit"

\*1

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



#### Test Condition Testing must be performed as follows:

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Vehicle location	Indoors or in the shade (in a well-ventilated place)
Doors	Closed
Door windows	Open
Hood	Open
TEMP.	Max. COLD
Mode switch	Ventilation) set
Intake switch	(Recirculation) set
\$(fan) speed	Max. speed set
Engine speed	Idle speed
Operate the air conditioning system	n for 10 minutes before taking measurements.

#### **Test Reading**

Recirculating-to-discharge Air Temperature Table

Inside air (Recirculating air) at blower assembly inlet		Discharge air temperature at center ventilator
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)	°C (°F)
	25 (77)	10.0 - 12.3 (50 - 54)
50 - 60	30 (86)	13.2 - 15.3 (56 - 60)
	35 (95)	17.2 - 21.0 (63 - 70)
	25 (77)	12.3 - 14.9 (54 - 59)
60 - 70	30 (86)	15.3 - 19.3 (60 - 67)
	35 (95)	21.0 - 24.4 (70 - 76)

#### Ambient Air Temperature-to-operating Pressure Table

Ambient air		High-pressure (Discharge side)	Low-pressure (Suction side)	
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)	kPa (kg/cm2, psi)	kPa (kg/cm2, psi)	
30 (86)         50 - 70       35 (95)         40 (104)	30 (86)	1,220 - 1,500 (12.44 - 15.30, 176.9 - 217.5)	240 - 295 (2.45 - 3.01, 34.8 - 42.8)	
	35 (95)	1,360 - 1,690 (13.87 - 17.24, 197.2 - 245.1)	275 - 335 (2.81 - 3.42, 39.9 - 48.6)	
	40 (104)	1,500 - 1,830 (12.44 - 18.67, 176.9 - 265.4)	310 - 375 (3.16 - 3.83, 45.0 - 54.4)	

#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR ABNORMAL PRESSURE

Whenever system's high and/or low side pressure is abnormal, diagnose using a manifold gauge. The marker above the gauge scale in the following tables indicates the standard (normal) pressure range. Since the standard (normal) pressure differs from vehicle to vehicle, refer to Ambient Air Temperature-to-operating Pressure Table above.

Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too High

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Both high and low-pressure sides are too high.	Pressure is reduced soon after water is splashed on condens- er.	Excessive refrigerant charge in refrigeration cycle	Reduce refrigerant until speci- fied pressure is obtained.
	Air suction by cooling fan is in- sufficient.	<ul> <li>Insufficient condenser cooling performance</li> <li>↓</li> <li>1. Condenser fins are clogged.</li> <li>2. Improper fan rotation of cooling fan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clean condenser.</li> <li>Check and repair cooling fan as necessary.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Low-pressure pipe is not cold.</li> <li>When compressor is stopped high-pressure value quickly drops by approximately 196 kPa (2 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 28 psi). It then decreases gradually thereafter.</li> </ul>	Poor heat exchange in con- denser (After compressor operation stops, high pressure decreases too slowly.) ↓ Air in refrigeration cycle	Evacuate and recharge system
	Engine tends to overheat.	Engine cooling systems mal- function.	Check and repair each engine cooling system.
₩ ₩ АСЗБ9А	<ul> <li>An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet.</li> <li>Plates are sometimes cov- ered with frost.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Excessive liquid refrigerant on low-pressure side</li> <li>Excessive refrigerant dis- charge flow</li> <li>Expansion valve is open a lit- tle compared with the specifi- cation.</li> <li>↓</li> <li>Improper thermal valve in- stallation</li> <li>Improper expansion valve adjustment</li> </ul>	Replace expansion valve.

High-pressure Side is Too High and Low-pressure Side is Too Low

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
High-pressure side is too high and low-pressure side is too low.	Upper side of condenser and high-pressure side are hot, however, liquid tank is not so hot.	High-pressure tube or parts lo- cated between compressor and condenser are clogged or crushed.	<ul> <li>Check and repair or replace malfunctioning parts.</li> <li>Check oil for contamination.</li> </ul>

High-pressure Side is Too Low and Low-pressure Side is Too High

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action	0
High-pressure side is too low and low-pressure side is too high.	High and low-pressure sides become equal soon after com- pressor operation stops.	Compressor pressure opera- tion is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor pickings	Replace compressor.	Ρ
	No temperature difference be- tween high and low-pressure sides	Compressor pressure opera- tion is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor pickings.	Replace compressor.	

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

### Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too Low

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too low.	<ul> <li>There is a big temperature difference between liquid tank outlet and inlet. Outlet temperature is extremely low.</li> <li>Liquid tank inlet and expansion valve are frosted.</li> </ul>	Liquid tank inside is slightly clogged.	<ul> <li>Replace desiccant assembly.</li> <li>Check oil for contamination.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Temperature of expansion valve inlet is extremely low as compared with areas near liquid tank.</li> <li>Expansion valve inlet may be frosted.</li> <li>Temperature difference oc- curs somewhere in high- pressure side</li> </ul>	High-pressure pipe located be- tween receiver drier and ex- pansion valve is clogged.	<ul> <li>Check and repair malfunc- tioning parts.</li> <li>Check oil for contamination.</li> </ul>
	Expansion valve and liquid tank are warm or only cool when touched.	Low refrigerant charge ↓ Leaking fittings or components	Check refrigerant for leaks. Refer to Checking Refrigerant Leaks, <u>MTC-95</u> , "Checking of <u>Refrigerant Leaks</u> " and <u>MTC-</u> <u>96</u> , "Electronic Refrigerant <u>Leak Detector</u> ".
	There is a big temperature dif- ference between expansion valve inlet and outlet while the valve itself is frosted.	<ul> <li>Expansion valve closes a little compared with the specification.</li> <li>↓</li> <li>1. Improper expansion valve adjustment</li> <li>2. Malfunctioning thermal valve</li> <li>3. Outlet and inlet may be clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Remove foreign particles by using compressed air.</li> <li>Check oil for contamination.</li> </ul>
	An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet.	Low-pressure pipe is clogged or crushed.	<ul><li>Check and repair malfunc- tioning parts.</li><li>Check oil for contamination.</li></ul>
	Air flow volume is not enough or is too low.	Evaporator is frozen.	<ul><li>Check thermo control amp. and intake sensor operation.</li><li>Replace compressor.</li></ul>

### Low-pressure Side Sometimes Becomes Negative

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Low-pressure side sometimes be- comes negative.	<ul> <li>Air conditioning system does not function and does not cy- clically cool the compart- ment air.</li> <li>The system constantly func- tions for a certain period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted.</li> </ul>	Refrigerant does not discharge cyclically. ↓ Moisture is frozen at expan- sion valve outlet and inlet. ↓ Water is mixed with refrigerant.	<ul> <li>Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant.</li> <li>Replace desiccant assem- bly.</li> </ul>

Low-pressure Side Becomes Negative

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Low-pressure side becomes nega- tive.	Liquid tank or front/rear side of expansion valve's pipe is frost- ed or dewed.	High-pressure side is closed and refrigerant does not flow. ↓ Expansion valve or liquid tank is frosted.	<ul> <li>Leave the system at rest until no frost is present. Start it again to check whether or not the problem is caused by water or foreign particles.</li> <li>If water is the cause, initially cooling is okay. Then the water freezes causing a blockage. Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant.</li> <li>If due to foreign particles, remove expansion valve and remove the particles with dry and compressed air (not shop air).</li> <li>If either of the above methods cannot correct the problem, replace expansion valve.</li> <li>Replace desiccant assembly.</li> <li>Check oil for contamination.</li> </ul>
Insufficient Heating	•		INFOID:000000001851806
SYMPTOM: Insufficient heating	ng		
INSPECTION FLOW			
1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY	PERFORMING OPERATIO	ONAL CHECK - TEMPERA	TURE DECREASE
<ol> <li>Check for hot air at disch Can the symptom be duplicat YES &gt;&gt; GO TO 3.</li> </ol>	-	heat position.	
NO $>>$ GO TO 2.	50.40		
2.CHECK FOR ANY SYMP			
Perform a complete operation Does another symptom exist?		8. Reter to <u>MTC-38, "Opera</u>	<u>tional Check"</u> .
DUES ANULLEL SVINDLUIT EXISL	<u>L</u>		
· · · · ·	- . "How to Perform Trouble I	Diagnosis for Quick and Ac	curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK.	"How to Perform Trouble I	Diagnosis for Quick and Ac	curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27		Diagnosis for Quick and Ac	curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK.	ULLETINS	Diagnosis for Quick and Ac	curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK. <b>3.</b> CHECK FOR SERVICE B Check for any service bulletin	ULLETINS	Diagnosis for Quick and Ac	curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK. 3.CHECK FOR SERVICE B Check for any service bulletin >> GO TO 4.	ULLETINS Is.	Diagnosis for Quick and Ac	curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK. 3.CHECK FOR SERVICE B Check for any service bulletin >> GO TO 4. 4.CHECK COOLANT SYST	ULLETINS is. EM		curate Repair".
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK. 3.CHECK FOR SERVICE B Check for any service bulletin >> GO TO 4. 4.CHECK COOLANT SYST 1. Check engine coolant lev 2. Check hoses for leaks or 3. Check radiator cap. Refe	ULLETINS is. EM rel. Refer to <u>CO-11</u> (MR20E	DE) or <u>CO-35</u> (QR25DE).	
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK. 3.CHECK FOR SERVICE B Check for any service bulletin >> GO TO 4. 4.CHECK COOLANT SYST 1. Check engine coolant lev 2. Check hoses for leaks or	ULLETINS is. EM rel. Refer to <u>CO-11</u> (MR20E kinks.	DE) or <u>CO-35</u> (QR25DE).	
YES >> Refer to MTC-27 NO >> System OK. 3.CHECK FOR SERVICE B Check for any service bulletin >> GO TO 4. 4.CHECK COOLANT SYST 1. Check engine coolant lev 2. Check hoses for leaks or 3. Check radiator cap. Refe (QR25DE).	ULLETINS is. EM rel. Refer to <u>CO-11</u> (MR20E kinks. or to <u>CO-15, "Checking Rac</u>	DE) or <u>CO-35</u> (QR25DE).	

**5.**CHECK AIR MIX DOOR OPERATION

Check and verify air mix door mechanism for smooth operation in each mode.

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Adjust or replace air mix door.

### 6.CHECK AIR DUCTS

Check ducts for air leaks.

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Repair air leaks.

7. CHECK HEATER HOSE TEMPERATURES

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Touch both the inlet and outlet heater hoses.

Is the inlet hose hot and the outlet hose warm?

- YES >> GO TO 8.
- NO >> Both hoses warm: GO TO 9.

### 8.CHECK THERMOSTAT

Check thermostat for smooth operation.

### OK or NG

OK >> System OK.

NG >> Repair or replace as necessary. Retest.

**9.**CHECK HEATER HOSES

Check heater hoses for proper installation.

### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair /replace as necessary. Retest GO TO 7.

## 10.BACK FLUSH HEATER CORE

- 1. Back flush heater core.
- 2. Drain the water from the system.
- Refill system with new engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-11, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> (MR20DE) or <u>CO-36,</u> <u>"Changing Engine Coolant"</u> (QR25DE).
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Touch both the inlet and outlet heater hoses.

Is the inlet hose hot and the outlet hose warm?

- YES >> System OK.
- NO >> Replace heater core and refill engine coolant. Refer to MTC-72.

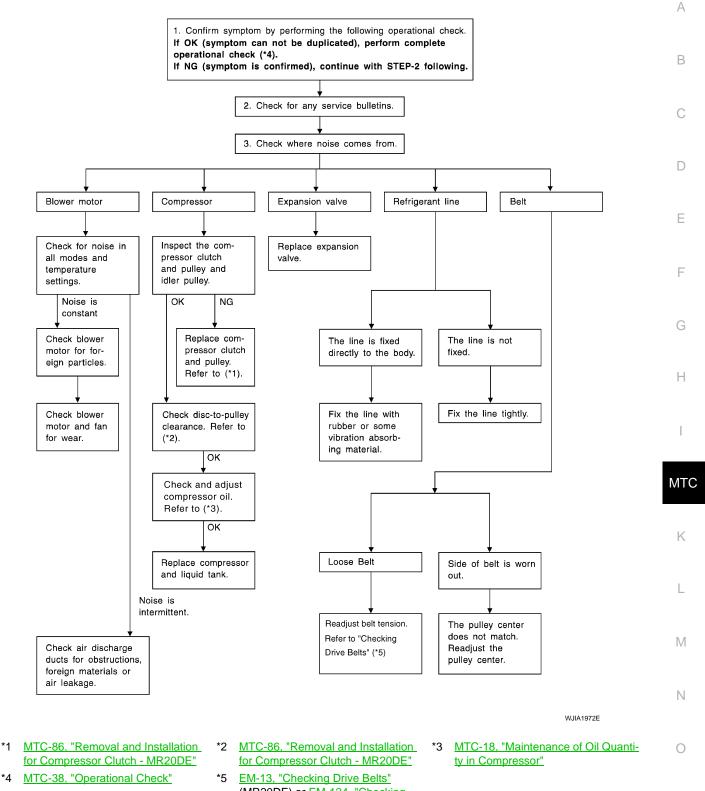
### Noise

INFOID:000000001851807

SYMPTOM: Noise

INSPECTION FLOW

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



- \*4 MTC-38, "Operational Check"
- (MR20DE) or EM-124, "Checking Drive Belts" (QR25DE)

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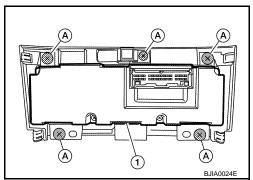
# CONTROL UNIT

Removal and Installation

## FRONT AIR CONTROL

Removal

- 1. Remove controller finisher. Refer to IP-11. "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove the five screws (A) and remove the front air control (1).



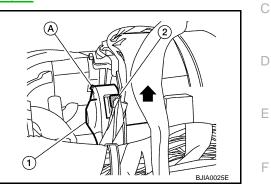
Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal. INFOID:000000001851808

## FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

Removal and Installation

### REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument panel. Refer to IP-11, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove the BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-17, "Removal and Installation of BCM"</u>.
- 3. Disconnect the front blower motor connector (2).
- 4. Remove the one screw (A) from the front blower motor (1).
- 5. Turn the front blower motor (1) counterclockwise and remove it. •  $\Leftarrow$  : Front



INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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### **MTC-67**

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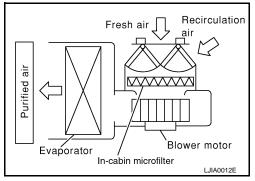
## **IN-CABIN MICROFILTER**

### Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000001851810

#### FUNCTION

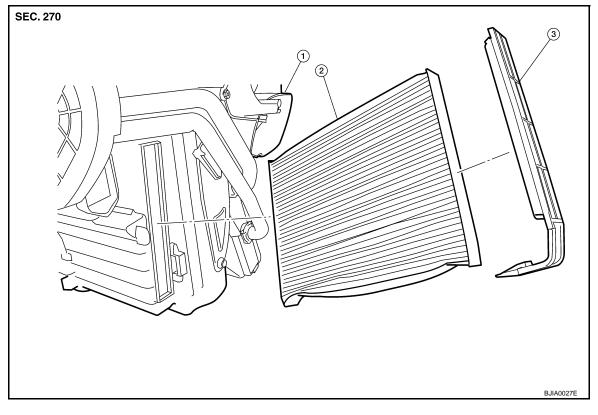
Air inside passenger compartment is kept clean at either recirculation or fresh mode by installing in-cabin microfilter into heater and cooling unit assembly.



#### REPLACEMENT TIMING

Replace the in-cabin microfilter as recommended. Refer to MA-7, "Schedule 1" and MA-10, "Schedule 2".

### REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES

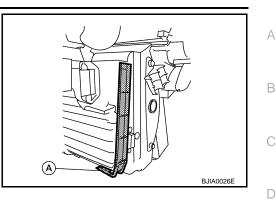


- 1. Heater and cooling unit assembly 2. In-cabin microfilter
- 3. Filter cover

## **IN-CABIN MICROFILTER**

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

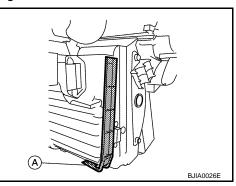
- 1. Remove the filter cover.
- a. Release the filter cover tab (A) the pull the bottom of the filter cover out tilting it at an angle
- b. Pull down the filter cover to disengage the hook at the top and remove the filter cover.



- 2. Remove the in-cabin microfilter.
- 3. Install the new in-cabin microfilter.
  - **CAUTION:**
  - Insert the new filter with the "UP" arrow in the correct orientation.
  - Insert the new filter with the "UP" arrow side of the filter facing the front of the vehicle.
- 4. Install the filter cover.
- a. Insert the hook at the top of the filter cover into the heater and cooling unit case.
- b. Swing the filter cover into the heater and cooling unit case until the filter cover tab (A) snaps securely on the heater and cooling unit case.

#### **CAUTION:**

Check the filter cover to make sure it is securely fastened to the heater and cooling unit case.





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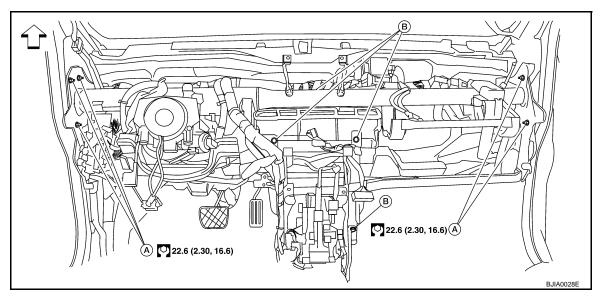
## **HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY**

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY

### Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000001851811



- A. Steering member bolts
- B. Heater and cooling unit assembly bolts

#### REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant from the A/C system. Refer to <u>MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Proce-</u> <u>dure"</u>.
- 2. Partially drain the engine coolant from the cooling system. Refer to MA-16. "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 3. Reposition the lower dash insulator out of the way.
- 4. Disconnect the heater hoses from the heater core pipes.

#### Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid entry of contaminants.

 Disconnect the refrigerant lines from the evaporator. Refer to <u>MTC-83, "Component"</u>. CAUTION:
 Can or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinul tape to avoid

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid entry of contaminants.

- Remove the steering column. Refer to <u>PS-10</u>.
- 7. Remove the instrument panel assembly. Refer to IP-11, "Removal and Installation".
- 8. Remove the lower steering member stays.
- 9. Disconnect the following components.
  - Shift lock cable
  - Steering harness clips
  - SMJ
  - Fuse box
  - Door harness
  - Front pillar harness
  - CVT shift cable (if equipped)
    M/T shift cable (if equipped)
  - A/C drain hose
  - Air bag module control unit
- 10. Disconnect the evaporator drain hose.
- 11. Remove the steering member bolt caps.
- 12. Support both front doors with a suitable jack.
- 13. Remove both front door upper hinge bolts. Refer to <u>BL-129</u>.

## **HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
14. Remove the steering member bolts.	
15. Temporarily install the front door upper hinge bolts.	А
<ol> <li>Remove the heater and cooling unit and the steering member from the vehicle as one unit.</li> <li>CAUTION:</li> </ol>	
Be careful not to damage the interior and seat trim when removing the heater and cooling unit assembly and steering member from the vehicle.	В
17. Disconnect the following components to separate the heater and cooling unit assembly from the steering	
member. • Front blower motor	С
Fan control amplifier	
air mix door motor	D
<ul> <li>Mode door motor</li> <li>Intake door motor</li> </ul>	
18. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly from the steering member.	
INSTALLATION	Ε
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
<ul> <li>Fill the radiator with the specified water and coolant mixture. Refer to <u>MA-16, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.</li> <li>Recharge the A/C system. Refer to <u>MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure"</u>.</li> </ul>	F
<ul> <li>Check and adjust the front door alignment as necessary. Refer to <u>BL-129, "Fitting Adjustment"</u>.</li> </ul>	
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## **HEATER CORE**

## < SERVICE INFORMATION >

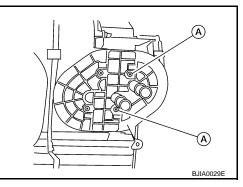
# HEATER CORE

## Removal and Installation

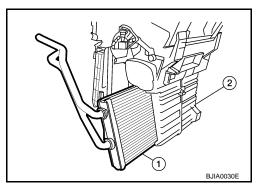
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#### REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to MTC-70, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove the heater core pipe support screws (A) and then remove it.



3. Remove the heater core (1) from the heater and cooling unit assembly (2).



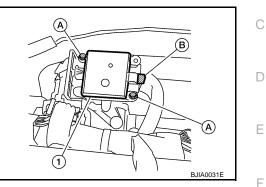
INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

## **INTAKE DOOR MOTOR**

### Removal and Installation

### REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument panel assembly. Refer to <u>IP-11. "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 2. Disconnect the intake door motor connector (B).
- 3. Remove the screws (A) and then the intake door motor (1) from the heater and cooling unit assembly.



**INSTALLATION** Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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**MTC-73** 

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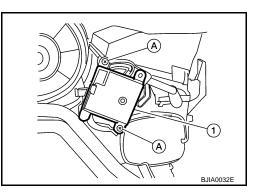
## MODE DOOR MOTOR

### Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000001851814

#### REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument lower cover (LH). Refer to IP-11, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Disconnect the mode door motor connector.
- 3. Remove the two mode door motor screws (A) and then remove the mode door motor (1).



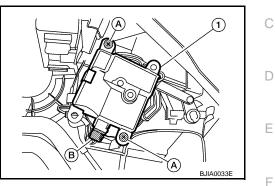
INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

## **AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR**

### Removal and Installation

### REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the glove box lower finisher. Refer to IP-10, "Component Parts".
- 2. Disconnect the air mix door motor connector (B).
- 3. Remove the two air mix door motor screws (A) and then remove the air mix door motor (1).



**INSTALLATION** Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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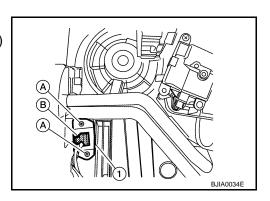
С

### FAN CONTROL AMPLIFIER

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument lower finisher. Refer to <u>IP-11, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 2. Remove the front foot duct (LH). Refer to MTC-77.
- 3. Remove the accelerator pedal. Refer to <u>ACC-3</u>.
- 4. Disconnect the fan control amplifier connector (B).
- 5. Remove the two screws (A) from the fan control amplifier (1) and then remove the fan control amplifier (1).



INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal. INFOID:000000001851816

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## **DUCTS AND GRILLES**

### Removal and Installation

Ducts

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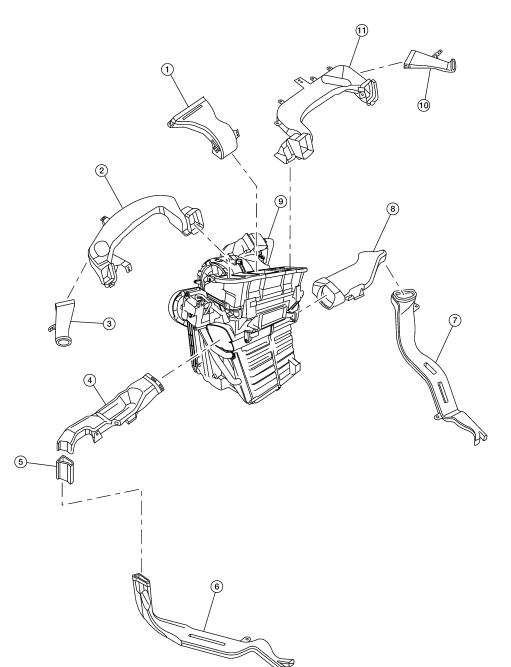
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SEC. 270 • 271 • 272 • 273



- BJIA0023E

- 1. Defroster nozzle
- 4. Front foot duct (LH)
- 2. Side ventilator duct (LH)
- 5. Rear floor connector duct (Canada only)
- Side defroster duct (LH)

3.

6. Rear floor duct (LH) (Canada only)

### **MTC-77**

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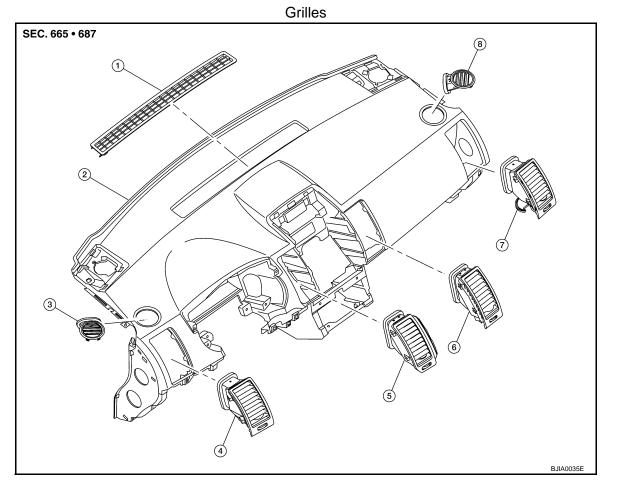
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- Rear floor duct (RH) (Canada only) 7.
- 10. Side defroster duct (RH)
- 8. Front foot duct (RH) 11. Side ventilator duct (RH)

#### Heater and cooling unit assembly

9.



- 1. Upper defroster grille
- Side ventilator grille (LH) 4.
- 2. Instrument panel assembly
- 5. Side ventilator grille (RH)
- Center ventilator grille (LH) 8. Side defroster grille (RH)
- 3. Side defroster grille (LH)
- 6. Center ventilator grille (RH)

### CENTER VENTILATOR GRILLE RH, LH

#### Removal

7.

Release the tabs using a suitable tool and then remove the center ventilator grille.

#### Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

### UPPER DEFROSTER GRILLE

#### Removal

- 1. Pry from the rear (farthest from windshield) edge to release the tabs using a suitable tool.
- 2. Pry from the front (closest to windshield) edge to release the tabs using a suitable tool.
- 3. Remove the upper defroster grille.

#### Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### SIDE VENTILATOR GRILLE RH, LH

#### Removal

Release the tabs using a suitable tool and then remove the side ventilator grille.

#### Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
SIDE DEFROSTER GRILLE RH, LH	٥
Removal Release the tabs using a suitable tool and then remove the side defroster grille.	A
Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	В
SIDE VENTILATOR DUCT RH, LH	
Removal	С
<ol> <li>Remove the instrument panel assembly. Refer to <u>IP-11, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> <li>Remove the defroster nozzle.</li> <li>Remove the side ventilator duct.</li> </ol>	D
Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	Е
DEFROSTER NOZZLE	
<ol> <li>Removal</li> <li>Remove the instrument panel assembly. Refer to <u>IP-11, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> <li>Remove the defroster nozzle.</li> </ol>	F
Installation	G
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
SIDE DEFROSTER DUCT RH, LH	Н
Removal	
<ol> <li>Remove the instrument panel assembly. Refer to <u>IP-11, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> <li>Remove the defroster nozzle.</li> <li>Remove the side defroster duct.</li> </ol>	I
Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	MT
FRONT FOOT DUCT RH	
Removal	Κ
<ol> <li>Remove the glove box lower finisher. Refer to <u>IP-10, "Component Parts"</u>.</li> <li>Remove the front foot duct.</li> </ol>	L
Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
FRONT FOOT DUCT LH	M
Removal	
<ol> <li>Remove the instrument lower finisher. Refer to <u>IP-11, "Removal and Installation"</u>.</li> <li>Remove the front foot duct.</li> </ol>	Ν
Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	0
REAR FLOOR CONNECTOR DUCT	
Removal	Ρ
<ol> <li>Push up to disengage the rear floor connector duct from the rear floor duct (LH).</li> <li>Remove the rear floor connector duct.</li> </ol>	
Installation	

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

REAR FLOOR DUCT RH

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### Removal

- 1. Remove the floor carpet from the front floor area and remove the front floor spacer. Refer to EI-36.
- 2. Remove the rear floor duct bolt.
- 3. Remove the rear floor duct.

#### Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

### REAR FLOOR DUCT LH

#### Removal

- 1. Remove the floor carpet from the front floor area and remove the front floor spacer. Refer to EI-36.
- 2. Remove the rear floor connector duct.
- 3. Remove the rear floor duct bolt.
- 4. Remove the rear floor duct.

#### Installation

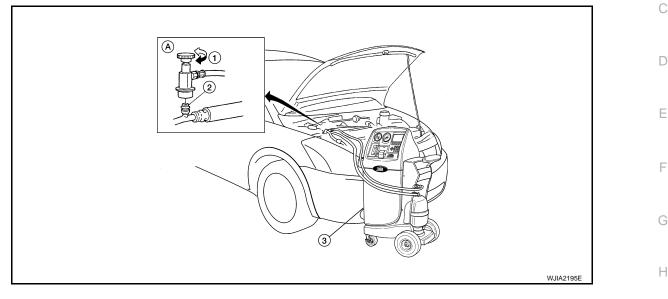
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

### **REFRIGERANT LINES**

### HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure

#### SETTING OF SERVICE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

**Discharging Refrigerant** 



- 1. Shut-off valve
- 2. A/C service valve

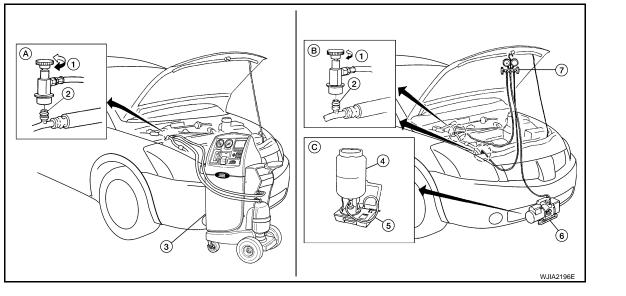
3. Recovery/recycling equipment

A. Preferred (best) method

#### WARNING:

Avoid breathing the A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose, and throat. Remove the HFC-134a (R-134a) from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting the requirements of SAE J2210 HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment or J2201 HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment. If an accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate the work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from the refrigerant and oil manufacturers.

Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant



- 1. Shut-off valve
  - f valve 2. A/C service valve rant container (HFC-134a) 5. Weight scale (J-39650)
- 4. Refrigerant container (HFC-134a) 5. We

- 3. Recovery/recycling equipment
- 6. Evacuating vacuum pump (J-39699)

**MTC-81** 

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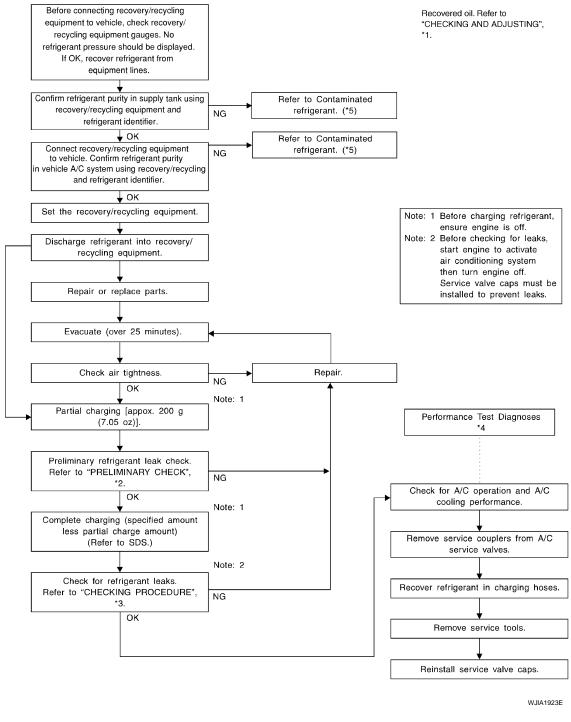
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- Manifold gauge set (J-39183) 7.
- Α. Preferred (best) method
- В. Alternative method

C. For charging

#### Discharging, Evacuating, and Recharging the A/C System



- MTC-18, "Maintenance of Oil Quan- \*3 MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant \*1 tity in Compressor"
- Leaks"

\*5 MTC-3, "Contaminated Refrigerant"

- \*2 MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks"
- \*4 MTC-56, "Insufficient Cooling"

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

### Component

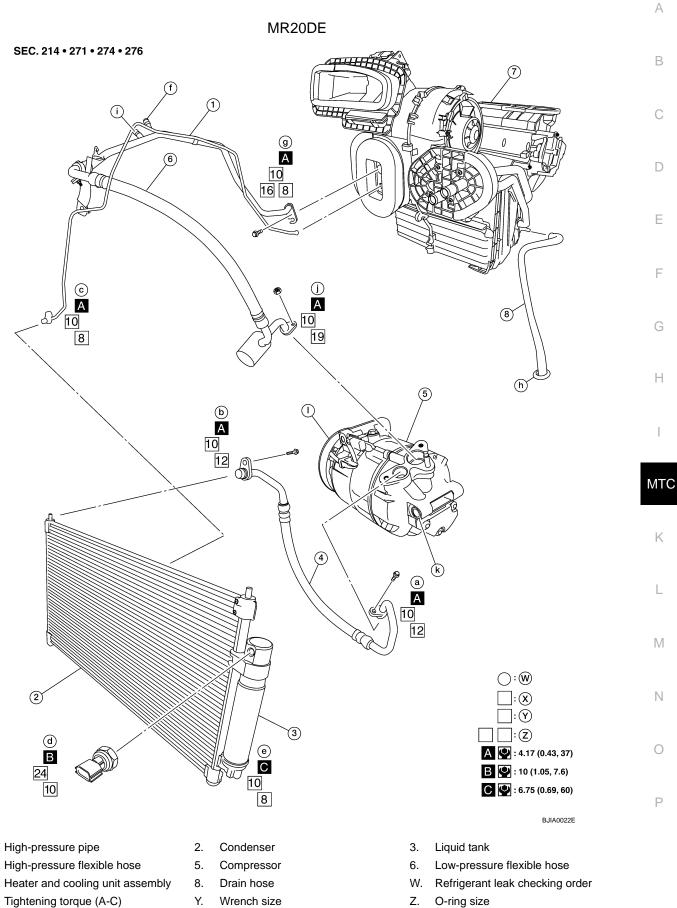
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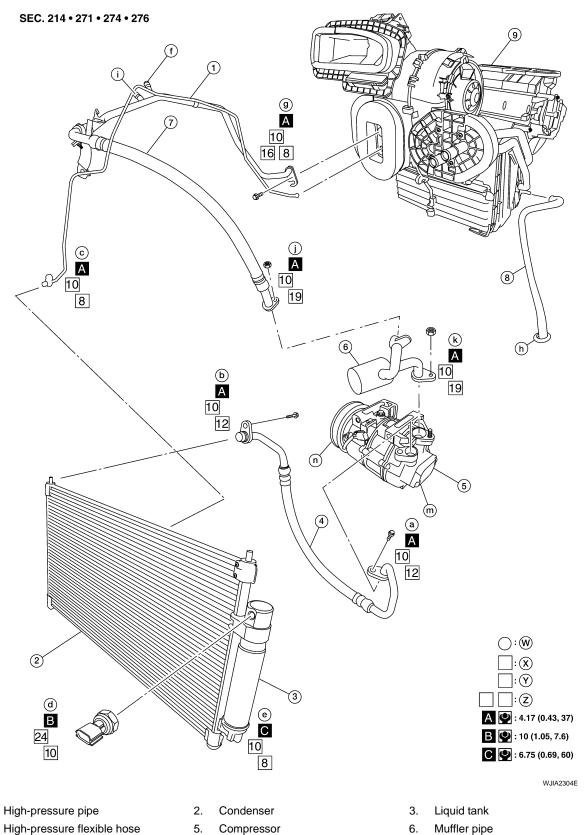
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >





- Low-pressure flexible hose
- W. Refrigerant leak checking order
- Z. O-ring size

1.

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NOTE: Refer to MTC-4, "Precaution for Refrigerant Connection".

8.

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Drain hose

Tightening torque (A-C)

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Wrench size

Heater and cooling unit assembly

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

### Removal and Installation for Compressor - MR20DE

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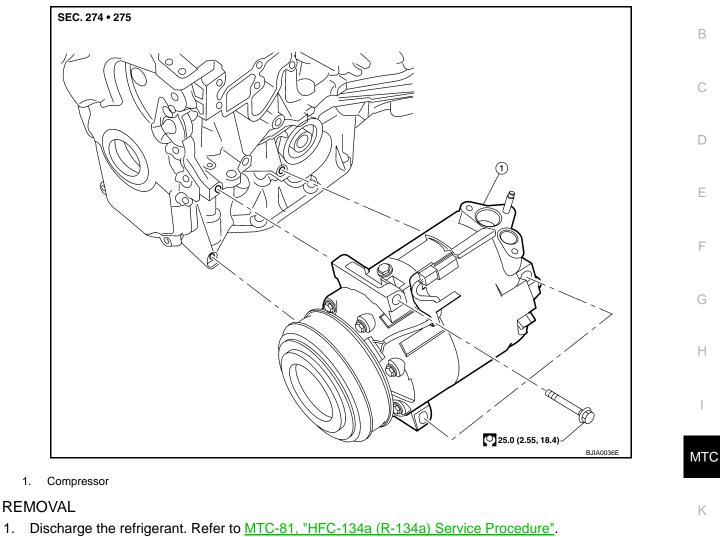
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- 2. Remove the drive belt. Refer to EM-13.
- 3. Disconnect the compressor connector.
- 4. Disconnect the high-pressure flexible hose and low-pressure flexible hose. **CAUTION:**

Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of Μ any contaminants.

5. Remove the compressor bolts using power tool, then remove the compressor.

#### INSTALLATION

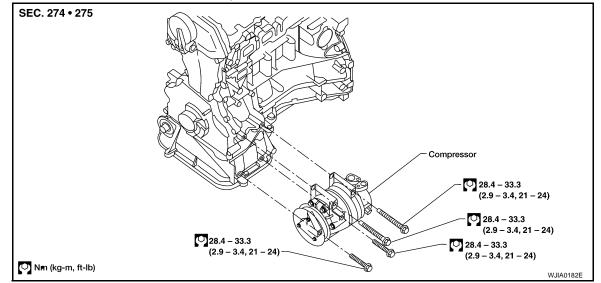
Installation is in the reverse order of removal. CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure flexible hose and high-pressure flexible hose with new ones, 0 then apply A/C oil to them for installation.
- After charging the A/C refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks".

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

### Removal and Installation for Compressor - QR25DE

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#### REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 2. Partially drain the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-36, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 3. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 4. Remove the front RH wheel and tire.
- 5. Remove the engine undercover.
- 6. Remove the front air duct. Refer to EM-127, "Removal and Installation".
- 7. Disconnect the upper radiator hose from the radiator.
- 8. Disconnect the coolant reservoir hose from the radiator.
- 9. Remove the electric cooling fan assembly. Refer to CO-41, "Removal and Installation".
- 10. Remove the drive belt. Refer to EM-124, "Removal and Installation".
- 11. Disconnect the compressor connector.
- 12. Disconnect the high-pressure flexible hose and low-pressure flexible hose.
   CAUTION:
   Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinvl

Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of any contaminants.

- 13. Remove the muffler pipe from the compressor.
  - CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of any contaminants.

14. Remove the compressor bolts using power tool, then remove the compressor.

#### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- CAUTION:
- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure flexible hose, muffler pipe and high-pressure flexible hose with new ones, then apply A/C oil to them for installation.
- After charging the A/C refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant</u> <u>Leaks"</u>.

High and low-pressure flexible hose and muffler pipe nuts and bolt : Refer to MTC-83.

"Component".

Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch - MR20DE

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REMOVAL

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 1. Remove the compressor. Refer to MTC-85, "Removal and Installation for Compressor MR20DE".
- 2. Remove the center bolt by holding the clutch disc steady using a suitable tool (A).
- 3. Remove the clutch disc.

4. Remove the snap ring using external snap ring pliers.

- 5. Remove the pulley assembly using Tool.
  - Use a pulley puller with a small adapter. Position the small adapter on the end of the compressor shaft and the center of the puller on the small adapter as shown.

#### Tool number : KV99233130 (J-29884)

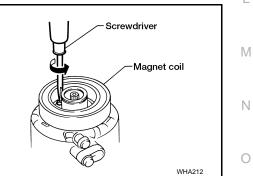
#### CAUTION:

To prevent deformation of the pulley groove, the puller claws should be hooked under (not into) the pulley groove.

- 6. Remove the snap ring using external snap ring pliers.
- 7. Remove the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver.



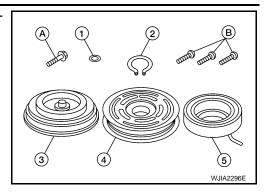
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 8. Remove the three magnet coil screws (B) and remove the magnet coil (5).
  - Shim (1)
  - Snap ring (2)
  - Clutch disc (3)
  - Pulley (4)
  - Center bolt (A)



#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

#### Clutch Disc

If the contact surface shows signs of damage due to excessive heat, replace clutch disc and pulley.

#### Pulley

Check the appearance of the pulley assembly. If the contact surface of the pulley shows signs of excessive grooving, replace the clutch disc and pulley. The contact surfaces of the pulley assembly should be cleaned with a suitable solvent before installation.

#### Coil

Check the magnet coil for a loose connection or cracked insulation.

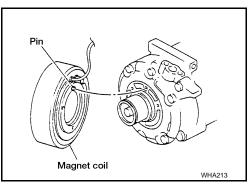
#### INSTALLATION

1. Install the magnet coil.

#### CAUTION:

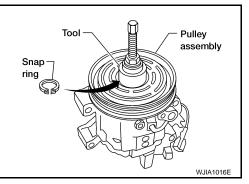
Be sure to align the magnet coil pin with the hole in the compressor front head.

2. Install the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver.



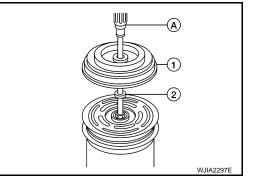
3. Install the pulley assembly using Tool and a wrench, and then install the snap ring using snap ring pliers.

#### Tool number : — (J-38873-A)



4. Install the clutch disc (1) on the drive shaft, together with the original shim(s) (2) using a suitable tool (A). Press the clutch disc down using Tool.

Tool number : — (J-38873-A)



: 0.3 - 0.6 mm (0.012 - 0.024 in)

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

5. Install the center bolt using suitable tool (A).

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

(1) and pulley (2) using a suitable tool (A) as shown.

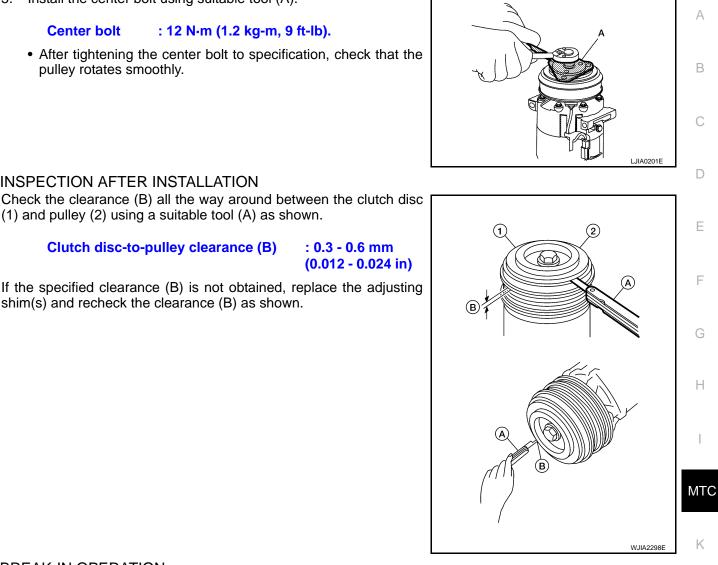
Clutch disc-to-pulley clearance (B)

shim(s) and recheck the clearance (B) as shown.

If the specified clearance (B) is not obtained, replace the adjusting

#### Center bolt : 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb).

 After tightening the center bolt to specification, check that the pulley rotates smoothly.



**BREAK-IN OPERATION** When replacing compressor clutch assembly, always conduct the break-in operation. This is done by engaging and disengaging the clutch about 30 times. Break-in operation raises the level of transmitted torque.

### Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch - QR25DE

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#### REMOVAL

- Remove the compressor. Refer to MTC-86, "Removal and Installation for Compressor QR25DE". 1.
- 2. Remove the center bolt by holding the clutch disc steady using Tool.

#### **Tool number** : (J-44614)

3. Remove the clutch disc.



#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

4. Remove the snap ring using external snap ring pliers.

MTC-90

- 5. Remove the pulley assembly using Tool.
  - Use a pulley puller with a small adapter. Position the small adapter on the end of the compressor shaft and the center of the puller on the small adapter as shown.

Tool number : KV99233130 (J-29884)



To prevent deformation of the pulley groove, the puller claws should be hooked under (not into) the pulley groove.

- 6. Remove the snap ring using external snap ring pliers.
- 7. Remove the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver.

8. Remove the three magnet coil screws and remove the magnet coil.

### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

### Clutch Disc

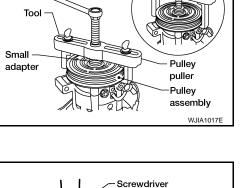
If the contact surface shows signs of damage due to excessive heat, replace clutch disc and pulley.

Pulley

Check the appearance of the pulley assembly. If the contact surface of the pulley shows signs of excessive grooving, replace the clutch disc and pulley. The contact surfaces of the pulley assembly should be cleaned with a suitable solvent before installation.

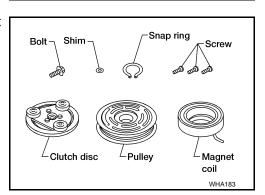
Coil

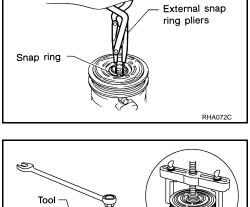
Check the magnet coil for a loose connection or cracked insulation.



Magnet coil

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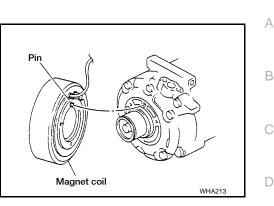






### INSTALLATION

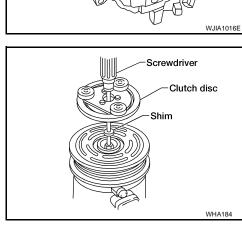
- Install the magnet coil. CAUTION: Be sure to align the magnet coil pin with the hole in the compressor front head.
- 2. Install the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver.



3. Install the pulley assembly using Tool and a wrench, and then install the snap ring using snap ring pliers.

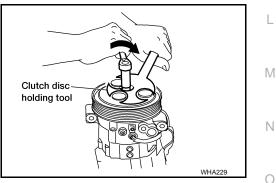
Tool number : -	- (J-38873-A)
-----------------	---------------

4. Install the clutch disc on the drive shaft, together with the original shim(s). Press the clutch disc down using the drive plate installer.



Tool

Snap ring



Center bolt : 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb).

5. Install the center bolt using Tool.

Tool number : (J-44614)

• After tightening the center bolt to specification, check that the pulley rotates smoothly.

**INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION** 

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Pulley assembly

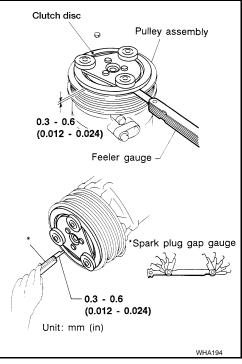
#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Check the clearance all the way around the clutch disc as shown.

#### Clutch disc-to-pulley clearance

: 0.3 - 0.6 mm (0.012 - 0.024 in)

If the specified clearance is not obtained, replace the adjusting spacer and recheck the clearance.



#### BREAK-IN OPERATION

When replacing compressor clutch assembly, always conduct the break-in operation. This is done by engaging and disengaging the clutch about 30 times. Break-in operation raises the level of transmitted torque.

Removal and Installation for Low-Pressure Flexible Hose and Muffler Pipe INFOLD:00000001851824

#### NOTE:

The QR25DE models are equipped with a two piece low-pressure flexible hose and muffler pipe. The MR20DE models are a one piece low-pressure flexible hose and muffler assembly.

#### REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 2. Reposition the lower dash insulator.
- 3. Remove the low-pressure flexible hose (with muffler on MR20DE) and muffler pipe (QR25DE). Refer to <u>MTC-83, "Component"</u>.

#### CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of contaminants.

 Separate the low-pressure flexible hose and muffler pipe as necessary (QR25DE only). Refer to <u>MTC-83.</u> <u>"Component"</u>.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of contaminants.

#### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- CAUTION:
- Replace the O-rings on the low-pressure flexible hose and muffler pipe with new ones, then apply A/ C oil to them for installation.
- After recharging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks"</u>.

Removal and Installation for High-pressure Flexible Hose

INFOID:000000001851825

#### REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 2. Remove the high-pressure flexible hose. Refer to MTC-83, "Component".

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
CAUTION: Cap or wrap the joint of the hose with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of contaminants.	A
INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	В
CAUTION: • Replace the O-ring of the high-pressure flexible hose with a new one, then apply A/C oil to it for	
<ul> <li>installation.</li> <li>After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks"</u>.</li> </ul>	С
Removal and Installation for High procedure Ding	
	D
REMOVAL	
1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".	Е
2. Reposition the lower dash insulator.	L
3. Disconnect the low-pressure flexible hose bracket to reposition it out of the way.	
<ol> <li>Remove the high-pressure pipe. Refer to <u>MTC-83, "Component"</u>.</li> <li>CAUTION:</li> </ol>	F
Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.	
INSTALLATION	G
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	G
• Replace the O-ring of the high-pressure pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it when	
installing it.	Н
<ul> <li>After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks"</u>.</li> </ul>	
Removal and Installation for Refrigerant Pressure Sensor	1
REMOVAL	
	NATO
2. Remove the front grille. Refer to $\underline{EI-17}$ .	MTC
3. Reposition the LH air guide out of the way.	
4. Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor connector (1) and	Κ
remove the refrigerant pressure sensor (2) from the liquid tank	
(3). CAUTION:	I
Do not damage the condenser fins.	
	M
	NI
BJIA0037E	Ν
INSTALLATION	
Installation is in the reverse order of removal. CAUTION:	0
Replace the O-ring of the refrigerant pressure sensor with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it	
when installing it.	Ρ
Removal and Installation for Condenser	Г
REMOVAL	
1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-81, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".	

 Remove the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-14</u>.
 CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the core surface of the condenser and the radiator.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

3. Disconnect the high-pressure flexible hose and the high-pressure pipe from the condenser. **CAUTION:** 

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe and hose with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of contaminants.

- 4. Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor connector.
- Remove the condenser bracket bolts. 5.
- Remove the condenser. 6.

#### INSTALLATION

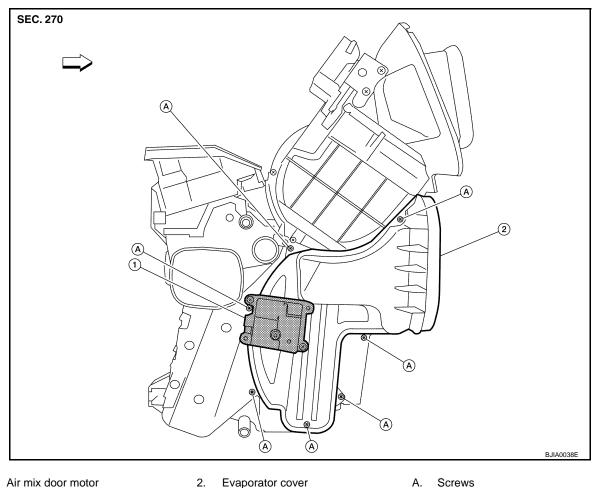
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Replace the O-rings of the high-pressure pipe, refrigerant pressure sensor, and high-pressure flexible hose with new ones, then apply A/C oil to them after installing them.
- When charging refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to MTC-95, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks".

### Removal and Installation for Evaporator

INFOID:000000001851829



Air mix door motor 1.

Evaporator cover

Front ⇐

### REMOVAL

- Remove the expansion valve. Refer to MTC-95, "Removal and Installation for Expansion Valve". 1.
- Remove the instrument lower cover RH. Refer to IP-10, "Component Parts". 2.
- Remove the glove box. Refer to IP-11, "Removal and Installation". 3.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

4. Remove the evaporator cover (1).

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

5. Remove the evaporator (2).

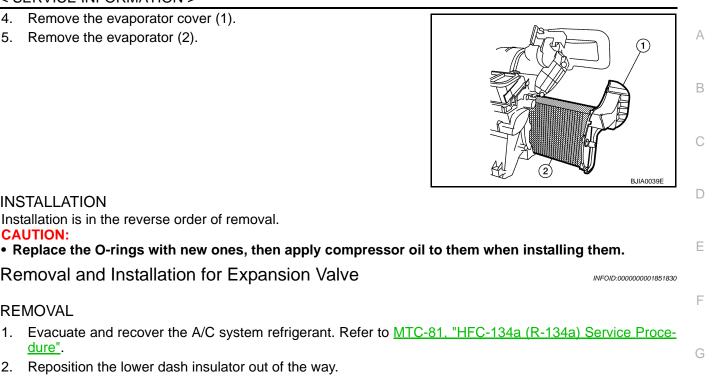
INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

REMOVAL

dure".

1.



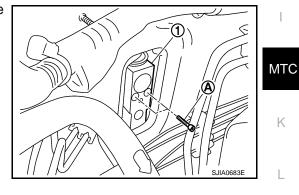
Reposition the lower dash insulator out of the way.

Removal and Installation for Expansion Valve

3. Disconnect the low-pressure flexible hose and the high-pressure pipe from the expansion valve. **CAUTION:** 

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe and hose with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of contaminants.

4. Remove the expansion valve bolts (A) and then remove the expansion valve (1).



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INFOID:000000001851831

**INSTALLATION** 

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### Expansion valve bolts : 3.9 N·m (0.40 kg-m, 35 in-lb)

#### **CAUTION:**

#### • Replace the O-rings with new ones, then apply compressor oil to them when installing them.

### Checking of Refrigerant Leaks

Perform a visual inspection of all refrigeration parts, fittings, hoses and components for signs of A/C oil leakage, damage and corrosion. A/C oil leakage may indicate an area of refrigerant leakage. Allow extra inspection time in these areas when using either an electronic refrigerant leak detector or fluorescent dye leak detector. Ρ

If dye is observed, confirm the leak with an electronic refrigerant leak detector. It is possible a prior leak was repaired and not properly cleaned.

When searching for leaks, do not stop when one leak is found but continue to check for additional leaks at all system components and connections.

When searching for refrigerant leaks using an electronic leak detector, move the probe along the suspected leak area at 25 - 50 mm (1 - 2 in) per second and no further than 6 mm (1/4 in) from the component. CAUTION:

# Moving the electronic leak detector probe slower and closer to the suspected leak area will improve the chances of finding a leak.

### Checking System for Leaks Using the Fluorescent Leak Detector

INFOID:000000001851832

- 1. Check A/C system for leaks using the UV lamp and safety goggles (J-42220) in a low sunlight area (area without windows preferable). Illuminate all components, fittings and lines. The dye will appear as a bright green/yellow area at the point of leakage. Fluorescent dye observed at the evaporator drain opening indicates an evaporator core assembly (tubes, core or expansion valve) leak.
- 2. If the suspected area is difficult to see, use an adjustable mirror or wipe the area with a clean shop rag or cloth, with the UV lamp for dye residue.
- 3. After the leak is repaired, remove any residual dye using refrigerant dye cleaner (J-43872) to prevent future misdiagnosis.
- 4. Perform a system performance check and verify the leak repair with an approved electronic refrigerant leak detector.

#### NOTE:

Other gases in the work area or substances on the A/C components, for example, anti-freeze, windshield washer fluid, solvents and oils, may falsely trigger the leak detector. Make sure the surfaces to be checked are clean.

Clean with a dry cloth or blow off with shop air.

Do not allow the sensor tip of the detector to contact with any substance. This can also cause false readings and may damage the detector.

### **Dye Injection**

INFOID:000000001851833

#### NOTE:

This procedure is only necessary when recharging the A/C system or when the compressor has seized and has been replaced.

- 1. Check the A/C system static (at rest) pressure. Pressure must be at least 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 50 psi).
- Pour one bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) of the A/C refrigerant dye into the injector tool (J-41459).
   CAUTION:

If repairing the A/C system or replacing a component, pour the dye directly into the open system connection and proceed with the service procedures.

- 3. Connect the injector tool to the A/C LOW PRESSURE side service valve.
- 4. Start the engine and switch the A/C ON and fan ON.
- 5. While the A/C is operating (compressor running), inject one bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) of fluorescent dye through the low-pressure service valve using dye injector tool (J-41459), refer to the manufacturer's operating instructions.
- 6. With the engine still running, disconnect the injector tool from the low-pressure service valve.
- 7. Operate the A/C system for a minimum of 20 minutes to mix the dye with the system oil. Depending on the leak size, operating conditions and location of the leak, it may take from a few minutes to a few days for the dye to penetrate the leak and become visible.

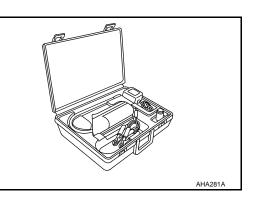
### Electronic Refrigerant Leak Detector

INFOID:000000001851834

### PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING THE LEAK DETECTOR

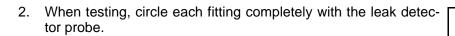
When performing a refrigerant leak check, use a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) or equivalent. Ensure that the instrument is calibrated and set properly per the manufacturer's operating instructions.

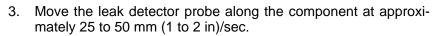
The leak detector is a delicate device. In order to use the leak detector properly, read the manufacturer's operating instructions and perform any specified maintenance.



#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

1. Position the leak detector probe approximately 5 mm (3/16 in) away from the point to be checked.





#### CHECKING PROCEDURE NOTE:

To prevent inaccurate or false readings, make sure there is no refrigerant vapor, shop chemicals, or cigarette smoke in the vicinity of the vehicle. Perform the leak test in a calm area (low air/wind movement) so that the leaking refrigerant is not dispersed.

- 1. Turn engine OFF.
- Connect a suitable A/C manifold gauge set to the A/C service ports.
- 3. Check if the A/C refrigerant pressure is at least 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 50 psi) above 16°C (61°F). If less Ν than specification, recover/evacuate and recharge the system with the specified amount of refrigerant. NOTE:

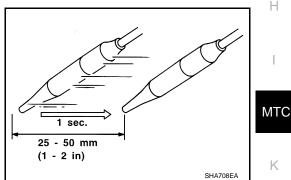
At temperatures below 16°C (61°F), leaks may not be detected since the system may not reach 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 50 psi) pressure.

- 4. Conduct the leak test from the high side (compressor discharge to evaporator inlet) to the low side (evaporator drain hose to the compressor shaft seal). Refer to MTC-83, "Component". Clean the component to be checked and move the leak detector probe completely around the connection/component. Perform a leak check for the following areas:
  - Compressor
  - High and low-pressure hose fittings, relief valve and shaft seal.
  - Liquid tank
  - Refrigerant pressure sensor
  - Service valves
  - Check that all the service valve caps are secure on the service valves (to prevent leaks).

### **MTC-97**



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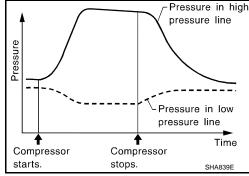
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- After removing A/C manifold gauge set from service valves, wipe any residue from the valves to prevent any false readings by the leak detector.
- Evaporator
- With engine OFF, turn blower fan on "High" for at least 15 seconds to dissipate any refrigerant trace around the evaporator. Wait a minimum of 10 minutes accumulation time (refer to the manufacturer's recommended procedure for actual wait time) before inserting the leak detector probe into the drain hose.
- Keep the probe inserted for at least 10 seconds. Use caution not to contaminate the probe tip with water or dirt that may be in the drain hose.
- 5. If a leak detector detects a leak, verify at least once by blowing compressed air into area of suspected leak, then repeat check as outlined above.
- 6. Do not stop when one leak is found. Continue to check for additional leaks at all system components. If no leaks are found, perform steps 7 10.
- 7. Start engine.
- 8. Set the front air control as follows;
- a. A/C switch: ON
- b. Mode: Vent
- c. Intake position: Recirculation
- d. Temperature: MAX cold
- e. Blower fan speed: High
- 9. Run engine at 1,500 rpm for at least 2 minutes.
- 10. Turn engine off and perform leak check again following steps 4 through 6 above.

Refrigerant leaks should be checked immediately after stopping the engine. Begin with the leak detector at the compressor. The pressure on the high pressure side will gradually drop after refrigerant circulation stops and pressure on the low pressure side will gradually rise, as shown in the graph. Some leaks are more easily detected when pressure is high.



- 11. Before connecting the recovery/recycling equipment to the A/C system, check the recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If pressure is displayed, recover the refrigerant from the equipment lines and then check the refrigerant purity.
- 12. Confirm the refrigerant purity in the supply tank using the recovery/recycling equipment and the refrigerant identifier equipment.
- 13. Confirm the refrigerant purity in the A/C system using the recovery/recycling equipment and the refrigerant identifier equipment.
- 14. Discharge the A/C system using approved refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Repair the leaking fitting or component as necessary.
- 15. Evacuate and recharge the A/C system and perform the leak test to confirm there are no refrigerant leaks.
- Conduct the A/C performance test to ensure that the system works properly. Refer to <u>MTC-56, "Insufficient Cooling"</u>.

### SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

### Service Data and Specification (SDS)

INFOID:000000001851835

#### COMPRESSOR

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Model	Valeo	
Туре	DCS-171C	(
Displacement	171 cm <sup>3</sup> (10.43 in <sup>3</sup> ) / revolution	
Cylinder bore $\times$ stroke	32 mm (1.260 in) x 30.5 mm (1.201 in)	[
Direction of rotation	Clockwise (viewed from drive end)	
Drive belt	Poly V 6-grooves	

OIL

Name		Genuine NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S	F
Capacity	Total in system	150 m $\ell$ (5.03 US fl oz, 5.3 lmp fl oz)	
	Compressor (service part) charging amount	Refer to MTC-18, "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor".	G

### REFRIGERANT

Туре	HFC-134a (R-134a)	Н
Capacity	$0.50 \pm 0.05$ kg (1.10 $\pm 0.11$ lb)	

#### ENGINE IDLING SPEED

Refer to EC-79, "Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check".

#### **BELT TENSION**

Refer to EM-13, "Tension Adjustment".

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